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JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

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Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Five Cents.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

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MISCELLANY.

THE SHADE OF WANDA.

I remember it was on a clear summer evening that I walked with Count S— along the banks of the Vistula. The crimson light of the setting sun tinged the waters and shed a rich effulgence on the old interesting city of Cracow, which lay before us.

Count S— was an ardent lover of his country. Alas! what remains for patriotism to cling to? But his enthusiastic mind lived upon the past. We walked on, absorbed in conversation and enjoying the quiet scene of beauty, unconscious that the shadows of the trees had grown longer and had gradually faded away, and that the breeze had freshened. Happening to look at the river, I was startled by rather a singular appearance. A strip of cloud rose from the water where it was blended with the gray mist, and as it shot upwards into the clear rosy ether resumed the exact similitude of a gigantic female figure. The arms seemed extending forwards, the head slightly bent, and the snowy robes flowing back. The resemblance was so striking that I stopped, and seizing my friend's arm, pointed out the phenomenon to him. He stood silent for a few moments; then sighing deeply said: "Wanda appears once more; but what new change can affect our unhappy Poland?"

"Who is Wanda?" I asked.

"You seem unversed in the ancient history of Poland?" he said, with a smile. "Well, if you like, I will give you an episode."

I thanked him; and as we stood there he related the following tradition.

"In the earliest ages of the Christian era, so long ago that historians cannot fix the period, this now lovely region was wild and rude and inhabited by a hardy race of men, who lived in patriarchal freedom. Among them the name of one has been preserved, whose bravery and other brilliant personal qualities rendered him eminent from his youth. Erac was in fact a judge over his brethren—for they sought his counsel in every emergency; and in the wolf and bear hunts he was always their leader. He had slain with his own hand a wild beast so fierce that it was the terror of the whole country."

As the times changed and became turbulent and warlike, the people saw the necessity of having a chief of prudence and sagacity as well as of courage in battle. The universal choice fell on Erac; he accepted the dignity and was proclaimed king. He instructed his subjects in military science, and founded a city on the spot where Cracow now stands. Ere long he married and became the father of three children; two sons—Erac and Lech, and a daughter, who was called Wanda.

Erac reigned long, wisely and happily. Under him Poland first became an independent government. He extended and settled the bounds of his dominions, framed equitable laws and compelled obedience to them. In short, had Poland possessed an unbroken succession of such monarchs her star would never have gone down in darkness. After the death of the great king the people chose his eldest son, Erac, to be his successor. Erac II. was as brave and wise as his father had been; he carried out all his plans and won equal regard from his grateful subjects.

But envy and ambition start into life even in the cradle of an infant nation. Lech, the younger brother, hated the virtuous king for his superior qualities and for the love of his people. The enmity engendered by a consciousness of weakness grew rapidly and produced its bitter fruits at the end of two years. Lech concealed himself in a wood where his brother was hunting—came behind unseen and despatched him with his spear. Then he mangled the lifeless body and tore the clothes to make

it appear that Erac had fallen the prey of some wild beast. Having completed his work he returned home secretly.

The king not returning at evening, the alarm was given; the servants sought in the wood and found his torn and bleeding corpse. He was brought to the city and solemnly interred. The country was filled with lamentations and mourning for the youthful monarch; and the people proved their attachment to him by bestowing the crown on his brother Lech. Lech held the reins of government with an unequal hand; now feebly and again with too much rigor. He was cruel and treacherous, and ere long caused himself to be universally hated. His ill concealed joy at his brother's death had excited suspicion against him; and a venerable chief, who had served in battle under Erac I, averred that thrice in a vision at night he had seen the murdered monarch standing with his hand pressed on his bleeding side, murmuring, "My brother slew me."

The general discontent was at length more loudly expressed. A conspiracy was formed against the wicked king; and hearing of it, Lech, tormented by the terrors of a guilty conscience, fled at night from his capitol. Long he wandered, unknowing where to seek shelter, at length he found protection at the court of Rithogar, prince of the country afterwards called Saxony, where he presented himself as a Polish noble. Meanwhile the Poles convinced by the flight of Lech of his guilt, declared the throne vacant and chose for their sovereign the fair and gentle Wanda.

Wanda wore the crown with dignity; corrected many abuses of Lech's administration, and applied herself to the duties of her high station in such a manner that she won the confidence and affection of her subjects while her name was pronounced with respect even in foreign lands.

Her fame reached the ears of the guilty fugitive. Strangers who came to Rithogar's court spoke of her with enthusiasm; and Lech's silence was displeasing to his protector, who, a brave and spirited monarch, had already been inspired with distrust by the mysterious behavior of his guest. He questioned him of the princess Wanda, and Lech perceiving that he was suspected praised highly her beauty and virtues. He then confessed himself her brother, concealing the crime, however, which had caused his banishment, which he ascribed to some turbulent nobles, and promised Rithogar to secure him Wanda's hand, provided he would assist him to regain the Polish crown. "For you can never," he said, "acquire that sovereignty; the Poles are proud and will never submit themselves to a monarch who is not a native of their country."

Rithogar was not averse to this proposition, but he resolved first to see the princess with his own eyes. He visited Cracow, I call the city by the modern name, in the character of a Saxon knight. The queen received him with favor, and said many flattering things of the prince Rithogar, whose renown had spread even through Poland.

With joy Rithogar heard his own praises from the lips of the beautiful princess, whom he loved at first glance. Her feminine grace and softness, combined with royal dignity and the rich gifts of her mind charmed him on farther acquaintance. He remained some days in her court and mingled in the knightly sports of the nobles, proving himself well skilled in all military accomplishments and laying every prize he won at Wanda's feet. Returning full of sweet hopes to his own country, he immediately sent a deputation of six of his chosen and bravest nobles to Wanda's court, to solicit her hand in marriage on the part of prince Rithogar. They were commanded to inform the Queen that she already knew him as the stranger knight.

Wanda received the embassy graciously and promised her reply as soon as she had consulted with the representatives of her people. She summoned a council of the oldest nobles and priests, laid Rithogar's proposal before them and requested their advice. A consultation ensued, and then one of the council rose to give their decision.

"Thou art our sovereign, oh, Wanda," said he; "we may not control thy will if thy heart speaks for Rithogar; but bethink thee—this marriage will unite Poland with Saxony. We, thy faithful servants, esteem it dangerous, inasmuch as the Saxon power would soon over shadow our land—perhaps to the peril of our name as a nation."

Then answered Wanda: "The will of my people is mine." And she gave her reply to the ambassadors, that she could never become the bride of Rithogar, but would remain the independent sovereign of Poland.

Deep anguish was in the heart of Rithogar when this answer was brought to him and life itself seemed a burden. The malevolent Lech comforted him with hopes of winning by force what he could not obtain by treaty, and counselled him to send messengers with threats to the cruel princess, bidding her choose between his hand and open war.

The princess again referred to her council and returned for answer, that Poland was prepared for war and knew how to defend her freedom. Prince Rithogar on receipt of this defiance immediately raised an army to invade the territory of his obdurate neighbor—Lech taking command therein to fight against his country. The Saxon prince encountered a vigorous resistance from the Poles and was many times beaten: but after a long and ob-

durate struggle succeeded in maintaining a hostile position and rendering himself formidable.

One day when Rithogar's army was drawn up in array of battle and a decisive engagement was inevitably at hand, one of the elders entered Wanda's tent. He announced himself sent with a message from her council.

"Most noble Wanda," he began, "we honor and love thee as our queen, and would in peace desire no other sovereign. Thou hast ruled like a man, and led us to battle like a hero; but the Saxon foe sees in thee but a woman, and this fills him with boldness. Our country trembles on the brink of ruin. We therefore entreat thee to choose one from thy people, the bravest and noblest, and espouse him before the coming battle. We will vow allegiance to thy consort—thou shalt remain our sovereign—and the haughty foe shall once more flee before us."

Wanda listened, bowed her head, and promised to fulfil the request of her lieges.

There was in the Polish army a youth—Koisky—distinguished among the others for bravery warlike accomplishment and nobleness of character. Him Wanda sent for, and solemnly presented him to the people as their king and her successor. While the new prince was greeted with universal acclamations, thanking the queen for her choice she retired into her tent and commanded her attendants to leave her. All night the royal bride wept in silence or wept in earnest prayer. At the faint dawn of morning she arose, calm and resolved. The whole camp was buried in sleep. Not a sound was heard save the light whispering of the breeze, as the queen closely veiled, came forth. She passed through the camp and stood alone on the bank of the Vistula.

"Once more," she said, solemnly lifting her arms upwards, "once more, ye heavenly powers, I implore forgiveness. I have been a traitor to Poland. I loved her mortal enemy; I have striven against him. Forgive me, oh ye gods; receive mine immortal spirit, and grant that, freed from the sin of this earthly frame, it may ever hover over to bless my native land!"

So spake the queen, and plunging down, was instantly buried in the waters. Her women who had followed her at a distance, found only her veil on the bank.

In the battle of that day, the Poles were victorious. It was said that Rithogar, when he heard of Wanda's death, fell upon his own sword. The Saxons dispersed. Koisky succeeded Wanda in the government.

For ages the tradition has been current, that when any change or event of political importance is impending over Poland, the spirit of Wanda, robed in cloud or mist, is seen to rise from the waves of the Vistula. Aged men have told their children and grand-children of her appearance. She was seen, said the popular rumor, by Kasimierz, and Sigismund Augustus; and Stanislaus Leschyonsky witnessed the same apparition before his flight. Kosciuszko and Poniatowsky are said also to have seen this pale warning spirit, and the story goes that at the entrance of Barbara Radziwill, Sigismund Augustus' wife, the shade of Wanda appeared, extending her arms and solemnly waving back the princess, whose miserable end—for she died by poison—was thus intimated."

My friend looked grave as he gave me this legend, and I could not help thinking that there is much meaning in the early superstitions of a people.

MESMERISM.

A good mesmerist story lately appeared in the St. Louis Reveille, and it is of such a droll character that I laugh you will and laugh you must. The introduction is omitted.

De Bonneville had been electrifying Detroit by his more than galvanic effects upon the muscles of scores of his impressibles, when an enormous sized Wolverine "trying the thing" himself, found that he was quite equal to the professor, in setting folks to sleep, and "makin' 'em cut up" afterwards, and accordingly, in the furor of his discovery, off he went into the country to lecture and diffuse the new light which had been dispensed to him. His success was tremendous; town and village said there was "something in it," until his reputation, as in other cases, begat him enemies. The Wolverine Mesmerizer, after astonishing a "Hall" full, one evening, at some very "promising town" or other, and which bade fair, shortly, to be quite "a place," returned to the tavern, to be arrested in the bar-room by a score of "first citizens," who had then and there congregated "just to test the humbug," any how.

"Good evening, Professor," said one. "Wont you take a little of the fluid?" said another, and this being an evident hit in the way of a joke, the anti-humbugs proceeded to more serious business.

"Perfesser," said the principal speaker, a giant of a feller, before whose proportions even the huge magnetizer looked small, "Perfesser," said he, biting off the end of a "plug," and turning it over in his jaws very leisurely, "a few on us, here, hev jest concluded to hev you try an experiment, appointin' ourselves a reg'lar constituted committee to report!"

The Professor begged to appoint a more proper place and hour, etc., or, according to the apprehensions of "the crowd" evinced the expected desire to make a "clean back out."

"Perfesser," resumed the "big dog," "if we onderstand right, you call your Mesmerism

a "re-mee-jil agent," which means, I spose, that it cures things?"

The disciple of science referred to divers cases about town in which he had been successful, to say nothing of the "pulling teeth" operation which he had just concluded the lecture with.

"Yes," said the challenger, "you're death on teeth, we know, but ken Mesmerism come the re-mee-jil over rheumatiz?"

"Inflammatory or chronic?" demanded the professor.

"Wa'll, stranger, we ain't much given to doctors' bottle names, but we reckon it's about the worst kind."

The Mesmerist was about to define the difference between the inflammatory attacks and local affections, when he was interrupted by the inquisitor, who rather allowed that as far as the location of the disorder went, it had a pre-emption to the hull critter; and, that, furthermore, it was just expected of him that he should visit the case, and bid him take up his bed and walk, or he himself would be escorted out of town, astride of a rail, and "dumped down outside the fifty-fourth degree of Oregon and 'no mistake'."

This was a dilemma either horn of which promised a loss to his reputation, but the crowd were solemnly in earnest; already triumphing in his detection, they began to look wolfish at him and wise at each other, so that the Wolverine had nothing left for it but to demand, boldly, to see the patient. The rest of the story is given as related to a friend by the disciple of Mesmer, himself.

"Up stairs I went with 'em, mad as thunder, I tell you; first, at being thought a humbug, and next, that my individual share of the American eagle should be compelled into a measure, by thunder! I'd agin 'em a fight, if it hadn't ben for the science, which would a suffered any how, so I jest said to myself, let 'em bring on their rheumatiz! I felt as if I could a Mesmerized a horse, and I determined what-ever the case might be, I'd make it equal, by thunder!"

"Here he is," said they, and in we all bundled in a room, gathered round a bed, with me shut in among 'em, and the cursed big onelighted heathen that did all the talking, drawing out an almighty bowie knife at the same time. "That's your man!" said he. Well there lay a miserable looking critter, with his eyes sot and his mouth open—and his jaws got wider and wider, as he saw the crowd and the bowie knife, I tell you! "That's the idea!" said the old big leg."

"Rise up in that bed!" said I, and I tell you what, I wasn't a looked at him dreadful for up he jumped on end, as if he'd jest got a streak of galvanic.

"Git out on this floor," said I, with a wuss look; and I may be shot if out he didn't come, lookin' wild, I tell ye!

"Now cut dirt, darn you!" screamed I, and Jehu General Jackson! If he didn't make a straight shirt-tail for the door, may I never make another pass. After him, I went, and after me they came, and perhaps there wasn't the orfullest stamped down three pair of stairs that ever occurred in Michigan! Down cut old rheumatiz through the bar-room; out I cut arter him; over went the stove in the rush arter both on us; I chased him round two squares—in the snow at that, then headed him off and chased him back to the hotel again, where he landed in a fine sweat, begged for his life, and said he give up the property!"

Well, I wish I may be shot if he wasn't the feller they were offerin' a reward for in Buffalo! I made him dress himself! cured his rheumatiz; run it right out of him; delivered him up, pocketed the reward, and established the science, by thunder!"

TAKING A HINT.

It is very surprising to see how slow men are to take a hint. The frost destroys about one half the bloom on fruit trees; every body prognosticates the loss of fruit; instead of that, the half that remain are larger, fairer, and higher flavored than usual; and the trees, instead of being exhausted, are ready for another crop the next year. Why don't the owner take the hint, and thin out his fruit every bearing year? But no, the next season sees his orchard overloaded, fruit small, and not well formed; yet he always boasts of that first mentioned crop, without profiting by the lesson which it teaches.

A man was heard saying, "the best crop of celery I ever saw, was raised by old John —, on a spot of ground where the wash from the barn-yard ran into it after every hard shower." Did he take the hint, and apply liquid manure to his celery trenches? Not at all.

A case is known where a farmer subsoiled a field, and raised crops in consequence, which were the admiration of the whole neighborhood; and for years the field showed the advantages of deep handling. But not a single farmer in the neighborhood took the hint. The man who acted thus wisely, sold his farm, and his successor pursues the old way of surface scratching.

A staunch farmer complained that his soil was too loose and light, and ashes were mentioned as worth trying; "well, now you mention it, I believe it will do good. I bought a part of my farm from a man who was a wonderful fellow to save up ashes, and around his cabin it lay in heaps. I took away the house, and to this day I notice that when the plough runs along that spot, the ground turns up moist and close grained." It is strange that he never took the hint.

MORAL COURAGE.

A volume might be profitably written upon this essential pre-requisite of a complete character. Its importance cannot be too highly estimated, nor its necessity in the proper discharge of the responsible duties of our present state of existence, too earnestly nor too constantly dwelt upon. The following short rules are worthy to be inscribed upon the tablet of every heart and exemplified in the life of all:—

Have the courage to discharge a debt while you have got the money in your pocket.

Have the courage to do without that which you do not need, however much you may admire it.

Have the courage to speak to a poor friend in a seedy coat, even in the street, and when a rich one is nigh. The effort is less than many take it to be, and the act is worthy a king.

Have the courage to own that you are poor, and you disarm poverty of her sharpest sting.

Have the courage to adhere to a first resolution when you cannot change it for a better; and to abandon it at the eleventh hour, upon conviction.

Have the courage to face a difficulty, lest it kick you harder than you bargain for. Difficulties like thieves, often disappear at a glance.

Have the courage to place a poor man at your table, although a rich one be present, and to show equal courtesy to both; and to deny your house to those whose qualities you condemn, whatever is their character or station.

Have the courage to tell a man why you will not lend him your money; he will respect you more than if you tell him you can't.

Have the courage to show your preference for honesty, in whatever guise it appears; and your contempt for vice surrounded by attraction.

Have the courage to wear your old garments till you can pay for new ones.

Have the courage to review your own conduct—to condemn it where you detect faults; to amend it to the best of your ability; to make good resolves for your future guidance, and to keep them.

Have the courage to prefer propriety to fashion—one is but the abuse of the other.

Have the courage to demand your lawyer's bill—the sooner the better; to pay it by all means; and not to employ him again if you can help it.

RAIL ROAD IRON. The following description of the mode of manufacturing railroad iron may be new to many readers.

In order to make the T rail, the iron is first rolled through one set of rollers into a heavy flat bar, about three inches in width and three-fourths of an inch in thickness. These are then cut into pieces, something less than three feet in length. A number of pieces, probably fifteen or twenty, are then placed together, making a square bundle or faggot weighing nearly four hundred pounds. This faggot is then placed into one of the furnaces, and brought to a white heat when it is drawn out on a small iron hand-cart, and conveyed to the rollers. The great weight and intense heat of such a heavy mass requires great skill as well as strength in passing it through the rollers. The bar, as it presses through is caught and supported by iron levers, fastened to chains, that are suspended on pulleys from above. The bar first passes through the square grooves of the rollers three or four times, before it is run through the different grooves that gradually bring it to the form of an edge or T rail, as seen on our rail road. Through the last groove it passes five or six times before it is completed. It is then placed upon a small railway carriage, eighteen feet wide, and hauled up about twenty feet, when the rail comes in contact with two circular saws, one of each is placed on each side of the railway, these saws revolve with great rapidity, and the moment the rail, still red hot, reaches them, the sparking iron saw dust is scattered in every direction. The rails are thus cut off square at each end, exactly eighteen feet long, apparently as easy as if they were made of tough hickory wood. The rail is then dragged to the pile and left to cool, perfectly finished.

CHEAP BAROMETER. Take a long cologne bottle and put into it two ounces of common gin; then pulverize and add two drachms of camphor; half an ounce of purified nitre, and the same quantity of ammonia. Then cover the mouth of the bottle with a piece of bladder or parchment, perforated in several places with a needle. When the solid portion settles and the liquid becomes clear, fine weather is indicated, and the reverse when the storm-king is abroad. Twenty-four hours before a storm, the composition will be in a state of fermentation. In serene and hot weather, the solid portion will sink close to the bottom. The wind will always blow from the quarter opposite to the side to which the substance cleaves.

EMIGRATION. The spirit of enterprise which has always actuated the American people in moving west, is thus happily hit off in a speech of Hon. John Wentworth of Illinois—an emigrant from New Hampshire:—"He had a friend in Ohio, as long ago as it was on this frontier. He had been moving and moving away from the inroads of society, until he had reached the banks of the Mississippi, and was about to move again. He asked him his reason. He said it was the dying advice of his father, 'to keep twenty miles beyond law and calumet, and a doctor and lawyer were within fifteen miles and he thought it time to go.'"

House to Let,
A HOUSE pleasantly situated in Quincy, a few rods from the Old Colony Road Depot, possession given immediately. Inquire at this Office or at the Hancock House of Mr. GEORGE H. FRENCH.
Quincy, April 4.

To Let,
ONE HALF of a House on Elm Street, near the Episcopal Church. Possession given immediately.
Also—The Shop on Hancock Street, occupied by Plummer & Whiting.
For further information apply to
Dea. JONATHAN NEWCOMB.
Quincy, April 4.

To Let,
A HOUSE, suitable for one family, in the rear of the residence of Charles Curtis. It is every way convenient, and the rent will be moderate. Immediate possession given. Inquire near the premises of
SETH K. BAILEY,
Quincy, April 4.

Day School
AT THE
HANCOCK HOUSE
FOR the instruction of young Ladies, Masters and Misses in the celebrated POLKA, as danced at the sources in London, Paris and Vienna.
Also—Waltzing, Waltz Quadrilles, Mazurka and Boulangers.
Mr. L. STINSON, would most respectfully inform his patrons and others of Quincy, that if he can obtain the number of thirty scholars, he will commence on TUESDAY, April 14th, at two o'clock P. M.
Terms of tuition—One dollar to be paid at entrance and five at the close of the twenty-fourth lesson.
Quincy, April 4.

Parish Meeting.
An adjourned meeting of the Universalist Society, will be held at their Meeting-house, in Quincy, on SATURDAY, the 11th inst., at half past five o'clock in the afternoon.
At the same time and place, twenty-two Pews will be let at auction.
A punctual attendance of the members is earnestly requested. Those who wish to obtain seats in said Meeting-house will do well to be present on that occasion.
THOMAS CHANDLER, } Parish
EDWIN LYERSON, } Committee.
SETH K. BAILEY, }
Quincy, April 4.

Conant's Patent Yeast.
FRESH supply of this most excellent Yeast, just received at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4.

Wharf to Let.
TO be let, the Lumber Wharf and Store at the head of Quincy Canal, now occupied by Porter & Chamberlain. Possession given the first of May next. For further particulars inquire of
E. BENT.
Quincy, April 4.

Consumption
PREVENTED. By Wm. M. Conant, A. M. M. D., Member of the Massachusetts Medical Society.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4.

Auction,
IN Milton, on THURSDAY next, April 9th, at nine o'clock, weather fair or foul, at the Mansion House of the late Francis Amory, near Milton Meeting-house, sundry articles, to wit:
One Wagon, do. Cart, Chaises, Sulkeys, Farming Tools, Household Furniture, Crockery and Glass Ware, Lamps, Iron and Tin Ware, Stoves, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.
By order of the Executor,
GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.
Milton, April 4.

Furniture, etc., at Auction.
WILL be sold at the residence of the late John Prov. Esq. in Hancock Street, on THURSDAY, April 9th, at ten o'clock in the afternoon, articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Bedsteads, Looking Glasses, Beds, Bedstead, Clock, Desk, Garden and Shoemaker's Tools, and many other articles.
Also—One Share in the Quincy Canal, one Pew, and one Watch.
Conditions made known at the time of sale.
By order of the Executor,
LLOYD G. HORTON, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 28.

Family Boarding School
AT
GERMANTOWN, QUINCY.
MISSSES SULLIVAN'S
SUMMER SCHOOL, will commence May 1st, 1846, and continue twenty-one weeks, with a few days vacation in July.
The conductors of this school aim to surround their pupils with good moral influences, and to combine the advantages of intellectual training with healthful recreation and physical exercise. For the latter the location affords various facilities, particularly bathing, to which careful attention is given.
On the Sabbath, opportunity will be given to attend public worship with either of the religious societies in Quincy.
TUITION FOR THE SEASON.
Common English branches, \$7.00; Higher English branches, \$9.00. At the rate of \$4 per quarter of twelve weeks.
Additional—Languages, 2.50; Drawing and Painting, 2.50; twenty-four Music lessons, and use of Piano Forte, 7.00.
Vocal Music and Calisthenics, without extra charge.
Board, including washing, and riding to attend Public worship, \$2.00 per week.
Reasonable discounts allowed for absence in case of illness. Partial payment will be expected in advance or at the vacation.
Daily communication with Boston by stage and railroad.
Information concerning the location, etc., may be obtained of Mr. John W. Sullivan, No. 23 Long Wharf, inquiry may also be made at Germantown, or by letter directed to the care of Dea. J. Sullivan, Quincy, Mass. During the third week of April, personal application may be made at the house of Mr. William Blake, No. 37 Allen Street, Boston.
REFERENCES.
Boston—Rev. William Hays, Dr. George Shattuck, Rev. N. Colver, Dea. S. G. Shipley, Mrs. J. B. Read, No. 3 Howard St., Mrs. Marion Dix Sullivan, No. 45 Bowdoin St.
Bainbridge—Dr. Jonathan Wild.
Quincy—Rev. William Allen, Eliza Marsh, Esq., P. S. A separate class will be formed in the Languages, should the prospect of popular warrant be, terms etc., made known on application.
Quincy, March 21.

Administrator's Sale.
PURSUANT to a license from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 13th day of April, next, at ten o'clock A. M., about three-fourths of an acre of LAND, with a DWELLING-HOUSE, belonging to the estate of George Long, late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, yeoman, deceased, situated in said Quincy, in the North Common, so called, near the quarry of Messrs. Richards, Mann & Co.
JOHN M. GOURGAS, Jr., Adm.
March 28, 1846. 3w

New Prints.
JUST received, a prime assortment of rich Prints, very low, by
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28.

Insolvent Notice.
NORFOLK ss. March 21st, 1846.
HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of
JOHN F. MARDEN,
of Milton, Mason, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.
The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of April, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.
The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Insolvency to be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on the SECOND MONDAY of April, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.
SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.
March 28. 2w

Town Meeting.
NORFOLK ss. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy, Greeting:
[L. S.] YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at the Lyceum Room, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the 16th day of April, next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:
1. To choose a Moderator.
2. To know what method the Town will adopt for repairing the Squantum Road.
3. To give in their votes for a Register of Deeds for the County of Norfolk.
4th. To know if the Town will instruct the Selectmen to prosecute all persons who may violate the License Laws of this Commonwealth, within the limits of the Town, the ensuing year, that may come to their knowledge.
5th. To choose any Committee, or hear and act on the report of any Committee, the Town may think proper.
Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Town Clerk, on or before the time appointed for said meeting.
Given under our hands and seals, at Quincy, this twenty-seventh day of March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-six.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } of Quincy.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, }
Quincy, March 28th, 1846.

NORFOLK ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the town of Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.
A true copy. Attest:
LEWIS BASS, Constable.
Quincy, March 28.

N. B. The annual Town Meeting stands adjourned to the same day at one o'clock in the afternoon.

Call at the
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE,
No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL.
GEORGE W. ALMY
WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in the style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.
Our stock is also now complete, and consists of good and full assortment as can be found. All garments have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.
To Dealers
Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and get up
With some regard to fit and style,
which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.
As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections.
AT STORE,
No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St.,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON.
NEXT DOOR TO FAKO'S. 31
Mar. 28. 3m

Dry Goods.
NOW OPENING
AT
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover St., BOSTON.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,
CONTAINING every style that can be found in Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, to which I will guarantee to sell at ten per cent. less than can be bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street Shawl Stores, near the depot, and I will trade the leading branch in my business, and my expenses are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above named prices.
Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of
DRESS GOODS,
most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers in that Department, with a general assortment of Goods such as are wanted for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and embroidered Covers, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tickings, Bird Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpaccas, with White Dress Goods, such as Indian Linens, Book and Swiss Muslins, Gimps, Fringes, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover Street.
Boston, March 28. 3m

Mouslin de Laines.
GOOD ASSORTMENT, for sale by
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28.

Classical and High School.
THIS School will be continued at the Basement Room of the Episcopal Church. The next term will commence on THURSDAY, April 16.
Application may be made to Rev. Dr. Clark or to the subscriber.
JOSEPH DOW.
Quincy, March 28. 3w

House Lots for Sale.
5 OR 6 HOUSE LOTS, containing each one fourth of an acre, situated on Granite Street, opposite the residence of widow John Veazie will be sold by the subscriber.
These lots are eligibly situated and near the centre of business.
SOLOMON NIGHTINGALE.
Quincy, March 28. 1f

Building Lots for Sale.
57 EXCELLENT LOTS OF LAND, lying between the Railroad and the Neponset Turnpike, in Quincy, each of one-fourth of an acre, and about one-fourth of a mile north of the Town House, Bank, Hotel, and the Depot of the Old Colony Railroad. To gentlemen of leisure or business in Boston, who desire a summer residence in the country of fifteen or twenty minutes ride by the cars, such a chance to purchase cheap and pleasant sites cannot now be found, within so great a distance of the city. A plan may be seen at the Hancock House in Quincy, and further information obtained from
HARVEY FIELD.
Quincy, March 21.

Granite!
LEDGES OF ROCKS TO LET. Apply to
JOSIAH BASS.
Quincy, March 21. 4w

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have recently received large additions to their former stock, making a good assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.
Quincy, March 16. 1f

Paper Hanging,
DONE in a neat and durable style, by
SETH ADAMS.
Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple
Quincy, April 20. 1f

Paper Hangings.
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of
PAPER HANGINGS,
which will be sold as low as Boston prices.
Quincy, April 19. 1f

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,
RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store
Quincy, August 10. 1f

Muffs!!
A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Misses MUFFS, of various sizes and qualities, and of the most FASHIONABLE COLORS, just received and for sale as low as Boston prices, by
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 25. 1f

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!
THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.
GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

To be sold at private Sale.
SEVERAL very likely young COWS, from four to seven years old, will calve in about three weeks. Also—One that has calved and gives milk. Also—One yoke of five years old working Oxen, full of flesh, and large.
MINOTT THAYER.
Baintree, March 14. 1f

To Let,
THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.
Possession given the first of April.
For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } of Quincy.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, }
Quincy, March 7. 1f

Notice.
THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of CUMMINGS & SULLIVAN, was, by mutual consent, dissolved on the 21st of January.
CHARLES A. CUMMINGS,
M. W. SULLIVAN.

THE business will be pursued as formerly by the undersigned. Freight of BRICKS will be received immediately on the opening of navigation, and a constant supply of prime quality Thompson Line for the trade. HARD AND SOFT WOOD as usual.
M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, March 14. 1f

Straw and Florence Bonnets
Selling at Cost.
THE subscriber wishing to dispose of the remainder of her old stock of
STRAW AND FLORENCE BONNETS,
will offer good bargains to those wishing to supply themselves cheap.
S. S. MARSH.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Bacon, Pork and Lard.
FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.
Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.
These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Grass Seed.
JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of HERD'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER SEED.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Wood! Wood!!
80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now landing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams Store.
Quincy Point, Sept. 20. 1f

Quincy Patriot.

Hair Oils, etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are
Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils (Sands) pure; Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules' Hangel's Lustral; Deutler's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philomene; Pomatums; French Oil of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gouraud's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Snaps, etc., etc.
Quincy, Feb. 7. 1f

New Books.
MEMOIR of the life of Henry Ware, Jr., by his brother, John Ware, M. D.
Lectures to Young Men on various important subjects, by Henry Ward Beecher.
Songs in the Night, or Hymns for the Sick and Suffering.
The Young Lady's Guide to the harmonious development of Character, by Harvey Newcomb.
Duties of Young Men, by Rev. E. H. Chapin, Revised edition.
New Edition of Mrs. Child's Letters from New York. First and Second Series.
For sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of
HEZEKIAH STODDARD,
late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, yeoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to
JUDSON STODDARD, Adm'r.
Weymouth, March 12. 3w

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscribers having this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of
ABERCROMBIE & BENT,
would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glass Ware.
Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity.
N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense.
WYMAN ABERCROMBIE,
EDNEZER BENT, Jr.
Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1846. 1f

New Volumes.
AT the QUINCY BOOKSTORE all the PERIODICALS will be furnished at subscription prices, free of postage.
Subscribers to the amount of Three Dollars will be entitled to the use of the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
With the New Year commence new Volumes, offering a favorable opportunity to those who wish to subscribe.
Quincy, Dec. 27. 1f

Notice of Removal.
JOHN RUSSELL,
TAILOR,
WOULD intimate to his former friends and the public, that he has removed from his old stand at E. Packard & Co's; and may now be found at
RUSSELL & Co's
Cloth and Clothing Warehouse,
In Mr. Souther's new Block,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets.
N. B. RUSSELL & Co. will endeavor to keep on hand a good assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Doeskins.
—ALSO—
A variety of Plain and Fancy Figured SATINS, VELVETS and CASSIMERES for Vestings, all of which will be sold for CASH at the lowest possible PROFIT.
Quincy, Jan. 24. 1f

Great Bargains
CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE
QUINCY
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE.
THE subscriber intends to reduce his stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings this month, and persons wishing to purchase at a LESS PRICE than ever before offered, or have them Manufactured into wearing apparel in the best style, can be accommodated at short notice by applying to
Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.
He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale. E. PACKARD.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of
CALEB GILL & Co.
CALEB GILL, Jr.
Quincy, March 2, 1846. 1f

Dr. L. Goodnow,
(From Boston.)
THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN
SURGEON,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.
Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.
He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale. E. PACKARD.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

Grain Store—Old Stand.
HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Coddington and Washington Street,
CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, etc.,
which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.
Also—On hand, RICK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with
Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 1f

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S
HEALTH RESTORATIVE

NOTWITHSTANDING the boasting of empirics of great cures never performed and forged certificates of them, yet their nostrums sink like others of their kind, in the great sea of oblivion. The test of time is the guiding criterion of the searching sick, who are anxiously watching every gleam of hope that shines on their path. The Health Restorative has been impetuously assailed as the production of a nostrum monger, but time has proved that a false and base imitation, and has jewelled her reputation with gems of honor from the bosoms of those who have experienced the effects of this balm. Its sovereign power is shown in the cure of complaints of the Liver and Lungs, Consumption, Coughs and Colds even in their greatest severity, Asthma and Pain in the Breast and Side. All that is desirable in a remedy for these complaints, is in the Restorative reduced and concentrated to the utmost of their power, and so placed in such perfect combination, that their several and united force is experienced at one and the same time. It is not offered as a palliative only of disease, but as a complete extermination of it, and a restorer to natural and blooming health. As all the testimony of unimpeachable witness is often insufficient to convince those who are determined to withstand the force of evidence, no matter how powerful, we earnestly hope that they will make trial of the Restorative, and be convinced by actual demonstration. The safety of your life depends on the use of this medicine, without it you had better listen to prepare for a quick and fatal termination of your disease; but by its use you avail yourself of means which cannot disappoint or delude you. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.
"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."
JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
508 Broome Street, New York.
AGENTS.
Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple, Washington Street.
Baintree, JUDSON STODDARD.
Weymouth, ELI THAYER.
Mar. 28. 4w

NOTICE.
I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.
C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Two Hundred Suppers.


At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was
Voted—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies, whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:
First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.
Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.
Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.
Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.
Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe, on distance, for five minutes.
Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well, near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.
Voted—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.
Voted—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.
In behalf of the Company,
CLEFT RODGERS, Foreman.
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

Dried Apples.
1200 LBS. of first rate DRIED APPLES, just received and for sale by
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 2m

House Lots at Auction.
WILL be sold at auction, on TUESDAY, the 7th of April, next, at half past one o'clock P. M., on the premises, FOUR ELIGIBLE HOUSE LOTS, on the estate of the late Henry T. Gay, in Quincy, a few rods west of the Episcopal Church.
For further information, apply to Benjamin Gay, near the premises.
Terms easy and made known at sale.
It is very rainy on that day, the sale will be on the following THURSDAY.
THOMAS ADAMS, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 21. 3w

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the proprietors of the QUINCY NEW LINE OF STAGES, are notified, that suits will be commenced on every demand which is not paid by the 1st of April next.
WILLIAM S. MORTON.
Quincy, March 21. 3w

Executor's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the Will of
JOHN PRAY.
late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Boot Manufacturer, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to
LEWIS G. PRAY, Executor.
Boston, March 21. 3w

Quincy & Boston Stage.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the last eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).
On its return, will leave Elm Street (Dacotilla's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M. and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.
Quincy, Jan. 1. 1f

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools,
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Branded, gilt and papier Machie Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston.
Dec. 1. 1f

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.
BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6. 1f

A Farm for Sale.
A VALUABLE FARM of 110 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the centre of Canton, Norfolk County, 14 miles south of Boston, and within ten or fifteen minutes walk of the Canton Depot, on the Boston and Providence Railroad; the same from the South Canton Depot, on the Stoughton Branch Railroad. The Cars run several times a day on each of these roads to and from Boston, on the latter an early train to, and a late train from the city; which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing business in the city, who are desirous of securing themselves a Summer residence in the country within forty minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well watered with never failing Springs, and divided into mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland, within one fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing several large manufacturing establishments; among which are the Neponset Man Co., Kingsley's Iron, and Revere Copper works.
The buildings consist of a large two story house and barn each of little or no value. If the said farm is not disposed of at private sale on or before SATURDAY, the 4th day of April next, it will be sold at Public Auction at nine o'clock A. M. on that day.
Those who wish to examine said farm can do so by calling on Leonard Everett, Esq., near the premises. Further information will be given by addressing the Subscriber at the Transcript office, Worcester.
Terms made known at sale.
JAMES H. EVERETT.
Worcester, Jan. 17. 1f

To Let,
A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alley, situated on Coddington Street in Quincy.
The House is suitable for two families; a garden is attached to the premises. The whole estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are in good repair.
For further information enquire of
ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston
or of JOSEPH FRY, on the premises.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

To Let,
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next.
For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of
THOMAS ADAMS.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 1f

To Let,
A DWELLING HOUSE, on Penn's Hill, with half an acre of Land, wood shed attached, good well of water under a pump and a Shuemaker's Shop.
Apply to
JOHN GLOVER, Jr.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

To be Let.
PART of the House of the subscriber, which is every way convenient. Possession given on or before the first of April.
Inquire of
JOHN L. SOUTHER.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To Let.
ONE half of a house on Washington St., with or without about three acres of land. Possession given the first of April.
Inquire of
LYDIA SPEAR.
Quincy Point, March 7. 1f

To Let.
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street. Inquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of
DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7. 1f

To Let.
THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store on Washington Street.
Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business.
Inquire on the premises of
G. W. KENISON.
Quincy, Feb. 21. 1f

Muffs!!
A GOOD ASSORTMENT can be seen, and bought at the LOWEST CASH PRICE, at
E. PACKARD'S.
Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

Notice to Trespassers.
ALL persons are forbid travelling over the land in the care of the Burying Ground, late the property of Dea. Samuel Savil, as they will thereafter be prosecuted for trespass.
JOHN SAVIL, } Executors.
JOSIAH SAVIL, }
Quincy, March 21. 1f

POETRY.

[By request.]

ADDRESS

To a particular friend who still indulges in the dark and damning dream of the bowl.
Friend of my youth, oh! dash to earth
The damning bowl, and be a man;
It is the grave of human worth—
Within its wave thy ruin scan.

Touch not the wine cup or the bowl,
Serpents within their darkness dwell,
That soon will sting thee to the soul,
And make thy happy heart a hell.

Think of thy wife, who weeps alone,
Think of thy children's happiness;
Think of their woes, thou must stone—
Can they a drunken father bless?

Wilt thou give up life's blessings all—
Fame, fortune, friends, and all we prize,
For draughts that, soon must bid thee fall,
And die the death a drunkard dies?

Canst thou give up thy wife to tears?
Canst thou neglect thy children's home?
Blas! all the hopes of future years,
And be a wretch—for what? for Rum?

Remember, at the altar, thou
Didst promise never to neglect
The fond, confiding one—thy vow
Was long to love and to protect.

Oh! God, 'tis cruel to resign
All, all thou lov'st for maddening drink;
Forsake it then; and bliss is thine,
Forsake, and fly from ruin's brink.

Think not that I would triumph now,
Or yet insult thy generous soul,
Oh! no, I've drank as deep as thou,
The deep damnation of the bowl.

Where are our friends of earlier years?
The generous, gifted and the brave;
Alas! full many have in tears,
Drunk deep, and fill a drunkard's grave.

Oh! then restrain, nor to thy boy
A dark example set apart;
Resign the bowl, and fill with joy
Thy aged sire's and mother's heart.

Full many a moon hath wax'd to wane,
Since I have known the demon's spell;
And life shall end, ere I again
Shall feel again that mental hell.

MILFORD BARD.

CONSOLATION.

Miss Caroline Augusta Pop
Had lovers eight or nine,
And when she let the last one drop
I worshipped at her shrine.
I gave her rings and pretty things,
And ran in bed for rides,
For this sweet angel—*minuz wings*—
And we had walks, besides.

"Miss Caroline Augusta Pop,"
Said I to her one day,
"I must these days expenses stop,
Because I cannot pay.
And now, Miss Caroline A. P.
My nymph, my love, my life,
Pronounce the happy day, when we
Are christened man and wife."

Miss Caroline Augusta Pop
Looked red, and white, and blue,
She colored from her bonnet top,
Down to her very shoe;
And then she gave a clever sigh,
And simpered as she sigh'd,
"If you'll pop in, sir, by and by,
Your question I'll decide."

Miss Caroline Augusta Pop
Say whither dost thou roam?
The maiden with the kitchen mop
Declares you're not at home.
But as I leave your door, Miss P.
You can't be so unkind—
Is that your lovely form I see,
Concealed behind the blind?

Miss Caroline Augusta Pop,
Next day she walked the street,
She whispered nonsense to a pop,
And then we chanced to meet.
She wore a proud and haughty air,
No doubt she thought of me,
I marked her with a vacant stare,
But thought not of Miss P.

Miss Caroline Augusta Pop,
I met her every week,
No lovers now beside her pop,
Her old friends seldom speak;
And though a single men I'm now
And likely still to be,
"Tis comfort yet to make my bow
To plain Miss C. A. P.

ANECDOTES.

A pretty, interesting little girl just returned from a visit at her brother's, who had recently been married, was asked by her mother how she enjoyed herself, she answered with girlish simplicity, that she liked her visit very much, but she wouldn't, that's what she wouldn't, never sit between Joseph and his wife again, for they kept hugging and kissing each other so much that they squeezed her all the time, and almost spoiled her new bonnet.

A clergyman lately gave out the hymn "I love to meal awhile away," and the chorister commenced singing, but not recollecting the tune, could proceed no further than "I love to meal," which he repeated several times. The parson, to relieve him from the dilemma, wisely remarked, that "it was very much to be regretted," and added, "let us pray."

Dog-wood, observes an eminent author may readily be distinguished by its peculiar bark.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick,

which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE

BOTTLES AND TUBES.

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;

Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;

FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;

Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;

Ellis' Volturnburg Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS;

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 13.

OPENING OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends,

and the public generally, to her new stock of

Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,

having made such arrangements with the manufacturers

as will warrant her in saying that her present as-

sortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses

that of any previous season. In addition to the above

splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be

seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which having been selected with great care, cannot

but give perfect satisfaction.

—ALSO—

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, to-

gether with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars;

Linen Cambric Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;

Cravats, Paris Cord, Gimpes, and other Trimmings

(for Dresses), Mustins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANED AND PRESSED in

the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dress-

es made, that she has a young lady with her who will

attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be

happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at

their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the

Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same

building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the

south side.

Quincy, May 3.

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all

those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his

vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's.

These three in connection with others in store, make

the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the

popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as

well as those who would replenish their present stock,

would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress Street, Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES.

Boston, Dec. 13.

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part

of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale

at the Wharf of ALBION DEARBORN.

Quincy, Jan. 31.

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own

mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."

A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a

variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which

will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal

Blues, Alpaca, M. de Laines, PRINTS;

Edgings, Mus's, Laces, and a good assortment of

domestic Fines, Cottons, Yarns, strictly, and

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather

SLIPPERS, BOOTES and TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspend-

ers, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin

SCARFS, Shaker SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen

BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.

Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Pegg'd do.; Slippers.

A good assortment of ready made

SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS,

FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,

which can be made into any style of garment to suit

the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy

DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS,

AND OF

VESTINGS,

EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe their own wardrobe

and find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Oct. 4.

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAYDEN received alterations and improvements,

intended not only to add to its attractiveness,

but also to conduce to the convenience and gratifica-

tion of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF

GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to

which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and

Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by

stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly sup-

plied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together

with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen

in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WAR-

RANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not

be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprie-

tor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled in any pat-

tern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will

be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions

are constantly made of new works, which, with a

great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and

Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents

as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works,

if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest

notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and

elegant bindings, Bibles in plain, cheap bindings,

and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. At-

tention is particularly requested to this collection.

They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will

be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and

Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and

price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the

best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Col-

ors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand

Boxes. Bonnet Boards, Instanders, plain and crown-top

for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue

and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber,

Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible

Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with

other articles which could not be enumerated, will be

sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good as-

sortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hove's,

Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, vari-

ous sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be of-

fered for sale but as is known to be of good qual-

ity, and will be sold by the quantity, or at retail,

at the lowest market price.

Walckens' British Ink Powder, celebrated for mak-

ing a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other

Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made

and free from seams, and of the most superior quality.

Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low

rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good

assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and

Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and

Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books,

Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for

Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macas-

sar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Pow-

der, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Court

Plaster, Cigar Cases,

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of

articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietors of this establishment improve this

opportunity to present their acknowledgments to all

whose liberality has contributed to its support, and

solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the cit-

izens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store

near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends

to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds

of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to

receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the

old stand on Granite Street at the head of School

Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on

hand Sewed and Pegged Men's, Boys' and Youth's

BOOTS, BOOTES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short

notice.

JAMES EDWARDS.

Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the

wharf of the late Capt. Smith, on the Quincy Point

directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to

supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds

of

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 15.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.
Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars for the first year, and Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect, and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of others, or for the purpose of legal advertisements, or advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
The subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the last season, and desiring to continue the same, respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doanville's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.

Books kept at the Store of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON LILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,

IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools,

PLATED BRONZED, gilt and papier Machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver, Ware, Bank, Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks.

Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1.

Choice Fruit Trees.

A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.

Braintree, April 6.

A Farm for Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM of 110 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the centre of Canton, Norfolk County, 14 miles south of Boston, and within ten or fifteen minutes walk of the Canton Depot, on the Boston and Providence Railroad; the same from the South Canton Depot, on the Stoughton Branch Railroad. The Cars run several times a day on each of these roads to and from Boston, on the latter an early train to, and a late train from the city; which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing business in the city, who are desirous of securing a country residence in the country within forty minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well watered with never failing Springs, and divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland within one fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing several large manufacturing establishments; among which are the Neponset Man Co., Kingsley's Iron, and Revere Copper works.

The buildings consist of a large two story house and barn each of little or no value. If the said farm is not disposed of at private sale on or before SATURDAY the 4th day of April next, it will be sold at Public Auction at nine o'clock A. M. on that day.

Those who wish to examine said farm can do so by calling on Leonard Everett, Esq., near the premises. Further information will be given by addressing the Subscriber at the Transcript Office, Worcester.

Terms made easy. JAMES H. EVERETT.

Worcester, Jan. 17.

Bacon, Pork and Lard.

FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.

These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 21.

To Let.

THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.

For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Selection
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } of Quincy.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, }

Quincy, March 7.

THE CONSPIRACY.

If there is one vice, which appears uglier than others, it is that of attempting, by slander and detraction, to rob those of humble birth or circumstances in life, who have obtained eminence above us, by their innocence and virtues, of that priceless jewel, a good name. The following story is designed as a daguerreotype representation of it.

CHAPTER I.

"She had a heavenly smile,
That sank into the sullen soul of Vice
And won her back to Virtue."

Side by side, in a large village in western New York, the reader may imagine, if he has not seen, a splendid mansion and a humble cottage. "There is nothing remarkable in that to be sure. The extremes of society are often seen in close relation," may be remarked by some one. We do not pretend there is anything very remarkable in that simple circumstance, but in their history there may be. Read on now, and see.

The inmates of that neat cottage, at least one of them, a few years since, was a young lady. We say "lady," because she possessed those refined sensibilities, which are the natural spontaneous fruits of virtue, innocence and love. And were it necessary, we might mention, at length, as is quite fashionable, many external charms—those which more please the eye than win the affections of the pure heart—for Louisa Brant possessed them in a high degree. She was beautiful. But we leave the reader to guess, whether she had a mild blue eye and auburn hair, or black eyes and raven locks; whether her skin was like the Parian marble, with a rosy flush upon her cheek; whether her form was slender and sylph-like, or short and compact. Let all that pass.

The cottage had nothing remarkable, it is true, in its appearance, to the careless observer. But, one whose love of order and neatness were large, would have observed some evidences of taste and industry, which, when told that they were the work of Louisa's hands, would have given her much praise, and the conclusion would be, that she had received her education in New England. That was true.

Her parents came, with her, from a beautiful village not far from Boston, when she was in her fifteenth year. They brought their habits of industry, order, neatness and frugality with them—and they brought, too, their good morals and love of virtue. These were their principal inheritance, and were like to be the only patrimony of their only daughter. And this, her parents intimated, when she had reached the

only fortune we ever expect to give you," said the father of Louisa, "is a correct education. With that you will have to 'work your way' through the world." She was taught that it is not the "external appearances" that constitute the "qualifications" of a young lady, but the internal adornments—a good heart—giving beauty and sweetness to life. These good lessons were not lost. Consequently, Louisa was beloved and admired by all, except one or two of her own sex. We will introduce them.

In that mansion, whose proud walls overlooked the residence of Mr. Brant, dwelt a rich widow, Mrs. Stacy, with two daughters and a son. Mrs. Stacy was a very proud, ambitious woman—so were her daughters; and the youngest about the same age of Louisa. Her family were reared in luxury and extravagance. Fashion was their deity. At his throne they brought their offerings, and paid the orisons of morning and the devotions of the evening. With their wealth and pride, they were envious and selfish; the younger daughter, Mary, especially. She could not submit to hear the poor cottage beauty receiving the praises which she earnestly coveted, but had not learned to merit.

Mary Stacy had a brother, three years older than herself, who was a noble, kind-hearted, intelligent young man, possessed of those personal attractions which render one like him agreeable. He was as unlike his proud sister as two individuals thus related could be. And while Mary, through envy at hearing, as she often did, the praises of Louisa, the poor cottage maid, while her own admirers were few, and confined to a circle of selfish fortune-hunters, or fawning votaries, was constantly indulging in detraction towards Louisa, her brother, every day more and more enamored of her charms. Louisa and her mother saw this with regret, and the resolve was at length made by Mary, to destroy that attachment, even at the ruin of the innocent object of her unjust hatred and envy.

CHAPTER II.

A short distance from the residence of Miss Brant, was a lady of small fortune, whose husband had for several years been confined in a lunatic asylum with a diseased mind, which was supposed, from its hereditary character to be incurable. This lady to dissipate the tedium of her loneliness, gave an occasional party to her young neighbors, among whom she had many friends who admired her for the kindness and liberality of her heart.

In the lighted parlor of this lady, on a mild evening in winter, were assembled a small, select party; among them, Louisa, Mary and her brother. Gaily and pleasantly passed the evening. None dreamed (save one) that the coming day would fill the minds of the inhabitants with astonishment and grief, and whelm the heart of the unsuspecting beauty of the cot-

tage with anguish. None dreamed that the serpent envy had coiled itself to seize the loveliest member of that circle, and crush her pure heart within its folds. None dreamed that so soon would gather clouds to darken the bright sky of her innocent joy.

None appeared during the evening, more free and artless in their intercourse with Louisa than the proud Mary. She was all attention and sweetness, often at her side, and kindly introduced her to those who had been strangers, went with her to the library, and by every effort seemed desirous of removing all thoughts of former and well known dislikes; so that Louisa sincerely reproached herself for having believed the reports she had often heard of the frequent attempts of her young neighbor to depreciate her worth in society. She even sought an opportunity to confess herself in error for having given the least credence to them. Little knew she of the storm that mild sky foretold. Little knew she, that bitter, cruel malice rankled where love appeared to smile, and that she who uttered sweet, winning words, with green-eyed jealousy deep laid her plans of hate.

The party retired at an early hour, and Louisa, with the politeness of the brother of Mary, was conducted home, where with buoyant spirits she retired to dream of brighter days in the promising, sunny future, in the awards of contentment, virtue and love.

The night passed away, and brightly arose the sun on the morning following, to greet the joy sparkling eyes of the little family. The far hills echoed with the merry song of the industrious Brants, as he repaired to the place of his labor. The silvery spangles on the crested snow dazzled in the sun's bright rays, as they parted over the hills into the valley, while the snow-birds chirped their merry glees around him. Visions of happiness swelled his bosom in the anticipations of the future, and with a light step returned to his house. But ah! what a scene was there to disturb that heart. Consternation was upon the countenances of his wife and daughter. Louisa, the gentle, pure, artless daughter of his love and care, was under arrest for larceny. Her reticule had been examined, and a diamond ring, the property of the lady at whose house the party had been held the previous evening, was found there, carefully folded in a slip of white paper. All were speechless! Even the officer, who had been accustomed to the arrest of criminals, stood motionless, as his eyes were riveted upon the group before him. Too deep was the grief of all, and too shocking the sudden burst of the fearful clouds to admit of words. The mother starting from her seat, she rushed to her daughter, and throwing her arms around her neck, exclaimed, "She is innocent! Oh, I know she is innocent! An enemy hath done this!"

"Yes," said Louisa, with firmness, although her gentle heart was shocked by the sudden and terrible charge, and its corroborating circumstances. "I am innocent, dark and suspicious as appear the evidences of my guilt. This is the first time I ever saw the ring."

"That may all be true, Miss," said the officer, "and I hope it may prove so; but dark indeed are the signs before me, and I must obey my orders, and take the young lady before the magistrate."

This declaration was a blow too severe for the fond mother. Uttering a wild shriek, she fell upon the floor, and was carried in a swoon to her bed. Then was displayed the fortitude and power of the falsely accused heart of virtue. With a presence of mind absent from all those around her, she applied herself affectionately and calmly to the aid of her afflicted parent, and soon succeeded in restoring her to consciousness. Bending over her mother, and kissing her pallid lips, Louisa entreated her to be composed. "For," said she, "God will yet defend us, mother, and bring to light what is dark and mysterious. He will not suffer the innocent to be injured, nor the wicked to go unpunished."

Like a lamb in the hands of the executioner, Louisa resigned herself to the destiny of law, and was taken before the magistrates, where a crowd had assembled. The charge was read, and the ring presented with the reticule which contained it. The facts appeared conclusive, but few could be made to believe Louisa guilty. Again, in a calm, mild manner, she affirmed her innocence, and declared herself ignorant of the possession of the ring, until it was taken out by the officer.

The justice felt compelled to commit her, although against his wishes. A brief imprisonment of six weeks and a fine was imposed upon her. Silently and appalled, her friends and the multitude gazed upon her, as with a firm step she left the scene of trial. A whirlwind of terrible fury had passed over her gentle spirit—but she was calm in the smiles of innocence and the promises of God. "God will yet deliver me, and make this light affliction work my good," said she, as she embraced her friends; "for He knows I am innocent."

One was there who believed her words. It was the brother of Mary. Suspicion of the author of the painful event had fastened upon one in his mind whom he grieved to be compelled to suspect. Of this he gave Louisa assurance, and bade her be of good cheer, while he assured her of his confidence in her purity and ultimate triumph.

On arriving at the jail, the keeper, instead of placing her among the filthy and vicious inmates already there, by the means furnished by her friends, gave her a room of comfort and

cleanliness, where every attention that the law would allow was shown her, and but for the separation from the dear scenes of home, the grief of her parents, and the disgrace she would scarcely have known she was a prisoner.

CHAPTER III.

Who can silence the upbraidings of conscience? Where can the condemned one flee for refuge and peace amid her silent reproaches? They come up unbidden at all hours, and under every association. Darkness may be around, about, and sleep may steal gently upon the soul, but conscience will awake, and utter his reproaches in that voice which no ear can hear but which like a summons from the Throne of Justice, reverberates through the silent chambers of the heart.

Louisa had been confined in her dreary abode but a few days. Many of her numerous friends had visited her, and few if any left her without the conviction that she was the victim of some malicious design to destroy her peace. So deep was the conviction in the minds of some, that, but for the uniform mildness and cheerful resignation and hope of Louisa, violent measures might have been adopted for her release. Every such hint was earnestly opposed by her. "All will yet be right," was her uniform reply.

The widow, her son and daughter were sitting around the table in their parlor, at an early hour of the evening, when the brother of Mary remarked, during a conversation in which they had been engaged, with reference to Louisa, "I fear," said young Stacy, "that Miss Brant is suffering innocently—that other persons, whose consciences will pay a dear forfeit for the unprovoked injury, have more guilt to answer for than they will be willing to meet, as he glanced carelessly toward his sister. She did not look up, but it was evident to the young man, that he had touched a chord of tender vibrations. His bow, drawn at a venture, had hit the mark. Mary made no reply, but the color left her cheek, and she appeared disturbed and anxious to suppress the conversation. From that moment her brother became convinced his suspicions were well founded.

In a short time Mary arose to retire. Her brother followed, and taking her hand, as they were about to separate in the hall, each to their room, remarked, "I would much rather enjoy the sweet assurance of innocence which fills the mind of Louisa in her prison, than to have the feelings which her cruel persecutor must feel at every thought of her; would not you, my sister?" Mary hastily withdrew her hand and uttered the word, "But she did not sleep. The visions of her dark deed came before her, and she was afraid to be alone."

After vainly struggling for some time to quiet her feelings by reading, she put her light out and threw herself upon the bed. The pale light of the moon shone through the lattice into her room. She could not sleep. So highly excited was her mind—so deep and burning the conviction of the wrong she had done an inoffensive friend, that she appeared to see, constantly before her, the meek Louisa. She could endure the burden of her guilt no longer, and starting from the room she ran shrieking to the apartment of her brother, where she fell upon the floor, wildly crying, "Fly, fly, brother, to the prison of Louisa, and cause her to be released! I am guilty! It was my own cruel hand that placed the ring within the reticule of the innocent one! O can I ever be forgiven? Free her, and I will take her place!"

To her brother, this confession was not unexpected. He knew Mary's pride and opposition to his attachment to Louisa, and did not doubt that her object was to oppose an obstacle, by this means to their union. But when she had learned that instead of disparaging the character of the poor young woman, it had presented in a strong and beautiful light, the surpassing loveliness of her disposition—her exalted mind—her unaffected piety and faith in God, he felt satisfied that her mind would relinquish the foolish purpose of her heart, and she would hasten to make the necessary acknowledgment and restitution.

After obtaining a promise from her brother that he would, early in the morning, take measures for the release of Louisa, she retired to her room, resolved, that for the future, her life would show a permanent, radical reform,—and that no exertion should be spared to do justice to Louisa, and to promote her happiness.

CHAPTER IV.

In accordance with this promise, young Stacy summoned his sister, at an early hour, to accompany him to the prison—taking with them as they went the Magistrate, before whom she was committed. An order was immediately moved for the liberation of Louisa, and young Stacy and his sister repaired to the room of her incarceration. The door being opened, Mary rushed into it, and falling upon the neck of Louisa, exclaimed: "Injured, innocent Louisa—can you will you forgive me? It was my own hand that placed the ring in your reticule, and my heart is bursting with remorse and shame. O, say that you forgive; that you will not despise me, and I will do all in my power to make restitution and repair your injury."

"You have my most cheerful and sincere forgiveness," replied the noble Louisa; "and I am no less happy in witnessing the goodness of God in bringing you to a sense of your error, than in the verification of His word, which

promises protection to those who put their trust in Him, while innocent."

"I doubt not it is competent for your generous heart to forgive—but I can never forgive myself for so unprovoked an injury," replied the weeping Miss Stacy.

"Dry up your tears, my friend," said Louisa, "the best of persons sometimes err. And if the lesson you have now learned shall remove from your mind the false estimate you have sometimes made of your fellow beings, both you and I will yet have cause for joy, rather than regret, at the occurrences of a few days past. So give yourself no farther pain—let the past be all forgotten, as it is fully forgiven,—and may we each find happiness in the high purposes we shall form for future uprightness and fidelity."

Louisa, Miss Stacy and her brother, soon after this interview, departed for the cottage. We will not attempt to describe the scene that there occurred, when Louisa was led by the happy young man into the room of Mrs. Brant. It was a moment of gratitude and delight, in which each partook, beyond the power of words to express.

From that morning, there was a happy change in the feelings and life of Mary, and in the conduct of her proud mother. Humbled by the cruelty of their treatment of Louisa, and satisfied that in other than the false robes of wealth, are to be sought the charms of women, they did not feel above their neighbors, but sought with sincerity, not only to atone for the injury they had done, but were ever happy in listening to the priceless lessons of true morality which Louisa was ever delighted in word and in deed to impart to them. And if ever a mother and sister were happy on a marriage occasion, it was when young Stacy led the beautiful Louisa to the altar, and pledged her to his vows for life. It is unnecessary for us to say they were happy—that they still are, and that wherever the name of Louisa, or "Mrs. Stacy," is known, are associations of Benevolence, Kindness and Love.

"The hand that wipes away the tears of want,
The hand that seeks to see another's woe,
Are hers; and blessings follow her."

Their cheerful hours are often spent in laying plans for the happiness of the poor. Their delight is in making some addition to the happiness of their fellow beings.

COMMERCIAL LITERATURE.

The commercial publication of FREEMAN HUNT, the well known proprietor and editor of the *Commercial Literature*, is not only of the press, but of the leading statesmen and Commercial men both at home and abroad. This Magazine is quoted as authority everywhere; in the Congress of the United States, and in the British Parliament; by the French Government, and the German Zollverein, in law books, and by Judges on the Bench; in the reports of such men as Macgregor and Porter of the British Board of Trade, and in the public documents of Webster while Secretary of State, and Mr. Walker, the present Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Hunt is in short the pioneer in 'Commercial Literature,' and in fact author of that phrase, as we do not recollect having heard it before it was uttered through the pages of his Magazine. Having recently purchased a complete set of that work, in thirteen handsomely bound volumes, we take occasion in adding them to our library (and no editor's collection is complete without them) to speak our own views of their author and his works.

There are some individuals whom nature has particularly fitted for certain situations, and it is a favorite idea at the present day, that each man has his mission, each man does something for the great progress of the race. Some are found to move men directly and lead, others to be instruments in their hands; many to act together in the same pursuit, and others still to chronicle what has been done rather than to act themselves. We think Mr. Hunt by a fortunate combination of circumstances has found his true place and vocation. The design of the work with which he has been alone identified was original with himself, and during the seven years of its successful prosecution, it has continued to preserve that individual character that marked its commencement. The wants of the business community of some work which should record the results of their previously almost forgotten labors, to furnish correct data for future operations both to the class and individual, have been fully satisfied in the work; and not a page of the past eighty-one monthly issues does not contain information which at the time was of the highest value to almost every man in the community, and now, if preserved, is of so much importance as a standard record, that every man must refer to it whose business operations are enlarged beyond his desk or counter. We know of no other work in which there has been such a progressive accumulation—it is like the rule of Permutation—the operation cannot be carried through, one is only able to examine the results.

As far as we have been able to learn, the success of this valuable publication has been in a great degree adequate to its merits. We certainly hope that it may be fully so, for we have been repeatedly attracted by the earnestness with which Mr. Hunt has carried on his work; he must regard the results of his labor with no small satisfaction, and with the reflection of the benefit he has been to the commu-

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

HINT TO UNCLE SAM AND ALL CONCERN'D.
Uncle Sam, Uncle Sam, you're a knowing young chap
But alas 'tis quite plain you don't understand trap,
For those blacks you are breeding, the Lord knows
how fast,
They will surely outnumber the white folks at last.

Then suppose the big darkeys should stand for their rights,
Who d'ye think must be niggers?—why surely the whites;
For you know in this land where majorities rule
The old darkeys might send picaninies to school.

They might clap the big chain on the Chevalier's leg
And e'en on the white madams—their pardon I beg,
For supposing that e'er such a wicked disgrace
Could accrue to a dame of the Chevalier race.

Oh, how strange it would seem should the tables be
turn'd,
To behold those black rascals, so lately the spurn'd,
Lifting up their white eyes from the blood sprinkled
Could it ever be borne by the delicate white?
Or would heaven endure to behold such a sight?
Can it ever be thought that their prayers would ascend,
Or that heaven those wool-headed knaves could befriend?

Should they dare, like the whites, their petition to
urge
With a chain in one hand in the other a scourge,
It is certain an earthquake or something much worse,
Would deliver them all to some terrible curse.

But oh should they presume—condescending they
might—
To select for a mistress some beautiful white,
It is certain the world would be turn'd upside down
Or would stand still to see some white Chevalier
frown,

While his pious distraction would strike such a dread
It might cause him to grow on his own lady's head,
Blending African hue with the Saxon so fair,
Wouldn't that be enough to make Chevaliers stare.

And oh, horror of horrors, it might be the case,
That some darkey might find in our Congress a place,
Might sit cheek by jowl with some northern dough-
face,

While he claimed some a-kim to the Chevalier race,
Oh, be, be, Uncle Sam, what a shocking disgrace.
F. M. ADINGTON, Weymouth.

JUST SEVENTEEN.

Just seventeen! The sunlight throws
Its beauty on the now;
And pleasures dance amid the beams
That burn upon thy brow.
Bright friendships cluster in thy way,
Like grapes upon the vine;
O that they ever may remain,
And o'er thy pathway shine.

Just seventeen! The bowers are green,
That thou thee to their shades;
And in the distance flowers of joy,
Bedeck the blooming glades;
Hope's brilliant meteor shines afar,
And bids thee haste to share,
The glories of maturer years,
That thy fair form may wear.

Just seventeen! The tempter's wiles
Thy glowing paths bestrew,
And fashion's false delusive star,
Thy happy heart may woo.
And in the gilded halls of pride,
Lured by its treacherous light,
Thou'lt find too soon in folly's race,
That pain succeeds delight.

Just seventeen! True wisdom waits,
To place thee near her throne,
Where gems of purest brilliancy
Have ever richly shone.
Then go, and at her princely feet,
Seek for that robe of white,
Which wearing, thou may'st surely win
A throne of endless light.

ANECDOTES.

An Indian complained to a retailer in one of the new settlements, that his rum was very dear. "Well it may be," said the trader, "a barrel of rum costs as much as a cow." "And it may be drunk as much water as a cow; but it no eats so much hay," immediately answered the Indian.

"Where are you going?" said Jack to an acquaintance. "I am going to see a friend," answered he. "I will go with you, then," said Jack, "for that is what I never saw yet in all my life."

A man killing hogs, became vexed, and venting his spleen, wished they were in h—ll. "Oh, don't say mother, what can be mean?" exclaimed a little girl, who heard him. "Mean, I suppose the awful wretch wants his provisions sent on beforehand."

A housewife, on being advised to put lint on her doors, to keep the cold out, declined, because she had read that the "wind bloweth where it listeth."

An itinerant preacher when discussing on the goodness of Providence, said "But my brethren, even death itself, which, for many offences, we have all merit, Providence has wisely placed at the end of our lives, for O! what would life be were death at the beginning?" In another part he remarked, "It is another instance of the goodness of Providence that large rivers always flow by large towns."

Abernethy, the celebrated surgeon, finding a large pile of paving stones opposite his door, swore lustily at the pavior, and bid him to remove them. "Where to?" said Pat. "To h—ll!" cried the choleric surgeon. Paddy looking up in his face, with an arch grin, said—"Hadn't I better take them to heaven?—sure they'd be more out of yer honor's way."

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SCOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES,

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Springs, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for the Skin;

FRESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;

Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;

Ellis' Ventricle Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS;

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully put up at all hours.

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS,

having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish may be seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars;

Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;

Cravats, (Paris Curl, Gimp, and other Trimmings for Dresses,) Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered, CLEANED and PRESSED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building of the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side.

Quincy, May 3.

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES

Boston, Dec. 13.

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of

ALBION DEARBORN.

Quincy, Jan. 31.

Fall and Winter Goods.

"Let another man praise thee and not thine own mouth; a stranger and not thine own lips."

A LARGE assortment, consisting of as great a variety as is usually kept in any Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, viz:

MERINOS—blue, black, green, brown and Royal Blue; Alpaca, M. de Laines, PRINTS;

Edgings, Mus' os, Laces, and a good assortment of domestic Flannels, Cottons, Yarn, etc.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid and Leather SLIPPERS, BOOTEES and TIES.

Gentlemen's HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, Suspenders, NECK TIES, Italian CRAVATS, Black Satin SCARFS, Silver SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Linen BOSOMS and COLLARS, Wool and Cotton Socks.

BOOTS.

Men's Sewed Calf Boots; Stout Peg'd do; Slippers.

A good assortment of ready made

SACK COATS, PANTS and VESTS,

FLANNEL SHIRTS, Cotton do.

Also—Several Cases SEWING COTTON.

BEAVER, BROAD & PILOT CLOTHS,

which can be made into any style of garment to suit the fancy of the purchaser.

Blue Black, Steel Mixed and Fancy

DOESKINS, CASSIMERES & SATINETTS,

AND OF

VESTING

EVERY DESCRIPTION NOW IN USE.

All persons wishing to clothe the outer man would find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

Quincy, Oct. 4.

The Quincy Bookstore.

HAYDEN received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and warranted. Should any book be ordered, which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Poetical and Translated Stories, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Poetical and Translated Stories, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Post Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colored Pencils, Water, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Corrugated Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Pover's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment.

Pocket Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macassar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court

Plaster, Cigar Cases,

Watch Guards, Toys, etc. A good assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietors of this establishment improve this opportunity to present their acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTEES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.

JAMES EDWARDS

Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at Reduced Prices, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a prior article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will warrant it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.

Quincy Point, Aug. 23.



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages will constantly be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness, about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, swelling away, frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes a voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are deceived for the cure of some of the most dangerous diseases, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Main and State Streets, cured a man of worms that was reduced to skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges; he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. E. B. Beardsley has been afflicted with worms since childhood. The sale of over one hundred of his children by them. The sale of over one hundred of his children by them.

Without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Strong, Jonathan Howard, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day, Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. Mr. Hancock, Wm. H. Atter, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the most of any known remedy.

Bronchitis, Croup, Hoarseness, and all affections of the throat, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Strong, Jonathan Howard, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day, Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. Mr. Hancock, Wm. H. Atter, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the most of any known remedy.

The cure was truly a wonderful one and places the 'Oleasantian' or 'All-Healing Balm' at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His cough became very troublesome and he began to raise blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He removed to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his ever being any better, he commenced using the 'Oleasantian' or 'All-Healing Balm' and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. Lubin, residing at 53 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma. He was in considerable distress, taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the 'Oleasantian' or 'All-Healing Balm', when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as he ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. It is a purgative, a cathartic, superior to all others, viz: it does not conturbate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.

New Goods! New Goods!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corried CASSIMERES, SATINETTS; GAMBOONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laine, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White; Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Towels, Crash, Diaper.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal patronage.

JOSHUA FISHER

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goodenough the Quincy Baggage Wagon, orders to run to Boston and Quincy, will wait on Carrying promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal patronage.

JOSHUA FISHER

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Mattresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 20.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7, \$5, \$8, \$9 per thousand, and the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carrying.

ALBERT HERSEY.

Quincy Point, June 14.



The Great Remedy

FOR

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast, and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Oleasantian, or All-Healing Balm.

IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough, if left unimportant, will in the end, become a fatal disease.

Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is! The experience of more than twenty years

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 16.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two Dollars and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until he is notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Five CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy Quarries.
JOHN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stage will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day (Sunday excepted).

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doubtless) at 10 o'clock, No. 3, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M. and four o'clock, P. M.

Books kept at the Store of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederick Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.

IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail, dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools, RICH MANTEL CLOCKS, Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier Machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Clock Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.

A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6.

A Farm for Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM of 110 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the center of Canton, Norfolk County, 14 miles south of Boston, and within ten of the Canton Depot, on the Boston and Providence Railroad; the farm from the South Canton Depot, on the Stoughton Branch Railroad. The Cars run several times a day on each of these roads, to and from Boston, on the latter an early train to, and a late train from the city; which makes it very desirable to Gentlemen doing business in the city, who are desirous of securing themselves a Summer residence in the country within forty minutes ride by the Railroad. The farm is well watered with never failing Springs, and divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasturing, an Orchard of choice fruit, and a good proportion of Woodland within one fourth of a mile of a flourishing village, containing several large manufacturing establishments; among which are the Neponset Man Co., Kingsley's Iron, and Revere Copper works.

The buildings consist of a large two-story house and barn each of little or no value. If the said farm is not disposed of at a private sale on before SATURDAY, the 4th day of April next, it will be sold at Public Auction at nine o'clock A. M. on that day.

Those who wish to examine said farm can do so by calling on Leonard Everett, Esq., near the premises. Further information will be given by addressing the Subscriber at the Transcript Office, Worcester.

Terms made easy. JAMES H. EVERETT.
Worcester, Jan. 17.

Bacon, Pork and Lard.

FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.

These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21.

To Let.

THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.

For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, Selection.
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, Quincy.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Quincy.
Quincy, March 7.

A SCOLDING WIFE 'DONE BROWN.'

"I cannot, nor I will not, hold me still; My tongue, though not my heart, shall have its will. He is deformed, crooked, old and sore, Ill faced, worse bodied, shapeless every where, Vicious, ungente, foolish, blunt, unkind; Substantial in making, worse in mind." Shak.

"The tongue is an unruly member." Bible.

Shakespeare and the inspired writers both affirm that "the tongue is an unruly member," and will "have its will"; and we presume the experience of all corroborates the truth of that affirmation. Almost every person is fond of tongues and sounds, yet but very few, if any, relish the incessant sounds of the unruly tongue. The worst of all tongues, is that of the scolds. The female scolds—for there is no end to it. But to our story.

In the flourishing town of S—, in the State of Maine, there lived, a few years since, an industrious, economical and wealthy man, of unimpeachable character, mild and pleasant disposition, winning and agreeable manners, and had withal as noble a heart as mortal man was ever blessed with. In his younger days he married a woman of considerable property, who made him a very good companion indeed, having but one fault worthy of notice—that of scolding. It came as natural and as easy for her to scold as it did to eat; and her tongue went flippety-flap—rattley-bang, rattley-bang! It was, in fact, a real *Caul-Bish* perpetual motion, going continually, and on all occasions, except during the hours of divine worship, and when her eyelids were weighed down with "balmy sleep, nature's soft nurse," and her "senses steeped with forgetfulness." Her husband was not the only one scolded; but every inmate of the house, and every thing, whether animate or inanimate had to take it. Her tongue appeared to be hung in the middle, and there seemed to be a contest going on between the two ends, so see which would outscold the other; and sometimes the war raged so smartly that they seemed more like deadly foes than twin sisters. In justice to her, we must say that there was nothing really malicious in her scolding; she was not mad or displeased; but it was a mere habit, and a very foolish and disagreeable one. Her tongue continued to chatter, clatter, clatter! She was always ready and willing to do any thing for him that he might ask, with this exception, that of giving the liberty of speech! This she said she could not do—it was out of the question—therefore her husband passed it by as the idle wind, not paying attention to her incessant, never ending cackling. He came to the conclusion that it was born in her, and consequently she was not so much to be blamed.

This gentleman had seven or eight young men in his employ, boarding at his house, all of whom not unfrequently had to take a severe scolding from his spouse. This they did not relish very well; and all, save one, had come to the determination to quit the premises ere the lapse of many months, unless a reformation took place. This one had been in the gentleman's employ for several years, and had formed a very pleasant acquaintance with his eldest daughter. This acquaintance by slow degrees blossomed into friendship and finally his friendship ripened into something still more friendly—a fruit we believe, commonly called love.

He had "popped the question," and had received a favorable answer; and all that remained now to be done to consummate his earthly happiness, was, to "get the old folk's consent," and the "knot tied." He bronched the subject to the father, who was not at all surprised, for he had watched the motions of the waters, and was perfectly satisfied. But knowing the young man to be something of a genius, and well aware of the efforts which true love will put forth to accomplish its ends, he thought he would try to kill two birds with one stone, and replied to the young solicitor as follows:

"I am well pleased with you, and should be happy to call you son-in-law; but I cannot consent to part with my daughter except on this condition: If you will cure my wife of a long standing scolding disease, I will give my daughter to you, with a wedding present of one thousand dollars; but if you cannot do this you must give up all hopes of leading her to the altar. Now set your wits to work."

This was a damper which made the young man look blank. But hope, the "lover's staff," prompted him to reply "I will try." He would almost as soon thought to shoulder old Mount Blue, and carry it to the sea shore without stopping to rest. But the idol of his heart was at stake, and he reasoned thus, "Some things can be done as well as others. I will not doubt, for

"Doubts are traitors, And make us loose the good we oft might win By fearing to attempt."

It has been well said that "necessity is the mother of invention." Our young hero was drove to the wall, and determined to come off victorious, if necessity and ingenuity would avail him any thing. He retired to his sleeping room—thought the matter over—concocted his *ruse*, and resolved to commence operations on the morrow. He was so confident of success that he enjoyed a very good night's rest.

In the morning our lover did not make his appearance till after the hands had been to breakfast and gone to work—a thing which he never was guilty of before, and which caused the good woman's tongue to rattle like a tempest in a teapot. But how was she shocked when he came into the dining-room boo-hooing like a whist child! [The daughter was absent

attending school.] What could be the matter! How strange! He could not eat a morsel of any thing; his appetite was lost in trouble; he was in a desperate state. He remained in the house all the forenoon, and continued to cry without ceasing; and all the good woman could say or do, did not help the matter in the least—he could not be comforted. To her importunate inquiries he made no answer farther than to say it was his mind, and not his body, that troubled him. He remained so during the afternoon, and Mrs. — became extremely frightened. What, for Heaven's sake could be the cause of this? Had she done any thing to bring about this sad state of things? It was impossible. Her husband pretended to be as ignorant of the cause and as much alarmed as she; but he knew it was a *ruse*, and hoped the result would be a favorable one.

The next morning he was worse than ever. What it was caused him so much grief, no one could tell, and he would not. Finally after all the workmen had left the house, leaving himself and the lady alone in the sitting-room, he informed her that she was the cause of all his keen sorrows—it was her fate over which he wept! This announcement drove the color from her cheeks, she trembled like a reed in the wind. What had she done? After calming his nerves sufficiently, he told her the following story:

"I had a horrible dream night before last, and one which deeply concerns yourself."

I had made up my mind never to tell you, but I have since thought it my duty, and therefore must free my mind of its heavy burden. I dreamed that I was taken suddenly ill and died, and went to purgatory. The first room I entered was old Nick's. He was a monstrous looking being, and I hope never to see him again. He gave me permission to go into the several apartments, and in each I found ten or twelve imps of perdition sound asleep, and snoring at a great rate.

This was a mystery to me, for our minister tells us there is not any pece in the regions of darkness. I went back and asked the old Prince what this meant, and why all were sleeping. He said that he expected a certain lady—calling you by name—there in a short time; a real scold, and after her arrival, there would not be a single moment of peace in the place; consequently all his subjects were taking their last sleep. He told me they had been in that condition ten days, and would remain so till you arrived. This is the cause of all my trouble. Oh, lady, repent! repent! and cheat the devil out of so fair a victim. Boo-hoo-oo! bon-hoo-oo!"

We shall not attempt to describe the lady's feelings. She fainted, but by the application of a few dashes of cold water, soon recovered; begged that he would forgive her, and promised to treat him and every body else better than she had done, as long as she lived. She did repent, ceased scolding, and has since lived as she ought.

About six months after this affair, our young hero led to the hymenal altar the fair daughter of Mr. —, who paid over the "cool thousand" and with as good a grace as he ever sat down to partake of a Thanksgiving dinner.

A REAL CONVERSATION.

"Sir," said a poor ragged, and rough looking man, upon whose countenance traces of sorrow and extreme suffering were visible, to an individual whose sleek and seemingly ensemble betokened plenty and happiness, "sir, I am famishing. Will you assist me? Will you give me the means of procuring food and a night's lodging?"

"Go along, my man, I have nothing for you. You can go to the almshouse, I suppose. I'll give you a line to the Alderman."

"Sir," said the poor man, "I'd rather not go to the almshouse. I only desire a temporary relief. I expect work in a day or two."

"Oh! well, scratch along, my man; you are not so badly off as one would imagine."

"I am absolutely starving. I'm sure you won't miss a quarter of a dollar."

"Bless my soul do you think I gather my money from trees? Go along—don't be petulant; now do take yourself off there's a brave man."

"You owe me money, sir I would not remind you of the fact sir, only that hunger makes me desperate."

"Owe you money?" exclaimed the sleek man, stepping back a pace or two—"You are mad."

"No, seven years ago I worked for you. You failed."

"Oh! ah! an old score. Oh that's quite another matter. Did it ever strike you that I have taken the benefit of the Act—gone clean through? creditors, no one now can touch me!"

"Yet sir I earned that money by hard labor. You reaped the benefit of that labor, are rich while I am the poor wretch you see. You owe me the money, sir, in spite of all bankruptcies."

"I never do anything illegal. What is legal is honorable. The law says I don't owe you a cent."

"Honor says you do, sir, and of the two honor generally tells more truths than law," said the mendicant, evidently displeased.

"You are getting wearisome. Will you be kind enough to step out of the way."

"You call yourself a Christian."

"I am a Christian, I flatter myself a deacon."

"You are esteemed a pious, honest, trustworthy gentleman."

"I am as good a one as can be found in the whole religious community."

"Then the dominions of the Evil One can

boast of purity when compared with such communities, and the society of thieves is cemented by more real honor. Your respectability, honor, piety and justice are comprised of your broadcloths and fine words, and go no further. Keep your money. I'd starve before I'd touch a copper of it."

Some time ago the above conversation actually took place in Broadway, New York, near the American Museum. Some time ago, the mendicant—now a stove dealer, in tolerable business—employed his oppressor, reduced to want, as a porter, and after deducting the amount of the dishonored bill from his wages, when he had earned the amount of the bill, generously presented it to the fallen Pharisee. This is an absolute fact. Every day life teems with such remarkable transactions and singular reverses. Retributive justice sooner or later overtakes the evil doer, and the ingenuity of man knows not how to avert the merited and never failing punishment.

[By request.]

REVOLUTIONARY RELIC.

The following interesting document was recently found among the papers of Major John Jacob Schaffmeyer, a deceased patriot of the revolution. It is a discourse delivered on the eve of the battle of Brandywine, by Rev. Jacob Trout, to a large portion of the American soldiers, in the presence of Gen. Washington, Gen. Wayne, and other officers of the army.

REVOLUTIONARY SERMON.

"They that take the sword shall perish by the sword."

Soldiers and Countrymen:

We have met this evening perhaps for the last time. We have shared the toil of the march, the peril of the fight, and the dismay of the retreat alike; we have endured the cold and hunger, the contumely of the internal foe, and the courage of the foreign oppressor. We have sat night after night, beside the camp-fire; we have together heard the roll of the reveille, which called us to duty, or the beat of the tattoo, which gave the signal for the hardy sleep of the soldier, with the earth for his bed and knapsack for his pillow.

And now, soldiers and brethren, we have met in the peaceful valley on the eve of battle, while the sunlight is dying away beyond yonder heights, the sunlight that to-morrow morn will glimmer on scenes of blood. We have met, amid the whitening tents of our encampment; in the time of terror and gloom have we gathered together—God grant that it may not be for the last time.

It is a solemn moment. Brethren, does not the solemn voice of nature seem to echo the sympathies of the hour? The flag of our country droops heavily from yonder staff—the breeze has died away along the green plain of Chadd's Ford—the plain that spreads before us glittering in sunlight—the heights of the Brandywine arise gloomy and grand beyond the waters of yonder stream—all nature holds a pause of solemn silence, on the eve of uproar and bloodshed and strife of to-morrow.

"They that take the sword shall perish by the sword."

And have they not taken the sword? Let the desolated plain, the blood-sodden valley, the burned farm-house blackening in the sun, the sacked village, and the ravaged town, answer—let the whitening bones of the butchered farmer strewn along the fields of his homestead, answer—let the starving mother, with her babe clinging to the withered breast that can afford no sustenance, let her answer with the death-rattle mingling with the mourning tones that marked the last struggle of her life; let the dying mother and her babe answer.

It was but a day past and our land slept in the quiet of peace. War was not here; wrong was not here. Fraud and woe, and misery and want dwelt not among us. From the eternal solitude of the green woods, arose the blue smoke of the settler's cabin, and golden fields of corn looked forth from amid the waste of the wilderness, and the glad music of human voices awoke the silence of the forest.

Now, God of mercy, behold the change! Under the shadow of a pretext, under the sanctity of the name of God, invoking the Redeemer to their aid, do these foreign hirelings slay our people! They throng our towns—they darken our plains—and now they encompass our posts on the lonely plain of Chadd's Ford.

"They that take the sword shall perish by the sword."

Brethren, think me not unworthy of belief when I tell you the doom of the British is near. Think me not vain when I tell you that beyond the cloud that now enshrouds us, I see gathering thick and fast, the darker cloud and blacker storm of Divine retribution!

They may conquer us to-morrow. Might and wrong prevail, and we may be driven from this field; but the hour of God's own vengeance will come!

Aye, if in the vast solitudes of eternal space, if in the heart of the boundless universe, there throbs the being of an awful God, quick to avenge and sure to punish guilt, then will the man George Brunswick, called King, feel in his brain and his heart, the vengeance of the eternal Jehovah! A blight will be upon his life—a withered brain and an accursed intellect; a blight will be upon his children and on his people. Great God, how dread the punishment!

A crowded populace, peopling the dense towns where the man of money thrives while

the laborer starves; want striding among the people in all its forms of terror; an ignorant and God defying priesthood chuckling over the miseries of millions; a proud and merciless nobility adding wrong to wrong, and heaping insult to robbery and fraud; royalty corrupt to the very heart, and aristocracy rotten to the core; crime and want linked hand in hand, and tempting men to deeds of woe and death—these are a part of the doom and retribution that come upon the English throne and English people!

Soldiers—I look upon your familiar faces with strange interest! To-morrow morning we will go forth to the battle—for need I tell you that your unworthy minister will march with you invoking God's aid in the fight—we will march forth to battle! Need I exhort you to fight the good fight, to fight for your homesteads, for your wives and your children?

My friends, I might urge you to fight by the galling memories of British wrong. Walton—I might tell you of your father butchered in the silence of the night on the plains of Trenton; I might picture his gray hairs dabbled in blood; I might ring his death shriek in your ears. Shelmore—I might tell you of a butchered mother, and a sister outraged; the lonely farmhouse, the night assault, the roof in flames, the shouts of the troopers as they despatched their victims, the cries for mercy and the pleadings of innocence for pity. I might paint this all again, in the vivid colors of the terrible reality, if I thought your courage needed such wild excitement.

But I know you are strong in the might of the Lord. You will march forth to battle on the morrow with light hearts and determined spirit, though the solemn duty—the duty of avenging the dead—may rest heavy on your souls.

And in the hour of battle when all around is darkness, lit by the lurid cannon glare, and the piercing musket flash, when the wounded strew the ground and the dead litter your path, then remember, soldiers, that God is with you. The Eternal God fights for you—he rides on the battle-cloud, he sweeps onward with the march of the hurricane charge—God the awful and infinite, fights for you and you will triumph.

"They that take the sword shall perish by the sword."

You have taken the sword but not in the spirit of wrong or revenge. You have taken the sword for your homes, for your wives, for your little ones. You have taken the sword for truth, justice and right, and to you the promise is—be of good cheer, for your foes have taken the sword in defiance of all that men hold dear, in blasphemy of God—they "shall perish by the sword."

And now, brethren and soldiers, I bid you all farewell. Many of us may fall in the battle to-morrow. God rest the souls of the fallen—many of us may live to tell the story of the fight to-morrow, and in the memory of all will ever rest and linger the quiet scene of this autumnal night.

Solemn twilight advances over the valley; the woods on the opposite heights fling their long shadows over the green of the meadow; around us are the tents of the continental host, the suppressed bustle of the camp, the hurried tramp of soldiers to and fro among the tents, the stillness and awe that marks the eve of battle.

When we meet again may the shadows of twilight be flung over a peaceful land. God in Heaven grant it. Let us pray.

A PRAYER OF THE REVOLUTION.

Great Father, we bow before thee; we invoke thy blessings, we deprecate thy wrath; we return thee thanks for the past, we ask thy aid for the future. For we are in times of trouble, oh, Lord, and sore beset by foes, merciless and un pitying. The sword gleams over our land and the dust of the soil is dampened with the blood of our neighbors and friends.

Oh! God of mercy, we pray thee to bless the American arms. Make the man of our hearts strong in thy wisdom; bless, we beseech thee, with renewed life and strength, our hope, and Thy instrument George Washington—show thy counsels on the Honorable, the Continental Congress; visit our hosts, comfort the soldier in his wounds and afflictions, nerve him for the fight, prepare him for the hour of death.

And in the hour of defeat, oh, God of Hosts, do thou be our stay, and in the hour of triumph be thou our guide.

Teach us to be merciful. Though the memory of galling wrongs be at our hearts, knocking for admittance, that they may fill us, oh, Lord, spare the vanquished though they never spared us in the hour of butchery and bloodshed.

And in the hour of death, do thou guide us to the abode prepared for the blest; so shall we return thanks unto thee through Christ our Redeemer. GOD PROSPER THE CAUSE. Amen.

CALUMNY. There is no worse devil, says Jeremy Taylor, than a devilish tongue. Were I a legislator, I would enact a law that every man that speaks evil of his fellow creature, should be condemned to a fine, could he not fully substantiate the charge, and that falsehood should lose his tongue. Then perchance there might be peace in the land. But in the present blessed state of society, it is fearful and heart sickening to think how entirely one is in the possession of these said tongues.



The Great Remedy

FOR Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balsam.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is gross—or overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor of consumption. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Here it is. THE REMEDY FOR THE EVIL?

Would you find a REMEDY for more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are requiring in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He received relief, and was very much debilitated by night sweats, his appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Read the following case of CONSUMPTION—The cure was truly a wonderful one, and the place of Oleanian or All-Healing Balsam, at the head of the list of remedies for eradicating that dreadful disease.

George W. Hays, residing in this city, (New York) was seized with a severe cold in the early part of the summer. His Cough became very troublesome, and he began to spit blood. He complained of a severe pain in the chest and his breathing became so short that he could not walk any distance without stopping for breath. His night sweats reduced him very low. He was under the care of several physicians in Brooklyn, who told him they could do no good, as his disease was a settled and fixed Consumption. He was moved to this city to die among his friends. He was by this time so weak that he could not walk without assistance. Although his friends had now given up all hope of his being any better, he commenced using the Oleanian, or All-Healing Balsam, and in a few weeks was so far restored as to be able to resume his business.

Mr. T. L. Hays, residing at 52 Pine street, was severely afflicted with Asthma, in consequence of having taken a severe cold in the early part of last winter. In the early part of the night he could sleep tolerably well, but towards one o'clock in the morning his Asthma became so severe that he was obliged to get up and sit for the remainder of the night leaning forward on a chair. His Cough was most distressing through the day. He had, during his sickness, tried almost every thing without relief. He never had a good night's rest in ten months, until he commenced taking the Oleanian, or All-Healing Balsam, when he found immediate relief, and before using half a bottle of it was perfectly well, and now sleeps as quietly as the ever did in his life.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will cure the Pain in your side and chest, and to fight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which render such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Pomeroy, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Curry, do; King & Nash, Weymouth; N. B. Eaton, do; A. E. Deane, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.

CLICKENER'S

SUGAR COATED

VEGETABLE PILLS

A MEDICAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and would render the advantage of it, is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever, or intestinal irritations. In fact, the medicine is so purely vegetable, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being conscious of their nature, he would believe them to be simply pieces of pure sugar, and thus take them as such, and without any of the usual effects of other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. These pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels, and thus the patient takes them as such, and without any of the usual effects of other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. These pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels, and thus the patient takes them as such, and without any of the usual effects of other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain.

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RAILROAD MEETING.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of North Weymouth, held in Liberty Hall, April 8th, the following Preamble and Resolutions were unanimously adopted and ordered to be published in the daily papers of Boston; also, in the Hingham and Quincy Patriots.

PREAMBLE.

Whereas, the petitioners for the South Shore Railroad have obtained a charter for a Railroad to run from Duxbury to Quincy, through Cohasset, Hingham, East Weymouth, Weymouth Fore River and Braintree to Quincy, (as we believe) through base fraud and deception, therefore—

1st. *Resolved*, That the report recently published in pamphlet form by the Committee of the South Shore Railroad Association, ostensibly for the purpose of gulling widows and orphans into the belief that stock in that Road would be a profitable investment for the small sums of money they may possess, is a base fabrication of truth and falsehood.

2d. *Resolved*, That the statement in said report, asserting that three fourths of the travel from Weymouth to Boston will be by that road, is neither founded in reason, truth nor common sense, because more than one third of Weymouth (south part) is now better accommodated by the Old Colony Railroad than they possibly can be by the South Shore Railroad, and all of one eighth of Weymouth (north part) are now better accommodated by the Old Colony Railroad at Quincy, than they can possibly be by the South Shore Railroad, the distance from North Weymouth to Quincy, being about the same as to either of the Depots in Weymouth, the Depot of the Old Colony Railroad in Quincy, being from three to five miles nearer to Boston than either of the Depots of the South Shore Railroad in Weymouth.

3d. *Resolved*, That we consider it to be our duty to ourselves and to the public to use these facts before the people, and to use our exertions to obtain a charter for a Railroad from Cohasset to Quincy, through North Weymouth, which road would be from one to two miles shorter than the South Shore Railroad from Cohasset to Quincy, and would in all human probability be much more profitable to the stockholders than the South Shore Railroad, as the freight and travel from Weymouth and Quincy Point, with increased travel from other towns, which would otherwise go in the Hingham Steamboat, would more than equal the freight and travel from Weymouth Fore River, and the small portion of Braintree, through which the South Shore Railroad would pass, the travel from East Weymouth would go on either road.

4th. *Resolved*, That it is our candid opinion, after much reflection, and from all the information we can collect, that the Report of the South Shore Railroad Committee is as erroneous in its estimates of freight, travel, etc., from other towns, as it is of Weymouth.

E. S. BEALS, Chairman.

JAMES TORREY, Secretary.

North Weymouth, April 9, 1846.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

MEXICO AND THE UNITED STATES.—The Minister, Hon. John Slidell, which the United States sent, as Envoy to Mexico, at their solicitation, has been refused an official reception, after waiting several months, and the long delay was solely owing to the internal disturbances in that country. Affairs in Mexico have lately assumed a more positive character, and still "the powers that be" decline to recognize him, and he has returned home with the other members of his embassy.

The accounts of the Army of Occupation sent to protect the Texan frontier, are that they occupy a position opposite Matamoros, a Mexican city, nearly four thousand strong, and under the command of Gen. Taylor, a brave yet prudent officer, ready to sustain the American arms. A large Mexican army is near at hand, and a conflict is almost inevitable between the contending forces.

It is now certain that a crisis has arrived in public affairs between the United States and Mexico, and in all human probability a war will occur. Mexico, if aided by other governments, will stand a struggle, otherwise she must fall before the powers of republican liberty and justice. The United States are placed in a position in which they cannot fail to become engaged in a war either with Mexico or England.

NEW YORK ELECTIONS.—The municipal election in the city of New York has resulted in the choice of the democratic candidate for Mayor, and a large majority in both branches of the municipal government of the same political predilections.

The elections in Brooklyn and Albany have gone for the Whigs.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.—We understand that Rev. Samuel Fox is to remain the ensuing year, by direction of the Conference, and to minister to the Methodist Episcopal Society, worshipping in the church at the corner of Canal and Sea Streets in this town.

TEMPERANCE.—The town of Dedham have voted to enforce within their boundaries the law of this State prohibiting the retail of spirituous liquors.

CAMBRIDGE.—The first election in the new city of Cambridge resulted in the choice for Mayor of the whig candidate, Rev. James D. Green, a member of the House of Representatives, by a small majority. The whig Aldermen and nearly all the whig Common Councilmen were also elected.

PROVISION AND VEGETABLE MARKET.—On Friday last, we accidentally with a friend visited R. S. S. Hayden's Provision Store in this town, and to our surprise, found radishes and lettuce of the present season. As our friend has thus early shown a desire to keep every thing in his line, and to secure the first articles of the season, we hope the citizens of Quincy by their patronage will enable him to keep, using a common phrase, a first rate Meat and Vegetable Market. Encourage him, and he will perform his part.

A LIBERAL TAX PAYER.—The Haverhill (Mass.) Banner states that Mr. J. P. Cushing, a gentleman of handsome fortune, now residing at Watertown, was called upon a few days since, by the assessors of that town, to ascertain the amount they should assess him towards the expenses of the town. After inquiring and being told the amount of the taxes to be raised, he desired the assessors to charge the whole amount to him.

DORCHESTER TOWN OFFICERS.—The following gentlemen have been elected for the year 1846. Town Clerk.—Ebenezer Tolman. Selectmen.—Eliaser J. Bispham, William Tolman, Oliver Hall.

Assessors.—Joseph Clapp, Eliaser J. Bispham, Robert Vose, Harvey Rowe, Henry Humphreys. Town Treasurer.—Charles Howe.

School Committee.—Revs. Nathaniel Hall, Richard Pike, David Dyer.

District.—1 Thaddeus Clapp, 2 Edward Jarvis, 3 Increase Smith, 4 Robert Vose, 5 John P. Spooner, 6 Joseph Burt, 7 Friend Crane, 8 Orin P. Bacon, 9 Ebenezer Curtis, 10 Nathaniel Ford.

Surveyors of Highways.—William Clapp, Edward Preston, Aaron D. Capen, Jonathan Harrod.

ANOTHER PROTEST.—There appears in the Boston Trumpet a Protest against American Slavery, signed by three hundred and four clergymen of the Universalist denomination, residing in different sections of the country.

"PUB. DOC."—Our thanks are due to John G. Palfrey, Secretary of the Commonwealth, for a valuable document—"Abstract from the returns of Agricultural Societies"—from which we shall hereafter make extracts.

To the same source we are indebted for "Tables of Bearings, Distances, Latitudes, Longitudes, etc., ascertained by the Astronomical and Trigonometrical Survey of Massachusetts."

Hon. Messrs. John Q. Adams, Robert D. Owen and other members of Congress, will receive our thanks for their kindness and attention by transmitting Congressional documents.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.—We learn that the act authorizing the construction of the Dorchester and Milton Branch Railroad has become a Law, and that the Company intend organizing forthwith, and which, if possible, to have the road completed within a few months. We believe this branch will be a profitable concern, and congratulate our neighbors of Dorchester and Milton upon their good fortune, in being able to secure to themselves the advantages of Rail Road communication with the City. We confidently believe that it will give a new impulse to every branch of business in the vicinity of its terminations, especially in Milton, which has improved in our judgment, and to our knowledge, as little within the last ten years as any town in Norfolk County. We learn also that probably the Company will assign their charter to the Old Colony Railroad Corporation, who are empowered by the act to accept and build the Road.

FIRE IN EAST WEYMOUTH.—The fire last Thursday afternoon, about half past five o'clock, which created an alarm in this place, was the destruction of three to four thousand feet of boards, accidentally set on fire, at East Weymouth. It appears that a quantity of shavings had been removed and set on fire—the wind blowing a fresh breeze at the time, soon communicated it to the pile of boards in the immediate vicinity—which were consumed.

ACQUITTED.—William Burnett, pilot of the ill-fated steamer Swallow, which run on a rock in the Hudson River, (N. Y.) about a year since, causing the loss of fifteen lives, has been tried for manslaughter and acquitted of the charge.

CONNECTICUT.—It is now settled that the democrats will have a majority in both branches of the Legislature of Connecticut, consequently the Governor and other State officers to be elected by a joint convention, will be of the same political faith.

"ENCOURAGE YOUR OWN."—Messrs. Wm. S. Underwood and Rufus Foster have lately commenced business in this town, as has also Mr. George Savil. These young gentlemen are eminently deserving of a fostering encouragement, and, if we are not greatly mistaken, the commendable spirit of our fellow-townsmen, so liberally exhibited on other occasions, will be bountifully showered on the deserving efforts of the persons named. [See advertisements.]

GENERAL COURT.—The Legislature of this State adjourned last Thursday evening, about ten o'clock, having been in session one hundred days. Of the numerous acts passed, the principal part relate to corporations; and we think no legislature has accomplished so little business as the one now adjourned sine die.

The mania for railroads has been so great that an allowance should be made for the time consumed in a respectful consideration of petitions on this subject.

CONGRESS.—The Senate are still engaged on the Oregon question. Gen. Houston of Texas has spoken—he is for peace—does not believe that giving the notice will lead to war—thinks Great Britain has no claim to Oregon, and is ready to sustain the President when occasion requires. The question will soon be taken. Oregon belongs to the United States—give the notice, and justice will award the victory to us.

In the House Ex-President Adams has made a speech, reiterating his views in favor of the whole of Oregon, in support of a resolution for the protection of American settlers in that territory. He nobly sustained the American side, and for this act deserves the lasting gratitude of his countrymen.

The Tariff bill has been reported, and a cry has already been raised against it.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

How natural that we should seek out some ark of safety, then we are attacked by disease, and especially suffering under Consumption or severe Cough, or cold. We recommend the Health Restorative as the sure friend and unfailing remedy in these complaints, and from careful observation, are convinced of its superior efficacy and the truth of its recommendations. The character of its testimony is so strong, that the most stubborn prejudice must yield before it.

A CARD.

At a meeting of the Granite Engine Company, No. 3, on the evening of the 15th inst., it was unanimously voted, to return our most sincere thanks to the ladies of the West District, for their generosity and magnanimity in presenting us with Scenery Shades for all the windows of our Hall, which adds much to the beauty and taste of the outward appearance of the house, and within to its convenience and neatness.

In behalf of the Company, C. L. BADGER, Clerk.

Quincy, April 16th, 1846.

NOTICES.

Breakfast and Tea Party.

The Ladies of the Episcopal Society, with those of the other religious Societies in this town, who are willing to unite in preparing for a Breakfast and Tea Party on the 1st of May, for the benefit of said Society, are requested to meet at the Vestry of Christ Church, at half past two o'clock, at half past two o'clock, to make choice of Committee of Arrangements, etc.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TOMORROW EVENING, at half past seven o'clock, in the Lecture Room.

C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

The Officers of the Washington and Total Abstinence Societies in Quincy, are hereby notified that a meeting of the "Union of the Societies" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

J. W. BARTER, Secretary of the Board.

Bordenstown, (N. J.) Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr. Seth W. Foster, Dear Sir—Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has been in the market some six or seven years. The universal celebrity which this medicine has gained over all others throughout the whole country, is enough to induce every prudent person to give it a trial, and I have long felt my duty, and wished for an opportunity to express to you my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from it. I have been rescued from the grave, and saved from that most terrible disease, consumption, by using it. Last winter after I took a bad cold, I was troubled with a severe cough for several weeks, so that my appetite and strength failed me. I was obliged to give up business, leave my bench shop. I had all the alarming symptoms of Consumption, such as pains in the side, evening nights, etc. I tried many kinds of medicine, but all in vain, until I procured a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM.

Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which, by faith and perseverance, finally saved my life, and cured me entirely. I have not enjoyed so good health for twelve years past as I do now.

THOMAS BENNETT. We are personally acquainted with Mr. Bennett. The public may rely upon the truth of his statement.

WILLIAM STOKES, GEORGE PARKER.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Apr. 18. 1w

ONLY GIVE IT A FAIR TRIAL. We ask no more of you, than to give Dr. Jayne's Expectorant a fair trial, and it does not cure the various diseases for which it is recommended, sooner and more effectually than any other medicine that has ever been offered to the public. The Proprietor is willing to undergo any penalty, however severe, the public may see proper to impose upon him. It has, and it will cure Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Bleeding from the Lungs or Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc. Again we say, only try it. It will not harm you, but it must and it will do you good.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Apr. 11. 3w

MARRIED.

In Communion, 9th inst., by Rev. Mr. Clark, Mr. Franklin R. Joy to Miss Huldah L. Dawes.

DIED.

In this town, 16th inst., Elethere, wife of Mr. Jerome Hersey, aged 19.

Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the members of the Quincy Savings Bank, will be held in the Selectmen's Room in the Town House, on TUESDAY, the 21st of April inst., at four o'clock in the afternoon, for the choice of Officers for the year ensuing, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the Corporation at said meeting.

There will also be a meeting of the Trustees of said Bank at the same place, immediately after the meeting of the members of the Corporation.

By order of the Trustees, ISRAEL W. MUNROE, Secretary.

Quincy, April 18. 1w

THE Collector of Taxes for Quincy will be at the following places on the days named to give all persons who have not paid their taxes an opportunity, as it will be the last call without further expense.

Centre District, Monday, 20th inst., from eleven o'clock A. M. to one P. M. at Selectmen's Room.

South District, Tuesday, 21st inst., from eleven A. M. to one P. M. at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store.

West District, Wednesday, 22d inst., from eleven A. M. to one P. M. at Locke's Store.

JONAS HALLSTROM, Jr., Collector.

Quincy, April 18. 1w

Furniture, etc., at Auction.

ON THURSDAY next, April 23d, at nine o'clock A. M., weather fair or foul, all the Furniture, etc., in Thayer's Hotel, near Dorchester and Milton Lower Mills, whose Lease expires on the 1st of May next, and who is closing up his business, consisting in part of 15 Feather and Straw Beds, Bedding and Mattresses, and all the usual variety of articles found in a Public House.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auct.

Dorchester and Milton Mills, Apr. 18. 1w

House Lots.

FOR SALE, a number of House Lots, the property of Mr. William P. Apthorp, on the Weymouth and Braintree Turnpike road and on Elm Street, near the Episcopal Church.

Said Land will be offered for Pasturage, subject to the right to sell the same.

For terms, etc., apply to J. M. GOURGAS, Jr. Quincy, April 18. 3w

Bress Making.

MISS H. N. ROWELL would inform the Ladies of Quincy that she will go out or take in Dress-making.

RESIDENCE—Mr. Joshua Fisher's, near the Episcopal Church. 4w Quincy, Apr. 18.

Notice.

THE qualified voters residing within the limits described in an Act establishing a Fire Department in the Towns of Weymouth and Braintree, are hereby notified to meet at Liberty Hall, (so called,) in Weymouth, on MONDAY, the 27th inst., at two o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles:

1st. To choose a Moderator.

2d. To choose a Clerk.

3d. To choose all Officers required by the Act of the Legislature.

4th. To prescribe the mode of Notifying and Warning future meetings.

5th. To transact any other business that may legally come before them.

By authority of the Act. JOHN W. LOUD.

Weymouth, April 18th, 1846. 2w

Old Stand Reopened.

THE subscriber having taken the Store formerly occupied by Wyman Abernethy, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has received a good assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Crockery Ware, Ready Made Clothing, &c.,

which he will sell at a small advance from cost. GEORGE SAVIL.

N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the Town free of expense. Quincy, April 18. 1f

New Boot and Shoe Store.

THE undersigned, having associated themselves in business under the firm of

UNDERWOOD & FOSTER,

would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a new BOOT AND SHOE STORE, at the corner of Hancock and Temple Streets, (between the Courts), where they intend to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES, PEGGED AND SEWED.

ALSO—A GENERAL AND FASHIONABLE assortment of Ladies' SHOES AND GAITERS,

of the latest fashions, suited to the times.

Boot and Shoe Findings constantly on hand.

Our Goods are NEW, of the BEST QUALITY and LATEST STYLES, and purchased for CASH, therefore customers may rely that not only Bargains may be obtained, but the fashion and quality cannot but meet their desires.

Boots and Shoes MADE TO ORDER, and with despatch. Attention also given to REPAIRING.

The subscribers have commenced with a desire to keep the usual articles in their business and to get a livelihood, and by strict attention to their avocation and an earnest desire to accommodate purchasers, they respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of their fellow townsmen and the public in general.

Call and see us. WILLIAM S. UNDERWOOD, RUFUS FOSTER.

Quincy, April 18. 1f

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK SS. Milton, April 17th, 1846.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

PAUL NEWCOMB,

of Braintree, in said County, Stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a meeting of Creditors, to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, (being May 11th,) at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master, SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh'ff., Messenger.

Apr. 18. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK SS. Milton, April 17th, 1846.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

EBENEZER G. GREEN,

of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a meeting of Creditors, to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, (being May 11th,) at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master, SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh'ff., Messenger.

Apr. 18. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK SS. Milton, April 17th, 1846.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

WILLIAM PATTERSON,

of Dorchester, in said County, Cabinet Maker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a meeting of Creditors, to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, (being May 11th,) at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master, SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh'ff., Messenger.

Apr. 18. 2w

Administrator's Sale.

PURSUANT to a license from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 24th day of April current, at ten o'clock A. M., (by adjournment from the 13th day of April,) about three-fourths of an acre of LAND, with a DWELLING-HOUSE, belonging to the estate of George Long, late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, yeoman, deceased, situated in said Quincy, in the North Common, so called, near the quarry of Messrs. Richards, Mann & Co.

JOHN M. GOURGAS, Jr., Adm. EBENEZER ADAMS, Auct.

April 18, 1846. 1w

To the Honorable the County Commissioners, within and for the County of Norfolk:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of the town of Braintree, in said County, respectfully represent that a highway from a point in said Braintree, near the store of Judson Stoddard, Esq., to a point therein, near the wheelwright's shop of Caleb Hunt, passing over the land of said Judson Stoddard, Shadrack Thayer, Warren Mann, Apollis Randall, Asa French, Esq., Ames & Howard, Mrs. Hunt, heirs of John Hollis, 2d, deceased, Peter Dyer, heirs of Jonathan Wild, deceased, Levi Wild, Ebenezer Lovell, James E. Thayer, heirs of Edward Vinton, deceased, Simeon Thayer, Iram Vinton, Asa Duff, and heirs of Eliza White, deceased. Also another highway from a point in Weymouth, in said County, at the Western end of Broad street, and nearly in a line therewith, to a point in the above proposed highway, in Braintree aforesaid, passing over land of Elbridge G. Tirrell, James White, 2d, Warren Weston, Caleb Stetson, Stephen S. Foye, Zachariah Bates, Asa Hunt, heirs of Alexander Nash, and heirs of Eliza White, deceased, would be of common convenience and necessity. They, therefore, pray that your honors would cause a view thereof and an adjudication thereon to be had as soon as may be convenient, and cause the same to be laid out and constructed if it should be adjudged to be of common convenience and necessity. As in duty bound will ever pray.

IRAM VINTON, and 49 others.

Braintree, March 17, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK SS. At a meeting of the County Commissioners, begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the thirty-first day of March, A. D. 1846, by adjournment of the December term next preceding—

On the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the County Commissioners meet at Wales' tavern, in Weymouth, on TUESDAY, the nineteenth day of May next, at ten o'clock A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition and hear and act thereon; and that an attested copy of said petition with this order be published to the Clerks of the Towns of Braintree and Weymouth, thirty days at least before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and that like copies be posted up in two or more public places, in said towns of Braintree and Weymouth, fourteen days at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

Attest: EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

A true Copy of the original Petition on file and order thereon.

Attest: EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

Apr. 18. 3w

To the Honorable the County Commissioners, within and for the County of Norfolk:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of the towns of Braintree and Weymouth, in said County, respectfully represent, that a town highway from a point on the southerly side of the Grist Mill of Calvin White & Co., in Braintree, to a point at the easterly end of a road lately built on the northerly side of Monmouth river, in said town, and that a bridge be built across said river, passing over the dam of said Calvin White & Co. and land of Calvin White and William Coleman. Also, that another townway or highway from a point on the southerly side of the Grist Mill of Calvin White & Co., in Braintree, to a point in a new road lately built near the house of John Hollis in said Braintree, and that a bridge be built over Monmouth river, passing over land of said Calvin White & Co., Calvin White

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

"THE MIGHTY FALLEN."

Mr. Editor—In looking over some old papers, a short time since, I came across the following lines "on the destruction of a Majestic Elm, in the town of Quincy, (cut down by the proprietors in opposition to popular sentiment, and the particular solicitation of several respectable individuals who offered a ransom for it from ruin.) 10th Feb., 1882," written by a gentleman of Quincy, and thinking them too good to be lost I have sent them to you, that if you see fit they may be preserved in your paper. You perhaps may remember the old tree. It stood on the south side and near the head of Canal Street. I well remember the time it was cut down. To give your readers some idea of the size of the tree, four men cut upon it at the same time, and by being occasionally relieved by others fell it in about two hours.

Tax Yard.

Mighty monarch, peerless heart;

Gallant o'er thy fellows thou,

All monarchs as thou art;

Yet doom'd alas! to bow;

No more to brave the wintry North,

No more in Spring to blossom forth.

Thy giant form, by pigmies slain,

Lies as erst thou fell, for they

Who strip thy glories, strive in vain

To bear thy trunk away;

I knew thy doom, and sigh'd to save

Those verdant honours from the grave.

Sick at my heart, alone I sat,

While echo'd the woodman's blow,

Across the vale proclaimed thy fate

And laid thy beauties low;

I marked those echoes, one by one,

Until the ruthless deed was done.

I marked that fatal pause and then

That short, confused and fearful cry,

Which seem'd the shout of victory when

The recreant trunk to fly;

Whilst those who mark'd the mighty low

Shun the death grapple of their foe.

When like Colossus from thy throne

Cast down at last, and earth and air,

And ocean caught thy dying groan,

"O! what a fall was there,"

Thy shivering trunk, thy crashing branch

Seem'd some enormous avalanche;

Or like Missouri's rapid tide

Just when the gathering torrent, first

Spreading, like ocean waste and wide,

Thy feeble barriers burst;

And o'er the planter's house and home

The mighty waters rushing come.

Sordid spirits; selfish, cold,

Mark the havoc ye have made

Where your worthy sire's of old,

Their weary limbs have laid,

Shelter'd from the noon-day sun

When the mower's toil was done.

Happy those from whom ye sprung

Here on Love's first sweet kiss came;

And those to whom for life ye clung

First own'd a kindred flame;

Here beneath the moonlight boughs

Gave the love knot and plighted vows.

Have ye seen those branches green

Waving in the silver light;

Nursing breezes heard between

And pearl drops glittering bright,

While the broad moon sailed on high

Midway through the cloudless sky.

Have ye seen this wreck forlorn

Blossom forth with early spring

In the flowing robes of morn?

Wreathed like forest king,

Whilst songsters came their courts to pay

With flourish, glee and roundelay.

Have ye seen the champion's bright,

Naked 'mid December's sky,

Like gladiator, strip for fight,

Whose arms aloft defy;

Whilst rushing on, the raging North,

Led his blast in riot forth.

Have ye seen in winter's day

The giant with his armour on,

Mail of ice, or doublet gray,

Sparkling in the sun,

More than all Galathea's gem

Wreath'd in Persia's diadem.

Have ye; cruel and unjust,

More relentless than the storm,

Thus to level with the dust,

To maim so fair a form;

For palfry gain your hands to raise

'Gainst the seat of ancient days.

There thou fliest, the village pride;

Had'st thou spread thy branches where

Tiber rolls his sacred tide,

Rome had vow'd to spare;

Rome, imperial Rome, had paid

Classic honours to thy shade.

Fell Goth and Vandal power

Seiz'd the sceptre, stripp'd the crown

From grandeur's brows in evil hour

And hur'd her statues down;

So thy trunk dishonor'd stands

By Gothic hearts and Vandal hands.

The savage of the desert spared

And left thee here to reign alone;

No rival then thy glory shared,

No brother near thy throne;

'Neath thy broad Symetide shade

Indian peace and war was made.

This perchance is holy ground;

Here they form'd their belted ring;

Sagamores encircling round

Massasoit their king;

Smoked the pipe of peace and swore

Friendship with your sires of yore.

Mighty monarch, peerless heart,

Sunk thy glories are forever,

These thy leaves, before we part,

For memory let me sever,

These at least shall never die

Till like thee thy poet lie.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



NOTWITHSTANDING the boasting of empirics of great cures never performed and forged certificates of their kind, yet their nostrums sink like others of their kind, in the great sea of oblivion. The test of time is the guiding one for the searching sick, who are anxiously watching every gleam of hope that shines on their path. The Health Restorative has been impudently assailed as the production of a nostrum monger, but time has proved that a false and base insinuation, and has jewelled her reputation with gems of honor from the caskets of those who have experienced the effects of this balm. Its sovereign power is shown in the cure of complaints of the Liver and Lungs, Consumption, Coughs and Colds even in their greatest severity, Asthma and Pain in the Breast and Side. All that is desirable in a remedy for these complaints, is in the Restorative reduced and concentrated to the utmost of their power, and so placed in such perfect combination, that their several and united force is experienced at once and the same time. It is not offered as a palliative only of disease, but as a complete extermination of it, and a restorer to natural and blooming health. As all the testimony of unimpeachable witness is often insufficient to convince those who are determined to withstand the force of evidence, no matter how powerful, we earnestly hope that they will make trial of the Restorative, and be convinced by actual demonstration. The safety of your life depends on the use of this medicine, without it you had better hasten to prepare for a quick and fatal termination of your disease; but by its use you avail yourself of means which cannot disappoint or delude you. The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative,' and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

508 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS.

Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of Stone Temple,

Washington Street.

Braintree, JUDSON STODDARD.

Weymouth, ELI THAYER.

Mar. 28.

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that HORACE EVERETT is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him.

C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE

BOTTLES AND TUBES.

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;

Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;

FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffat's Medicines;

Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;

Ellis' Volturnburg Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dyott's TOOTHACHE DROPS;

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18.

OPENING OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscriber invites the attention of her friends, and the public generally, to her new stock of Rich and Fashionable

STRAW BONNETS.

Having made such arrangements with the manufacturers as will warrant her in saying that her present assortment, for quality, variety and style, far surpasses that of any previous season. In addition to the above splendid stock, she would particularly wish to have seen a new and beautiful style of

SUMMER RIBBONS,

which having been selected with great care, cannot but give perfect satisfaction.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

FANCY BONNETS

made to order, and in the most fashionable styles, together with the usual assortment of

Millinery and Fashionable Articles,

CONSISTING IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Hosiery, Gloves, Glove-Ties, Mitts, Collars;

Linen Cambrics, Lawns, Fancy Silks and Satins;

Cravats, (Paris Cord, Gimps, and other Trimmings for Dresses;) Muslins, Laces,

MOURNING GOODS.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Bonnets,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Straw Bonnets Altered CLEANED AND PRESSED in the best manner, as usual, at short notice.

She would also give notice to those wishing Dresses made, that she has a young lady with her who will attend to that branch of business entirely, and will be happy to wait on those wishing her services, either at their own houses or at this establishment.

N. B. All of the above articles will be found at the Store of

S. S. MARSH,

a few rods South of the Stone Temple, in the same building as the Quincy Bookstore, entrance on the south side.

Quincy, May 3.

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE-HANCOCK STREET,

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store

Quincy, August 10.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its attractiveness, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Lettercap and Post Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Lustrous, plain and crepe-top for Desks. Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Cardstock Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Boards, Motto Wafers and Strips. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail, at very prices. A good assortment of warranted SAYER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hagan & Thompson's, Paver's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walke's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality. Teachers who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender. Water, Buffalo, Bear, Meersaar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, Watch Gears, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietor of this establishment improves this opportunity to present his acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of provisions.

PROVISIONS.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

EDWARD HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old station Grand Street at the head of Stone Temple, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Men's, Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES AND KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.

JAMES EDWARDS

Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES,

delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 17.

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VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREDMAN HUNT, New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doolittle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.

Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET, Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 2.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.

IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools, &c.

PLATE MANTEL CLOCKS, Rich, Branded, gilt and papier Machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks.

Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1.

Choice Fruit Trees.

A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.

Braintree, April 6.

Bacon, Pork and Lard.

FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.

These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 21.

To let.

THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House, No. 1, fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.

For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, Selection of

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, of Quincy.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, of Quincy.

Quincy, March 7.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

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and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

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Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;

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Howard's Canker Syrup;

Ellis' Votenberg Bitters;

Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;

Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;

Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;

Dry's TOOTH ACHE DROPS;

Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 16.

MISCELLANY.

THE ONLY SON.

Mr. Harcourt sat alone in his study. The walls were crowded with bookcases, filled with the massy tomes of the law; his table was covered with papers of importance; and a pile of notes, which had just been paid him by a client, lay close at his elbow. The costly lamp that hung above his head threw its light full on the upper part of his face, bringing the massy brow out into bold relief, and giving additional sternness and prominence to his cold and inflexible features. All at once he rang the bell.

"Is Master James arrived?" he said sharply when the servant entered.

"Yes, sir."

In a few minutes the door of the study opened again, and the lawyer's only son stood in the presence of his father. He was a youth of about seventeen, fair and manly to gaze upon, but with that look of dissipation in his countenance which mars the noblest beauty. An expression of feminine softness and irresolution in his face, contradicted the proud and self-willed glance of his dark glowing eye. He seemed, indeed, to judge from his looks, to be wholly a creature of impulses.

"So you have been in another scrape, sir," said the old man, harshly.

The youth bowed his head and bit his lip.

"It cost me four hundred dollars to pay for the carriage that was broken, and the horse foundered in your drunken frolic. What have you to say to that sir?"

The young man's eye wandered irresolutely around the room, without daring to meet his father's face. Nor did he make any reply.

"How long is that to last? said his parent in a more angry tone. 'Have I not told you, again and again, that I would disown you if these things went on? You are a disgrace to me—a blot to my name. Thank God, your mother did not live to see you grow up!'"

The youth had been evidently nerving himself to hear his father's rebukes with as much indifference as possible; but at the mention of his mother's name his lip quivered, and he turned away his head to hide the tears that gathered in his eyes. Had that stern, irritable old man known how to follow up the chord he had struck, his son might yet have been saved; but he was a hard, correct man, unaccustomed to make allowances for difference of character, and he resolved to drive his son into obedience by the stern arm of parental authority.

"You turn away to laugh, you rascal, do you? said he, enraged. 'I disownment you! But I would cast you off if you were ten times my son; and I made up my mind to-day to tell you at once to go. There is a pile of notes—five hundred dollars, I believe; take it, and to-morrow I will make it a thousand, before you depart. But remember this is the last night you shall spend under my roof—the last cent of my money you shall ever touch!'"

When his mother was alluded to, the youth had almost made up his mind to step forward, ask pardon for all his evil courses, and promise solemnly hereafter to live a life of strict propriety; but the sharp and angry tone in which Mr. Harcourt pursued the conversation, and the words of banishment with which it closed, seemed to make him irresolute. He colored, turned pale, and parted his lips as if to speak; then he clasped his hands in supplication; but the cold, contemptuous look of his father checked him, and he remained silent. The angry flush, however, rose again to his cheek, and became fixed there.

"Not a word, sir," said the father. "It is too late for pleading now. Don't be both a blackguard and a coward. I told you if you ever got into a disreputable difficulty I would disown you. But warning did no good. You must reap as you have sown. Will you go?"

The youth seemed again about to speak, but his words choked him. The spirit of the son, as well as that of the father, was roused. He felt that the punishment was disproportioned to the offence, even great as it had been. He took the notes which his parent held out to him, crumpled them hastily together, and flinging them scornfully back, turned and left the room. The next instant the street door closed with a heavy clang.

"He has not gone, surely?" said the father, startled for a moment. But his brow darkened as his eye fell on the notes. "Yet let him go—the heartless villain—he is hereafter no son of mine. Better die childless than have an heir who is a disgrace to your name. Did I not do my duty to him?"

Any old man, that is the question. Did you do your duty to him? Were you not harsh when you should have been lenient—did you not neglect your son for years after his mother's death, careless of what kind of associates he consorted with? and when he had been led astray, did you not, in total disregard of his wilful character, the result of your own indulgence—did you not, we say, attempt to coerce him by threats, when you should have drawn him by the gentle chord of love? Look into your own heart; see if you are not just as unreasonable as a son? Can a character be reformed in a day? Your profession should have taught you better, old man. But the boy has gone from your roof forever, for well he knows how inflexible is your stern, self-righteous heart; and, indeed, with a portion of your own pride, he would sooner cut off his right arm than solicit or accept your aid. Yes! take up that mass of complicated papers, and endeavor to forget the past scenes in their absorbing details; but yours must be a heart of adamant, if, in despite of your oft repeated reasoning, you can justify your harshness to it. Remember the words you have uttered. They may apply to more than you. *"As you have sown so shall you reap!"*

James Harcourt went forth from his father's house in utter despair. Pride had supported him during the last few moments of the interview, and he had met his stern parent's malediction with bitter defiance; but when the door had closed upon him, and he turned to take his last look at the window which was once his mother's, the tears gushed again into his eyes, and covering his face in his hands, he sat down on a neighboring step and sobbed convulsively.

"Oh! if she had been living he said, 'it would never have come to this. She would not have left me to form associations with those who wished to make a prey of me—she would not have galled me by stern, and often undeserved reproaches—she would not have turned me from my home, with no place whither to go, and the temptations around me on every side. Oh, my mother,' he said, casting his eyes to heaven, 'look down on me and pity your poor boy!'"

At that instant the door of his father's house opened, as if some one was about to come forth. A momentary hope shot through him, that his parent had relented. But no! it was only a servant who had been called to close the shutters. Ashamed to be recognized, the youth hastily arose, turned a corner and disappeared.

Years rolled on. The lawyer rose in wealth and consideration; honors were heaped profusely on him, he became a member of Congress, a Senator, a Judge. His sumptuous carriage rolled through the street daily to bear him to and from court. An invitation to his dinners was received in triumph, they were so select. In every respect Judge Harcourt was a man to be envied.

But was he happy? He might have been, reader, but for one thing. He had no one to love. He felt that people courted him only from interested motives. Oh! how he sometimes longed to know what had become of his discarded boy, confessing to himself, now that years had removed the veil from his eyes, how horribly he had used the culprit.

"Peshaps, if I had borne with him a little longer he might have reformed," he said, with a sigh. "He always had a good heart, and his poor mother used to say he was so obedient. But he got led away!"

"It is almost ten o'clock, your honor," he said, and the carriage is at the door."

"Ay, said the judge, rising, as the servant disappeared. 'I had forgot myself. And that desperate fellow, Roberts, is to be tried to-day, for the mail robbery!'"

Many an obsequious bow greeted the judge as the officers of the court made way for him through the crowd, for the trial was one of unusual interest, and had collected together large numbers. He smiled affably to all, and taking his seat, ordered the business to proceed. The prisoner was brought in, a large, bold, fine-looking man, but the judge, occupied with a case he heard the day before, and in which he was writing out an opinion, gave little notice to the criminal, or indeed to any of the proceedings, until the usual formalities had been gone through, and the serious part of the evidence began to be heard. Then the judge, for the first time, directed a keen glance to the prisoner. "Surely I have seen that face before," he said. But he could not remember where; and he turned to scrutinize the jury box.

The case was a clear one. The testimony when completed formed a mass of evidence that was irresistible. Two men swore positively to the person of the accused as, that of one of the robbers; and the jury immediately gave a verdict of guilty, after a bitterly severe charge against the prisoner from the bench. The punishment was death.

On hearing the verdict, the prisoner set his mouth firmly, and drew himself up to his full height. But, before sentence was pronounced, he asked leave to say a few words. He did it in so earnest a tone that the judge immediately granted it, wondering that a man who looked so courageous should stop to beg for his life.

"I acknowledge my crime," said the prisoner, "nor do I seek to palliate it—nor either do I ask for mercy. I can face death; I have faced it a dozen times. But I wish to say a word on the cause that brought me to this place."

Every neck was strained forward to catch the words of the speaker; even the judge leaned over the bench, controlled by an interest for which he could not account.

"I was born of respectable, nay, distinguished parents," said the man, "and one at least was an angel. But she died early, and my father, immersed in ambitious schemes, quite forgot me, so that I was left to form my own associations, which, therefore, were naturally not all of the most unexceptionable kind. By and by, my irregularities began to attract my father's notice. He reproved me too harshly. Recollected, I was spoiled by indulgence. I soon committed another youthful folly. My punishment this time was more severe and quite as ill advised as before. I was a creature of impulse, pliable either for good or bad—and my only surviving parent fell into the error of attempting to drive me, when he should have persuaded me with kindness. The fact is, neither of us understood each other. Well, matters went on thus for two years and more; I was extra-

gant, rebellious, dissipated; my parent was hard and unforgiving."

"At length," continued the speaker, turning full on the judge till their eyes met, "at length, one evening, my parent sent for me into the study. I had been guilty of some youthful folly, and having threatened me about a fortnight before with disinheritance if I again vexed him, he now told me that henceforth I was to be no child of his, but an outcast and a beggar."

He said, too, that he thanked God my mother had not lived to see that day. That touched me. Had he then spoken kindly—had he given me a chance, I might have reformed; but he irritated me with hard words, checked my rising promptings of good by condemning me unheard, and sent me forth alone in the world. From that hour, continued the prisoner, speaking rapidly and with great emotion, I was desperate. I went out from his door a homeless, penniless boy. My former associates would have shrunk from me, even if I had not been too proud to seek them. All decent society was closed against me. I soon became most starved for want of money. But needs it to tell the shifts I was driven to! I slept in miserable hovels—I consorted with the lowest—I gambled, I cheated, and yet I could scarcely get my bread. You, who sit in luxurious homes, know not the means to which the miserable outcast must resort for a livelihood. But enough—from one step I passed to another, till I am here. From the moment I was cast out of my father's house, my fate was inevitable, leading me by constantly descending steps, until I became the felon I now am. And I stand here to-day, ready to endure the utmost penalty of your law, careless of the future, as I have been reckless of the past."

He ceased; and now released from the torrent of his passionate eloquence, which had chained their eyes to him, the spectators turned towards the Judge, to see what effect the prisoner's words had produced. Well was it that no one had looked there before, else that proud man had sunk covering from his seat. They would have seen how his eye gradually quailed before that of the speaker—how he turned ashy pale—how his whole face, at length, became convulsed with agony. A cold man, remorse was now fully awake. In the criminal he had recognized his own son! He thought then of the words he had once used. *"As you saw, so shall you reap."* But by a mighty effort he was enabled to hear the prisoner to the end, and then, feeling as if every eye was upon him, penetrating this terrible secret in his looks, he

The confusion that occurred in the court house, when it was found that the judge had been taken suddenly ill, as the physician said by a stroke of apoplexy, led to the postponement of the prisoner's sentence; and before the next session of the court, the culprit had received a conditional pardon, the result, it was said, of the mitigating circumstances which he urged so eloquently on his trial. The terms on which a large portion of citizens petitioned for his pardon required that he should forever after reside abroad. It was said that the judge, although severely recovered, had taken such an interest in the prisoner as to visit him in a long and secret interview, the night before he sailed for Europe.

About a year after these events, Judge Harcourt resigned his office on the plea of ill health, and having settled his affairs, embarked for the old world where he intended to reside for many years. He never returned to America. Travelers said that he was residing in a secluded valley of Italy, with a man in the prime of life, who passed as his adopted son. A smiling family of grand children surrounded him. The happy father could say in the language of scripture, "this my son was dead and is alive again; he was lost and is found."

A THRILLING EXTRACT.

One wintry afternoon, when huge drifts of snow blocked up the narrow and irregular streets of the city, when the fitful wind which blew from all points of the compass dashed hither and thither through the keen air and the broad snow flakes, Mrs. Austin, scantily clad, and illy calculated to brave the raging tempest, left her home to seek one of the numerous seamen's clothing stores, called "slop shops," which were scattered throughout Ann street and its vicinity. In her hand was a large bundle of work just completed by herself, George and Emma, and upon the payment which she was expecting for her labor, the family was depending for their evening meal. During her absence, her husband staggered homewards in a shocking state of inebriety, where Emma, and Charles the younger son, were endeavoring to amuse the infant Charlotte, not yet a year old, who, always delicate, was now helpless as infancy itself, from a recent severe illness, and who lay in the cradle, waiting her mother's absence. As Mr. Austin approached the little one, and raised her in his arms with the natural kindness which not even intemperance could banish from his nature, Emma, unaware of her father's deep intoxication, accustomed as she was to seeing him more or less so, constantly, and perceiving that the babe was quiet, ran down stairs to the almost empty woodshed, where her brother George was seeking fuel to prepare their supper, and Charles followed after her. Mr. Austin moved towards the fire-place, and endeavored to seat himself, but losing his balance, he fell, and in falling, the babe rolled from his arms, with his face downwards, into the fiery bed of glowing coals that lay on the hearth-stove. The child was

too much enfeebled by recent illness to extricate itself, the father so dreadfully intoxicated that some minutes elapsed before he was fully aware of its condition, or could recover his feet; its cotton garments were then blazing, its tender face, neck and bosom were hissing on the hot coals, and its efforts to shriek were only convulsive and agonized gasps.

One glance at his infant's excruciating situation, drove the fumes of intoxication from his brain; clearness came to his head, steadiness to his hand, and with the quickness of lightning he drew the burning babe from the flames, dashed over it a vessel of water, and was hastening to the door for assistance, when the fleet and anxious footsteps of his wife sounded on the stairs, and whiter than the sheeted dead, his tongue rigid with horror, with the reeking, blistered, blackened form of his babe in his arms, he stood face to face with his mother.

Oh, God! who can tell the unspoken agony of the moment! paralyzed, rooted to the floor as if transformed to stone, with parted lips from whence issued no sound, her heart beating loud and heavily so that she almost reeled from the force of its sickening throb, she fixed her eyes steadily on her husband for a moment, as if to read the whole tale, and then prompted by the instincts of her maternal heart, she threw off her trance of horror, and flew to seek relief.

But the poor little innocent had inhaled the scorching gas of its fiery blow, and the severest of its burns, terrible as they were externally, could neither be seen nor reached. The small veins of its neck were tense and knotted under the quivering flesh, its very breath caused convulsive throes, and rolling upwards its sightless eyes, spasmodically clenching its feeble hands, its delicate sinews tightened with agony, the half-released soul that hung quivering on its lips, was speedily freed.

It was months ere Charlotte Austin could throw off from her spirit the horrible terror which settled upon her, after the agonizing death of her delicate babe. It seemed as if paleness would never more leave her cheek, as if her eye would never more burn steadily, or her voice be cleared of its huskiness, as if she had forgotten even to smile or converse, for she moved about as if all but the animal mechanism of her life were paralyzed. None knew the secret of the accident which had occurred save the parents, and the vague reply of Mrs. Austin, that "her babe fell in the fire during her absence," fastened upon her the charge of carelessness and neglect, both among her neighbors, and in her own mind.

She never repelled the charge, but, Christ-like, was content to bear the sins of him who had so cruelly wronged her and hers, and to receive the odium which he deserved. With the same meek, uncomplaining kindness, she continued to minister to his wants, uttering no words of harshness, looking no rebuke save what was conveyed by the mournful gaze of her eye.

UP! and away. Shame on you for lying on your back. Without an effort, you will not where you are, and gain the sympathy of none. Rise then and push on, with the determination, should you fall again, again to stand erect and urge your way onward. One effort may save you from ruin. A strong, firm grasp at the first object within your reach, may turn the whole current of your life.

"Oh, what seems a trifle, a mere nothing of itself, in some nice situation, turns the scale. Of late, and rules the most important actions."

Ten thousands ruin themselves and perish on the threshold of life, when prosperity is within their reach. They make all the exertions but the last effort, and through fear, or discouragement, or stupidity, they fail and are lost. Shall it be so with you—who are down—who have taken apparently the last step and made the last effort?

Do not be a fool, when God intended you to be a man. Make one bold push—throw all your energy and zeal into the effort, and you will not die. We pray you—

"Let not the look of fortune cast you down; She were not fortune if she still did frown; Such as do not bear the storm will fall; Are those on whom at last she most will smile."

PROVIDENCE. In what extreme confusion must the world forever have been, but for the variety which we find in the faces, the voices, and the hand writings of men! No security of person, no security of possession, no justice between man and man, no distinction between good and bad, friends and foes, father and child, husband and wife, male and female. All would have been exposed to malice, fraud, forgery and lust. But now man's face can distinguish him in the light, his voice in the dark, and his hand writing can speak for him through all generations. Did this happen by chance, or is it not a manifest, as well as an admirable, indication of a divine superintendence?

MAKE A GOOD BEGINNING. There is nothing like making a good beginning as you start in life. The foundation must be firm; then all will be safe. Have an eye about you; that nothing shall seduce your virtue. No matter how strong the inducements held out for your countenance, if you see that principle is involved, do not for a right hand persist in wrong doing. Present gain, at the sacrifice of virtue, will be future loss and misery. Tens of thousands have ruined themselves by such a course. Be extremely careful then to begin right and do your duty faithfully, and you will agast accordingly succeed.—Portland Tribune.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Gloriosian, or All-Healing Balsam.

IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Terry, do.; King & Nash, Abington; A. N. Dyer, do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Glendon, Dorchester, &c.

August 16.

Handfuls of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—it will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

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SPARKLING BLACK EYES. Barney O'Blannegan came home one night terribly battered, and both his eyes looking about the color they would if a black thunder cloud had settled over each. He moaned and groaned till Paddy O'Flannegan came in with a bit of lighted candle in his hand, and pathetically inquired, "Och, now, and what's the matter, shure, with me darling friend here—and who has been after killing ye?" "And sure now muttered Barney as well as possible, "didn't I go down just to see Miss Judy's swate rosy lips, and get a look at her *stinking black eyes*, that make me think, for all the world, of a pair of new guineas—and wasn't it myself was just stealing a kiss from the darling crathur, when she was after hitting me nose and eyes with her big fist like a cruelly now? Och shure, and isn't it me eyes that she's murdered, the spalpeen?" "Well, said Paddy, surveying Barney's ebullient peepers with a grin, "if ye want for a pair of black eyes, I think ye got what ye want for!"

POTATOES. At a late agricultural meeting at the State House, in Boston, Mr. Gleason of Wayland, said the best crop he had ever raised was on an acre of ground where he spread the manure upon the top and dropped the potatoes as he ploughed, in every fourth furrow. The furrow which covered them was ploughed more shallow than the others, being about four inches deep; the others six inches. The potatoes made their way through the sods quicker than those planted otherwise. When dug, they turned out to be one-third more than was got on ground near by, treated in the ordinary way. He thought potatoes one of the most profitable crops, when near a market, but for stock he preferred carrots and ruta boga.

THE GENTLER SEX. Dow, Jr. has recently published a sermon on "Fire, Water and Woman." The following is the portion relating to woman:—She is often the occasion of much trouble and mischief to man. For her he toils and slaves—for her he left paradise—for her he blows his brains out—and for her he makes a confounded fool of himself in a variety of ways. Notwithstanding, woman is a blessing. Her influence over our rough hewn sex is as mild as the moon upon the tides, and twice as powerful. The moral fragrance that surrounds her is as sweet as the odors that arise from a field of white clover, and her beauty makes her one of the most interesting living ornaments that wears either legs or wings. I don't care whether you mention a bird of paradise, a butterfly, or a straddlebug.

For the Quincy Patriot.
SPARE THE BIRDS!
Don't kill the birds, so happy and gay,
Let lofter thoughts in this bosom have away.

MA. GREEN.—As Spring is now approaching, with all its beauty, together with the glad notes of a few birds in your paper in behalf of these innocent creatures, and to awaken some feelings of humanity in the bosoms of those who shoot them.—What is more sweet and pleasing than (on a bright sunny morning) to hear the glad notes of the birds come floating on the murmuring breeze, or to see them hop joyfully and lightly from bough to bough. Can it be possible that there are persons who wish to cease these merry warblings, and take the lives of these beautiful feathered songsters, for mere wanton sport and selfish feelings? Such sports should be reserved for the savage, and him only. We but seldom see a bird in our village, and then only to give us a morning greet; for should he presume to cheer us till midday, ere that time, he would fall a prey to the wanton sport-mad. What if they carry off a little corn or a few cherries, (for such is the reason of many for killing them) can this be a reason for killing them? The injury can be but small, and of course they do not satisfy hunger. Are there persons who begrudge them a trifle? Is there not a supreme power that favors our prosperity? Is not all our store given to us by that power? Why then not fondly yield a part to these innocent warblers, and cease to harbor these selfish and wanton feelings, and cease such cruel sports, and keep our guns for some more proper purpose, and the birds will again be plenty.

RANDOLPH.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

ADVERTISING & NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
V. B. PALMER, American Newspaper Subscription and Advertising Agent, No. 20, State Street, Boston, No. 30, Ann Street, New York, No. 53, Pine Street, Philadelphia, and Corner of Calvert and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, is agent for the Quincy Patriot in those cities. Merchants and others who wish to advertise or subscribe, can learn the terms, etc., on application at either of the above offices, where a copy of the paper may be found.

DESTRUCTION OF COTTON. We understand that from six to eight hundred dollars worth of cotton was destroyed on Thursday last, between the North and South Braintree Depot, on the freight cars of the Old Colony Railroad, which accidentally took fire by sparks from the engine.

THE SEASON. Thus far the season, in this vicinity, has been remarkably forward, and nature apparently contributes to aid the tiller of the soil in his labors. The opening of the Spring is at least two weeks earlier than last year. The peach, cherry and plum, will blossom abundantly, and if the weather continues favorable there will be an abundance of these delicious fruits.

DON'T FAIL. We want seventy-five dollars this week. Having called upon a large number several times, we hope they will now oblige us by paying their honest dues. If otherwise further expense will be added to their bills.

FIRST OF MAY. This interesting event, rendered so by custom, will be observed in this town on its present recurrence, in the more fashionable manner, after the company shall have roamed the fields and gathered the flowers, etc. that may then deck the green carpet of nature, by a breakfast at the Town Hall, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

An excellent Band of Music will be present, and by their rich melody add much to the festivities. These arrangements are made for the benefit of Christ Church, in this town; and the object is highly deserving of liberal encouragement.

Tickets may be obtained at the stores of C. Gill & Co. and Josiah Brigham & Co.

SUNDAY SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—By the request of a large number of persons, the Exhibition of the Sunday School connected with the Universalist Society in this town, will be repeated at their Meeting House on Tuesday Evening, April 28th. Some of the pieces before spoken will be omitted to make room for several new ones, among which is one entitled Early Piety, or the Priestess, by ten young misses; also, The Altars of Nature, to be sung by twelve scholars. This piece, of itself, is worth the cost of the whole, if we may judge from the praise which has been bestowed upon it in Boston, and other places. It was composed by Rev. A. C. Thomas, and originally sung at an exhibition in Cincinnati.

The exercises will commence at 7 o'clock. Tickets twelve and a half cents each, to be had at the stores of Messrs. C. Gill & Co., Abercrombie & Ben, and Geo. Newcomb—also at the door.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY.—The inauguration of the Hon. Edward Everett, as President of the University in Cambridge, is appointed to take place on Thursday, the 30th inst., in the customary form.—An address will of course be delivered by the President, and on the close of the services a dinner will be given in the Hall, to the gentlemen officially connected with the University, and others invited to participate in the services of the day.

PAPER HANGING. If you wish your rooms papered in a neat and tasteful manner, employ Seth Adams, who will give perfect satisfaction. See his advertisement in another column. The beauty of a room depends very much on the skill and taste of the paper hanger.

APPOINTMENT. Nathan C. Martin, of Milton, Justice of the Peace and of the Quorum for the County of Norfolk.

TAKE NOTICE. Attention is directed to the sale of the valuable real estate of the late John Pray, advertised to take place next Thursday, as will be observed by the notice. It is property well worthy the consideration of purchasers.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM. We are informed that in several places, about the premises of Mr. Strong indications that an attempt has been made to set fire during some night of the present week.

EATING HORSE. A friend informs us that the rooms connected with the store of Wm. B. Harding, on Turnpike Street, South Boston, have been recently leased by J. W. Sergeant, who is prepared to serve up to order meals of beef-steak, ham and eggs, sausages, and other dishes, from five in the morning until ten in the evening. He also adds, that he "obtained at short notice, a meal of first rate beef-steak, and as to the price, no one could object to it."

CARELESSNESS. A horse, belonging to Wm. P. and J. M. Hardwick, of this town, was accidentally shot on Monday last. The horse was placed in a boat-house on the beach, and while the Messrs. Hardwicks were out in their canoe, an individual amused himself by firing at a mark made on the house, the consequence of which was that the horse was shot.

GOOD NEWS. The steamer Oregon, one of the boats between Stonington and New York, which went on the rocks at Hurl Gate, has been got off, and found to be not much damaged.

MEXICO. The later intelligence from Mexico is that another revolution will soon take place. A large army is moving towards the encampment of the United States troops. A battle may possibly ensue. This country will soon take some definite stand relative to Mexico.

CONGRESS. The Oregon question of notice has engaged both branches of Congress during the past week. The Senate's form of notice was amended in the House, sent back, and the Senate still adhered; it was then returned to the House, which still insisted on the amendments. A committee of conference was then appointed, and they will probably compromise the matter so that it will pass in some form both branches.

FLATTERING COMPLIMENT.—We are pleased to copy from a New York paper the annexed complimentary notice from one of its correspondents relative to a scene from one of the respected and ancient families of this town:—

Speaking of pictures, I cannot forbear alluding to the very striking improvement in the paintings of C. P. Cranch. He has lately produced several uncommonly fine landscapes, and is evidently on the way to become a distinguished artist. His poetic eye for nature is fast overcoming the early obstacle of deficient knowledge with regard to the mechanical process by which to produce the effects he desired. It is truly beautiful to see a young man of so much talent satisfied with the simplest pleasures, and perfectly content to labor in obscurity, for the sake of perfecting himself in a favorite art. If this nation is saved from the downward tendencies of trade and politics, a large share of the thanks will be due to our increasing taste for the arts.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

Original and Selected.
It is affirmed by the protestant press, that in the time of John Huss there were three Popes that lived thirty years together and excommunicated each other. Pope John kept his court at Rome—Pope Peter at Avignon—and Pope Benedict on the Italian Alps.

The pay for attendance and mileage of the members of the Massachusetts Legislature amounted to sixty-one thousand nine hundred and forty-four dollars; the Senate eight thousand two hundred and ninety-four dollars—the House fifty-three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

An association in Albany, (N. Y.) called the Daughters of Temperance, is doing much good.

The total shipments of port wines from Oporto during the past year, as appears by the Custom house return just received, amounted to 30,789 pipes; of which were exported to Great Britain, Jersey, and Guernsey, 21,872 pipes; to Brazil, 3,455; to the United States, 2,071; to Hamburg, 775; to France, 10; to other ports, 1,968 pipes.

A machine for ship bread baking has just been invented, which is exceedingly complicated in its construction, and capable of making 250 biscuits, with the name of the maker impressed thereon, in one minute.

The Petersburg (Pa.) Republican says that during John B. Gough's sojourn in that city, one thousand and two hundred persons signed the total abstinence pledge!

No less than twenty-five valuable and beautiful steamboats were lost on Sundays in the Mississippi River during the past year, and ninety-five canal boats, loaded with cargoes, have shared the same fate.

A benevolent gentleman of Boston, who had been in the habit of bestowing very liberal donations upon a widow lady whom he considered very destitute of the means of a comfortable livelihood, was surprised at the death of the poor widow, a short time since, to find that she had made him executor of her will, leaving an estate worth twelve thousand dollars!

After the 30th of June next, all government dues, whether arising from duties, public land sales, debts or postage, are to be paid in gold and silver.

William Burnett, pilot of the Swallow, indicted for manslaughter, in causing the death of many individuals by carelessly running that vessel on a rock in the Hudson river, has been acquitted.

The whole number of Railroad trains leaving Boston daily, is about ninety, for some twenty-five different stations. About one in every ten minutes, for sixteen hours each day.

The Blackstone Canal Corporation have made a sale of all that portion of the Canal in the State of Massachusetts, with all the privileges and franchises except the reservoirs, for the sum of twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars, to the Providence and Worcester Railroad Company. The sale was made under authority of an act passed by the Legislature of Massachusetts. A dividend has been declared of one dollar on a share out of the proceeds of this sale.

A European company have recently purchased about three hundred acres of land in Hamilton, Bradley and Polk counties, (Tenn.) intending to bring over and establish upon it a large number of foreign emigrants, and then to turn their attention chiefly to wool-growing and manufactures.

The citizens of Pittsfield, (Mass.) at their late town meeting, chose three old bachelors, to constitute "the fathers of the town" for the ensuing year.

President Day, of Yale College, has announced to the corporation his intention to resign his office at the close of the present collegiate year, which will be in August, in consequence of his feeble health and increasing infirmities.

The jury have returned a verdict of not guilty, in the case of Polly Bodine, tried for murder, at Newburgh, (N. Y.)

A western paper suggests the propriety of growing *artichokes*, as a substitute in some degree for potatoes—and on the authority of Ellsworth's reports, states that they are better spring feed for hogs, cattle and sheep, than the potato, as a diminution of cost in production.

Upwards of two acres of pine woods and timber, about one mile from the village of Taunton, have recently been destroyed by fire.

There have been three individuals committed to the jail in Bangor, (Me.) on a charge of murder since October last.

MARRIED.

In this town, on Sunday last, at the Universalist Church, by Rev. Mr. Davis, Mr. Jacob Howland, Jr. Same day, by Rev. Mr. Lunt, Mr. James W. Barte to Miss Frances R. Phipps.

In South Higham, 12th inst., by Rev. Mr. Lewis, Mr. Benjamin White of Duxbury, to Miss Philippe, daughter of Mr. Samuel Dunbar.

In North Weymouth 12th inst., by Rev. Mr. Emery, Mr. Enoch S. Dillaway, Jr. to Miss Lucy B. Rayne, both of Boston.

DIED.

In this town, 14th inst., Mr. John Harris, formerly of Rockport, aged 31.

Stop here my friends and cast an eye;
As you are now so once was I,
As I am now so you must be,
Prepare for death and follow me;
So soon our transient comforts fly,
And pleasures only bloom to die.

On the 23d inst., Edward, son of Mr. Edward and Mrs. Elizabeth Kane, aged 9 months.
On the same day, Mrs. Eunice, wife of Mr. Moses Abbott, aged 33.

NOTICES.

A meeting of the Officers of the Washington Total Abstinence Society, will be held in the Temperance Reading Room next MONDAY EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.
T. KELLOGG, Sec.

The Committee of Arrangements for the Breakfast of Christ Church, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. All who feel disposed to contribute refreshments, etc. for the tables, are invited to send them in early on May morning.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TOMORROW EVENING, at half past seven o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.
C. BARKER, Secretary.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.
E. W. MARSH, Sec.

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

By the Use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

The following certificate is from the wife of Mr. Enoch Perry, a very respectable farmer in Oxford County, Maine, and can be relied upon as true in every particular. It was not solicited, but given by the lady, from a sense of duty, feeling that she owed the preservation of her life to Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Rumford, Oxford County, Me., July 22, 1845.

This may certify that I have for a number of years been severely afflicted with the asthma. In October, 1843, I took a violent cold, which produced a very severe cough, which was accompanied with severe pains in my side, and I sweat profusely nights. These bad symptoms continued, until I was so much reduced that I was unable to do any work about house, or even walk across the room without assistance. In July, 1844, I was so afflicted with shortness of breath, such great difficulty in breathing, and such severe pain, that I was unable to lie in bed or sleep for three weeks. One physician who attended me, and another who was consulted, both gave me up to die—said they could do no more for me. My friends despaired of my life. Had no hope myself. I then commenced taking Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Before I had taken one bottle, I was able to walk about house. I continued to take the balsam until I had taken four bottles, and NOW I AM WELL, free from pain, little or no cough, do my own work, keep no help, and have not enjoyed better health for fifteen years.

Signed, RELIANCE PERRY.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Apr. 15. 1w

ONLY GIVE IT A FAIR TRIAL. We ask no more of any one, than to give Dr. Jayne's *Expectorant* a fair trial, and it does not cure the various diseases for which it is recommended, sooner and more effectually than any other medicine that has ever been offered to the public. The Proprietor is willing to undergo any penalty, however severe, the public may see proper to impose upon him. It has, and it will cure Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Bleeding from the Lungs or Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc.

Again we say, only try it. It will not harm you, but it must and it will do you good.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the
Apr. 11. 3w

Great Bargains!!

F. HARDWICK, JR.
HAS just received, all the way from New York, by Railroad, a lot of New Goods at extremely LOW PRICES, among which are

Balzorins and Mous. de Laines,
From 16 to 25 cts. per yard.

RED SHAWLS, 8-4, at \$1.50.
ROCHELLE SHAWLS at 75 cts.

Prints and Patches at 6 1-2 cts.
Scotch Gingham at one shilling.

SATINETT at the low price of 41 cts.
GREY CASSIMERE at the same price.

One piece of CARPETING at 38 cts.
FOR CASH ONLY.

Call soon or you lose the chance.
Quincy, April 25. 2w

House Lot for Sale.

SITUATED near the centre of Quincy, on Summer Street, a few yards, from the old road leading from Quincy to Braintree, opposite the Mansion House of late George Apphrop, Esq. For further particulars, inquire of the Office of FRANCIS TUCKER, Esq. No. 18, Tudor's Buildings, Court Street. Boston, April 25. 3w

East Thomaston Lime.

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf. Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.

M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, April 25. 1w

Auction Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY next, at five o'clock P. M., the large Barn, Corn house, and other out buildings, standing on the premises of the late Jonathan Baxter, on Washington Street, in Quincy; all the above buildings are to be removed within ten days.

Quincy, April 25. 1w

Thomaston Lime for Sale.

200 CASKS of the best of Thomaston Lime just received, and delivered in any part of Quincy for 30 cents per cask; if taken from the Wharf 35 cents per cask. Apply to

Quincy Point, April 25. ALBERT HERSEY. 2w

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th of May ensuing, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to John Nightingale of Dorchester, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of one dollar and sixty-eight cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.,
Collector of Taxes in Quincy for 1845.
Quincy, April 25, 1846. 3w

Delays certainly Dangerous.
ONE example has already been made, and all others who delay beyond THURSDAY, 30th inst., paying their Taxes to the subscriber, will see their property advertised the following Saturday.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector.
Quincy, April 25. 1w

Dr. Wood's

SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of Constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S *Sarsaparilla* and *Wild Cherry Bitters* have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. *Sarsaparilla* takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the *Wild Cherry*, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these principles, and founded as it is on the best medical analysis, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing HEALTH and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of DESPONDENCY, arising from Indigestion or Nervous Irritation, they have been used with remarkable success; not are they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same time, it must be stated, that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end by a steady, regular and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR. E. THORSTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease.

She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend, I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's *Sarsaparilla* and *Wild Cherry Bitters*. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June, 16, 1845.

MR. E. THORSTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time, she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption.

At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's *Sarsaparilla* and *Wild Cherry Bitters*, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours, ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr. White, is by no means a singular one. The most acute or long continued disease, by the use of this excellent and highly popular remedy. The Proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure, and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

Manufactured and sold by E. THORSTON, JR., Chemist and Druggist, 10 N. Water street, New Bedford, where all orders must be directed, and sent by mail. For sale in Quincy by CLAPP & RICHARDS, and in all the principal towns and villages in New England. 6m Quincy, Apr. 25.

Fancy Goods, etc.

EVERY STYLE OF STRAW, FLORENCE AND GIPSEY COTTAGE.

BONNETS AND HATS, WITH A GREAT VARIETY OF FANCY BONNETS,

Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, &c.

S. S. MARSH would inform her friends and the public in general, that she will now offer for sale

A complete assortment of Bonnets, Cheap, of every Style, Size and Quality.

CAPS, COLLARS, CAPES, LACES, EDGINGS, MUSLINS, CRAPES, with a general assortment of

Millinery Articles, and other articles which she has usually kept.

Fancy Silk Bonnets, MADE TO ORDER.

N. B. STRAW BONNETS, Cleansed and Pressed

in the best manner, as usual. Quincy, April 25. 1f

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. April, 20th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

LEVI H. CARTER, of Quincy, in the County aforesaid, Stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust, and that said debtor will be examined, as usual, touching his estate, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of David A. Simmons, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Roxbury, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, (being May 11th), at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts, and the choice of Assignees or Assignees.

By order of said Master. ALFRED SHOWELL, Assignee.

apr. 25. 2w

To Let.

THE SHOP on Hancock Street, recently occupied by Plummer & Whiting.

For further information apply to
Dea. JONATHAN NEWCOMB.
Quincy, April 25. 3w

Books for the Season.

A PRACTICAL TREATISE on the cultivation of the Grape Vine on the open walls; to which is added a descriptive account of an improved method of planting and managing the roots of Grape Vines. By Clement Moore.

The New American Orchardist, or an account of the most valuable varieties of Fruit adapted to the cultivation of the United States, with the mode of culture. The New American Gardener, containing practical directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, etc. The Complete Farmer and Rural Economist, containing a compendious epitome of the most important branches of Agriculture and Rural Economy. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Apr. 25. 1f

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of

JOSEPH F. BROWN,

late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Blacksmith, deceased, and has accepted said trust, and all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to SAMUEL BROWN, Admin'r. Milton, April 25. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.
SONG.
An—Highland Mary.

"Tis fair to see the summer sky when sunset hues are
blending—
The azure of the arch above with rosy light con-
tending,
Until the western half of heaven with rainbow tints
is glowing;
Yet fairer is, a thousand times, the land where we are
going.

"Tis sweet to hear the voice of love, when friends are
all around us,
And sweeter still to feel the tie which that love
bath bound us:
For earth has nothing else to show that's better
worth bestowing,
Except the hope of love unchanged in the land where
we are going.

A calm delight pervades the soul when music, child
of heaven,
With soothing sounds brings peace and joy where
passions wild had striven—
And music, like a mighty flood, full and forever flow-
ing,
Shall greet the ear and fill the heart in the land where
we are going.

When scenes of beauty meet the eye and touch the
soul with feeling
We scarcely wish a fairer world, more beauty still re-
vealing;
Yet brighter scenes than poets dream, when warm
with fancy glowing,
Shall greet us in that better world—the land where
we are going.

Then let us view the summer sky when sunset hues
are blending,
Not let the voice of love be mute, with music's power
contending,
And let its view, with gladdened hearts, what earth
has worth the showing,
And hope for more, a thousand times, in the land
where we are going.

For the Quincy Patriot.

HOW PLEASING IS NATURE.

BY LYMAN H. STEARNS.

How pleasing to gaze on the valleys and mountains,
The spring and the rill, and the bright gushing foun-
tain—
Which gushes so proudly high up in the air,
Then laughingly glides from the bright scene so fair.

How pleasing to hear the proud catarrh's roar,
As its mountainous billows roll tumbling o'er,
The precipice with its high cliffs so sublime,
Whose annuals are 'mong the great wonders of time.

How pleasing to gaze on the rippling stream,
As it in the bright sunlight does sparklingly gleam;
As o'er the small pebbles does laughingly glide,
And mingles ere long with the vast rolling tide.

How pleasing yet to hear the wind blow,
As it scourges the ocean and crests the billow,
And plunges the vessel off deep in the surf,
And round the wrecked sailor oft whistles with mirth.

How pleasing to hear a wild panther's howl,
As it mingles at night with the hoot of the owl;
Who in night's solemn hours, lone prowls for his prey,
And hides in his den in the brightness of day.

Oh! how pleasing to hear the birds sing,
When warbling their notes in the brightness of
spring!
When dancing so gaily they light in the trees,
And their notes softly float on the midsummer
breeze.

How pleasing to me is the ocean's blue wave,
Where often the mariner sinks in its gray;
Though mournful to think of the poor sailor's fate,
Yet feeling of wonder in my bosom does wake.

How pleasing to gaze on the calm placid lake,
When no ruffling breeze its smooth surface does break,
When in the bright sunlight its fishes do glance,
And round in the foliage the young sunsters dance.

How pleasing to gaze on the dark forest trees,
When their tops gently bend by the murmuring
breeze,
With their tops reaching arms, so high and sublime,
Who stand stately rising through ages of time.

How pleasing to gaze on the heavens at night,
With their diamond like orbs and meteors bright;
Who guide the lost hunter, when weary and sore,
Safe through the dark wood to his own cabin door.

"All nature is pleasing!" how wild and sublime!
It is nature's grandest of wonders of time;
I adore thee, O nature, so wondrous, and love
Thy romantic glens, and thy bright orbs above!

ANECDOTES.

John, how do you parse grandmother?
I doesn't pass her at all; I always goes in to get a
cookey.

What is the singular of men?
They is singular even they pays their debts without
being axed to do it a dozen times.
Young women are beautiful. What is that which
comes after young women?
It is the fillers, to be sure. They are always arter
the young women.

That will do; now you may all go and hunt for ci-
gar stumps.

Some time ago one of our ship owners, in getting
away a vessel, had considerable trouble with one of
his men, by the name of Cain or Kame, who had got
rather too heavy on his advanced wages. After the
vessel had accom plished her voyage, on setting with
the crew, it came to this man's turn for settlement.
"What name?" asked the merchant. "Cain, sir," was
the reply. "What?" rejoined the merchant, "are you
the man who slew his brother?" "No sir," was the
ready and witty reply of Jack, giving his trousers a
kick, with a knowing wink—"I am the man who got
stowed!"

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2
of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 18th,
1846, at their Engine House, it was

Voted—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town,
manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the
Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Com-
pany vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to
be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial
may take place. The manner and condition of play-
ing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through
300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for
four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play
through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which
latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one
inch pipe for the space of three minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well,
near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Voted—That the Engines play with the same sized
cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Voted—To publish the above challenge in the
Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.

Quincy, March 21. 4m

Call at the

CLOTH AND CLOTHING

WAREHOUSE,

No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston,

NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL.

GEORGE W. ALMY

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he
has recently opened a large assortment of
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vest-
ings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality,
suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be
made into garments to order, in fits, style and work-
manship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing,

our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good
and full an assortment as can be found. All garments
have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles
and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices
that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers

Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this
establishment they will always find a good assortment
of sizes to select from and got up

With some regard to fit and style,
which will be sold at a small advance from the cost
of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and
ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please
call and examine before making your selection.

AT STORE,
No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St.,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON.

Mar. 23. 3m

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the
State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in
Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against
Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furni-
ture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now land-
ing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.

Inquire at Whiton & Adams Store.

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all
those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his
best assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz.: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's.
These three in connection with others of the same
make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the
popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as
well as those who would replenish their present stock,
would find it to their advantage to call on above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.

L. STETSON BATES

Boston, Dec. 13.

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part
of a cargo yet unsold, and for sale at

the Wharf of **ALBION DEARBORN.**

Quincy, Jan. 31. 1f

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store
Quincy, August 10. 1f

QUINCY PATRIOT.

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements
intended not only to add to its attractiveness,
but also to conduce to the convenience and gratifica-
tion of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF
GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to
which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and
Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by
stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly sup-
plied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, togeth-
er with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen
in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WAT-
ER-PROOF. Should any book be ordered which may not
be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprie-
tor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pat-
tern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will
be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions
are constantly made of new works, which, with a
great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and
Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents
as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works,
if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest
notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and
elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings,
and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. At-
tention is particularly requested to this collection.
They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will
be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and
Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and
price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the
best manufacturers, Quills, Drawing Pencils and Col-
ors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand
Bags, Bonnet Boards, Inkstands, plain and screw-top
for Desks. Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tis-
sue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber,
Drawing Books, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible
Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with
other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be
sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good as-
ortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hove's,
Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, var-
ious sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be of
good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail,
at the lowest market prices.

Walke's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making
a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other
Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made
with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality.
Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low
rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good
assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and
Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and
Pocket Books. Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for
Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Balm, Maca-
sar and Antique Oil, Oil Marrow, Tooth Pow-
der, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court
Plaster, Cigar Cases,
Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of
articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietors of this establishment improve this
opportunity to present their acknowledgments to all
whose liberality has contributed to its support, and
solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8. 1f

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citi-
zens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store
near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends
to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds
of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to
receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15. 1f

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the
old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School
Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on
hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's
BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.
REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short
notice.

JAMES EDWARDS

Quincy, May 13. 1f

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11. 1f

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the
Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point,
directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to
supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds
of

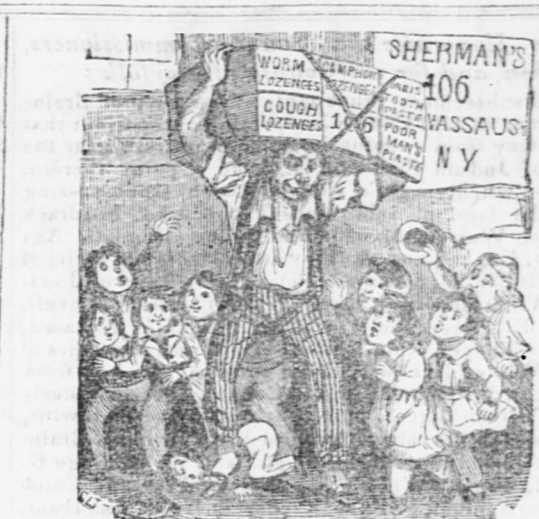
COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

—ALSO—
BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at Reduced Prices,
delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.
Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly at-
tended to.

As there has been a report in circulation
that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to
those who have heard it, that I will warrant it as
good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring
coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy Point, Aug. 23. 1f



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages
are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness
about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away,
tremors, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep,
frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes a voracious appetite,
are among the symptoms of worms. Many are deceived for
months by some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sher-
man's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of
Prince street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was re-
ferred to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges:
he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. E. Beardsley has
saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over
two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only
infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be
without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and
all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's
Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard B. Forest, the
Rev. Mr. Sturges, Jonathan Esq. and that worthy old
hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one
day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Attee,
Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medi-
cine and cure the sorest of any known remedy.
Headache, Sick-necks and palpitation, relieved in from five to
ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attend-
ing crowded rooms or travelling will find them to impart buoy-
ancy and renew their energies. Those suffering from too
much of the pocket ship Wellington, has witnessed their ef-
fect in a great many cases of sea-sickness. They operate like a
charm upon the agitated or shattered nerves, as Sherman's Poor
Man's Balm does upon the Rheumatism, lumbago, pain or weak-
ness in the side, back, breast, or any part of the body. Mr. H. G.
Daggers, 20 Ann Street, Henry R. Goulding, 35 1/2 Chatham street,
Messrs. J. M. Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles
attempted to be palmed off in place of them, by those who would
trifle with your life for a shilling.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau street, New York
Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State street, Boston; J. Babcock
and N. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King &
Nash and N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm.
A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, cor. of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

Hats and Caps.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and
will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment
of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys' Cloth
Caps, which will be sold at as low prices as can be
bought in the City.

Quincy, May 25. 1f

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and
plain, for boys wear, a good assortment may
be found at

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20. 1f

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.,

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLLEN

GOODS, which, together with their former Stock,
enables them to offer to the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and
French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS,
TWEEDS, GAMBRUONS, &c. of the most desira-
ble and fashionable colors and styles.
SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS,
all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices
in order to make any garment for gentlemen's or boys'
wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston.

All wishing to treat themselves to new Clothes the
present season, will do well to call and look before
purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISH-
ING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves,
Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc., at very low prices.

Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his
splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for
sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or
vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of
BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSI-
MERES; SATINETTS; GAMBRUONS AND
VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laines,
Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White;
Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White;
Brown Linen and Colored Table Cloths; Sheetings
and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.
Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs,
Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses'
PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.
N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at
short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a gen-
eral assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND
GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved
credit.

Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus
Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon,
continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All
orders for Carriage promptly attended to. Particular at-
tention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.
Orders may be left with him at his residence in
Boston street, and at either of the Stores in town. In
Quincy an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins',
South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard
to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes
to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER

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QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 18.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two Dollars and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr.	Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE,	Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON,	Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY,	Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELLY,	Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER,	South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE,	Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT,	New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
The subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted.)

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doolittle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M. and four o'clock, P. M.

Books kept at the Store of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co., and Frederick Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.
Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools.

RICH MANTEL CLOCKS.
Plated, Branded, gilt and papier Machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewels, Silver Ware, Bank, Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1.

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6.

Bacon, Pork and Lard.
FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.
These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21.

To Let.
THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April. For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } of Quincy.
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, }

Quincy, March 7.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES.

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc. Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin; FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines; Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup; Ellis' Volturnburg Bitters; Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters.

Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS; Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18.

MISCELLANY.

GERTRUDE.

It was in the sweetest month of summer that I spent a week with my friend Mr. Vernon, at his country house, near one of the largest of the commercial cities. The neighborhood in which he resided was populous, and the society polished and excellent. One evening, when a large party was assembled, the conversation turned upon sensibility, and the question arose in what degree its possession was calculated to confer happiness.

"In my opinion," said Edward Gray, a young man somewhat distinguished for talent, but more for eccentricity, "all mankind are born with an equal capability of feeling, but in some the feelings embrace so many objects, that they are weakened and rendered incapable of causing any great degree either of pain or pleasure; just as a large estate, divided among a great number of heirs, fails to enrich any of them. These are your universally benevolent people. There are others again, whose feelings, though not so widely diffused, yet embrace a large circle of friends and relatives; such people are kind and affectionate, but are utterly incapable of a warm or exclusive attachment, or of any intense degree either of happiness or misery. Those only whose feelings are concentrated, are capable of loving deeply, of enjoying or suffering exquisitely."

"But," said Mr. Vernon, "what do you mean by the feelings being concentrated? You do not surely speak of those whose feelings are all centred in self?"

"Not exactly; yet the character I would describe is one that would be called selfish. It is that of a person, who while he entertains a general sentiment of good will to all mankind, yet reserves all active feelings to be expended upon those immediately connected with him. Should I ever marry, I should like my wife, though gentle and courteous to all, to have no feelings stronger than mere good will to any other human being than myself."

"Then her feelings towards her parents, brothers and sisters should not exceed the bounds of mere civility, I suppose?"

"I would select a wife who has no such near connections, in order that her affections, not being at all divided, may be exclusively my own, and may thus be enabled to withstand all the trials under which a more diluted affection (if I may use the expression,) would utterly fail."

"My dear Edward," said Mr. Vernon, "your theory is a very plausible one, yet I would not advise you to act upon it. I think that you would find that a female who had grown to womanhood without any attachment stronger than mere good will, was not capable of very devoted affection, even for her husband. Believe me, the affections of the heart, like the faculties of the mind, are strengthened by cultivation."

"But do you not think that persons whose affections are limited to few objects, regard those few with a more intense devotion, than those whose affections take a wider range?"

"Indeed I do not, and I could adduce many instances in support of my opinion. The most remarkable example I have ever known of perfect, devoted, enduring affection, of a love which neither time nor circumstances could chill or change, was exhibited by two persons who were entirely free from the selfishness which you consider characteristic of those who are capable of feeling deeply, or loving devotedly."

My interest was excited by the earnest manner of my friend, and I begged to be informed of the particulars of the circumstances to which he had alluded. The company joined in my request, and Mr. Vernon, yielding to our entreaties, commenced the following recital:

"It was in the year 18—, that Charles Gordon came to reside in Baltimore. He was a Virginian, young and talented, and possessing a heart that overflowed with generous feelings and noble impulses. He engaged in mercantile pursuits, in the course of which he became intimately acquainted with the family of Mr. Seaton, who was then at the head of one of the first commercial houses of Baltimore. This gentleman was a widower, and his family consisted of one unmarried son and an orphan niece. He had other children, but they were married, and settled at a distance. Gertrude Rivers had lost both her parents in infancy, and since then she had been an inmate of her uncle's family. She was the darling of the old man's heart, and well did she merit his affection, and richly did she repay him for the tender care with which he had supplied the place of her deceased parents. Beautiful as she was her personal charms were her least attraction. It was the gentleness of her manners, the benevolence of her disposition, above all the entire absence of selfishness in her character, which rendered her dear to all with whom she was connected, or who had an opportunity of becoming acquainted with her virtues. She was in the earliest bloom of youth when she first became known to Gordon, and the heart of the young Virginian was soon captivated by her attractions. She was not insensible to his regard, and a few months after their acquaintance commenced, an engagement was entered into, with the consent of Mr. Seaton, who fully appreciated the character of Gordon and rejoiced that his beloved niece was about to bestow her hand on one who was every way worthy so inestimable a treasure.

At this time, owing to one of those vicissitudes to which mercantile pursuits are liable, the house in which Gordon was a partner became unable to meet its engagements. The other partners, satisfied that they could not resist the pressure of circumstances, gave up the property, availed themselves of the insolvent law, and commenced the world anew. But this course of proceeding did not comport with the lofty spirit of Charles Gordon. He could not endure to feel that those who had confided in him should sustain the slightest loss, though that loss was not caused by any imprudence on his part, but was occasioned by circumstances which he could neither have foreseen nor prevented. He therefore postponed his marriage, and having no difficulty in obtaining employment, devoted the next two or three years to laborious efforts to liquidate every claim against the firm to which he had belonged. Gertrude entered warmly into his feelings, and her smiles cheered him in his arduous undertaking. At length he succeeded; every debt was paid, and he was once more established in a prosperous business.

In the meantime, Mr. Seaton's son had married, and become the father of a family, and Gertrude was left the sole companion of her uncle. Nevertheless the good old gentleman rejoiced when the success of Gordon's efforts enabled the lovers to name a second day for their marriage, and in anticipating the happiness of his niece, he almost forgot the loneliness to which he would be condemned when she left him. Long before the appointed period arrived, he was stricken down the victim of paralysis. When this melancholy event first occurred, Gertrude thought not of herself. To soothe the sufferings of her uncle, to minister to his wants, to endeavor by every means to prolong his life,—all this fully occupied her mind, and left no room for any other consideration. But when days lengthened into weeks, and weeks into months, her thought naturally reverted to her own situation. The time fixed for her marriage had nearly arrived; but how could she leave the aged relative whose situation rendered him so utterly dependent on her kindness? His son, it is true, was kind and affectionate, but the ill health of his wife, and her inability to take charge of her household, or of a large family of children, imposed duties on him which occupied every moment that could be spared from his professional pursuits. As Gertrude watched day after day by the bedside of her uncle, as she marked the brightening of his dull eye as it met hers, as she felt the feeble grasp with which he endeavored to detain her, she could not resolve to leave him. She knew the generous heart of her lover, and she believed that he would cheerfully make any sacrifice for the sake of one to whom she was bound alike by duty and affection. She judged rightly. Gordon was of too kindly a nature to wish to deprive an almost dying man of his sole earthly comfort, for the gratification of his own feelings. The marriage of the lovers was again postponed.

Thus months and years rolled by. Mr. Seaton still lived, though perfectly helpless, and his beautiful niece spent the springtime of her life in the confinement of his sick chamber, soothing his sufferings, ministering to his wants, and endeavoring by every means to cherish the feeble spark of life which still remained. Meanwhile, the affection of the lovers continued unchanged. Gordon spent much of his time with the invalid, and his love for Gertrude became more and more fervent as he noted the unvarying gentleness of her manner, and the unrepining spirit with which she sacrificed all the pleasures of youth to the duty of attending her suffering relative. And when at length death claimed his victim, when the aged pilgrim was permitted to lay down the burthen of existence, her trials were not over.

Scarcely were the remains of her uncle consigned to the tomb, when she was summoned to another scene of woe. The wife of her cousin was dying, and in her last moments she begged to see Gertrude that she might consign her infant children to her protection. And in that solemn hour, with those weeping babes around her, did our heroine promise to be a mother to them, to watch over their helpless infancy, to guide their childish footsteps, and never leave them while they needed her maternal care. And amply did she redeem her pledge. No mother ever bestowed more care and tenderness, or evinced a more self-sacrificing spirit than she displayed toward these children of her adoption. To train them in the way they should go, to instruct them in their duty to God and to each other, to fit them for the discharge of all their duties in this world, and for the enjoyment of eternal blessedness in that which is to come, was the object of her unceasing endeavors. In this labour of love Gordon participated. He was much attached to the children, and they warmly returned his affection. Their eyes brightened at his approach, and both they and their kind friend regarded his regular evening visit as an ample compensation for a day passed in the toil of receiving and imparting instruction.

Nor was the benevolence of Gertrude limited to her own immediate circle. The poor and destitute were relieved and comforted, the sick and infirm visited, and all who suffered found in her ready sympathy and active kindness, an unfailing source of consolation. Her lover too was animated by the same unselfish spirit. Believing that the diffusion of knowledge would increase the amount of human happiness, he interested himself in the establishment and support of public schools, and the young of both sexes will long bless the benevo-

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In the meantime, Mr. Seaton's son had married, and become the father of a family, and Gertrude was left the sole companion of her uncle. Nevertheless the good old gentleman rejoiced when the success of Gordon's efforts enabled the lovers to name a second day for their marriage, and in anticipating the happiness of his niece, he almost forgot the loneliness to which he would be condemned when she left him. Long before the appointed period arrived, he was stricken down the victim of paralysis. When this melancholy event first occurred, Gertrude thought not of herself. To soothe the sufferings of her uncle, to minister to his wants, to endeavor by every means to prolong his life,—all this fully occupied her mind, and left no room for any other consideration. But when days lengthened into weeks, and weeks into months, her thought naturally reverted to her own situation. The time fixed for her marriage had nearly arrived; but how could she leave the aged relative whose situation rendered him so utterly dependent on her kindness? His son, it is true, was kind and affectionate, but the ill health of his wife, and her inability to take charge of her household, or of a large family of children, imposed duties on him which occupied every moment that could be spared from his professional pursuits. As Gertrude watched day after day by the bedside of her uncle, as she marked the brightening of his dull eye as it met hers, as she felt the feeble grasp with which he endeavored to detain her, she could not resolve to leave him. She knew the generous heart of her lover, and she believed that he would cheerfully make any sacrifice for the sake of one to whom she was bound alike by duty and affection. She judged rightly. Gordon was of too kindly a nature to wish to deprive an almost dying man of his sole earthly comfort, for the gratification of his own feelings. The marriage of the lovers was again postponed.

Thus months and years rolled by. Mr. Seaton still lived, though perfectly helpless, and his beautiful niece spent the springtime of her life in the confinement of his sick chamber, soothing his sufferings, ministering to his wants, and endeavoring by every means to cherish the feeble spark of life which still remained. Meanwhile, the affection of the lovers continued unchanged. Gordon spent much of his time with the invalid, and his love for Gertrude became more and more fervent as he noted the unvarying gentleness of her manner, and the unrepining spirit with which she sacrificed all the pleasures of youth to the duty of attending her suffering relative. And when at length death claimed his victim, when the aged pilgrim was permitted to lay down the burthen of existence, her trials were not over.

Scarcely were the remains of her uncle consigned to the tomb, when she was summoned to another scene of woe. The wife of her cousin was dying, and in her last moments she begged to see Gertrude that she might consign her infant children to her protection. And in that solemn hour, with those weeping babes around her, did our heroine promise to be a mother to them, to watch over their helpless infancy, to guide their childish footsteps, and never leave them while they needed her maternal care. And amply did she redeem her pledge. No mother ever bestowed more care and tenderness, or evinced a more self-sacrificing spirit than she displayed toward these children of her adoption. To train them in the way they should go, to instruct them in their duty to God and to each other, to fit them for the discharge of all their duties in this world, and for the enjoyment of eternal blessedness in that which is to come, was the object of her unceasing endeavors. In this labour of love Gordon participated. He was much attached to the children, and they warmly returned his affection. Their eyes brightened at his approach, and both they and their kind friend regarded his regular evening visit as an ample compensation for a day passed in the toil of receiving and imparting instruction.

Nor was the benevolence of Gertrude limited to her own immediate circle. The poor and destitute were relieved and comforted, the sick and infirm visited, and all who suffered found in her ready sympathy and active kindness, an unfailing source of consolation. Her lover too was animated by the same unselfish spirit. Believing that the diffusion of knowledge would increase the amount of human happiness, he interested himself in the establishment and support of public schools, and the young of both sexes will long bless the benevo-

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RICHARDS, A few gentes
es in New kept constantly
Apr. 25. Quincy, Apr.

House for Sale or to Let.

THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other out-buildings, and seven acres of land, on Hancock Street, the property of late Mr. John Pray. For terms and other particulars inquire, near the premises, of L. G. HORTON. Quincy, May 2. 1f

To Let,

A TENEMENT for a small family a short distance from the Episcopal Church. Immediate possession given. Inquire of THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, 23. Quincy, May 2. 1f

To Let,

THE lower part of the House belonging to Jacob Cook, with the garden and a piece of ground sufficient to pasture a Cow by tying her with a rope. Also the Barn. Rent fifty-five dollars per year. The House is located at Germantown Point. Quincy, May 2. 1f

Assessor's Notice.

THE Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy are hereby notified to bring in to the Assessors, Assessors of said Town, on or before the 15th instant, true lists of their Polls and of all their Estates, both real and personal, (not exempted from taxation) of which they were possessed on the first of May instant, and all NON-RESIDENT proprietors of Estates lying in Quincy, are requested to bring in as above directed. N. B. It is desired by the Assessors that all persons, and particularly those who have made changes in their Estates the past year, should bring in true lists of their estates, otherwise they will have no legal right to an abatement on their Taxes. DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, Assessors. BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Quincy, May 2. 3w

Washing and Ironing.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, would inform his friends and the public, that his wife continues to do WASHING AND IRONING in the most manner, at his residence near the Neponset Bridge, Quincy. P. S. Mr. Davis will bring and return clothes from and to the city. Orders left at the Post Office, Toll Gate or Depot, Neponset, will be immediately attended to. JOHN DAVIS. Quincy, May 2. 3w

Fancy Goods, etc.

EVERY STYLE OF STRAW, FLORENCE AND GIPSEY COTTAGE BONNETS AND HATS, WITH A GREAT VARIETY OF FANCY BONNETS, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, &c. S. S. MARSH would inform his friends and the public in general, that she will now offer for sale a complete assortment of Bonnets, Cheap, of every Style, Size and Quality. CAPS, COLLARS, CAPES, LACES, EDGINGS, MUSLINS, CRAPES, with a general assortment of Millinery Articles, and other articles which she has usually kept. Quincy, May 2. 3w

Fancy Silk Bonnets,

MADE TO ORDER. MOURNING BONNETS AND GRACE CLOTHES, ALWAYS ON HAND. N. B. STRAW BONNETS, Cleaned and Pressed in the best manner, as usual. Quincy, April 25. 1f

Books for the Season.

A PRACTICAL TREATISE on the cultivation of the Grape Vine on the open walk; to which is added a descriptive account of an improved method of planting and managing the roots of Grape Vines. By Clement Hoar. The New American Orchardist, or an account of the most valuable varieties of Fruit adapted to the cultivation of the United States, with the mode of culture. The New American Gardener, containing practical directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, etc. The Complete Farmer and Rural Economist, containing a compendious epitome of the most important branches of Agriculture and Rural Economy. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Apr. 25. 1f

House Lot for Sale,

SITUATED near the centre of Quincy, on Summer Street, a few yards from the old road leading from Quincy to Braintree, opposite the Mansion House of the late George Appleton, Esq. For further particulars, inquire at the Office of FRANCIS TUCKER, Esq., No. 18, Tudor's Buildings, Court Street. Boston, April 25. 3w

East Thomaston Lime,

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf. Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood. M. W. SULLIVAN. Quincy, April 25. 1f

Thomaston Lime for Sale.

200 CASKS of the best of Thomaston Lime just received, and delivered in any part of Quincy for 50 cents per cask; if taken from the Wharf 50 cents per cask. Apply to ALBERT HERSHEY. Quincy Point, April 25. 2w

Collector's Sale.

WHOLESALE and public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th of May ensuing, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to John Nightingale of Dorchester, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of one dollar and sixty-eight cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection. JONAS HALSTROM, Jr., Collector of Taxes in Quincy for 1845. Quincy, April 25, 1846. 3w

In Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of LEVI H. CARTER, of Quincy, in the County aforesaid, Stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, touching his estate, at a Court of Insolvency, to be held at the Office of David A. Simmons, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Roxbury, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate. By order of said Master in Chancery. ALFRED SHOWELL, Assignee. Apr. 25. 2w

Great Bargains!!

F. HARDWICK, JR.

HAS just received, all the way from New York, by Railroad, a lot of New Goods at extremely LOW PRICES, among which are

Balzorins and Mous. de Laines,

From 16 to 25 cts. per yard.

RED SHAWLS, 8, 4, at \$1.25.

ROCHELLE SHAWLS at 75 cts.

Prints and Patches at 6 1-2 cts.

Scotch Gingham at one shilling.

SATINETT at the low price of 41 cts.

GREY CASSIMERES at the same price.

One piece of CARPETING at 38 cts.

FOR CASH ONLY.

Call soon or you lose the chance.

Quincy, April 25. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of JOSEPH F. BROWN, late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Blacksmith, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to SAMUEL BROWN, Adm'r. Milton, April 25. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of JOHN F. MARDEN, of Milton, Mason, an Insolvent, and that the second meeting of his creditors for the proof of claims, and for his examination upon oath, will be held at the dwelling-house of Sherman Leland, Esq., Judge of Probate, Walnut Street, in Roxbury, on MONDAY, the 11th day of May next, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Judge of Probate.

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN, Assignee.

April 25. 3w

Dress Making.

MISS H. N. ROWELL would inform the Ladies of Quincy that she will go out or take in Dress-making. Residence—Mr. Joshua Fisher's, near the Episcopal Church. 4w Quincy, Apr. 15.

Dr. Wood's

SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of Constitution.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, stimulant, or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the Wild Cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing HEALTH and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of indigestion, arising from Indigestion or Nervous Irritation, they have been used with remarkable success; nor are they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same time, it must be stated, that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end by a steady, regular and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend, I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS,

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June, 16, 1845.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time, she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr. White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of this excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure, and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public.

Manufactured and sold by E. THORNTON, JR., Chemist and Druggist, 10 N. Water Street, New Bedford, where all orders must be directed.

For sale in Quincy by CLAPP & RICHARDS, and in all the principal towns and villages in New England.

Quincy, Apr. 25. 3w

To the Honorable the County Commissioners, within and for the County of Norfolk:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of the town of Braintree, in said County, respectfully represent that a highway from a point in said Braintree, near the store of Judson Suddard, Esq., to a point therein, near the wheelwright's shop of Caleb Hunt, passing over the land of said Judson Suddard, Shadrach Thayer, Warren Mansfield, Apollon Randall, Asa French, Esq., Ames & Howard, Mrs. Hunt, heirs of John Hollis, 2d, deceased, Peter Dyer, heirs of Jonathan Wild, deceased, Levi Wild, Ebenezer Lovell, James E. Thayer, heirs of Edward Vinton, deceased, Simon Thayer, Iram Vinton, Asa Hunt, and heirs of Eliza White, deceased. Also another highway from a point in Weymouth, in said County, at the Western end of Broad Street, and nearly in a line therewith, to a point in the above proposed highway, in Braintree aforesaid, passing through land of Elbridge G. Tirrell, James White, 2d, Warren Weston, Caleb Stetson, Stephen S. Foye, Zachariah Bates, Asa Hunt, heirs of Alexander Nash, and heirs of Eliza White, deceased, would be of common convenience and necessity. They, therefore, pray that your honors would cause a view thereof and an adjudication thereon to be had as soon as may be convenient, and cause the same to be laid out and constructed if it should be adjudged to be of common convenience and necessity. As in duty bound will ever pray.

IRAM VINTON, and 49 others.

Braintree, March 17, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK SS. At a meeting of the County Commissioners begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the thirty-first day of March, A. D. 1846, by adjournment of the December term next preceding.

On the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the County Commissioners meet at Wales' tavern, in Weymouth, on TUESDAY, the nineteenth day of May next, at ten o'clock A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition and hear and act thereon; and that an attested copy of said petition with this order thereon be served upon the Clerks of the Towns of Braintree and Weymouth, thirty days at least before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and that like copies be posted up upon each of said public places, in said towns of Braintree and Weymouth, fourteen days at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

A true Copy of the original Petition on file and order thereon. Attest: EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk. Apr. 18. 3w

To the Honorable the County Commissioners, within and for the County of Norfolk:

THE subscribers, inhabitants of the towns of Braintree and Weymouth, in said County, respectfully represent, that a town way or highway from a point on the southerly side of the Grist Mill of Calvin White & Co., in Braintree, to a point at the easterly end of a road lately built on the northerly side of Monahan river, in said town, and that a bridge be built across said river, passing over the dam of said Calvin White & Co. and of Calvin White and William Coleman. Also, that another town way or highway from a point on the southerly side of the Grist Mill of Calvin White & Co., in Braintree aforesaid, running through the pond above said Grist Mill to a point in a new road lately built near the house of John Hollis in said Braintree, and that a bridge be built over Monahan river, passing over land of said Calvin White & Co., Calvin White and John H. Hollis, are required by public convenience and necessity; that your petitioners have caused an application to be made to the Selectmen of the town of Braintree, praying that a road be laid out and constructed upon each of said routes, which they, as your petitioners allege, have unsuccessfully neglected and refused to grant, whereupon your petitioners feel aggrieved, and apply to your honorable board for a remedy. They therefore pray that your honorable board would proceed to view, locate, and cause said roads and bridges to be constructed, either townways or highways as should seem most meet and proper.

JUDAH LORING and 40 others.

EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

March 27, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK SS. At a meeting of the County Commissioners begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the thirty-first day of March, A. D. 1846, by adjournment of the December term next preceding.

On the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the County Commissioners meet at Wales' tavern in Weymouth, on WEDNESDAY, the twentieth day of May next, at ten o'clock A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition and hear and act thereon; and that an attested copy of said petition with this order thereon, be served upon the Clerk of the town of Braintree thirty days at least before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and that like copies be posted up in two or more public places in said town of Braintree, fourteen days at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

A true Copy of the original Petition on file and order thereon. Attest: EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk. Apr. 18. 3w

Arrival of Spring Goods.

RUSSELL & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Corner of Washington and Codding Street, Rear of Stone Temple, Quincy.

HAVE received a Rare and Splendid Assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

—ALL NEW STYLES AND PATTERNS—

which they will make up into Garments to suit purchasers at such prices as cannot fail to procure a return of patronage.

All of these goods having been bought the present season for cash, at the first market after importation, the public may rest assured that we can and will sell so as to defy competition.

Mr. JOHN RUSSELL,

who superintends the Cutting and Making up of Garments, having had upwards of ten years PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE OF CUTTING, at the first Schools of Europe and America, gives him a decided advantage over any Tailor in this vicinity in producing any style of Clothing the world is fashioning on.

His system of Cutting being different from that used by country tailors, enables him to give an easy and graceful setting garment to the most imperfect form. Those who have tested his ability can bear witness to the fact. From those unacquainted a trial is all that is necessary.

N. B. Where the cloth is furnished by the customer the trimming and making will be done equally as well as though purchased at the establishment.

A few genteel READY MADE GARMENTS kept on hand.

Quincy, Apr. 11. 1f

New Boot and Shoe Store.

THE undersigned, having associated themselves in business under the firm of UNDERWOOD & FOSTER,

would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a new BOOT AND SHOE STORE, at the corner of Hancock and Temple Streets, (late Cross Buildings) where they intend to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES,

PEGGED AND SEWED

Also—A general and FASHIONABLE assortment of Ladies'

SHOES AND GAITERS,

of the latest fashions, suited to the times.

Boot and Shoe Findings

constantly on hand.

Our Goods are NEW, of the BEST QUALITY and LATEST STYLES, and purchased for CASH, therefore customers may rely that not only Bargains may be obtained, but the fashion and quality cannot but meet their desires.

Boots and Shoes MADE TO ORDER, and with despatch. Attention also given to REPAIRING

The subscribers have commenced with a desire to keep the usual articles in their business and to get a livelihood, and by strict attention to their avocation and an earnest desire to accommodate purchasers, they respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of their fellow townsmen and the public in general.

Call and see us.

WILLIAM S. UNDERWOOD, RUFUS FOSTER.

Quincy, April 18. 1f

House Lots.

FOR SALE, a number of House Lots, the property of Mr. William P. Appleton, in Weymouth and Braintree Turnpike road and on Elm Street, near the Episcopal Church.

For terms, etc., apply to J. M. GOURGAS, Jr.

Quincy, April 18. 3w

Old Stand Reopened.

THE subscriber having taken the Store formerly occupied by Wyman Abercrombie, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has received a good assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Crockery Ware,

Ready Made Clothing, &c.,

Which he will sell at a small advance from cost.

GEORGE SAVIL.

N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, April 18. 1f

DR. FERNANDS'

Vegetable Indian Arcanum,

FOR THE CURE OF

Consumption and Liver Complaint, Inflammation of the Lungs and Spitting of Blood, Scrophula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Catarrhs, Eruptions, Pimples or Pusules on the Face, Female Weakness, Jaundice, Piles, Impudence in Life, Enlargement and Pain in the Bones, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury. The complexion is greatly improved by this medicine.

THIS is a preparation which Dr. Fernands, who is an Indian of the Cherokee nation, has used with great success in the above complaints, practicing as he has for many years as an Indian doctor among several tribes. Dr. Fernands, who prepares this medicine, does not contend that it will cure all the diseases which the human system is liable to experience, but feels safe in assuring the public that when it has been taken according to its directions, it has never failed, in any of the complaints above mentioned, of effecting a speedy and effectual cure. This medicine is entirely of a vegetable nature, being a compound of roots and herbs collected by Dr. Fernands himself; consequently it is a preparation which may be taken by the most delicate constitutions, or even a small child, without the least fear as to its results upon the system. One bottle will convince the incredulous invalid that no more has been said in its favor than its virtues safely warrant. Many respectable physicians have used, and even prescribed, this valuable medicine.

To prevent imposition, each bill of directions accompanying the medicine will be signed by J. K. Fernands, in his own hand writing, and also by his only authorized Agent for the New England States.

J. K. FERNANDS, Indian Physician

JOS. J. CLARK, Agent for New England States.

CERTIFICATES.

From W. Abercrombie of Quincy, Merchant

Trader.

To Mr. Joseph J. Clark, Agent of Dr. Fernands' Medicine.

SIR—I have been afflicted at different times, for more than four years, with Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs, and Disease of the Liver, causing general debility in my system, and evidently fast entailing upon me the worst of all human diseases to which mortals are heir to—Consumption. I have in vain tried many medicines which were recommended, but from all of them I obtained not the least relief. About eighteen months ago, I was induced to try Dr. Fernands' Vegetable Indian Arcanum, by the use of which medicine I have been restored to good health, and have not raised any blood since the use of the first bottle of this excellent preparation.

WYMAN ABERCROMBIE.

Quincy, April 3d, 1843.

From Ibrahim Bartlett, Cashier of the Quincy

Stone Bank.

To Mr. Joseph J. Clark.

DEAR SIR—I am gratified to learn that you are about to establish a place for the sale of Dr. Fernands' Vegetable Indian Arcanum.

I do most cheerfully certify that I am well acquainted with Mr. Wyman Abercrombie, and believe that his general health as he has stated, has been on the decline, and that he has had frequent attacks of spitting of blood, to such a degree as to cause his friends to be greatly alarmed. For the year past I have noticed convincing evidence that his health has been restored, and I have it from his own lips that he attributes his recovery, entirely to the use of Dr. Fernands' Medicine.

I feel it my duty to say a word or two in favor of this valuable medicine. I have for more than twenty years been afflicted with a complaint which at times is very distressing, great flatulency, with a cold heaviness and tightness of the chest, extreme headache, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, etc.

I am free to say, that since I have used this preparation which has cured my friend, I feel greatly relieved, and have strong hopes, after following the directions of being restored to health. I think very highly of the medicine, and am confident that it will prove efficacious in the cure of many diseases, if once resorted to.

Yours, truly,

IBRAHIM BARTLETT.

Quincy, May 2d, 1843.

Price, \$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.00.

Only Office in Boston, No. 51 1-2 Hanover Street (up stairs). People in other cities and in country towns may obtain the Medicine by sending for it through conductors of railroad cars, drivers of stages, or in such other way as may be most convenient to them.

Planing and Sawing.

THE subscriber has resumed this business and is now prepared, at his shop adjoining F. Williams' Tannery, to execute with despatch all orders, and at the lowest prices. His terms are now two dollars per thousand for planing.

INCH BANISTERS, for stairs, constantly on hand, and prompt attention given to all calls in this branch of business.

A team will be in readiness to take lumber, etc., to and from the Mill, and will attend to Jobbing generally about town.

HENRY G. PRATT.

Quincy, April 11. 1f

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have recently received large additions to their former stock, making a good assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.

Quincy, March 16. 1f

Paper Hangings.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

which will be sold as low as Boston prices.

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

SPRING.

BY S. OSCAR CARTER.

Hail! lovely Spring—"ethereal mildness," hail!
Thrice welcome is thy plastic reign, when all
Things are made glad with joy exuberant!
Beneath thy rule all Nature to the eye
Is beauty—sweetly melodious to the ear—
Unto the small "breathes perfumed exquisite"—
And to the spirit, life. There is a charm
Thy mornings have, which, like th' Olympian dew,
Brings to the pallid cheek a rosy bloom:
It to the frame a light, elastic step
Imparts, and with ambrosial fragrance sweet,
Rich laden, each breath wafts health and pleasure
Upon its wings, and to the o'erburdened heart,
Bounding delight inspires, and joy ecstatic—
Able, even o'er despair's deep, sullen gloom,
Blithely to throw its care dispelling light.

And then thy warm, refreshing showers, each hill
And dale with a delicious verdure crown:
"And passing sweet the coming on of grateful
Evening mild," when butted clouds,
With ever-varying hue, the western sky
Gaily o'erspread. And, as they lift them slow
From the far distant hills, for one brief moment
Ere be shut sink into a calm repose,
The sun streams forth a mellow light the verdant
Landscape o'er—fringing a halo bright
Of rich reflective round—painting the concave
With a thousand gorgeous dyes. And then
Resuscitating May leads on the light
And velvet footed hours—with genial sun—
Its lust-like wind—its smiling vales, where rings,
In merry notes, the answering echo of
The plowman's voice—its meadows rich, that in
The proud imperial queen of harvest,
Magnificence are clothed—in its graceful flowers
That rear their variegated heads, brood'ring
The velvet carpet of the earth with hues
More deep than "stone of coalfield emblem"—
Its whispering woods, whose trembling foliage speaks
A various language—its gently murmuring rills,
That in their pebbly channel run with sportive
Gambols, making rich music—its gay
And brilliant crested birds, from India's sultry
Climate returned, whose choral symphonies
Through the empyreal vault are resonant.

O! these are delicious hours. There's an
Exhilarating freshness blooms in every thing
Around, that, "to him who in the love
Of Nature holds communion with her forms,"
Breathes forth unwritten eloquence. It is
The reign of love supernatural. Hand in hand
With some dear being, for hours can we linger
In these Elysian groves, and of time's downy
Trend ne'er be aware. And as the margin we
Approach of some love-singing rivulet,
And sit us down upon 't the sloping cowl
Covered bank, "beneath the meadow sweets"
Tall almond-scented tufts, whose blossoms form
A canopy in Nature's workshop
Superior inwoven—the swelling heart,
With native eloquence, its long-desired
Opportunity improves, and here
Its tale of mutual love unfolds. And then
With sweetest sympathy the gentler feelings
Of each kindred spirit blend in one—
As when two crystal dew-drops in the moist
Violet's bell commingle—each but in
This other's sweet existence holds. But ah!
"The happiness too exquisite to last:
These hours are too, too much in haste; ere
The overflowing heart has half its suppressed load
Relieved, the shrill-toned thrush his evening
Descent sings—the tuncful nightingale resumes
His mellow warbling—and the vesper bell's
Deep, solemn peal, proclaims th' approaching hour
For the accustomed nocturn. Meanwhile the Moon,
Slow-wheeling from the deep, her orient veil
Puts off, and, in the ethereal azure,
Her mellow lamp suspends. And every hill
And dale is vocal with the softened hum
Of animate creation.

For the Quincy Patriot.
DEATH.

When this life of care is o'er
And peace reigns all around,
Then shield me from the wild winds roar,
"Nearth this a hallowed ground
Oh! lay me 'neath the bright green sod,
There! there my grave shall be;
And may my spirit rest with God,
With him who gave me life,
And may my bones in peace then rest;
Free from the toil of life,
Free from its petty cares and fears.
His pains, and woes, and strife,
For those who dwell in this dark sphere,
Scarcely think of death, whose hand is near.

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For the Quincy Patriot.
DEATH.

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2
of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 18th,
1846, at their Engine House, it was
Voted—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town,
manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the
Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Com-
pany vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to
be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial
may take place. The manner and condition of play-
ing to be as follows, to wit:
First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.
Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.
Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of three minutes.
Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through
300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for
four minutes.
Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play
through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which
latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one
inch pipe for the space of five minutes.
Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well
near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.
Voted—That the Engines play with the same sized
cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.
Voted—To publish the above challenge in the
Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

Call at the
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE,

No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL.

GEORGE W. ALMY

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he
has recently opened a large assortment of
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vest-
ings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality,
suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be
made into garments to order, in fits, style and work-
manship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing,

our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good
and full an assortment as can be found. All garments
have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles
and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices
that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers

Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this
establishment they will always find a good assortment
of sizes to select from and got up

With some regard to fit and style,

which will be sold at a small advance from the cost
of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and
ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please
call and examine before making your selections,

AT STORE,

No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St.,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON.

Mar. 28. [NEXT DOOR TO FARMER'S.] 3m

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the
State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in
Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against
Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furni-
ture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

Wood! Wood!!

80 CORDS of Hard and Soft WOOD, now land-
ing at Granite Wharf, and for sale by

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr.
Inquire at Whiton & Adams Store,
Quincy Point, Sept. 20. 1f

Eates' Air Tight Cook Stove

DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.

THE subscriber would invite the attention of all
those in want of any thing in the Store line, to his
vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP

STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of

AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,

viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's.
These three in connection with others in store, make
the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also a very extensive assortment of most of the
popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches.

All who are about commencing house-keeping, as
well as those who would replenish their present stock,
would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street,
L. STETSON BATES.

Boston, Dec. 13. 1f

Prime Eastern Hay.

50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part
of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale
at the Wharf of

ALBION DEARBORN.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 1f

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,

RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,

Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's Store
Quincy, August 10. 1f

Mouslin de Laines,

GOOD ASSORTMENT, for sale by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28. 1f

Conant's Patent Yeast.

FRESH supply of this most excellent Yeast, just re-
ceived at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4. 1f

Among the pieces to be sung at a sacred concert on
West, are "Barney leave the girls alone," "Go it
while you're young," and "Nolly put the kettle on."

The Quincy Bookstore,

HAVING received alterations and improvements,
intended not only to add to its attractiveness,
but also to conduce to the convenience and gratifica-
tion of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF
GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to
which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and
Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by
stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly sup-
plied.

BLANK BOOKS,

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, togeth-
er with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen
in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WAT-
NASTED. Should any book be ordered which may not
be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprie-
tor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pat-
tern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will
be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions
are constantly made of new works, which, with a
few Dearhearted Books, Alphabet, Cards, Gold, Tis-
ue and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent Slates, etc., presents
as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous,

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works,
if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest
notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and
elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings,
and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. At-
tention is particularly requested to this collection.
They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be
sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and
Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and
price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the
best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Col-
ors. Slate Pencils, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand
Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top
for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tis-
ue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber,
Drawing Boxes, Motto Wafers and Stamps. Indelible
Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with
other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be
sold at wholesale or retail, at city prices, and a good
assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes, Hogan & Thompson's, Hovers,
Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, var-
ious sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be of-
fered for sale but such as is known to be of good qual-
ity, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail,
at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for mak-
ing a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other
Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made
with hard frames, and the slate is of superior quality.
Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low
rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good
assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and
Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and
Pocket Books, Ladies' Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for
Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lavender Water, Buffalo, Bear, Macas-
sar and Antique Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Pow-
der, Soap, Slicing Cream, Court
Plaster, Cigar Cases.

Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of
articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietors of this establishment improve this
opportunity to present their acknowledgments to all
whose liberality has contributed to its support, and
solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

QUINCY BOOKSTORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Nov. 8. 1f

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the cit-
izens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store
near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends
to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds
of

PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to
receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 15. 1f

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the
old stand on Granite Street at the head of School
Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on
hand Sewed and Pegged Men's, Boys' and Youth's
BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short
notice.

JAMES EDWARDS

Quincy, May 13. 1f

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11. 1f

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the
Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point,
directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to
supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds
of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at Reduced Prices,
delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly at-
tended to.

N.B. As there has been a report in circulation
that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to
those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it is
good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring
coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.

Quincy, Point Aug. 23. 1f



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spit-
ting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing,
Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in
the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and va-
rious affections of the Stomach and
Lungs.

Folger's Oloosan, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Con-
sumption than of any other disease. It is estimated
that in the United States over THIRTY THOU-
SAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this
deadly scourge. The cause of the evil is generally
overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—
or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unim-
portant. Pain in the Side, Pleuritic and night Sweats
follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL?

Here it is. The experience of more than twenty
years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are re-
joicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George
W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered
under the effects of a severe cold for more than a
year, and in the month of August, when his Cough
had reduced him so much that he feared he would die,
he commenced using the Oloosan. He raised blood
at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest,
and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His
appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be
rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use
of this remedy that by the month of November
he left for Philadelphia, Pa., with every prospect of being
permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the effi-
cacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a prop-
erty superior to all others, viz: it does not consti-
pate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of
the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—
It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put
to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet sleep
and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there
is no medicine in the world that will cure you so
speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable
symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and
give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and
speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar per bottle, by REDDING & Co.
State street, Boston; and by the following appointed
agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D.
Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A.
Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer,
do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorches-
ter. 1f

August 16.

Hats and Caps.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and
will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment
of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys Cloth
Caps, which will be sold at low prices as can be
bought in the City.

Quincy, May 25. 1f

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

Plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be
found at

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

Quincy, Sept. 20. 1f

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.,

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.,

ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLEN

GOODS, which, together with their former Stock,
enables them to offer to the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and
Foreign CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS,
TWEEDS, GAMBROONS, &c. of the most desir-
able and fashionable colors and styles.

SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS,
all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices
in order to make any garment for gentlemen's or boys'
wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston
readily made.

All wishing to treat themselves to new Clothes the
present season, will do well to call and look before
purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISH-
ING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves,
Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc., at very low prices.

Quincy, Nov. 1. 1f

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB,

WOULD call the attention of the public to his
splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for
sale at low prices as can be bought in town or
vicinity.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

USEFUL SAYING. There is no saying more useful than this—a man does not know what he can do, until he tries. A man's abilities stretch like India-rubbers, which adapt themselves to the size of the foot on which they may happen to be placed.

WRITING SCHOOL. Mr. G. H. Dow, who taught in this place a year or more since, has returned and opened a school with reference to this important branch of education. For skill to impart a thorough knowledge—a perfect understanding of the art which he designs to impart to others and the correctness of his general moral character from the known notices, we have not the least doubt of recommending him as an assiduous and competent teacher of chirography. May success attend him in his worthy efforts to advance one of the most important branches of education.

EXPLANATION. We are requested to state that a misunderstanding occurred between our friends Jonas Hallstram, Jr., Collector of taxes, and Mr. William Trask. And we venture the opinion that no fault can be found with our friend Hallstram, Jr., and can safely say for him that he regrets that any thing was said with reference to Mr. Trask. A Christian spirit receives and forgets all that has been said relative to all subjects.

TYROLEAN CONCERT. This musical entertainment will take place next Tuesday evening. The performers are certainly well skilled, and have been connected with the first concert of this kind. There cannot be the least doubt that the programme offers the best treat and affords the richest melody given in this town for many months past.

ENGINE MATTERS. One party has given their version of the Engine difficulty in to-day's paper. It is useless to indulge in a newspaper controversy. Hear the statement of the opposite party and let the matter rest—if not, have a trial at any rate.

CONCERT. A party of gentlemen and ladies from Braintree, will give a concert at the Lyceum Room in this town, on Monday evening next. Their singing is spoken of as being of a high order, and their concert, of which they have given but a few, have won for them much praise. Their bill presents a good selection of Glee, Songs and Duets. Hear them by all means. Admittance only ninepence.

THE 'NOTICE' GIVEN. The intelligence from Washington is, that the notice for the termination of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, sent by the steamer which sailed from Boston on the 1st instant. Official information of the fact has been given to the British Minister at Washington.

A GREAT COUNTRY. The tide of emigration still flows; no less than six thousand three hundred and ninety-six persons, of all sizes, sexes, and denominations, arrived at New York during the month of April; this being an increase of two thousand five-hundred, over the month of March. Great Britain sent 4,986, France 1,078, chiefly Germans; Bremen and Hamburg 115.

MEXICO. Accounts from this country represent the American army as being placed in rather a critical situation; the Mexican army greatly superior to them in numbers, and every prospect of a battle taking place between them.

INAUGURATION. A week ago yesterday was a great day at Cambridge. Edward Everett, whose learning and genius eminently fit him for the station, was placed at the head of the ancient university of Harvard. A host of intellectual stars were present, and both the President and the dinner were gloriously inaugurated. A fine illumination of the college buildings came off in the evening.

CONGRESS. This body has not done much business of general interest. The House has passed the bill to establish the Smithsonian Institute. Both houses have taken a short recess for recreation, and to prepare for summer.

NAVAL. Capt. Sturgis, of the Revenue Cutter Hamilton, is removed to New Bedford.

TEXAS. The general appropriation bill in Congress contains one item appropriating \$830,722 for transportation of troops to Texas, and pay of companies of volunteer militia called out.

A journeyman tailor lately recovered before a justice in New York city, his bill of three dollars for making eight coats. He was eight days at the work, and then had to go to law for the money.

CHANGE OF NAME. Among the large number of persons whose names were changed by the last Legislature, a list of whom has recently been published, we find the following in Norfolk County:

Edwin Gill of Quincy, may take the name of Edwin Howard Gill; William Leland of Roxbury, may take the name of William Sherman Leland; Lafayette Whitney of Braintree, may take the name of Lewis Lafayette Whitney; Mary T. Fisher of Franklin, may take the name of Mary Thurston; Harlow Whitney, Junior, of Wrentham, may take the name of Gustavus H. Whitney; Augustine Joshua Bryant of Milton, may take the name of Augustus Bryant; Ferdinand Clark of Roxbury, may take the name of Ferdinand Nimrod Clark; Josephine Friedham Wright, adopted daughter of J. W. Parkhurst of Dedham, may take the name of Mary Josephine Parkhurst; Margaret Howe Brown of Dorchester, may take the name of Margaret Howe, all of the County of Norfolk.

The duties secured on merchandise into Boston the last month, were \$460,000.

Mr. Gough, the temperance lecturer, has returned from the South, in good health and spirits.

Accounts from New York render it quite certain that the democrats will control the great State Convention for the revision of the Constitution.

The Pennsylvania Legislature, at its late session, passed 439 acts.

The Indian population within the limits of the United States, including Oregon, is estimated at 350,000 souls, probably too low.

It is a curious circumstance that 54 Senators voted on the Oregon resolutions, 40 of whom voted against them. So much has been said about 54 40, that the numbers will not be soon forgotten.

Five hundred barrels of flour have been seized in Philadelphia, on account of light weight and false tare.

The China sugar trade is likely to be profitable. 20,000 tons have been shipped for Great Britain.

The death of Hon. John Pickering, an eminent member of the Suffolk bar in this State, is announced in the Boston papers.

The steamer Cambria, on her passage from Halifax to Boston, went ashore on Cape Cod on Saturday night last, in a fog, but was got off during the week without much damage. The news by this arrival is not important.

The Miss Lillie and Mr. Hall, who were married in joke during a sleigh ride last winter, and who were refused a divorce by the New York Legislature, have since been legally married at Albany.

A paper has been started in the new city of Cambridge, called the Chronicle and published weekly.

A CARD.

The ladies of Christ Church respectfully tender their thanks to the ladies and gentlemen of Quincy for their generous cooperation and aid in the Breakfast of May morning.

Among the many whose generosity deserves public thanks, the ladies feel that they should do violence to the better feelings of the heart, not to mention particularly the liberality and gentlemanly aid of George H. French, Esq., the proprietor of the Hancock House, and his lady; their assistance in preparing and furnishing the tables, the loan of furniture and use of kitchen and cooking utensils, in short, every thing which that hospitable mansion contained, was placed at the free service of the occasion.

Such courtesy and liberality will be remembered, and will secure the warmest and best feelings of grateful and Christian hearts; and the prayers, fervent as we are able to offer, that God will bestow the adequate reward, which is quite beyond our power to do.

The ladies comprising the Committee of Arrangements, are requested to meet at the Parsonage of Christ Church, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past seven o'clock.

NOTICES.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, for further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

The meeting of the "Social Singing Society" stands adjourned to TOMORROW AFTERNOON, at five o'clock, in the Lyceum Room.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

Juvenile Singing School. MRS L. A. NEWCOMB proposes to continue the School at her residence, Hancock Street, for instructing children in the rudiments of vocal music.

A course of twenty-four lessons will commence on MONDAY AFTERNOON, 18th inst., at half past five o'clock. Terms, one Dollar.

Young Ladies, desirous of attending a course, will please call at half past six o'clock, the same afternoon. Terms, one Dollar and fifty cents.

Quincy, May 9.

Still another triumph over Disease, in Maine. Warren, Lincoln Co., July 15, 1845.

Dear Sir—I take pleasure in complying with your request to bear testimony in favor of your valuable medicine, having had a daughter, 15 years old, very dangerously sick the last year, restored with it. My daughter took a violent cold in Sept. 1843, which settled on her lungs. She was troubled with a bad cough all winter. I tried various kinds of medicines, but none of them had the desired effect. The cough continued until March, when we became alarmed at her condition, and applied to a physician, who attended her some time, but did her no good. We then consulted another, but all to no purpose. Having exhausted the whole catalogue of medicine now in the land—two distinguished physicians having done their best to restore her—we then obtained

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which relieved her immediately. After taking four bottles she was completely restored, and now enjoys good health.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, May 9.

JAYNE'S VERMIFUGE has gladdened the heart of many a mother, who had expected soon to follow her child to the grave, but found it restored to life and rosy health by this celebrated specific. It expels worms without irritating the coats of the stomach and bowels, and combines the effect of a tonic, with those of an alterative. Neither the Vermifuge nor the Expectant has a rival in the whole range of the materia medica, for diseases to which each is adapted.

PILES.—Half the cases of Piles are caused by the irritation of small worms. JAYNE'S VERMIFUGE cures all such cases by removing the worms, and imparting a healthy tone to the bowels. For sale at No. 8, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

ASTHMA, or PHTHISIS is caused by a lodgment of the phlegm or mucus in the air-cells, which obstructs the passage of the air through the wind tubes. Jayne's Expectant removes the obstruction with the greatest facility, and cures the disease at once. It is prepared at No. 8, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Agency for the sale of JAYNE'S Medicines, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

MARRIED.

In Charlestown, 30th ult., Mr. Edward F. Eaton of this town to Miss Sarah Ann Tilden of Boston.

MR. EDITOR.—At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Resolved.—That we neither give to, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.

REPORT.

Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Committee, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to Report.

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was agreed that both Committees should meet some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday, May 3d. We met again and the following votes were passed—

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot not be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the tubs shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top. Thus far there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before.

This brought the subject of alteration of the Engines fully before the Committee. It was then ascertained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it was the intention of the Tiger's Company to make important alterations in their engine, such as putting in a new air-chamber, &c. This we objected to. Then, said the Chairman of the Tiger Committee, we cannot play for such is the vote of our Company. Further deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee were instructed not to play without they could make a change in the works of their engine; we were instructed not to play if they did, except new brakes and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's much boasting in public print *not based upon the principle of true moral courage.*

All of which is respectfully submitted. LEWIS WOOD, EBENEZER CLEVELY, BARNAABAS HOWARD, JAMES A. HARRIS, WARREN E. SMALL, Committee.

may 9.

For Sale or Lease. In the town of Quincy, near the junction of the old Plymouth road with the Neponset turnpike, in view of Boston harbor, a well built HOUSE, pleasantly situated within four or five minutes walk of the Stone Temple and Railroad Station. It would be an agreeable residence for a person in business or out. Connected with it are sundry out-buildings, among which is one that has been recently fitted up and used as a Bakery, having a large oven and a good range, and a good accommodation. The lot contains five-eighths of an acre, and has on it about fifty young fruit trees, of various kinds of excellent fruit.

For further information apply on the premises to SAMUEL LITTLEFIELD, Jr.

Quincy, May 9.

Penmanship. G. H. DOW would respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quincy, that he will commence a Course of Lessons in Writing on Monday, May 11th.

The School will be open afternoons from half past three to six, and evenings.

Terms—For twelve lessons, stationery included, Ladies \$1, Gentlemen \$1.50.

The immediate application of all those who wish for instruction in this useful branch of education, is solicited.

Satisfactory improvement is guaranteed. Quincy, May 9.

Pies, Puddings, Custards, etc. VARIOUS articles for flavoring Pies, Puddings, Meats, etc., among which are—

Extracts of Vanilla, Rose, Lemon, etc.; Triple distilled Rose Water; Sweet Marjoram, Sage, Thyme and Summer Savory in Powder. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, May 9.

At Auction! WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 25th day of May, inst., at five o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, if not previously disposed of at private sale, a Building situated on the corner of Hancock and Granite Streets, lately occupied by Joseph Burrell as a Boot Manufactory.

Conditions at the sale. The Building may be examined at any time previous to the sale by applying to the subscriber.

Quincy, May 9.

Staw Carpeting. 4-4 5-4 and 6-4 STRAW CARPETING, just received and for sale low, by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, May 9.

Best Spring Medicine. WHITWELL'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS. The best possible remedy for Indigestion, Jaundice, Worms, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Hysterics, Debility, Drowsiness, Weakness, Sour Stomach, &c.

Most persons feel the necessity of using some tonic or strengthening medicine during the spring and summer months, especially those engaged in sedentary employments. No article is better calculated for such purposes than the above. The ingredients of which they are composed are highly recommended in all medical books, as among the best tonics known to the medical world. They purify the blood, revive the spirits, and strengthen the whole system. The proprietor is confident that if invalids would give this cheap and pleasant remedy one trial they will never use any other.

They are put at the lowest possible price in order to place them within the reach of all. Sold as follows: White's Original Opodeldoc, is the only effective remedy Rheumatism, Sprains, Stiffness of Neck and Joints, Gout, Cramp, etc. Recommended by Dr. S. L. Mitchell, late Professor of Physic in the N. S. College of Physicians. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Beware of imitations, and see that every bottle has the genuine signature of J. P. Whitwell on the wrapper, before you buy. Quincy, May 9.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

YOUR Petitioner would humbly represent, That in the year 1803, March 3d, an Act of Incorporation was granted Cotton Tufts, Ebenezer Thayer, and other associates, to make a turnpike road from a place called Quincey's Corner, in the town of Hingham, to Quincy Meeting-house, in the town of Quincy, and also to erect a Bridge over Monaquitt river in the town of Braintree, and to receive toll from passengers crossing over said bridge. Exempting from all persons over said bridge. Exempting from all persons over said bridge. Exempting from all persons over said bridge.

That the said Road and Bridge was built and accepted by legal authority; That although the said Road and Bridge was extremely accommodated to the public, and particularly to the Old Colony, yet it afforded but little profit; That in the year 1844, an Act of Incorporation was granted for the Old Colony Railroad, running nearly parallel with said Turnpike, and within one and a half miles from said Turnpike; That a party called the Old Colony Railroad Turnpike, that since said Old Colony Railroad Road has been in operation the toll on the turnpike has been reduced to about one half the amount usually taken by said Turnpike, reducing the amount to about two per cent. on the original cost; That during the present session of the Honorable Legislature another Railroad has been granted, running from Duxbury through the towns of Weymouth and Braintree and coming within one quarter of a mile from the bridge across said Monaquitt river, which when built, will reduce the toll so low that the said Bridge, must be annihilated and taken down; That since the erection of said Bridge and road, a very considerable population has been created, and that more than forty dwelling houses have been built, on the north side of the river and on the south side of the bridge; and that the Parishioners live in about equal numbers on either side of the Bridge; and further, that the maintenance of said Bridge is of great and necessary consequence to the public, and that the proprietors can be authorized to take toll from all persons crossing the same, the Bridge cannot be maintained. For the above reasons and many more that can be mentioned, your petitioner humbly prays that the provision in each section of the act above alluded to, exempting certain persons from paying toll, may be repealed, and that the Corporation may be authorized to take toll from all persons who may cross said Bridge, as other Bridges are now authorized.

And your duty bound will ever pray, MINOTT THAYER, President of the Braintree and Weymouth Turnpike Corporation. Braintree, March 26, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. IN SENATE, March 28, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the Petitioner cause an attested copy of his Petition with this Order thereon, to be served upon the Clerk of the town of Braintree and published in the Quincy Patriot six times, said service and publication to be ninety days, at least, before the sitting of the next General Court, that all persons interested, may then appear, and show cause, if any they have why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence. CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, March 28, 1846. Concurred. CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A True Copy Attest: CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

may 9.

Collector's Notice. WHEREAS the Assessors of the town of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, did assess a tax of five dollars and fifty cents upon Mr. Jesse Shaw of Boston, for the Dwelling-house and Land now occupied by Mr. Jacob Clapp, and a piece of Woodland near said place, and for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five did assess upon him a tax of six dollars and fifty cents for said Woodland; and whereas, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, they also did assess a tax of four dollars and twenty cents upon Dr. Thomas Stockbridge of North Duxbury, for a Dwelling-house and Land occupied by Mr. Abiah W. Salisbury, and committed the same to me for collection, and whereas they have neglected to pay the same, I hereby give notice that if no person appears to pay the taxes assessed upon Dr. Thomas Stockbridge on or before five o'clock P. M. of the same day, I shall then proceed to sell, on the premises, at public auction, so much of said respective property as shall be sufficient to discharge said taxes and all intervening charges.

IsRAEL FEARING, Collector. Weymouth, May 9.

Executor's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the last Will and Testament of

MARY S. RICHARDS, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, single woman, deceased, and has accepted said trust:

And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Executor. Weymouth, May 9.

In Insolvency. NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 4th, 1846.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery, for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

JOHN P. GAULIER, of Quincy, in said County, stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a meeting of Creditors, to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq. Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY the TWENTIETH day of May current, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of Assignees or Assignors.

JESSE K. WEBSTER, Dep. Sh., Messenger. May 9.

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of

JONATHAN PRATT, late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, laborer, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to NATHAN PRATT, Administrator. Quincy, May 9.

East Thomaston Lime. OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf. Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.

Quincy, May 25.

M. W. SULLIVAN.

CHAMPOOING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Quincy, that he is ready to perform this excellent operation, which will render the head free from dull and disagreeable feelings, and really impart a healthy and invigorating influence, as when the head is clear (the surface) to use an old saying, a new life is imparted to the whole system. Persons troubled with headache or dizziness should certainly try it.

WILLIAM E. AMBUSH. Quincy, May 2.

Livery Stable.

THE subscriber has opened a Livery Stable, opposite the Orthodox Meeting-house in Quincy, and is prepared to furnish customers with good carriages and horses. It is my desire to accommodate, and therefore I hope by strict attention to business and ever ready to answer all calls, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Quincy, May 2.

To Builders.

SHEATHING PAPER, of the first quality, always on hand, and sold at the lowest prices, at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, May 2.

Boots, Shoes, Caps, &c.

THE subscriber has just received a new lot of Boots and Shoes, among which are the following: Men's and Boys' Calf, Grain, Goat, Kip and Thick Boots, Booties and Shoes.

Also—Women's Misses and Children's Kid and Leather BUSKINS and LOW TIES; LEATH GAITERS, Light and Black; BRONZE KID BUSKINS, etc., etc.

To which he would invite the attention of his friends and the public generally. A part of the above stock I have manufactured expressly for retailing, and they will do good service.

On hand at all times, to accommodate any who may be in want of them.

REPAIRING. If your Shoes or Boots have become thin and want repairing, I can, and will, do them up in first rate style with despatch.

Having been for the past seven years in the trade, and thankful for past favors, I hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

I shall sell at a VERY small advance above the cost FOR CASH—no mistake.

Don't forget the old stand, No. 3, Temple Street.

GEORGE B. NIGHTINGALE. Quincy, May 2.

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th of May instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to Caleb Hill, of Quincy, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of eleven dollars and thirty cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector. Quincy, May 2, 1846.

Collector's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th of May instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to Daniel Ela, of Quincy, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of three dollars and eighteen cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector. Quincy, May 2, 1846.

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, April 25, A. D. 1846.

THE Administrator of the estate of AMOS RAYMOND, late of Weymouth, in said County, yeoman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and also an account in his private capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the SIXTEENTH day of May, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. May 2.

Assessor's Notice.

THE Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy are hereby notified to bring in to the subscribers, Assessors of said Town, on or before the 18th instant, true lists of their Polls and of all their Estates, both real and personal, (not exempted from taxation) of which they were possessed on the first of May instant, and all NON-RESIDENT proprietors of Estates lying in Quincy, are requested to bring in as above directed.

N. B. It is desired by the Assessors that all persons, and particularly those who have made changes in their Estates the past year, should bring in true lists of their estates, otherwise they will have no legal right to an abatement on their Taxes.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Assessors of Quincy, May 2.

Washing and Ironing.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, would inform his friends and the public, that his wife continues to do WASHING AND IRONING in the nicest manner, at his residence near the Neponset Bridge, Quincy.

P. S. Mr. Davis will bring and return clothes from and to the city. Orders left at the Post Office, Toll Gate or Depot, Neponset, will be immediately attended to.

Quincy, May 2.

East Thomaston Lime.

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf. Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.

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SYLVANUS ROWE.
Quincy, May 2.

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Also—Women's Misses and Children's Kid and Leather BUSKINS and LOW TIES;
HALF GAITERS, Light and Black;
Bronze Kid BUSKINS, etc., etc.
To which he would invite the attention of his friends and the public generally.
A part of the above stock I have manufactured expressly for retailing, and will do good service.
CAPS.
Another lot of those NAVY and HOOP TOP CAPS just received, at a discount from former prices.
Boot and Shoe Findings,
On hand at all times, to accommodate any who may be in want of them.
REPAIRING.
If your Shoes or Boots have become thin and want repairing, I can, and will, do them up in first rate style with despatch.
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JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector.
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WILL be sold at public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th of May instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to James Edwards of Quincy, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of two dollars and sixty-two cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection.
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector.
Quincy, May 2, 1846.

Probate Notice.
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, April 25, A.D. 1846.
THE Administrator of the estate of AMOS RAY-
MOND, late of Weymouth, in said County, woman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and also an account in his private capacity for allowance—
Ordered—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the SIX-
TEENTH day of May, A.D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.
S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
may 2. 3w

Assessor's Notice.
THE Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy are hereby notified to bring in to the subscribers, Assessors of said Town, on or before the 18th instant, true lists of their Polls and of all their Estates, both real and personal, (not exempted from taxation) of which they were possessed on the first of May instant, and all NON-RESIDENT proprietors of Estates lying in Quincy, are requested to bring in as above directed.
N. B. It is desired by the Assessors that all persons, and particularly those who have made changes in their Estates the past year, should bring in true lists of their estates, otherwise they will have no legal right to an abatement on their Taxes.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Assessors
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Quincy.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

Washing and Ironing.
THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, would inform his friends and the public, that his wife continues to do WASHING AND IRONING in the same manner, at his residence near the Neponset Bridge, Quincy.
P. S. Mr. Davis will bring and return clothes from and to the city. Orders left at the Post Office, Toll Gate or Depot, Neponset, will be immediately attended to.
JOHN DAVIS.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

East Thomaston Lime.
OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf.
Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.
M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, April 25.

Arrival of Spring Goods.
RUSSELL & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets,
Rear of Stone Temple, Quincy.
HAVE received a Rare and Splendid Assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN,
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,
—ALL NEW STYLES AND PATTERNS—
which they will make up into Garments to suit purchasers at such prices as cannot fail to procure a return of patronage.
All of these goods having been bought the present season for cash, at the first market after importation, the public may rest assured that we can and will sell so as to defy competition.
Mr. JOHN RUSSELL,
who superintends the Cutting and Making up of Garments, having had upwards of ten years PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE OF CUTTING, at the first Schools of Europe and America, gives him a decided advantage over any Tailor in this vicinity in producing any style of Garment that the world of fashion can suggest. His system of Cutting being different from any used by country tailors, enables him to give an easy and graceful setting garment to the most imperfect form. Those who have tested his ability can bear witness to the fact. From those unacquainted a trial is all that is necessary.
N. B. Where the cloth is furnished by the customer the trimming and making will be done equally as well as though purchased at the establishment.
A few genteel READY MADE GARMENTS kept constantly on hand.
Quincy, Apr. 11.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.
HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of
MEDECINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.
LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES.
Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.
Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, etc.
Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Hammer's COLIC CANDY.
Howard's Canker Syrup;
Ellis' Volturner Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;
Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTH ACHE DROPS;
Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.
The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.
Quincy, Oct. 18.

Fancy Goods, etc.
EVERY STYLE OF STRAW, FLORENCE AND GIPSEY COTTAGE
BONNETS AND HATS,
WITH A GREAT VARIETY OF
FANCY BONNETS,
Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, &c.
S. S. MARSH would inform his friends and the public in general, that she will now offer for sale
A complete assortment of Bonnets,
Cheap, of every Style, Size and Quality.
CAPS, COLLARS, CAPES, LACES, EDGINGS,
MUSLINS, CRAPES, with a general assortment of
Millinery Articles,
and other articles which she has usually kept.
Fancy Silk Bonnets,
MADE TO ORDER.
Mourning Bonnets and Grave Clothes,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
N. B. STRAW BONNETS,
Cleaned and Pressed
in the best manner, as usual.
Quincy, April 25.

Books for the Season.
A PRACTICAL TREATISE on the cultivation of the Grape Vine on the open walls; to which is added a descriptive account of an improved method of planting and managing the roots of Grape Vines.
By Clement Hoare.
The New American Orchardist, or an account of the most valuable and profitable mode of cultivation of the United States, with the mode of culture.
The New American Gardener, containing practical directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, etc.
The Complete Farmer and Rural Economist, containing a comprehensive epitome of the most important branches of Agriculture and Rural Economy.
For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Apr. 25.

House Lot for Sale,
SITUATED near the centre of Quincy, on Summer Street, a few yards from the old road leading from Quincy to Braintree, opposite the Mansion House of the late George Apthorp, Esq. For particulars, inquire at the Office of FRANCIS TUCKER, Esq., No. 18, Tudor's Buildings, Court Street.
Boston, April 25. 3w

Collector's Sale.
WILL be sold at public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th of May instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to John Nightingale of Dorchester, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of one dollar and sixty-eight cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection.
JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector of Taxes in Quincy for 1845.
Quincy, April 25, 1846. 3w

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of
JOSEPH F. BROWN,
late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Blacksmith, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to
SAMUEL BROWN, Adm'r.
Milton, April 25. 3w

Conant's Patent Yeast.
FRESH supply of this most excellent Yeast, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4. 3w

New Boot and Shoe Store.
THE undersigned, having associated themselves in business under the firm of
UNDERWOOD & FOSTER,
would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have applied a new BOOT and SHOE STORE, at the corner of Hancock and Temple Streets, (late Cross Buildings) where they intend to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's
BOOTS & SHOES,
PEGGED AND SEWED
Also—a general and FASHIONABLE assortment of Ladies'
SHOES AND GAITERS,
of the latest fashions, suited to the times.
Boot and Shoe Findings
constantly on hand.
Our Goods are NEW, of the BEST QUALITY and LATEST STYLES, and purchased for CASH, therefore customers may rely that not only Bargains may be obtained, but the fashion and quality cannot but meet their desires.
Boots and Shoes MADE TO ORDER, and with despatch. Attention also given to REPAIRING.
The subscribers have commenced with a desire to keep the usual articles in their business and to get a livelihood, and by strict attention to their avocation and an earnest desire to accommodate purchasers, they respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of their fellow townsmen and the public in general.
Call and see us.
WILLIAM S. UNDERWOOD,
RUFUS FOSTER.
Quincy, April 18.

Old Stand Reopened.
THE subscriber having taken the Store formerly occupied by Wyman Abercrombie, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has received a good assortment of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Crockery Ware,
Ready Made Clothing, &c.,
Which he will sell at a small advance from cost.
GEORGE SAVIL.
N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the Town free of expense.
Quincy, April 18.

Dress Making.
MISS H. N. ROWELL would inform the Ladies of Quincy that she will go out or take in Dress-making.
RESIDENCE—Mr. Joshua Fisher's, near the Episcopal Church. 4w
Quincy, April 18.

DR. FERNANDS' Vegetable Indian Arcanum,
FOR THE CURE OF
Consumption and Liver Complaint, Inflammation of the Lungs and Spitting of Blood, Scrophula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Gout, Obsolete Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Female Weakness, Jaundice, Piles, Impudence in Life, Enlargement and Pain in the Bones, and Disorders arising from a disordered state of the system. The completion is greatly improved by this medicine.
THIS is a preparation which Dr. Fernand, who is an Indian of the Cherokee nation, has used with great success in the above complaints, practising as he has for many years as an Indian doctor among several tribes. Dr. Fernand, who prepares this medicine, does not contend that it will cure all the diseases which the human system is liable to experience, but feels safe in assuring the public, that he has never failed, in any of the complaints above mentioned, of effecting a speedy and effectual cure. This medicine is entirely of a vegetable nature, being a compound of roots and herbs collected by Dr. Fernand himself; consequently it is a preparation which may be taken by those of the most delicate constitutions, or even a small child, without the least fear as to its results upon the system. One bottle will convince the incredulous invalid that no more has been said in its favor than its virtues fully warrant. Many respectable physicians have used, and even prescribed, this valuable medicine.
To prevent imposition, each bill of directions accompanying the medicine will be signed by J. K. Fernand, and in his own handwriting, and also by his only authorized Agent for the New England States.
J. K. FERNANDS, Indian Physician
JOS. J. CLARK, Agent for New England States.
CERTIFICATES.
From W. Abercrombie of Quincy, Merchant Trader.
To Mr. Joseph J. Clark, Agent of Dr. Fernand's Medicine:
SIR—I have been afflicted at different times, for more than four years, with Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs, and Discharge of the Liver, causing general debility in my system, and evidently fast en-
tailing upon me the worst of all human diseases to which mortals are heir to—Consumption. I have in vain tried many medicines which were recommended, but from all of them I obtained not the least relief. About eighteen months ago, I was induced to try Dr. Fernand's Vegetable Indian Arcanum, by the use of which medicine I have been restored to good health, and have not raised any blood since the use of the first bottle of this excellent preparation.
WYMAN ABERCROMBIE.
Quincy, April 30, 1843.

From Urahim Bartlett, Cashier of the Quincy Stone Bank.
To Mr. Joseph J. Clark:
DEAR SIR—I am gratified to learn that you are about to establish a place for the sale of Dr. Fernand's Vegetable Indian Arcanum.
I do most cheerfully certify that I am well acquainted with Mr. Wyman Abercrombie, and believe that his general health as he has stated, has been on the decline—that he has had frequent turns of raising blood, to such a degree as to cause his friends to be greatly alarmed. For the last year and a half he has been in a state of prostration, and his health has been restored, and I have from his own lips that he attributes his recovery, entirely to the use of Dr. Fernand's Medicine.
I feel it my duty to say a word or two in favor of this valuable medicine. I have for more than twenty years been afflicted with a complaint which at times is very distressing, great flatulency, with a cold heaviness and tightness of the chest, extreme headache, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, etc.
I am free to say, that since I have used this preparation which has cured my friend, I feel greatly relieved, and have strong hopes, after following the directions, of being restored to health. I think very highly of the medicine, and am confident, that it will prove efficacious in the cure of many diseases, if once resorted to.
Yours, truly,
URAHIM BARTLETT.
Quincy, May 2d, 1843.
Price, \$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.00.
Only Office in Boston, No. 51 1-2 Hanover Street (up stairs.) People in other cities and in country towns may obtain the Medicine by sending for it through conductors of railroad cars, drivers of stages, or in such other way as may be most convenient to them.
Boston, May 20. 3w

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Call at the CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUILL HALL.
GEORGE W. ALMY
WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fit, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.
Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing,
our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good and full an assortment as can be found. All garments have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be satisfactory.
To Dealers
Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and got up
With some regard to fit and style,
which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.
As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections,
AT STORE,
No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St., NORTH SIDE OF FANEUILL HALL, BOSTON.
Mar. 28. [NEXT DOOR TO Faxon's.] 3w

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscribers having this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of
ABERCROMBIE & BENT,
would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glass Ware.
Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity.
N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense.
WYMAN ABERCROMBIE,
EBENEZER BENT, Jr.
Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1846.

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of
CALEB GILL & Co.
CALEB GILL, Jr.
Quincy, March 2, 1846.

Grain Store—Old Stand.
HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Coddington and Washington Street,
CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, &c,
which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.
Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with
Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 3w

Grass Seed.
JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of HERD'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER SEED.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 3w

New Prints.
JUST received, a prime assortment of rich Prints, very low, by
JOSHIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28. 3w

Commentaries.
DR. ADAM CLARK'S Commentary on the New Testament; Livermore's Commentary on the Gospels and Acts; Commentary on the Gospels by Lucius R. Paige; Barnes Notes on the New Testament; Barnes' Notes on Job; Abbott's Notes on New Testament; Ripley's Notes on Gospels and Acts.
For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 11.

New Shawls and Scarfs.
JOSHIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a fine assortment of
CASHMERE, NETTED & BARAGE SHAWLS; SILK AND BARAGE SCARFS,
very rich and beautiful.
FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, and a great many other pretty things for the season, which will be sold as cheap as can be purchased in the city.
Quincy, April 11.

To Let,
THE SHOP on Hancock Street, recently occupied by Plumbers & Whiteing.
For further information apply to
Dea. JONATHAN NEWCOMB.
Quincy, April 25. 3w

Prime Eastern Hay.
50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of
ALBION DEARBORN.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 3w

G. Ware Gay, M. D.,
RESIDENCE—HANCOCK STREET,
Opposite Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's. Store
Quincy, August 10. 3w

Mouslin de Laines,
GOOD ASSORTMENT, for sale by
JOSHIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28. 3w

Bacon, Pork and Lard.
FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.
Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.
These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 3w

To Let,
THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.
Possession given the first of April.
For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Quincy.
Quincy, March 7. 3w

Quincy Market House.
THE subscriber continues business at the room occupied by the late firm, in Southern's new Building, corner of Washington and Coddington Streets, and at his
MARKET-HOUSE.
will keep an excellent and constant supply of
PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES, FRUIT, &c.
An abundant and choice selection of all articles in his line may be found at the "Quincy Market-House," and the best market efforts can be had at all proper hours of the day for evening.
Duly appreciating past favors, the subscriber respectfully solicits a proportionate share in future of public patronage.
RICHARD S. S. HAYDEN.
Quincy, April 4. 3w

Rich Corded Cashmeres,
OF new and beautiful styles, just received and for sale by
JOSHIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28. 3w

To be sold at private Sale.
SEVERAL very likely young COWS, from four to seven years old,—will calve in about three weeks. Also—One that has calved and gives milk. Also—One yoke of five years old working Oxen, full of flesh, and large.
ENQUIRE OF
MINOTT THAYER.
Braintree, March 14. 3w

Boots and Shoes.
138 Hanover Street, Boston. 138
GEORGE A. VEAZIE,
WOULD invite his friends and the Quincy public who may visit the city, to examine his stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it for their mutual advantage.
Ladies' Gaiter Boots,
Black Bronze light and Bronze Green, which are cut by Kimball's improved patterns and therefore cannot help but fit.
Children and Misses Gaiter Boots and Shoes, of every description, style and color, and a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES of Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's, for common wear, which will be sold very low for cash, as all goods at this establishment are bought for cash, which consequently allows me to sell much lower than all others who buy on time.
By the Package or Dozen.
Dealers who buy to sell again, will find it for their interest to call, as I will sell at a very small advance.
GEORGE A. VEAZIE.
138 Hanover Street.
Boston, April 11. 3w

\$500 Reward.
WHEREAS, some evil and vicious person or persons set fire to the Barn of George T. Bigelow, Esq., on the night of the 6th of April, 1846, by which the same was burnt, with its contents, the above Reward will be paid to any person who shall give such information that the person or persons who set said fire shall be convicted of the offence.
DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } of Quincy.
Quincy, April 11. 3w

Paper Hanging,
DONE in a neat and durable style, by
SETH ADAMS.
Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., or at his residence near the Stone Temple Quincy, April 20. 3w

Hair Oils, etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are
Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils (Sands' pure); Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules-Hanel's Lustral; Dettler's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprion Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philicome; Pomatums; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gouard's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, etc., etc.
Quincy, Feb. 7. 3w

Planing and Sawing.
THE subscriber has resumed this business and is now prepared, at his shop adjoining F. Williams' Tannery, to execute with despatch all orders, and at the lowest prices. His terms are now two dollars per thousand for planing.
INCH BANISTERS, for stairs, constantly on hand, and prompt attention given to all calls in this branch of business.
A team will be in readiness to take lumber, etc., to and from the Mill, and will attend to Jobbing generally about town.
HENRY G. PRATT.
Quincy, April 11. 3w

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.
JOSHIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have recently received large additions to their former stock, making a general assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.
Quincy, March 16. 3w

Paper Hangings.
JOSHIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of
PAPER HANGINGS,
which will be sold as low as Boston prices.
Quincy, April 19. 3w

Notice to Trespassers.
ALL persons are forbid travelling over the land in the rear of the Burying Ground, late the property of Dea. Samuel Savel, as they will hereafter be prosecuted for trespass.
JOHN SAVIL, } Executors
JOSHIAH SAVIL, }
Quincy, March 21. 3w

To Let,
THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store on Washington Street.
Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business.
Inquire on the premises of
G. W. KENISON.
Quincy, Feb. 21. 3w

Dr. L. Goodnow,
(From Boston.)
THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN
AND
SURGEON,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.
Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.
He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale.
Quincy, March 7. 3w

Quincy & Boston Stage.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THE subscriber, in support of the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stage will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).
On its return, will leave Elm Street (Donliffe's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.
Quincy, Jan. 1. 3w

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools,
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier Machie Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston.
Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.
BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6. 3w

House for Sale or to Let.
THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other out buildings, and seven acres of Land, on Hancock Street, the property of late Mr. John Pray.
For terms and other particulars inquire near the premises, of
L. G. HORTON.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

To Let,
A TENEMENT for a small family a short distance from the Episcopal Church. Immediate possession given. Inquire of
THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, Jr.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

To Let,
THE lower part of the House belonging to Jacob Cook, with the garden and a piece of ground sufficient to pasture a Cow by tying her with a rope. Also the Barn. Rent sixty-five dollars per year.
The House is located at Gorton Point.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

House to Let,
A HOUSE pleasantly situated in Quincy, a few rods from the Old Colony Rail Road Depot, possession given immediately. Inquire at this Office or at the Hancock House of Mr. GEORGE H. FRENCH.
Quincy, April 4. 3w

To Let,
A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alley, situated on Coddington Street in Quincy. The House is suitable for two families; a good Garden is attached to the premises. The whole estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are in good repair.
For further information inquire of
ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston, or of JOSEPH FRIZZ, on the premises.
Quincy, March 21. 3w

To Let,
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next.
For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of
THOMAS ADAMS.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 3w

To Let.
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street, in Quincy. Enquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of
DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7. 3w

Eates' Air Tight Cook Stove DEPOT,
42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON.
THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his vast assortment of
COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP STOVES.
Special attention is solicited to his assortment of
AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES,
viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wagon's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.
Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.
KITCHEN FURNITURE
in all its branches.
All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.
REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,
42 & 44 Congress near Water Street.
L. STETSON BATES.
Boston, Dec. 13. 3w

Lime !!!
JUST received and now for sale, part of a cargo of superior Thomaston Lime, which will be sold cheap at Quincy Point opposite the Toll Bridge.
EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy Point, April 4. 3w

Seed Barley,
JUST received and for sale
HENRY SOUTHER.
Quincy, April 11. 6w

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.
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Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.
The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSEPH BARBOCK, JR. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE. Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON. Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELLY. Brighton.
SAMUEL A. TURNER. South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE. Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT. New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the last season, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Dunstable) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Store of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co., and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET, Proprietor.
Quincy, Jan. 1.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Trimmings, Materials, Tools.

RICH MANTEL CLOCKS.
Plated, Branded, gilt and paper Machine Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewellery, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston.

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Peaches, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Pines, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6.

House for Sale or to Let.
THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other out-buildings, and seven acres of Land on Hancock Street, the property of late Mr. John Fry.

For terms and other particulars inquire near the premises, of L. G. HORTON.

Quincy, May 2.

To Let.
A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alley, situated on Codding Street in Quincy.

The House is suitable for two families; a good Garden is attached to the premises. The estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are in good repair.

For further information inquire of ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston, or of JOSEPH FRY, on the premises.

Quincy, March 21.

To Let.
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next.

For further information, enquire of GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of THOMAS ADAMS.

Quincy, Feb. 28.

To Let.
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street. Enquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.

Quincy, March 7.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

SPRING.

It was a mild and lovely morning,
When earth threw off her winter dress,
And glorious nature look'd so smiling
At her new form of loveliness.

'Twas then his whitened robe was changed
For some far more becoming green;
'Twas changed from winter's frowning snows,
To spring's bright coat of living green.

The leafless trees no more were seen,
To make all nature look so sad,
But buds and blossoms now had come,
To change the landscape far more glad.

The birds put forth their charming lay,
And joyous chirped their notes so sweet,
Which by their accents seemed to say,
Hail! happy Spring! thy face we greet.

The sun, that glorious orb of day,
More splendid seemed to rise,
And spread his bright and burning ray
Throughout the earth and skies.

And with his dazzling brilliancy,
Proclaimed to all the earth,
The mild and lovely morning,
That gave to spring its birth.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE SUBLIME RIDICULOUS.

Shall I tell thee, beautiful maiden,
How I love thee? ah, how true,
How my heart with grief is laden
When it doubts of winning you?

When I view thy graceful motion—
When I look in those dear eyes,
Like the coming waves of ocean,
In my heart the pulses rise.

When I held thee to my bosom,
Now, say, I, she's mine, by gums!
Sweeter than a young opium,
'Een a most as sweet as plums.

Could I tell thee all my passion—
Could my tongue my heart portray,
You'd perceive I like the fashion,
Counting on the new moon bay.

On this earth there's nothing like her—
Nothing ever half so dear—
Faith, I've half a mind to strike her—
Thunder! how she whack'd my ear.

WEYMOUTH.

THE GRAVE OF FRANKLIN.
No chiselled urn is raised to thee,
No sculptured scroll unravels thy page,
To tell the curious onrider
Where rests the patriot and the sage.

For in the city of the dead,
A corner holds thy sacred clay;
And pilgrim feet, by reverence led,
Have worn a path that marks the way.

There, round thy lone and simple grave,
Encroaching on its marble gray,
Wild plantain weeds and tall grass wave,
And sunbeams pour their shadowy ray.

Level with earth thy lettered stone—
And hidden off by winter's snow—
Its modest record tells alone
Whose dust it is that sleeps below.

That name's enough—that honored name
No aid from eulogy requires—
'Tis blended with thy country's fame;
And flashes round her lightning spires.

ANECDOTES.

"Cato, does you know dem Johnsing, up dar in Congo Place, us got to be berry 'spectable folks?"

"Wal Scipio, I tought day was 'gettin' along berry well; but I doesn't know how 'spectable day is."

"How 'spectable does you tink, Cato?"

"Wal, guess 'bout tree thousand dollars."

"Is um 'spectable dan dat?"

"Wal, how 'spectable is dey?"

"Wal, five thousand dollars, an a house an lot besides."

"Whew! Good bye, Cato, I must give 'em a call."

An old back relates, that when a young man he occupied a chamber separated from that of a married couple by a thin partition. One cold night he heard the rough voice of the husband grumble out—

"Take away your hoofs."

To which the wife replied in a querulous tone, "Ah! you did not speak so when we were first married—then you used to say to me, 'take away your little hoofs, footy tooty.'"

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 13th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Voted—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Voted—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Voted—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
JOHN A. GREEN, CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

Dr. Wood's

SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of Constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. SARSAPARILLA takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact which has rendered it so universally popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the Wild Cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing HEALTH and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of dyspepsia, arising from Indigestion or Nervous irritation, they have been used with the most successful results, they are less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same time, it must be stated, that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing what they do the desired end by a steady, regular and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.
Salem, Sept. 4, 1844.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the best medical aid, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS,
North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time, she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly cured by the use of your medicine.

At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of five bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr. White, is by no means singular or one. The hundreds who have been cured from the most acute and long continued disease, by the use of this excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for its healthful and powerful effects. It has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure, and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

Manufactured and sold by E. THORNTON, JR., Chemist and Druggist, 10 N. Water street, New Bedford, where all orders must be directed.

For sale in Quincy by CLAPP & RICHARDS, and in all the principal towns and villages in New England.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1.

The Quincy Bookstore.

HAVING received alterations and improvements, intended not only to add to its convenience, but also to conduce to the convenience and gratification of its visitors and patrons, and its STOCK OF GOODS having been enlarged by recent purchases, to which your attention is now respectfully invited.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

All the varieties used in the Primary, Grammar and Private Schools, and all orders received personally, by stage, mail, or any other way, will be promptly supplied.

BLANK BOOKS.

The various kinds of Mercantile Blank Books, together with Record Books, Scrap Books, etc., can be seen in different bindings, made of the best paper, and WARRANTED. Should any book be ordered which may not be on hand, the facilities at the control of the proprietor, will enable him to furnish such, ruled to any pattern and in any style of binding.

JUVENILE.

In this department the most perfect satisfaction will be given. Besides a very large assortment, additions are constantly made of new works, which, with a great variety of Toy Books, Alphabet Cards and Blocks, Porcelain and Transparent States, etc., presents as good an opportunity for selection as can be found.

Miscellaneous.

Religious, Scientific, Literary and Agricultural Works, if not in the Store, will be procured at the shortest notice and at the lowest prices.

Bibles and Testaments.

Beautiful Quarto and Pocket Bibles, in rich and elegant bindings. Bibles in plain, cheap bindings, and a great variety of Testaments for Schools. Attention is particularly requested to this collection. They have been bought at the lowest prices, and will be sold at a small advance.

STATIONERY.

American, English and French Letter, Drawing and Note Papers, plain and colored, of every quality and price. Foolscap and Pot Paper. Steel Pens from the best manufacturers. Quills, Drawing Pencils and Colored Pencils. Slate Pencils, Water, Sealing Wax, Sand, Sand Boxes. Bonnet Board, Inkstands, plain and screw-top for Desks, Visiting Cards, Bristol Boards, Gold, Tissue and Cartridge Paper, India Ink, India Rubber, Drawing Books, Motto Books and Stamps. Indelible Ink, Letter and Note Envelopes, Letter Folders, with other articles which cannot be enumerated, will be sold at wholesale or retail at city prices. A good assortment of warranted SILVER PENCIL CASES.

INK.

Maynard & Noyes', Hogan & Thompson's, Hovey's, Currier & Hall's, David's and Baker's Black Ink, various sizes. Stephens' Blue Ink. No ink will be offered for sale but such as is known to be of good quality, and all will be sold by the quantity, or at retail, at the lowest market prices.

Walkden's British Ink Powder, celebrated for making a perfect Black Ink. Maynard & Noyes' and other Ink Powder.

SLATES.

Manufactured at the Warren Slate Works; well made and of standard frames, and the slate of superior quality. Traders who deal in Slates can be supplied at low rates.

Brushes and Combs.

Superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth and other Brushes, a good assortment. Fine Ivory Combs, Dressing and Pocket Combs, etc.

POCKET BOOKS.

A great variety of Gentlemen's fine Calf Wallets and Pocket Books, and of Ladies' and Children's Pocket Books, Card Cases, etc.

FINE CUTLERY.

Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Dividers for Drawing, etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Cologne and Lender, Water, Perfumery, Macassar and Sanguine Oil, Ox Marrow, Tooth Powder, Soap, Shaving Cream, Court Plaster, Cigar Cases, Watch Guards, Toys, with a general assortment of articles usually found in such a Store.

The proprietors of this establishment improve this opportunity to present their acknowledgments to all whose liberality has contributed to its support, and solicits its continuance.

CALEB GILL & CO., PROPRIETORS OF THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Hancock Street, Quincy.
Nov. 8.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice to the citizens of Quincy, that he has opened a Store near the head of Franklin Avenue, where he intends to keep an abundant and constant supply of all kinds of

PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

—ALSO—
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

By careful attention to his business, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

ELIJAH HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 15.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Men's, Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.

JAMES EDWARDS.
Quincy, May 13.

C. P. Hinds, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

No. 46 Court Street, Boston.
May 11.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD, AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

—ALSO—
BRICKS, LIME AND SAND, OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy, Point Aug. 23.



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes a voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are doctored for months for some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Prince Street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reputed to be an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Worm Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Haverth, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Attee, Pol., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the soonest of any known remedy.

Headache, Sea-sickness and palpitation, relieved in from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or traveling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the horrors and looseness of spirits. Mr. Knauth of the Sunday Mercury, has repeatedly cured himself of severe headache by them. Captain Chadwick, of the packet ship Wellington, has witnessed their efficacy in the case of sea-sickness. They operate like a charm upon the agitated or shattered nerves, as Sherman's Plaster does upon the Rheumatism, lumbago, pains in the side, back, breast, or any part of the body. Mr. H. G. Duggers, 30 Ann Street, Henry R. Gooding, 35-38 Chatham Street, Moses J. Henriques, Esq., and a multitude of others have experienced the wonderful effects of these Plasters. Price only 12 1/2 cents. Caution is necessary to see that they get the genuine Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles attempted to be palmed off in place of them, by those who would trifle with your life for a shilling.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau Street, New York. Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State Street, Boston; J. Babcock and M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash and N. N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, near of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

Hats and Caps.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys' Cloth Caps, which will be sold at low prices as can be bought in the City.

Quincy, May 25.

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be found at

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & CO., Quincy, Sept. 20.

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & Co., ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLLEN GOODS, which, together with their former Stock, enables them to offer to the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

a very extensive assortment of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, TWEEDS, GAMEROONS, &c. of the most desirable and fashionable colors and styles.

SILK VELVET, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, all which will be sold at the lowest possible prices in order to make any garment for gentlemen's or boys' wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston ready made.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau Street, New York. Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State Street, Boston; J. Babcock and M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash and N. N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, near of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB, WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMEROONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Monsin de Lains, Printed Lawns, Lawns at Muns; White, Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's., Stockings, etc. He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Hats and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.

Quincy Point, July 1.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins, South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the interests of his patrons, he trusts he will be able to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER.
Quincy, Nov. 11.

Matresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & Co., Quincy, March 29.

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7.50 to \$8 per thousand, at the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for cash.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 20.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELLY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
The subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the last year, and desiring to continue the service, has the honor to announce that he will continue the service, and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted.)

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doyle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Store of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co., and Frederick Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,

IMPORTER, Wholesale and

Retail dealer in Fine Watches,

Watch Trimmings, Materials,

Tools,

RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,

Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier

Machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware,

Bank, Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks.

Watches repaired by experienced and faithful

workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washing-

ton Street, Boston. if Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.

A CHOICE variety of new and select

Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears,

Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for

sale by the subscriber at his nursery in

Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.

Braintree, April 6.

House for Sale or to Let.

THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other

out-buildings, and seven acres of

Land, on Hancock Street, the property of

For terms and other particulars inquire near the

premises, of

Quincy, May 2

To Let.

THE lower part of the House belonging

to Jacob Cook, with the garden and

a piece of ground sufficient to pasture a

cow by tying her with a rope. Also the Barn.

Rent sixty-five dollars per year.

The House is located at Germantown Point.

Quincy, May 2

House to Let.

A HOUSE pleasantly situated in Quincy

City, a few rods from the Old Colony

Rail Road Depot, possession given imme-

diately. Inquire at this Office or at the

Hancock House of Mr. GEORGE H. FRENCH.

Quincy, April 4.

To Let.

A VERY convenient Dwelling-house,

Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alleys,

situated on Coddington Street in Quincy.

The House is suitable for two families; a

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estate will be leased together, or either part separate-

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ling alleys are in good repair.

For further information inquire of

ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston,

or of JOSEPH FRYE, on the premises.

Quincy, March 21.

To Let.

ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, sit-

uated on Newport Turnpike. Pos-

session given the first day of April next.

For further information, enquire of

GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of

THOMAS ADAMS.

Quincy, Feb. 28.

To Let.

A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of

Land, situated on Adams Street.

Enquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the

premises, or of

DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.

Quincy, March 7.

MISCELLANY.

TROUBLES OF COURTSHIP.

Beloved reader: doubtless the fascination of this titular will move you to pass over these prefatory remarks, to that paragraph which forms the commencement of this story, as this true legend is indited only for ladies, and I know it to be a rule with them to pass over the outward man, to the treasures contained within; even as they leave the paste to cooks and kitchen girls, but mix the ingredients of the mince themselves. Beloved readers, or more properly speaking, beloved ladies, to show that I understand human nature, and to save you, dear souls, the trouble, I commenced the story at the beginning. Wherefore, all readers who are looking below, with female inquisitiveness, for the story of the catastrophe, had better save their time and commence where I did.

Sally Loveone lived with a family in the interior of the Thanksgiving State, where she was instructed in the mysteries of spinning and weaving, and the fabrication of pumpkin pies out of yellow potatoes; and in these desirable qualifications Sally was well initiated before the commencement of this story. Sally was a good girl, that is, she could lift a huge back log, and mend her own stockings; but she had two of the failings so universal to your sex, and against the indulgence of which I intend at some future time to advise you.

Sally never saw a riding whip so long as her tongue, and a riding whip never did so much execution among unruly children, as did this same ominous weapon. But in addition to her love of argument, Sally would—the sex are all alike, as has been proved upon my own person—Sally would fall in love; and, my faith, when she set about it, rock never sank deeper in water than Sally did in love, and said rock never made more splashing than did Sally's perpetual motion. I never heard her talk but once, and by the blessing of a good pair of heels, I will never again. A muton chop which was broiling at the time was absolutely covered with huge drops of perspiration and the butter she had put upon it positively stopped melting in astonishment. For myself, I was skulking away, but the wench laid both hands to my queue and held me fast till I fainted. How I got out of the house with unbroken bones, is a mystery to me, but when I recovered my senses, Sally was singing as if nothing had happened.

I have never passed by that house since, although I am aware that Sally has been married and has gone to live in the western country; yet I cannot master my fears sufficiently to enter that kitchen. But to my story, which came from Sally's mistress. Happy woman! she was hard of hearing.

Sally Loveone tumbled into a puddle of passion, merely through obstinacy; and although she made many woful struggles, and threw about her limbs like a drowning person she was only up to her ankles, and might have walked out with the smallest exertion, if she had been inclined. But alas! she was not inclined, for she had stolen apples in her youth and knew full well that four grapes were better than sweet ones, if she but helped herself instead of being helped. The plain truth is, her mistress wished to cook up a match between Sally, her cook, and her own son; but Sally was all brimstone, and the modest youth blushed like an alder berry, at the very thought. His love warmed his heart as a willow switch did his back, in days erst; but although a bold youth, and a corporal, he dared not attack the citadel of Sally's affection without the aid of his notable mother.

One day when dinner was belated, and the old lady was singing one end of a goose, while Sally picked the pin feathers from the other, the matron broached the subject. She did it as she would have broached a barrel of cider, taking a little at first to see if it was ripe, and mending her draught if the taste was agreeable.

'Sally,' said the lady as she cut off one of the fowl's legs, 'you are a good girl, and—'

'Yes! I know I am. You have searched the whole town over, and never came across a girl that could do half the work I can in a day. I swept—'

'Yes, Sally, you are—'

'I swept all the chambers, except that where your lazy son sleeps, who wasn't up before you had done breakfast this morning; I dusted all the chairs and the paper in the east room, darned a little patch on your husband's old great coat—'

'Well, Sally, my son—'

'And he promised me Jean enough for a pair of stays, if I'd work so well another morning. I cleaned up the cellar, put all the potatoes into one bin, and lifted both barrels of cider on to the old horse, after trying to get that lazy son of yours!'

'You should like to speak of that son. Elnathan—'

'He's a plaguy dunce; he tried to kiss me to-day, but I guess he got a mouthful of dishcloth, and a little dirty water—'

'Will you let me speak?' asked the mother, who had barely opened her mouth. 'Elnathan is—'

'He's a corporal, and mighty smart with that queer cockade, but I'll let him know that if I'm hired—'

'Why, Sally,' said the old lady, stamping her foot, and at the same time catching up the goose's leg, as to hurl it at her maid, 'Why Sally—'

'I'm sure you talk all the time,' said Sally, brandishing the whole goose, which she seized by the neck, as if she would baste her mistress; 'I'm sure nobody that has any spirit would stay here as long as I have. I never opened my mouth without being snubbed—'

'Mercy on us!' ejaculated the old lady, turning on her heel, leaving the field to the victorious damsel.

Sally proceeded forthwith to distend the defunct fowl with stuffing, and to arrange it for the roasting. But while in this peaceful employment, she cooled down her wrath.

'I do as well as I can, and the old lady is always scolding. I get along well enough with her 'pa,' as she calls him, but she's always preaching about my long tongue. I'll let her know that when I'm gone off, and married to my John, she won't get another girl to put up with all her whims, that's—what she won't. And so she roasted the goose.

Poor Sally, she was a smart girl, and would have made a capital wife—for a deaf man; but any other must have been up to his arm pits in love to have taken her, 'with all her imperfections in her heart.' She soon found out what her dame wished to say, and as she heartily despised corporal Elnathan, she set about counteracting any predilection she might have for his family. She could conceive of no method so efficient as bringing a rival into the field, and therefore baited her hook for the village blacksmith. He long sighed like his own belov-
ed, for the love of Sally, but it was given out that Sally and the corporal were to be one flesh, and he had not courage to face all these difficulties. At the first nod of encouragement, however, he flew like a spark from his own anvil to her feet. From that time Elnathan's chance was small, and he knew it. But he thought to tire out the maiden, and work upon her affection, a little at a time, until he finished, and even as he ploughed one furrow after another, until the whole was completed. He little knew the strength of the corporation he was besieging. He might have talked till this time, had he not been in bodily fear of Sally's dishcloth, without producing the least effect. His mother knew better as she thought, and therefore to cut the matter short she prohibited the appearance of the blacksmith within the precincts of her kitchen corner. This was, indeed, a poser, and Sally, who had really some affection for him of the sledge-hammer, deeply felt it. She depended upon her old weapon, but her mistress saw fit to keep out of the kitchen.

meddled with his wife's affairs; she thought away Elnathan's cockade, but the price was deducted from her wages; she lost the dishcloth, and finally went sliphod from very grief but the old lady was not to be moved. It was the first time she had ever found a way to tame the unruly damsel, and she was disposed to punish for some of the old sins. Sally soliloquized, for want of a companion, but although she could convince herself, her mistress would not admit the blacksmith.

I feel great yearning to insert here an essay upon love, but am admonished by the length of this true legend to forbear. I shall, however, before I leave this world, declaim and write upon its marvellous operations on my own person, which hath been ground down like a carving knife by the resistless little god.

The blacksmith and Sally had some secret interviews, and almost concluded to decamp; it was, however, thought best to leave that to the last step, and try talking once again. The old woman was deaf as a door, and Sally came very near accepting Elnathan just for the pleasure of tormenting him, or, as she phrased it, talking to him. But in these moments, when her passions got the better of her love, the shade of the blacksmith came over her heart, even as she was girded with her own checkered apron, tied with tape which he gave her. 'O!' she sighed, when burning coffee one evening, 'I wonder if some folks didn't love courting in their younger days,' and as she sighed again, the big tears rolled down her cheeks, and the water in the tea-kettle boiled over. 'Ah,' sighed the hapless Sally, as she swept up the hearth.

Not long after the last mentioned sigh, while Sally had her arms up to the elbows in the flour and water which she was kneading, corporal Elnathan mustered up courage to advocate his suit in person. He sighed, and Sally knelt more furiously, and as he sighed again she turned in a little more yeast.

'My dear Sally,' said he.

'I don't want none of your dears; I wish you'd keep 'long side of your mother's apron string in the parlor, and let me alone; for I'll grow cross every day I live; too, too, too,' answered Sally, bursting into tears.

'Now don't cry, Sally, and I'll give you back the money mother took for my cockade; what don't you like in me, I should like to know?' said the amiable youth.

'You and your stingy mother may keep the money; I shan't want it when I'm married. I wish you'd keep out of the kitchen. Your mother says the kitchen isn't the place for men, and there was a better one here than every you'll be.'

'But you know mother never could like the blacksmith, he's so big, and makes such a pounding when she has the headache; it troubles her nerves.'

'You'd better talk about her nerves; she hasn't got any nerves, or she wouldn't make me grieve so. But I'll be even with you yet. I'll run away next.'

'Oh, Sally, you wouldn't do such a thing.'

'But I will, though, and we will see then who's who.'

'I'll tell you what, Sally, if you run away, I'll tell mother, and I'll—'

'You'll what? I guess you'd better keep out of the way of somebody's sledge-hammer, if you know what's good. I should like to see you get a good lickin'.'

The corporal pricked up his ears, his courage, and his shirt collar; 'I'd have you to know Miss Sally, that I'm a man.'

'A very little, weak, puny, good-for-nothing one, that can't hardly lift an ox-yoke.'

'I can defend my country, when it's war and I shall see that nobody insults me. As for this fellow, this blacksmith, he's beneath my notice.'

'By gracious, Elnathan, I'll have you hanged for that. If my hands weren't in this bread trough, I'd kill you with my slipper as easy as I would that cockroach on the hearth.'

Elnathan moved to the other side of the hearth, either to avoid the cockroach, of which animal he had a mortal dread, or to be farther from the incensed Sally, whose eyes began to flash, and her tears to dry, as she warmed in the dispute.

'I don't see what you've got against me,' said the desponding youth. 'I might make a better match.'

'Go and make it, then, and keep out of the kitchen. I hate you worse than a rat.'

'I'm a very good-looking man—'

'You're as thin as the old mare that shows every rib, and as weak and cowardly as a chicken.'

'I sing pretty well and I talk very good sense.'

'So did Balaam's ass.'

The youth was silent, for she grew tarter than a cranberry pie. The silence was unbroken for some moments, except by the sound of Elnathan's knife, as he shut it up after cutting a chip into small pieces, and by Sally who added both flour and water to the ingredients of her bread-trough, and worked away with great industry. The corporal began again:

'A-h! will you let me court you?'

'N-o! I won't have any thing to do with you; clear out.' But Elnathan grew valorous, as he saw she had neither hand at liberty, and nothing to throw at him.

'Now—dear Sally—won't you—'

'Begone,' replied Sally, waxing wroth, and looking about as if for her dish-cloth.

'Come, come,' said the youth, soothingly, and walking round behind her, 'let us be friends.'

The kiss, if it ever departed from Elnathan, never reached Sally; for at the mention, and before he could dodge the blow, the maiden seized him by his waistband and his hair, and with the strength of Glumalda, put him, head down wards, into her bread-trough. How he ever got out I don't know, but Sally Loveone and John Horseshoe were married that day four weeks.

MORAL.

It is dangerous for little men to court large women, especially when making bread—a natural deduction from the above detailed facts.

FASHIONABLE EDUCATION.

Punch, a clever London publication, having taken a survey by its own commissioners, of the state of female education in and about the metropolis, reports as follows:

Miss Mary Anne Watkins examined—Is the daughter of a private gentleman. Has several brothers and sisters. Is engaged to be married to a young surgeon, as soon as he can get into practice. Has an idea that she ought to know something about house-keeping; supposes it comes naturally. Can sing and play, draw and embroider. Cannot say that she ever darned a stocking. The price of brown Windsor soap is from one shilling to one and three-pence the packet; cannot tell what yellow comes to; never bought any. Circassian cream is half a crown a pot; does not know the price of pearls. Knows how to furnish a house; would go to the upholsterer's and buy furniture. Cannot say how much she would expect to give for an easy chair, or for a wash-stand, or a set of tea-things; should ask mama, if necessary; never thought of doing so before. Papa paid for the dress she has on; forgot what he paid for it. Has no notion what his butcher's bill amounts to in a year.

Miss Harriet Somers—Papa is a clergyman. Is unable to say whether he is a pluralist or not. He is a curate, and has but one curacy. Expects to be married of course. Would not refuse a young man with three hundred a year. Has no property of her own. Has some skill in needle work; lately worked a brigand in red, blue, green and yellow worsted. Can make several washes for the complexion. Cannot tell how she would set about making an apple dumpling. Leaves should remain in the oven till they are done; the time they should take would depend upon circumstances. If she was married, would expect her husband to be ill sometimes; supposing him to be, and order calves' feet jelly, should send for it to the pastry cook's. It never occurred to her that she could make it herself. If she tried, should buy some calves' feet; what next she should do, cannot say. Has received a fashionable education; knows French and Italian. Likes dancing better than any thing else.

Miss Jane Briggs—Is the daughter of a respectable tradesman—a grocer and tea dealer. Looks forward to a union with somebody in her own station of life. Was for five years at a boarding school in Clepham. Really cannot say what a ledger is; it may be the same as

a day book. Has an album. Has painted flowers in the album, also butterflies. Has never ironed a frill. Knows what a receipt is; it tells you how to dress things. Should suppose that a receipt in full was a receipt that told you all the particulars. Never heard of a balance sheet; it may be a calico sheet for aught she knows. Cannot say whether papa buys or sells at prime cost. Has eaten fowl occasionally. Never dressed one. Does not know how to make stuffing for a duck or a goose.

Miss Elizabeth Atkins—Resides at Hampstead, with her parents. Papa is a solicitor; has offices in Gray's. Will have a little money of her own shortly, when she comes of age. Is not aware whether she is a minor or not. The property was left her by an aunt. Cannot say whether she is a legatee or testatrix. Her property is real property. Is sure of that. It is in funds. Should say it is not personal property, as it was not any thing about her person. Knows what consols are; has read about them in history; they were ancient Romans. Mama keeps house. When she marries, expects to do the same. Is unable to say what the family milk score is a week. Starch is used to stiffen collars; has no notion what it is a pound, what it is made of, or whether it is used with hot water or cold. Druggist is cheaper than a Turkey carpet, but how much cannot say. Her time is principally occupied in fancy work, reading novels, and playing quadrilles and waltzes on the piano.

Out of sixty other young ladies examined, three only knew how to corn beef, six what a sausage was composed of, and four how to make onion sauce. Not one of the whole number could brew. They mostly could tell what the last new song was; but none knew the current price of beef. Every soul of them meant to marry as soon as possible. What is to become of their husbands? Echo answers "what?" and Punch shudders at the idea.

WALKING.

Simple as this appears, few perform it gracefully and well. It has been said of a man's gait as of his hand writing, that it indicates character, and possibly this may be true to a certain extent, but walking and choreography are both so much modified by the pursuits in which the individual is engaged and other conditions, that it would not be safe to draw positive conclusions from either. A tolerably correct idea of the importance of the subject is formed from the walking of the various tribes of man seldom moves slowly with his eyes fixed on the ground, nor with any melancholy Jacques, habitually "locomote" as if afraid of being too late for the steamboat. Proud men seldom stoop while walking, while the J-ws in those countries where suzerainty is the badge of their tribe are noted for their shuffling, humble, undecided gait. The Turks have a very expressive walk; while in the Greek and Italians, like all nations in a state of slavery, tread tenderly on the soil as if conscious they are not its lords. National habits and pursuits give a general character to the gait, and this again is modified in classes and in individuals by the varieties of occupation and of temperament. But there are some classes whose gait has the same peculiarities every where. The disciplined soldier of every country moves erect with measured step, the soldier has the same roll in his walk on all shores; the coxcomb is a cosmopolitan, and the genus may be readily recognized in all the varieties of species which belong to it, by the mincing tread. Even the Indian dandy—and there are dandies among the aborigines—resembles in his walk his perfumed and mustached brother of Broadway. How few men there are, however, perfect in "form" of whom we can say that their "moving is expressive and amiable."

And—alas! that we should have to say it—the ladies are even more amenable to censure in this respect than the men. Would that some of our belles would be persuaded that a stage strut is not dignified, nor a pendulum oscillation below the waist graceful! A calm, effortless, firm, yet elastic walk, like a sweet voice, is an "excellent thing in woman."

And we may here remark that no female can walk well whose frame is enclosed in a vice of laces, jeans and whalebone. It is necessary in order to step with freedom—and remember grace cannot exist with bodily restraint—that the muscles shall have room to work, the body move naturally and in harmony with the motion of the limbs, and the organs of respiration have full play. This cannot be while a tightly drawn ligature encircles the waist in its deadly fold. Give nature a chance, young ladies. She is a better guide than fashion; and a natural walk, believe us, is far more attractive than "the forced gait of a shuffling nag."

CHILDREN IN SCHOOL. In school, small children, after sitting a short time, become restless. Change their positions, and their imperfectly developed muscles will acquire tone, and again support the spinal column erect, without pain. Compelling small children to sit erect, for a long time, is an evil practice, for it is a violation of the muscular law, and too frequently produces the lateral curvature of the spine, and the projecting shoulders.—Cutler's Anatomy.

HOOR OF DEATH. It will afford sweeter happiness, in the hour of death, to have wiped one tear from the cheek of sorrow, than to have ruled an empire—to have conquered million or enslaved the world.

The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and Night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Pomeroy, Milton; E. J. Weymouth, Weymouth; W. A. Tupper, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Glendon, Dorchester. if August 16.

For the Quincy Patriot.

To Mr. Jonas Hallstrom, Jr., of Quincy,
Collector of Taxes.

Sir—I am under lasting obligations to many individuals for their long and disinterested friendship; but I owe the public nothing, having pursued with unremitting toil, for years, the occupation which contributes more to the weal of mankind than all employments and professions under Heaven, and likewise been compelled largely (a hundred fold more than my share) to "cast my bread upon the waters," to supply the wants occasioned by the misfortunes, profligacies and vices of men. Respecting my difficulty with you, in your capacity as collector of taxes, I can conscientiously say (your assertion to the contrary notwithstanding) that I have always treated you with the utmost courteousness, and have from time to time, previous to my paying the tax, given you most positive assurance that I had not the least disposition to withhold it from you, and my dilatoriousness was owing to the tardiness in which the cash entered my coffers, and would as soon as possible wait upon and pay you the tax, and requested you not to adopt harsh measures to obtain it, and finally paid it to the Town Treasurer on Thursday (previous to the day which you advertised my property for sale in the Patriot) in accordance with your request. Now I am credibly informed, that there was at the time, a large amount of tax not paid. Considering this circumstance with those above mentioned, what earthly necessity was there at that time to advertise the property, even if the tax was not then paid, or what motive could you have for so doing?

In conclusion, I will in justice to you state, that on Monday, after the property was advertised, you acknowledged to me your error, and promised to give a full and unqualified exposition of it in the next Patriot. Had you fulfilled your promise the whole subject on my part might have been buried in the grave of oblivion.

Yours with all due respect,

WILLIAM TASKER.

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, May 14th, 1846.

The war with Mexico is now the absorbing subject of conversation and excitement. It cannot be disguised that there is in this city a very strong anti-war party, who carry their antipathies so far, towards the national administration, as to reject at any reverses of the American Arms in Texas or Mexico. It is mournful that those of us who are patriots within the consecrated atmosphere of Lexington and Bunker Hill. As war is now virtually declared, let there be but one feeling in the bosom of every American; a desire to terminate it successfully and gloriously for our country. When our soil is invaded and our citizens slain, no question of right or wrong can be decided between our nation and its enemies. The message of the President to Congress is a document of the highest importance. It is a detailed account of the failure of Mr. Slidell's mission to Mexico, by reason of the revolutions in Mexico. In January last, the new Mexican President Paredes, refusing to receive the credentials of Mr. Slidell, the American forces, that had thus far been kept at Corpus Christi, were ordered to the banks of the Del Norte, the beautiful and majestic river, (nearly two thousand miles long) which form the South Western boundary of Texas, and an exposed frontier. The Mexican forces, eight thousand strong, were stationed under General Ampudia on the opposite side of this river, and the two armies were but a short distance apart. The Mexican General notified General Taylor on the 12th of April to retire from his position and not comply, —the Mexican General notified General Taylor on the 26th of April, that war had commenced. It is well known that several of our brave officers and soldiers have within a few days been killed or taken prisoners, in a dishonorable and deceptive manner, by the Mexicans. Col. Cross, with Lieutenants Wein and Porter, besides thirteen privates have been slain and forty-six Americans captured. The whole south and west are in arms. In Congress, on Monday last, the proposition to authorize the President to employ the land and naval forces of the United States and volunteers to the number of fifty thousand, and appropriating ten millions of dollars for the service finally passed the House 174 to 11. The Senate referred it to a Committee who reported upon it and it passed that body 50 yeas, 2 nays, and 4 declined to vote. Thus you see that the acts of Mexico have created a state of war. The American army once over the banks of the Rio Grand, with thirty thousand soldiers, will not halt until they take up their abode in the city of Mexico. Will England interfere in this contest? Is the question every where asked in our streets; from all appearances there is certainly room for suspicion that her sympathies will lean on the side of Mexico, and join with her in hostilities against us. The war news of the week has evidently produced a panic in our commercial market, and certain stocks have fallen, but this cannot last long for Mexico without doubt will soon sue for peace and the war fever will subside. Yours, q. v.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

QUINCY STATISTICS. It appears by the records of the Assessors of this town, that the number of persons upon whom a poll tax will be assessed the current year is 1284; that the total enrolled on the militia list is 848, and that the number of children between the ages of four and sixteen years amount to 1065. It also appears from the same source that there are 136 children under one year of age.

CONCERT. A musical entertainment was given last Monday evening to a very full house, by several ladies and gentlemen of Braintree. General satisfaction was given by the performances of the evening, and we are unable to particularize with reference to the excellent manner that the several singers sustained their parts. A repetition would secure a crowded house. The door-keeper discharged his duties well deserving of praise.

ACCIDENT. We regret to learn that Mr. O. T. Newcomb of this town, was seriously injured last Monday noon, while attempting to remove a large block of granite by forcing it with powder in the crack, which exploded while he was in the act.

A MARTYR. Rev. Charles T. Torrey died in the prison at Baltimore, (Md.) on the 9th inst. He was imprisoned for enticing and aiding human beings to escape from bondage. It was indeed a righteous work, acceptable in the sight of Heaven.

VIRGINIA. The Richmond Enquirer publishes a complete list of the members elected to the next Legislature, and appends thereto a recapitulation showing the two Houses to be constituted as follows:—Senate, 20 dem. 12 Whigs; House, 72 dem., 60 Whigs; total, 92 dem., 72 Whigs.

VEGETABLES, ETC. Attention is directed to the advertisement of R. S. S. Hayden. The lover of good living may here secure the substantial as well as the delicacies of the season.

A surgeon has invented a fire alarm for dwelling houses, and capable of being applied to hay stacks, &c. It consists in the explosion of a little tube containing mercury, whenever the place in which it is placed has attained such a degree of temperature as to be dangerous.

The Legislature of Michigan has passed a bill abolishing capital punishment for any offence. This is the first State in the Union that has adopted this melioration in its criminal code. The bill passed both Houses by large majorities.

Five of the Representatives of Congress from this State have been Speakers of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, viz: Messrs. Adams, Winthrop, Rockwell, Ashmun and King. Messrs. Adams and King have also been Presidents of the Senate.

American ice is sold in London at two dollars and fifty cents per cwt., or four cents per pound by the smaller quantity.

Nine years ago the city tax-gatherer of East Boston collected seven tax bills—this year there are upwards of three thousand!

There are five railroad iron mills in this country—one in Massachusetts, one in Rhode Island, one in New Jersey, one in Pennsylvania, and one in Maryland. It is said, these mills will work up a thousand tons of pig metal per week.

Herring have been so plenty at Lambert, (N. J.) that a large number have been sold for manure, at the rate of one dollar per thousand.

Mr. Adino Hinkley of Barnstable, (Mass.) has raised onions for sixty-five successive years. This year his onions were up and he commenced weighing them on the eighteenth of April, which is nine days earlier than any preceding spring.

The Barre (Mass.) Patriot learns that an individual, with a wagon and four horses, has been "peddling" ardent spirits by the pint and quart in some of the adjoining towns.

Workmen are busily engaged in laying gas-pipes to illuminate walks on the Boston Common, for the accommodation of those who are in the habit of crossing at night.

A bill for the abolition of capital punishment has passed the Michigan Legislature, by a vote of nearly three to one.

It is said that within the seven years preceding the year 1812, ninety millions of dollars went to Europe from the United States, for the article of iron.

The Governor and Council, in accordance with the wishes of gentlemen of both political parties in the ninth district of Massachusetts, have concluded not to order another election for Congress until the regular election in November.

Girard College, at Philadelphia, is now nearly completed. It will be one of the most magnificent, as well as most substantial edifices in the Union.

The Peoria (Ill.) Register says the Wheat fields never presented a more promising appearance than they do at this time; and we hear but one account from all surrounding Counties, which is that there is a fine prospect for an abundant Wheat crop.

Religion consists not in vain efforts to explain unspeakable mysteries, but in purity of heart, exalted by pious feelings, and manifested by virtuous conduct.

DIED.

In this town, 13th inst., Mr. Elisha Savil, aged 55. On the 14th inst., Mrs. Sarah W., widow of the late Hon. Perez Morton, aged 87. Funeral services at the Episcopal Church, this day, at half past one o'clock in the afternoon.

In Braintree, 23 inst., Mrs. Elizabeth G., wife of Jacob Richards, M. D., and daughter of Rev. Calvin Wolcott of this town, aged 38.

On the 6th inst., of lung fever, Martha Ann, daughter of Mr. Joshua and Mrs. Adeline Phillips, aged 14 months and 9 days.

Notice.

THE members of the First Congregational Society in this town, and all who worship with them, are hereby informed, that in consequence of repairs now being made upon the Church, the public services on the Sabbath will be omitted until suitable notice to the contrary shall be given.

By order of the Parish Committee.

Quincy, May 16.

Peas, Asparagus, etc.

R. S. S. HAYDEN will receive at his Provision Store, this day, a fresh supply of

Peas, Radishes, Lettuce, Onions, Asparagus, PINE APPLES, PICKLES of various kinds, in glass jars, an excellent article, with a tempting supply of BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON, TRIPE, LOBSTERS, Pickled Salmon, etc. Fresh LUMP BUTTER also for sale. Call and examine.

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Quincy, May 16.

NOTICES.

A quarterly meeting of the Young Men's Washington Total Abstinence Society will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, next TUESDAY EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

FREDERIC SOUTHER, Secretary.

A meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock precisely. All hands alive.

J. W. BAXTER, Secretary of the Board.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

Juvenile Singing School.

MRS. L. A. NEWCOMB proposes to continue the School at her residence, Hancock Street, for instructing children in the rudiments of vocal music.

A course of twenty-four lessons will commence on MONDAY AFTERNOON, 12th inst., at half past five o'clock. Terms, one Dollar.

Young Ladies, desirous of attending a course, will please call at half past six o'clock, the same afternoon. Terms, one Dollar and fifty cents.

Quincy, May 9.

"While there is Life there is Hope."

Instances like the following are almost of daily occurrence, and render superfluous all further comment upon the efficacy of Wistar's Balsam.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1845.

Mr. Seth W. Fowler:

Dear Sir,—The character of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is as well established throughout the country, and especially in the State of New York, that any further testimony would seem to be unnecessary. Yet I have derived so much advantage from it, that I am happy to communicate through you to the sick and afflicted, what it has done for me, and I consider it a privilege and duty to do so. I have been troubled with weak lungs for years, and a cough more or less ever since. I was confined to the house all last winter with a severe cough, pain in the side and breast, raised blood several times. I consulted a physician, but have never taken any medicine which has done me so much good as

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

I consider it the best medicine in the world for Coughs, Colds, and Pulmonary complaints.

WILLIAM B. SWARTS.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowler, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

May 16.

JAYNE'S VERMIFUGE has gladdened the heart of many a mother, who had expected soon to follow her child to the grave, but found it restored to life and rosy health by this celebrated specific. It expels worms without irritating the coats of the stomach and bowels, and combines the virtues of a tonic, with those of an alterative. Neither the Vermifuge nor the Expectoant has a rival in the whole range of the materia medica, for diseases to which each is adapted.

Half the cases of Piles are caused by the retention of worms. JAYNE'S VERMIFUGE cures all such cases by removing the worms, and imparting a healthy tone to the system. For sale at No. 8, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

ASTHMA, or PHTHISIS is caused by a lodgment of the phlegm or mucus in the air-cells, which obstructs the passage of the air through the wind tubes. Jayne's Expectoant removes the obstruction with the greatest facility, and cures the disease at once. It is prepared at No. 8, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

May 2.

To Let,

HALF of a two story house, built expressly for two families, pleasantly situated on Elm Street, a few rods from the Episcopal Church. Inquire opposite the Church of

THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, 24.

Quincy, May 16.

To Let.

PART of a two story house, viz. a Parlor, Kitchen, Sink Room, and two Chambers, with good garden. The above rooms are very convenient, having no connection with the other part of the house, and situated on Washington street, about a quarter of a mile from the Episcopal Church. Rent, sixty-five dollars. Possession given immediately.

Also—The large two story house, containing twelve rooms, suitable for two families, now building and nearly finished, situated on North Street, about a quarter of a mile from the Methodist Meeting-house, Quincy Point.

Apply on the premises of

THOMPSON BAXTER.

Quincy, May 16.

Flour, etc.

JUST received, per S. A. Ananda, from New York, 3000 bushels of FLOUR, a prime article, 500 bbls. FLOUR, fancy brands, and 2000 bushels of OATS, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. HENRY SOUTHER.

Quincy, May 16.

Another Chance for Bargains.

F. HARDWICK, JR.,

HAS just received from New York auctions, by steam, another lot of cheap Goods, which he will sell, for CASH ONLY, at the following prices:—

CRAPÉ DE LAINES at 20 cts per yd.

1 piece black ALPINE at 75 cts per yd.

MOURNING DE LAINES at 30 and 25 cts.

Printed LAWNS, yd. wide, 20 cts.

1 piece Caroline Plaid, 25 cts per yd.

ORGANDI DRESSES, \$2.75 per Dress.

Patches at 6 1/4 cts.

Quincy, May 16.

Notice.

Meeting of the Norfolk Mutual Fire Ins. Co.

THE members of the Norfolk Mutual Fire Insurance Company are hereby notified, that a meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of said Company, in Dedham, on MONDAY, the 1st day of June next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to hear the Report of the Committee of the Corporation chosen at the annual meeting, to purchase a lot and procure plans of a suitable building for the accommodation of the Company and estimates of the cost of the same, and determine whether the Corporation will accept their Report and erect the building recommended by them.

THOMAS FRENCH, } Committee.

EDWARD J. BISHOP, }

MARTIN MARSH, }

Dedham, May 14, 1846.

Quincy, May 16.

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture Engine Company, in relation to the Challenge published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, which Challenge was accepted by the Vulture Company, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, where the subject of the Challenge was considered but nothing was said by any member of either Committee in relation to altering any part of either Engine. Adjourned to May 6th, at which time the day and place was fixed for trial provided a better place could not be found. Thus far, both Committees place could not be found. The subject of altering the engines was here agreed. The Chairman of the Vulture's Committee enquiring what alterations the Tiger Company proposed to make in their Engine. The Chairman of the Tiger's Committee answering,—we shall have extension arms [the Vulture already having them] and shall play with the same cylinders, water-ways, outlet and hose as when accepted by the town. At this the Vulture's Committee, with one voice exclaimed, "And the same air-chamber?" The Chairman of the Tiger's Committee observed—We shall probably have a new air-chamber. At this stage of the proceedings, the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee arose and declared, "we shall have nothing more to do with it," and was about to leave the room, when the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee requested him to stop and make a satisfactory arrangement, but to no purpose, the Vulture's Committee all retiring, with one exception. We deem it proper here to deny that any member of our Committee ever said "we cannot play unless we have a new air-chamber for such is the vote of our Company," it being well known the Company never passed such a vote but left the whole matter to the discretion of their Committee. We have to state that the Tiger Company reserved the right, in the published Challenge, to make any alteration in their Engine, except in the size of cylinders, the Vulture having the same privilege, which they knew perfectly well before they accepted the Challenge, and as they have passed a vote neither to give or to receive from us a Challenge, we would inform them that their "fallen foe," as they are pleased to term us, will be happy to meet them at all places where our respective duties may call us and will use our endeavors to supply them with water and assure them we shall never refuse to take them.

ENSIGN S. FELLOWS, } Committee.
LEONARD RICHARDS, }
GEORGE CURTIS, }
HENRY A. RANSOM, }
LUKE RIDGOUT, }

ma. 16.

South End Drug Store.

THIS establishment has been furnished with the choicest stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

and with every article in the line of an Apothecary, which will be sold at the lowest prices charged for the same at retail in the city. A thoroughly educated Druggist will be in constant attendance to serve customers and all persons patronizing the store are respectfully requested to return any article purchased there which shall fail to answer the recommendation made of it before being purchased.

The Store is in the building of Mr. Samuel White, next door south of the Orthodox Congregational Meeting-house.

Quincy, May 16.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of

PATRICK FARRELLY,

late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, Boston, Massachusetts, and has accepted said trust.

All persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

JAMES WARD, Administrator.

Randolph, May 16, 1846.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of

ELIZABETH LEACH,

late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

All persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to

CORNELIUS PRATT, Adm'r.

Weymouth, May 16.

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 12, A. D. 1846.

AN instrument purporting to be the last Will of ANNA ALLEN, late of Milton, in said County, widow, deceased, having been presented for Probate, by Thomas Read, the person therein named as Executor, and all persons claiming to be heirs at law, or persons indebted thereto, to make payment to

Ordered, That the said Thomas Read notify all persons claiming to be heirs at law, or persons indebted thereto, to make payment to

be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate, to be held at Dedham, in said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

ma. 16.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Quincy, May 11th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

EBENEZER G. GREEN,

of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Meeting of Creditors to be held at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the tenth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that Creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

J. BEZ BIGELOW, Assignee.

ma. 16.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the joint and separate creditors of

RUFUS S. PREBLE,

of Canton, in the County of Norfolk, mariner, formerly copartner in trade with Lewis H. Bent, late resident at St. Albans, Franklin County, Vermont, (but whose present place of residence is unknown to said Preble) under the style of Bent and Preble and formerly negotiating jointly as aforesaid at Westfield in the County of Hampshire, Massachusetts, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on TUESDAY, the thirteenth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that Creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate, and the Assignee will then and there present his account for settlement and allowance and the matter of said insolvent's discharge will be acted on.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

JESSE K. WEBSTER, Assignee.

ma. 16.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of

CHARLES H. PACKARD,

of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that Creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate, and the Assignee will then and there present his account for settlement and allowance and the matter of said insolvent's discharge will be acted on.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

ma. 16.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of

OTIS ALLEN,

of Quincy, in said County, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on SATURDAY, the eighth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that Creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate, and the Assignee will then and there present his account for settlement and allowance and the matter of said insolvent's discharge will be acted on.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

ma. 16.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of

CHARLES H. PACKARD,
of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate, and the Assignee will then and there present his account for settlement and allowance and the matter of said insolvent's discharge will be acted on.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
ma 16. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of

OTIS ALLEN,
of Quincy, in said County, Blacksmith, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on SATURDAY, the eighth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate, and the Assignee will then and there present his account for settlement and allowance and the matter of said insolvent's discharge will be acted on.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
ma 16. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

WILLIAM PATTERSON,
of Dorchester, in said County, Cabinet Maker, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a meeting of creditors of said insolvent debtor, to be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the tenth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
ma 16. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of

EDWARD DAMON,
of Quincy, in said County, Stonemason, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate, and the Assignee will then and there present his account for settlement and allowance and the matter of said insolvent's discharge will be acted on.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
ma 16. 2w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 11th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

PAUL NEWCOMB,
of Braintree, in said County, Stonemason, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a meeting of creditors of said insolvent debtor, to be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the tenth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
GEORGE L. BAXTER, Assignee.
ma 16. 2w

Pies, Puddings, Custards, etc.
Various articles for Flavouring Pies, Puddings, &c., &c., etc., among which are—
Extracts of Vanilla, Rose, Lemon, &c.;
Triple distilled Rose Water;
Sweet Marjoram, Sage, Thyme and Summer Savory in Powder. For sale by

Quincy, May 9. if
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

At Auction!
Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 25th day of May, next, at five o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, (not previously disposed of at public sale) Building situated at the corner of Hancock and Granite Streets, lately occupied by Joseph Burdell as a Boot Manufactory.

Conditions at the sale.
The Building may be examined at any time previous to the sale by applying to the subscriber.

LISA MARSH,
Quincy, May 9. 3a*

Staw Carpeting.
4-54 and 64 STRAW CARPETING, just received and for sale low, by

Quincy, May 9. if
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Best Spring Medicine.
WHITWELL'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS.
THE best possible remedy for Indigestion, Jaundice, Worms, Colic, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Hysteria, Debility, Drowsiness, Weakness, Sour Stomach, &c.

Most persons feel the necessity of using some tonic or strengthening medicine during the spring and summer months, especially those engaged in sedentary employments. No article is better calculated for such purposes than the above. The ingredients of which they are composed are highly recommended in all medical books, as among the best known to the medical world. They purify the blood, revive the spirits, and strengthen the whole system. The proprietor is confident that if invalids would give this cheap and pleasant remedy one trial they will never use any other.

They are put at the lowest possible price in order to place them within the reach of all.

Price 25 cts. per bottle—\$2 a doz. Sold as below.

Whitwell's Original Opodeldoc, is the only effective remedy Rheumatism, Sprains, Stiffness of Neck and Joints, Gout, Cramp, &c. Recommended by Dr. S. L. Mitchell, late Professor of Physic in the N. S. College of Physicians. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Beware of imitations, and see that every bottle has the genuine signature of J. P. Whitwell on the wrapper, before you buy.

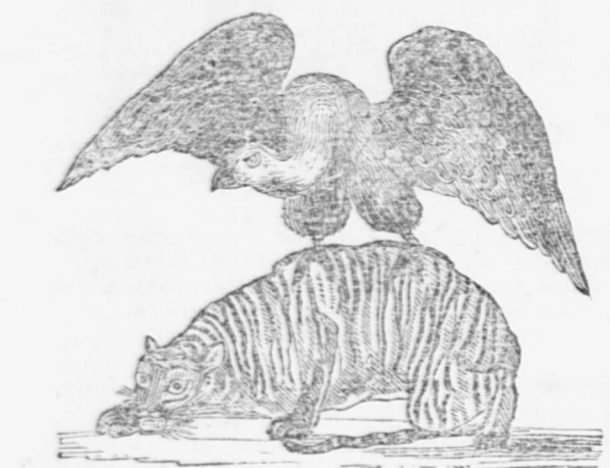
Quincy, May 9. Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Agent. 3m

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give to, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: **GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.**

REPORT.



Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Committee, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was agreed that both Committees should meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—
1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot cannot be found previous to the time of playing.
2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the trial shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.
Thus far there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before. This brought the subject of the alteration of the Engines fully before the Committee. It was then ascertained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it was the intention of the Tiger's Company to make important alterations in their engine, such as putting in a new cylinder, &c. This was objected to. The Committee were instructed not to play without they could make a change in the works of their engine; we were instructed not to play if they did, except new brakes and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's much boasting in public print was not based upon the principle of true moral courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS WOOD,
EBENEZER CLEVERLY,
MARKAS HOWARD,
JAMES A. HARRIS,
WARREN E. SMALL,

may 9. 2w

For Sale or Lease.
In the town of Quincy, near the junction of the Old Plymouth road with the Neponset turnpike, in view of Boston harbor, a well built HOUSE, pleasantly situated within four or five minutes walk of the Stone Temple and Railroad Station. It would be an agreeable residence for a person in the line of the business, and it is situated on a beautiful lot, which is one that has been recently fitted up and used as a Bakery, having two large and well built ovens, and other needful accommodations. The lot contains five-eighths of an acre and has a fine young fruit trees, of various kinds of excellent fruit.

For further information, apply on the premises to

SAMUEL LITTLEFIELD, Jr.
Quincy, May 9. if

Collector's Notice.

WHEREAS the Assessors of the town of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, did assess a tax of five dollars and fifty cents upon Mr. Jesse Shaw of Boston, for the Dwelling-house and Land now occupied by Mr. Jacob Clapp, and a piece of Woodland near said place, and for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five did assess upon him a tax of six cents for said Woodland; and whereas, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, they also did assess a tax of four dollars and twenty cents upon Dr. Thomas Stockbridge of North Bridgewater, for a Dwelling-house and Land occupied by Mr. Abner W. Stockbridge, and committed the same to me for collection, and whereas they have neglected to pay the same, I hereby give notice that if no person appears to pay the taxes assessed upon the said Jesse Shaw, on or before the FOURTH DAY OF JUNE next, at two o'clock P. M., and if no person appears to pay the taxes assessed upon Dr. Thomas Stockbridge on or before five o'clock P. M. of the same day, I shall then proceed to sell, on the premises, at public auction, so much of said respective property as shall be sufficient to discharge said taxes and all intervening charges.

ISRAEL FEARING, Collector.
Weymouth, May 9. 3w

Washing and Ironing.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, would inform his friends and the public, that he has continued to do WASHING AND IRONING in the neatest manner, at his residence near the Neponset Bridge, Quincy.

P. S. Mr. Davis will bring and return clothes from and to the city, as directed, at the Public Office, Gate Depot, Neponset, will be immediately attended to.

Quincy, May 2. 3w* **JOHN DAVIS.**

East Thomaston Lime.

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf.

Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.

M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, April 25. if

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, **GEORGE L. GILL,** into Partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of

CALEB GILL & Co.
Quincy, March 2, 1846. **CALEB GILL, Jr.**

To Builders.

SHEATHING PAPER, of the first quality, always on hand, and sold at the lowest prices, at the

Quincy, May 2. 3w **QUINCY BOOKSTORE.**

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

YOUR Petitioner would humbly represent, That in the year 1803, March 3d, an Act of Incorporation was granted Cotton Tufts, Ebenezer Thayer, and other associates, to make a turnpike road from a place called Queen Ann's Corner, in the town of Hingham, to Quincy Meeting-house, in the town of Quincy, and also to erect a Bridge over Monaquit river in the town of Braintree, and to receive toll from passengers crossing over said bridge. Exempting however all persons from paying toll who shall be passing with his horse or carriage to and from public worship, or with his horse team or cattle to or from his common labor on his farm or to and from any Grist Mill, or on common or ordinary business of family concern, or to or from any persons passing on military duty; That said Road and Bridge was built and accepted by legal authority; That although the said Road and Bridge was extremely accommodating to the public, and particularly to the Old Colony Rail Road, running nearly parallel with said Turnpike, and within one and a half miles of said Turnpike; That since said Old Colony Rail Road has been in operation the toll on the turnpike has been reduced to about one half the amount usually taken by said Turnpike, reducing the amount to about two per cent. on the original cost; That during the present session of the Honorable Legislature another Rail Road has been granted, running from Duxbury through the town of Weymouth, to Braintree and coming within one quarter of a mile from the bridge across said Monaquit river, which when built, will reduce the toll so low that the said Bridge, must be annihilated and taken down; That since the erection of said Bridge and road, a very considerable population has been created, and that more than forty dwelling houses have been built, on the north side of the river and said Turnpike; That a parish has been established and a large meeting-house built on the south side of the river and near the bridge; and that the Parishioners live in about equal numbers on either side of the Bridge; and further, that the maintenance of said Bridge is of great and necessary importance to the neighborhood, and unless the proprietors can be authorized to take toll from all persons crossing the same, the Bridge cannot be maintained. For the same reasons and many more that can be mentioned, your petitioner humbly prays that the proviso in the sixth section of the act above alluded to, exempting certain persons from paying toll, may be repealed, and that the Corporation may be authorized to take toll from all persons who may cross said Bridge, as other Bridges are now authorized.

And as in duty bound we ever pray,

MINOTT THAYER, President of the
Braintree and Weymouth Turnpike Corporation.
Braintree, March 26, 1846

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, March 28, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the Petitioner carry an attested copy of his Petition to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, to be served upon the Clerk of the town of Braintree and published in the Quincy Patriot six times, said service and publication to be ninety days, at least, before the sitting of the next General Court, that all persons interested may then appear, and show cause, if any they have why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, March 28, 1846.

Concurred.

A true Copy Attest:
CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.
may 9. 6w

Collector's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th of May instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of the Real Estate lying in Quincy, taxed to Caleb Hill, of Quincy, as will pay the tax assessed upon it in 1845, of eleven dollars and thirty cents, with the necessary expenses incurred in its collection.

JONAS HALLSTRAM, Jr., Collector.
Quincy, May 2, 1846. 3w

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, April 25, A.D. 1846.

THE Administrator of the estate of AMORY AYER, deceased, late of Weymouth, in said County, yeoman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and also an account in his private capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the SIXTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A.D. 1846, by publishing this order successively in the newspapers of which they are possessed on the first of May instant, and all NON-RESIDENT proprietors of Estates lying in Quincy, are requested to bring in as above directed.

N. B. It is desired by the Assessors that all persons, and particularly those who have made changes in their Estates the past year, should bring in true lists of their estates, otherwise they will have no legal right to an abatement on their Taxes.

DANIEL BAXTER,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, Assessors
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, Quincy.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the last Will and Testament of

MARY S. RICHARDS,
late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, single woman, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

LEWEL HUMPHREY, Executor.
Weymouth, May 9. 3w*

CHAMPPOING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Quincy, that he is ready to perform this excellent operation, which will render the head free from dull and disagreeable feelings, and really impart a healthy and invigorating influence, as when the head is clear (the surface) to use an old saying, a new life is imparted to the whole system. Persons troubled with headache or dizziness, or with rheumatism, or with

WILLIAM E. AMBUSH.
Quincy, May 2. if

Livery Stable.

THE subscriber has opened a Livery Stable, opposite the Orthodox Meeting-house in Quincy, and is prepared to furnish customers with good carriages and horses. It is my desire to accommodate, and therefore I hope by strict attention to business and ever ready to answer to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

SILVANUS ROWE.
Quincy, May 2. if

Boots, Shoes, Caps, &c.

THE subscriber has just received a new lot of Boots and Shoes, among which are the following—
Men's and Boys' Calf, Grain, Goat, Kip and Thick Boots, Booties and Shoes.

Also—Women's Misses and Children's Kid and Leather BUSKINS AND LOW TIES;
HALF GAITERS, Light and Black;
Bronze Kid BUSKINS, etc., etc.

To which he would invite the attention of his friends and the public generally.

A part of the above stock I have manufactured expressly for retailing, and they will do good service.

CAPS.

Another lot of those NAVY and HOOP TOP CAPS just received, at a discount from former prices.

Boot and Shoe Findings,
On hand at all times, to accommodate any who may be in want of them.

REPAIRING.

If your Shoes or Boots have become thin and want repairing, I can, and will, do them up in first rate style with despatch.

Having been for the past seven years in the trade, and thankful for past favors, I hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

I shall sell at a very small advance above the cost FOR CASH—no mistake.

Don't forget the old stand, No. 3, Temple Street.

GEORGE B. NIGHTINGALE.
Quincy, May 2. if

Arrival of Spring Goods.

RUSSELL & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets,
Rear of Stone Temple, Quincy.

HAVE received a Rare and Splendid Assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN,

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,
—ALL NEW STYLES AND PATTERNS—

which they will make up into Garments to suit purchasers at such prices as cannot fail to procure a return of patronage.

All of these goods having been bought the present season for cash, at the first market after importation, the public may rest assured that we can and will sell so as to defy competition.

Mr. JOHN RUSSELL,

who superintends the Cutting and Making up of Garments, having labored upwards of ten years in PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE OF CUTTING, at the first Schools of Europe and America, gives him a decided advantage over any Tailor in this vicinity in producing any style of Garments that the world of fashion can suggest. His system of Cutting being different from any used by country tailors, enables him to give an easy and graceful setting garment to the most imperfect form. Those who have tested his ability can bear witness to the fact. From those unacquainted a trial is all that is necessary.

N. B. Where the cloth is furnished by the customer the trimming and making will be done equally as well as though purchased at the establishment.

A few genteel READY MADE GARMENTS kept on hand.

Quincy, April 11. if

Fancy Goods, etc.

EVERY STYLE OF STRAW, FLORENCE AND GIPSEY COTTAGE

BONNETS AND HATS,
WITH A GREAT VARIETY OF

FANCY BONNETS,
Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, &c.

S. S. MARSH would inform her friends and the public in general, that she will now offer for sale

A complete assortment of Bonnets, Caps, Collars, Capes, Laces, Edgings, MUSLINS, CRAWLS, with a general assortment of

Millinery Articles,
and other articles which she has usually kept.

Fancy Silk Bonnets,
MADE TO ORDER.

Mourning Bonnets and Grave Clothes,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

N. B. STRAW BONNETS,
Cleaned and Pressed.

in the best manner, as usual.
Quincy, April 25. if

Books for the Season.

A PRACTICAL TREATISE on the cultivation of the Grape Vine on the open walls; to which is added a descriptive account of an improved method of planting and managing the roots of Grape Vines. By Clement Hoare.

The New American Orchardist, or an account of the most valuable fruit trees adapted to the cultivation of the United States, with the mode of culture. The New American Gardener, containing practical directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, etc.

The Complete Farmer and Rural Economist, containing a compendious epitome of the most important branches of Agriculture and Rural Economy.

For sale at the **QUINCY BOOKSTORE.**
Quincy, April 25. if

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Milton, May 4th, 1846.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Esquire, Master in Chancery, for said County, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

JOHN P. GAULIFER,
of Quincy, in said County, stonecutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and the delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The creditors of said debtor are hereby notified to appear at a meeting of Creditors, to be held at the office of said Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY the TWENTIETH day of May current, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of Assignee or Assignees.

By order of said Master.
JESSE K. WESTER, Dep. Sh'ff. Messenger.
may 9. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of

JONATHAN PRATT,
late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, laborer, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

NATHAN PRATT, Administrator.
Quincy, May 2. 3w

New Boot and Shoe Store.

THE undersigned, having associated themselves in business under the firm of

UNDERWOOD & FOSTER,
would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a new BOOT AND SHOE STORE, at the corner of Hancock and Temple Streets, (late Cross Buildings) where they intend to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES,
PEGGED AND SEWED
Also—A general and FASHIONABLE assortment of Ladies'

SHOES AND GAITERS,
of the latest fashions, suited to the times.

Boot and Shoe Findings
constantly on hand.

Our Goods are NEW, of the BEST QUALITY and LATEST STYLES, and purchased for CASH, therefore customers may rely that not only Bargains may be obtained, but the fashion and quality cannot but meet their desires.

Boots and Shoes MADE TO ORDER, and with despatch. Attention also given to REPAIRING.

The subscribers have commenced with a desire to keep the usual articles in their business and to get a livelihood, and by strict attention to their avocation and an earnest desire to accommodate purchasers, they respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of their fellow townsmen and the public in general.

Call and see us.
WILLIAM S. UNDERWOOD,
RUFUS FOSTER.
Quincy, April 18. if

Old Stand Reopened.

THE subscriber having taken the Store formerly occupied by Wymann Abercrombie, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has received a good assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Crockery Ware,
Ready Made Clothing, &c

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

THE DRONES EAT ALL THE HONEY.
Some have their wealth in house and lands,
And some to gold and silver,
And some in two light finger'd hands
Genteelly trained to pilfer.

Some have a glib and supple tongue,
A voice that's soft and wily,
To witch the change from old and young,
And levy tribute slyly.

Some have no conscience, or if one,
'T will stretch like India rubber;
In every hole they act the drone,
The knave, the strut, or lubber.

And some must toil to feed and clothe
These anti-working classes—
These things who honest labor loathe
Yet trample on the masses.

They pride themselves as mighty great
Because they never labor,
Except to rule the church and state,
Or kick some working neighbor.

'Tis time to regulate the Hive
And see how things are going;
To ask how anti-workers thrive—
A secret well known.

'Tis time to let the secret out,
The drones eat all the honey;
'Tis time to roll the wheel about,
Square up and count the money.

'Tis time that all who dig and toil,
To earn an honest living,
Should own a portion of the soil,
Where they their strength are giving.

'Agrarianism'—some will whine—
'Shall workers rule the nation?'
Ay—let the working men combine
And claim their rightful station.

What tho' injustice date so old—
Back to the first transgression,
Increasing still as time has rolled
With every new oppression.

'Tis not too late the curse to stay,—
Rouse every man for duty;
And soon will shine a brighter day
On this proud realm of beauty.

F. M. AULINGTON, Weymouth.

For the Quincy Patriot.

TO THE INDIAN CORN.
Native American! no praise of mine
Can elevate thy fame in future story;

Yet will I praise thee; for in days long syne
Thou wert, as now, our nation's special glory;
And it is fitting thy worth should tell,
For I have loved thee wisely, not too well.

Majestic plant! from Canada's cold climate,
To where the burning sun of Mexico
Ripens the fig, the orange, and the lime,—
Beyond where Colorado's waters flow,—
Thy tassels wave—thy leaf with graceful bend
An added charm doth to the land-caps lend.

But best I love thee in my native land,
Whose tempered gales with healthful showers
are blest—
Beneath those healthful showers—those breezes
bland,
Each part receiving its full development,
In well composed and quiet mien;
Thou stand'st full glorious in the Yankee's eye.
The virtues of thy silent ministry.

The hardy men in New England dwell—
The ardent children of the South—shall say
Thy brilliant vesture glancing in the sun,
And in their hearts shall whisper, we are one.

HAL.

THE HAPPY PAIR.

Says Dick to Jack, 'your neighbors say,
You wrangle with your wife each day.'
'Poo, poo,' says Jack, 'they only joke,
'Tis now a fortnight since we spoke.'

EPIGRAM.

Two lovely ladies live hard by,
And each a churning goes;
Emma goes there to close her eyes,
And Jane to eye her clothes.

ANECDOTES.

'Did you ever go to a military ball?' inquired a lively girl of an old soldier. 'No my dear, replied the old revolutionary, "in those days the military balls came to us."

A lady once asked a gentleman what wit was like, to which he replied, "Like your ladyship's bottle of sal volatile—poignant at the first opening, but on being too much handled about, loses all its flavor, and becomes quite insipid."

An elderly gentleman travelling in a stage coach, was amused by the constant fire of words kept up by two ladies. One of them at last kindly inquired if their conversation did not make his head ache, when he answered with a deal of naivete—
'No, madam—I have been married for twenty-eight years!'

An Irishman going to market met a farmer with an owl. 'Say, mister, what'll yez take for yer big eyed turkeys?' 'This an owl,' replied the astonished farmer. 'Divil a drop do I care whether its oild or young; price the bird.'

'Well, Susan, what do you think now, about all married ladies being happy?' 'Why, I think there are more oia that iz, than there iz that eiaf, as to that, any how.'

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Call at the CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,

No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston, NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL. GEORGE W. ALMY.

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fits, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing,

our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good and full an assortment as can be found. All garments have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers

Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and get up.

With some regard to fit and style,

which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections.

AT STORE,

No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St., NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON. [NEXT DOOR TO FAXON'S.] Mar. 28 3m

Bates' Air Tight Cook Stove DEPOT,

42 and 44 Congress Street, BOSTON. THE subscriber would invite the attention of all those in want of any thing in the Stove line, to his vast assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE & SHOP STOVES.

Special attention is solicited to his assortment of AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES, viz: Davy's Washington, Stewart's and Wager's. These three in connection with others in store, make the best assortment to be found in the city.

Also—A very extensive assortment of most of the popular Stoves now in use.

KITCHEN FURNITURE

in all its branches. All who are about commencing house-keeping, as well as those who would replenish their present stock, would find it to their advantage to call as above.

REMEMBER THE NUMBERS,

42 & 44 Congress near Water Street. L. STETSON BATES. Boston, Dec. 13. if

Boots and Shoes.

138 Hanover Street, Boston. 138 GEORGE A. VEAZIE. WOULD invite his friends and the Quincy public who may visit the city, to examine his stock of BOOTS AND SHOES.

before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it to their mutual advantage.

Ladies' Gaiter Boots,

Black Bronze light and Bronze Green, which are cut by Kimball's improved patterns and therefore cannot help but fit.

Children and Misses' Gaiter Boots and Shoes, of every description, style and color, and a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, of Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's, for common wear, which will be sold very low for cash, as all goods at this establishment are bought for cash, which consequently allows me to sell much lower than all others who buy on time.

By the Package or Dozen.

Dealers who buy to sell again, will find it for their interest to call, as I shall sell at a very small advance. GEORGE A. VEAZIE. 138 Hanover Street. Boston, April 11. 3m

Line !!!

JUST received and now for sale, part of a cargo of superior Thomaston Lime, which will be sold cheap at Quincy Point opposite the Toll Bridge. EDWIN WOOD. Quincy Point, April 4. if

Seed Barley,

JUST received and for by HENRY SOUTHER. Quincy, April 11. 6w

Mouslin de Laines,

GOOD ASSORTMENT, for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, March 28. if

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Men's, Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice. JAMES EDWARDS Quincy, May 13. if

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 46 Court Street, Boston. May 11. if

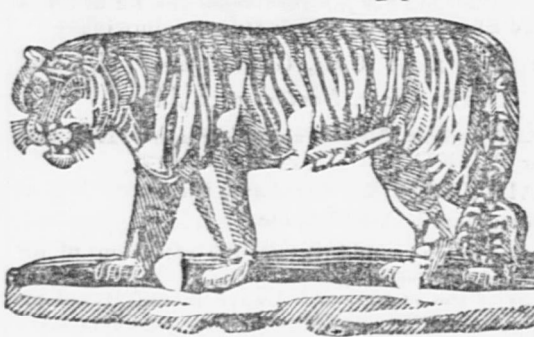
New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply inland patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH. —ALSO— BRICKS, LIME AND SAND, OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity. Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to. N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer. EDWIN WOOD. Quincy, Point Aug. 23. if

Two Hundred Suppers.



A meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by a Tiger of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Seventh—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Resolved—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company, CHAS. LODGERS, Foreman. JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk. Quincy, March 21. 4m

Dr. Wood's SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of Constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alternative remedy.

SARSAPARILLA takes a high rank among Physicians and all others of like curative agents, and it is this fact which has rendered it so universally popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the Wild Cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and is undeniably as it is on the best medical principles, and the most successful in its results.

Analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844. DR. H. THORNTON, Jr. Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompanied this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend, I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS, North Fairbanks, Long Plain, June 16, 1845. DR. H. THORNTON, Jr. Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time, she was constantly attended by the most skillful and experienced physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours, ANSEL WHITE. The cure described in the above certificate of Mr. White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute and long continued disease, by the use of this excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient, or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure, and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against foreign medicines, is entirely overcome, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

Manufactured and sold by E. THORNTON, JR., Chemist and Druggist, 10 N. Water street, New Bedford, where all orders must be directed. For sale in Quincy by CLAPP & RICHARDS, and in all the principal towns and villages in New England. Quincy, Apr. 25. 6m

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent. Quincy Point, July 1. if

Worm Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be attacked with them. Bad health, paleness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes a various appetite, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are destroyed for months for some other imaginary disease, when, in fact, the cause is the simple presence of worms. Mr. Ryan, corner of Prince street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges; he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Rensselaer has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over two millions of boxes has fully testified. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colic, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Steeter, Jonathan Hovey, Esq., and that worthy old lady the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Atter, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the greatest of any known remedy. Headache, Sea-sickness and palpitation, relieved in from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or traveling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to banish the humors and induce a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation.

Headache, Sea-sickness and palpitation, relieved in from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or traveling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to banish the humors and induce a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation.



Sherman's Lozenges.

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olosonian, or All-Healing Balm. IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and Night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq., of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosonian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest at those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co., State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester. August 16. if

Hats and Caps.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys' Cloth Caps, which will be sold at low prices as can be bought in the City. Quincy, May 25. if

Cassimeres and Sattinets.

LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be found at JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, Sept. 20. if

Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.

AT REDUCED AND LOW PRICES. JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co., ARE receiving fresh supplies of WOOLEN GOODS, which, together with their former Stock, enables them to offer to the

FAIL AND WINTER TRADE

A very extensive assortment of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, TWEEDS, GAMBROONS, &c. of the most desirable and fashionable colors and styles.

Also, a large stock of SATINETS and other VESTINGS, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices in order to make any garment for gentlemen or boys' wear come as low as can be purchased in Boston ready made.

Shirts to treat themselves to new Clothes the present season, will do well to call and look before purchasing elsewhere.

Also—A great variety of gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, such as Stocks, Cravats, Scarfs, Gloves, Linen Bosoms and Collars, etc., at very low prices. Quincy, Nov. 1. if

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB, WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBROONS and VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laines; Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White; Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings; Crash; Diapers; Lace, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Lisle SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit. Quincy Point, July 1. if

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc. Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins, South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of all entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement. JOSHUA FISHER Quincy, Nov. 11. if

Matresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, March 29. if

Eastern Brick.

60,000 EASTERN BRICK at \$6, \$7, \$50 to \$5 per thousand, the prices varying according to the quality selected. A liberal discount made for carting. Inquire of ALBERT HERSEY. Quincy Point, June 14. if



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olosonian, or All-Healing Balm. IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and Night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq., of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosonian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest at those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co., State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester. August 16. if

CLICKENERS' CO.

SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PILLS. A MEDICAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at once recognize and acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever in the internal organs. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed that they were, he would believe them to be simply lumps of pure sugar, nor could he afterwards, unless by its great purgative effect, suspect that he had been taking medicine, for these pills are so skilfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels; and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils which attend all other cathartics, viz: the distressing griping pain. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a muddled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadulterated bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with the blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for if it is, it is sure to create disease, and it is difficult to rectify it; but when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by costiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal prevents the disease (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and thus the cure is effected. This fact, as stated, is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine that unless the case is urgent, they do not take the cure, until an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, renders them the fully of their conduct. Still they have some excuse; for, heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was so disagreeable, that it was beneficial. Now, however, the evil is most effectually removed; for CLICKENERS' SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine—

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

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VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.
Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers for their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr., Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, "Stone Quarries."
ORIN P. BACON, "Dorchester."
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, "Weymouth."
JOSEPH CLEVELY, "Abington."
SAMUEL A. TURNER, "South Scituate."
N. B. OSBORNE, "Salem."
FREEMAN HUNT, "New York City."

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stage will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, straight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doolittle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M. and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1.
Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools,
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier mache Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank, Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston.
Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.
BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6.

House for Sale or to Let.
THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other out-buildings, and seven acres of Land, on Hancock Street, the property of late Mr. John Gray.
For terms and other particulars inquire near the premises, of
L. G. HORTON.
Quincy, May 2.

To Let.
THE lower part of the House belonging to Jacob Cook, with the garden and a piece of ground sufficient to pasture a Cow by tying her with a rope. Also the Barn. Rent sixty-five dollars per year.
The House is located at Germantown Point.
Quincy, May 2.

House to Let.
A HOUSE pleasantly situated in Quincy, a few rods from the Old Colony Railroad Depot, possession given immediately. Inquire at this Office or at the Hancock House of Mr. GEORGE H. FRENCH.
Quincy, April 4.

To Let.
A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alleys, situated on Codding Street in Quincy. The House is suitable for two families; a good Garden is attached to the premises. The whole estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are in good repair.
For further information inquire of
ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St. Boston, or of JOSEPH FRYE, on the premises.
Quincy, March 21.

To Let.
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next.
For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of
THOMAS ADAMS.
Quincy, Feb. 28.

To Let.
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street. Enquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of
DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7.

MISCELLANY.

THE HONEY MOON.

Leonard and Clementine were married. They were in love with each other—they wished to employ their entire time in each other's society—they longed to be alone—and tireless friends, dull relations and, persecuting visitors, would scarcely permit them to exchange a word in private. Can anything be more annoying, more afflicting—more persecuting—than all this? Such was Leonard's constant thought—such his incessant exclamation, when he could snatch an instant to whisper it in the ear of his bride. He felt the evil to be intolerable; and therefore when they were about one week married, he thus addressed his wife:

"My dearest Clementine, I am sure you remember my promise to you, as well as I do your vow to me—that we would love each other forever and forever; that the one should only live for the other, and that we should die together. Now then, my dear, I appeal to you, is it possible for us to have such love in the midst of a world that annoys, plagues, pesters, and interferes with us both? Must we not bestow upon others those looks, thoughts, smiles, and sweet fancies, that if we were alone we could reserve for each other's use and delight. Why not enjoy the sweet liberty of living for each other solely and exclusively—for ourselves, and by ourselves alone—instead of wasting our precious minutes, nay, hours and even days, on those who do not care for us—who are as indifferent to our fate, as we are to theirs?"

"You are right, my love," was the answer of the bride—and what we ought to do, is to escape as quietly as we can from this wretched world, that robs us of our time, and would steal from us by its impertinent intrusions, our love."

"My dear Clementine," remarked Leonard, "I adore the treasure that heaven has sent me in you, and I am so giddily, that I would, if possible, conceal it from all eyes. But is there not some fear that my beloved angel will be soon tired of solitude, of silence, of being quite alone with me. Will she be always content with loving her adoring husband?"

"Leonard, wherever you go," said the pretty bride, "I shall be happy to follow you; for I would give up my entire life to save you from the smallest pain! Let us without a moment's hesitation depart."

The place of retreat chosen by the enamored couple, was in the little village of Touraine. It was there they determined to fly from the world. The world sought to follow them; but they shut the door in its face. They would have no visits—that would receive no company—they would not go beyond the demesne attached to their country residence—they would see, and be seen by nobody.

The world smiled, and ill-naturedly said: "Love has removed them from society—marriage will soon send them back again."

The hermitage that nuptial love had chosen for itself, was a most charming place for two young lovers. Affection began its ascetic life, in a solitude that was by no means terrible. Within, there was every thing to be found that a luxurious taste could suggest, and an ample fortune supply—and without, there were to be seen the magnificent attractions of nature.

Within was the most costly furniture—velvet, gilding, satin; and without, were the trees, shrubs, sweet fields, and gushing cascades. In the evening a richly stored library opened to them its brilliant pages, and in the day they had unfolded before them that magnificent book, which Heaven itself has given to men, and that extends from the sky to the earth. In the drawing-room might be heard the exquisite tones of the piano, and in the garden there were small winged musicians, who joined in a symphony, composed for them by a Mighty Author. Such a hermitage had never been dreamed of by saint or martyr.

When a lady or gentleman is in love, and particularly when either is certain of being loved in return, the entire creation seems to feel the joy of a friend in beholding such happiness. Nature smiles on them—speaks to them. The poetry that love creates to embellish the object of adoration, is cast upon every object that meets its smiles. Then the dew-drops are in the eyes of the poetic lovers, pearls that the day hath cast upon every blade of grass, or tears that night has shed upon the earth. The sun, which dazzles and scorches, becomes a duty that warms and cheers; the stars are transformed into beneficent beings that bless the love they contemplate; the flowers are transformed into tender hearted virgins, adorned in secret by the little birds, who sing amorous ditties to please them; even the common peasant is changed into cupid, and his crook only requires to be encircled with roses; while every country girl is an Estelle, such as Clorion has depicted. In fine, every thing that surrounds the credulous lover is animated, changed, and converted to please his fancy, to give a new zest to his adoration, and to increase his felicity. For lovers there are always miracles—but it is no miracle that lovers are apt to change their minds.

Leonard and Clementine had not a moment to lose, nor to regret. They lived for themselves, and for themselves alone. When they wished to walk, there was no impertinent crowd to impede their footsteps—when they wished for music, they could be affected by it—nay, could even weep over it, without being considered 'unsensical,' or 'ridiculous,' by others—and when they read, they were not obliged to

read any thing but fine novels, full of high flown sentiment, romance, enthusiasm, and passion. They were assuredly 'the happiest, dearest, most loving, most devoted married couple, that ever existed!' So they said to each other, and so they thought.

Clementine, in the enthusiasm and exaltation of her love, consigned to the flames some lively quadrilles because her husband did not like them, and she stopped receiving his newspapers. The ball room and the senate house, were alike proscribed to the arbor of love.

They were living about a fortnight thus alone, when Leonard received by express one morning a letter from his uncle, who had just been appointed to an embassy. The letter was to the following effect:—

"My dear ennobled nephew, you have been born a century too late. You should have lived in the times of Mademoiselle Seudury, or of Mademoiselle de Lafayette. You must have slept without living for a hundred years. Thanks to your long slumber, you know nothing of the world as it is. Instead of marrying a rich heiress in prose, you have espoused a pretty woman in poetry—a little heroine of romance, who seems only made for languor, sighs, and passion. Folly and romance have up to this time had a victory. If your absurdity is not altogether incurable, I have an office of high honor to offer to you. Would you like to be secretary to the embassy at Madrid? Come, nephew, awake to real life. Spain is of all the countries in the world, the finest, and the most worthy of being studied—I do not even except Arcadia. I expect you, my dear Leonard, in Paris immediately. I pray heaven to keep you in your sound senses, and I know no one who stands in so much need of such a prayer as yourself."

When Leonard read over this letter, he determined to proceed at once to the chamber of his wife, in order that they might both laugh over its absurdity, and the strange proposal it contained. He determined not to lose an instant in doing so, although he was aware that the hour was one in which his beloved Clementine was in the habit of enjoying her siesta.

He found his wife in her chamber, but—how was she engaged? She was reading—a romance? No—a prayer-book? No—a new piece of music? No. She was reading letters, and she smiled as she read them. Nay, some she read over more than once. It was thus her husband saw her engaged, and when she saw him she started with terror and affright, and then, she ran out of the room. Leonard did not attempt to follow her, but he seized hold of the letters, of which he neither knew the contents, nor by whom they were written, nor to whom they had been addressed. He perceived, alas! upon examining them, that they were the composition of a very handsome young gentleman, a Mr. Frederick d'Ormay, and that they had been addressed to a certain young lady named Clementine!

The young bride stole into the room again, just as he had made this awful discovery. She gazed at him with a look full of inexpressible tenderness and affection.

"Clementine!" said Leonard in a voice hoarse with passion, "you have known a young man named Frederick d'Ormay?"

"I have, my darling," replied Clementine, in faltering accents; "and he was so bold as to fall in love with me, and so impudent as to write letters to me. That was all very amusing to me, for I was only a mere child at the time; but I never cared a pin for him, indeed, I didn't. I swear to you I have never loved any one in the world but yourself, my dear, dear Leonard."

"Aye, but for all that you have taken good care of his letters; you seem to have a regard for them."

"Yes, my dear, just the same as I have for the toys and books of my school days, and the little presents of my play fellows, and all those other little trifles that amuse a child growing into girlhood. The fact is, I was beginning to feel a little ennuied, and—and—and it just occurred to me, it might amuse me to look over the different trifles I had at school. I—met with these; I stopped to read them, and in short, it did amuse me to read over all the fine, florid, high flown phrases that were addressed to me, and that I had long since forgotten. It was very wrong—yes, very wrong. I am now sure of it; but now, my dearest, take all these letters, tear them without reading such stuff; burn them this instant; I desire you to do so; I order it; kiss and forgive your little wife!"

The letters were burned—the married folk were reconciled; but Leonard thought he might as well not say anything at that moment of the epistle of his uncle.

The next day the weather was dreadful. The rain kept pouring down in one constant torrent and while Clementine was slumbering in her mid-day nap, Leonard betook himself to his study. He had been there for several hours, when his wife determined upon paying him a visit. She found him engaged in painting a portrait; and such was the ardor with which he pursued his task, that he did not perceive the approach of the lady. She saw that he was enchanted with the task on which he was engaged, and being anxious to know what it was could so engross his entire thoughts, she stole to the back of his chair. She looked upon the canvass, and there she beheld—the portrait of a most charming young girl, that she remembered having seen a hundred times in company with Leonard's sister!!

"Leonard! Leonard! what in the world are you doing?" asked Clementine.

"Me!—eh! my dearest angel. Oh!—pooh!—nothing at all, only dabbling upon this piece of canvass, and fancying that I am painting."

"No! no; what you are doing is—oh! I blush for you—drawing a picture of the nasty, hateful little coquette, Marie de Verneuil. That, sir, is her portrait. Oh, heavens!" said the young wife, bursting into tears, "it was only yesterday you were vexed with me, because you found me reading the letters of another; mind, not my letters, for I never answered them. You were enraged, because of a few harmless expressions of gallantry; while, what at the same time is your amusement? You seek in your heart for the resemblance of one you love; and your hand, obedient to your feelings, brings forth that hateful portrait!"

"What a foolish and capricious child you are, Clementine, to make my heart responsible for the chance production of my pencil. What care I for Marie de Verneuil, when I have before me my beloved Clementine? And saying this, with one dash of his brush the picture disappeared."

"Ah, Leonard, Leonard! I am afraid the ennuie of being quite alone is producing evil consequences with you; and—oh! what is this I find peeping out of your pocket, a newspaper!"

"Yes, yes, my dear, merely a newspaper which I received, announcing the appointment of my uncle as ambassador to Spain. See, my dearest Clementine," he continued, while kissing her, "I am afraid I have attempted in the ardor of my affection, to do that which is impossible—to fly from the world. The world pursues us still, and contrives to make us unhappy. It brought to my mind, yesterday, the image of Mr. Frederick d'Ormay as an intruder and to-day the portrait of Marie de Verneuil persecutes you. 'We cannot—I find we cannot—live alone. Then let us accept my uncle's offer—let me become Secretary to the Embassy—let us be, for we cannot be otherwise—happy with the world.'"

DYING OF LOVE.

It is getting to be very common now a days for young gentlemen to die of love! But, boys, this is shocking bad business. Dying for love may be poetical, romantic, sublime and moralizing, but it is usually inconvenient, and always unnecessary. Nor does it exhibit so rare and heroic a courage to draw a razor across one's jugular, or to drown one's woes in a mill pond, as to grin without flinching, all the while that the arrows of Cupid are sticking deep and fast in your heart. We acknowledge there is something noble in a man's striking, not for a half way, mealy mouthed passion, but for the heaving, wheezing, glorious, ecstatic delight of true love, and not a peg less. We know too, it strains one very much to want a lump of cold beauty, a morsel of stoney perfection, for which the spirit burns. But what in the name of pancakes, should induce a man to die for one who cares not a rush for him? They may be a thousand other sweet pretty creatures in the world, quite as bewitching, and far more feeling and pure hearted, any one of whom is not only worthy of but will return with compound interest all the affections and tenderness you can bestow upon them. A word, a look, a tone of the voice, one pressure of the hand, a simple 'good night,' a parting 'God bless you,' from him may, in a predestined moment, be to some one of them like the spark that falls on the nitrous heap followed by instant combustion. But suppose that a man has fixed his affections on a girl who is far above him in the rank of fortune, or both. What then! Must he therefore have on a black cap, gird himself in sackcloth and take a seat upon the melancholy stool, with a full determination to be wretched? A child may long to catch a star as he does a butterfly, to turn the moon around us as he is accustomed to turn his hoop, or to bring down an eagle by tossing salt on his tail; but his failure would hardly be the death of him. But let us imagine a more heart rending case—that poor Pilgric 'sighs like furnace' for an equal, and that she has a stronger yearning for another. Neither has she any thing absolutely killing in it. Why, hang it, man, there may be other girls who have more discernment—everlasting devoted and nice creatures, too, who would set all day with their heads resting on their hands, to muse on your perfections, and dream of you all night, and fall into an everlasting swoon whenever you said 'farewell!'

We have no notion of dying to please any one. We have been at too much expense of bread and butter in supporting existence, to think of laying it down on such grounds. There was a time when our heart was visited with continual gusts of excitement, and was swayed and shaken by the little god like the storm shaken reed. We saw so many bewitching but adamantine women, that we were perpetually blubbering and rubbing our eyes, till finally our imagination became so diseased that we could hardly get along without a daily dish of melancholy. But time has cleansed our breast of the perilous stuff that weighed upon it, and in the course of years, our heart has become so knotty and tough, that we cannot help thinking it would be a hard matter to break it another time. We don't mean to go off life's hooks for love at any rate. We have been pretty near it thirteen or fourteen times, but thanks to our unyielding obstinacy, we always manage to keep death's skinny fingers from clutching us, and despair from the sanctuary of our thoughts. We should deem it, hard enough, gracious knows, to perish for the sake of a girl who really loved us, but for one whom we did not,

we should hate to suffer one choking sensation about the neck, or losing a single good dinner. We once heard of a man who feeling one day some very distressing sensations, fancied he was a victim of the tender sentiment, but who afterwards discovered that his complaint arose from having eaten plentifully of roast turkey at dinner. This was a shocking fall from the parlor window of romance into the back yard of common sense and every day life; but he died, got better, and was soon after smitten by the roguish eye of a dear creature of sixteen, whom he married. Despair not, therefore, thou seeming victim of the blind god, thy case may have the same result. But though it is really up hill work with you to gain the ear of beauty, let not the cloud sit upon your brow—let not the canker into your heart. Look up, laugh loud, talk big, call the grapes sour, keep the color in your cheek, and the fire in your eye, maintain your beauty, banish the blue devils, adorn your person more resplendently than ever, from the elaborately curled whisker to the delicately pointed boot, and you will yet have an eye to cheer you, hand to assist you, and a heart to depend upon.

FRANKNESS. Be frank with the world. Frankness is the child of honesty and courage. Say just what you mean to do upon every occasion, and take it for granted you mean to do what is right. If a friend ask a favor you should grant it, if it is reasonable—if not tell him plainly why you cannot. You will wrong yourself and wrong him by equivocation of any kind. Never do a wrong thing to make a friend, or to keep one—the man that requires you to do so, is dearly purchased at such a sacrifice. Deal kindly but firmly with all men—you will find it the policy that wears best. Above all do not appear to others what you are not. If you have any fault to find with any one, tell him, not others, of what you complain. There is no more dangerous experiment than that of undertaking to be one thing to a man's face, and another behind his back. If the very consciousness of being capable of such duplicity, does not degrade you in your own eyes, you must be lost to every noble feeling of nature. We should live, act and speak 'out of doors,' as the phrase is, and say and do what we are willing should be known and read by all men. It is not only best as a matter of principle, but as a matter of policy.

WIT AND QUAINNESS. Dow, Jr., in one of his sermons, has the following:—"My dear friends—take the world as a whole, it is a union of small potatoes and little fishes; but now and then there is a whale that comes swimming up the harbor of society, causing the wave of excitement to roll with unwonted fury, while myriads of little fishes gaze with wonder and astonishment. There is a German lady, for instance, called Fanny Elssler, who has learned the art of putting one leg before the other, and the other considerably higher than one, in a very scientific manner. She is thought to be a whale of the very largest species; but she is nothing more than a note of admiration after all—a mere point in the book of decency—nothing more than a woman wreathed with the artificial flowers of homage—more admired than respected, and more talked of by the supercilious and extravagant than courted by the wise and the good. Still, wherever she goes, ten thousand little fishes follow in her wake, with mouths wide open with wonder, ready to sacrifice both money and character for the sake of gratifying some unwholesome desire, which they can no more account for than a young duck for its natural antipathy to overshoes and umbrellas."

SAFETY IN THUNDER STORMS. People are often led to inquire what are the best means of safety during a thunder storm? If out of doors we should avoid trees and elevated objects of every kind; and if the flash is instantly followed by the report, which indicates that the cloud is near, a recumbent position is considered the safest. We should avoid being near the chimney, for the iron about the grate, the soot that often lines it, and the heated and clarified air it contains, are tolerable conductors, and should on that account be avoided. It is never safe to sit by an open window, because a draught of moist air is a conductor—hence we should close the windows on such occasions. In bed we are comparatively safe, for the feathers and blankets are bad conductors, and we are to a certain extent, insured in such a situation.

VERMICELLI SOUP. Cut up the meat from a fore leg of beef and a leg of veal, and put it with the bones into a large soup pot, allowing not quite a quart of water to each pound of the beef and veal (having weighed it before cutting up) add six large carrots sliced thin. Boil it slowly for two hours, skimming it well. When the soup ceases to rise, put in six sliced onions, a bunch sweet herbs, a head of celery cut small, a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper. Then boil it slowly four hours or more. Strain it, and set it away till next day, shortly before dinner. Then scald in boiling water from half a pint to a pint of raw vermicelli. Cover it closely, and let it stand in the hot water from it, put it into the soup, set it over the fire, give it a boil up just before dinner.

A GENTLEMAN. A man with a long line in one hand, and a sword cane in the other; with two cents in his pocket, and no sense in his head.



The Great Remedy

FOR
Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Oleanonin, or All-Healing Balm.
It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Heave and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

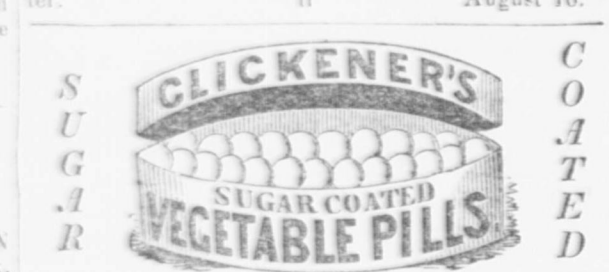
Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INHERENT CONSUMPTION.—George W. Bennett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanonin. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Handfuls of cures could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy.—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, he assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hawden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester. August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at once see and acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no unpleasant taste, and its internal ingredients. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be simply a lump of pure sugar, nor could he afterwards, unless by his great purgative effort, suspect that he had been taking medicine, for these pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels, and thus the patient who takes them avoids the evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in all other secret forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a mangled mass, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadorned bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided, the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known and readily all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed is all lost—to rectify it, but by the slightest disarrangement of the system is indicated by costiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluous are entering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the whole (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and purity of blood must be the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine that, unless the case is urgent, they put off the disease to the cure, until an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, releases them for the folly of their conduct. Still they had some excuse; for heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was so entirely disagreeable, that it was impossible to take it. Now, however, the evil is most effectually removed, the CLICKENER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine—produce none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicines—while their effect is to remove all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any other medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here, for these pills are so described, that the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is sure of receiving, to prove that he deserves to merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. Y. CLICKENER & Co., Chemists, at the wholesale and retail drug store, No. 72 and 74 Barclay Street, New York. Price 5 cents per box, with full directions, and sent by the following list of Agents.

J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, R. F. Tolman, Dorchester; R. E. Dyer, Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of State Temple, and GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy. June 25.

Bry Goods.
NOW OPENING
AT
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 HANOVER ST., BOSTON.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,
CONTAINING every style that can be found in Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, to which I will guarantee to sell at ten per cent. less than can be bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street Shawl Stores, as I intend to make the Shawl trade the leading branch in my business, and my expenses are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above named prices.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of
DRESS GOODS,
most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers in that Department, with a general assortment of Goods such as are wanted for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and embossed Covers, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Ticking, Bird's Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpines, with White Dress Goods, such as India Linens, Book and Swiss Muslins, Gings, Fringes, &c., all of which will be sold at fair prices at
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover Street.
Boston, March 28.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

WAR WITH MEXICO. Our readers are no doubt well aware that a war has actually commenced—that the Mexicans have crossed the Rio Grande, and an American detachment been cut to pieces. A proclamation was issued on the 23d of April by Paredes, the Mexican President, setting forth that the Americans were the aggressors, and from that date a defensive war was commenced. The position of the two forces is doubtless well understood.

Official despatches from Gen. Taylor were received at Washington on Tuesday evening, dated the 3d and 5th inst. Both Point Isabel and the fort on the Rio Grande, perfectly safe.

On the 1st, the defenses on the river being nearly completed, Gen. Taylor left a garrison of some five hundred men, under Major Brown, of the 7th infantry, and marched with the remainder of his army (twenty-seven miles) to Point Isabel. Not an enemy was seen in the whole distance.

On the morning of the 3d, the enemy, from the side of Matamoros, opened a heavy cannonade upon our fort, which lasted with but little intermission till midnight. In the meantime the enemy's guns (all but one mortar) were silenced by our fort—Major Brown lost one sergeant killed, and not another man wounded.

Matamoros was necessarily fired upon in the act of silencing the enemy's batteries, and also to kill or disperse the troops therein quartered. The buildings were probably but little damaged, and the inhabitants no doubt, had mostly fled before the commencement of the cannonade. What number of Mexican troops was only known by conjecture.

Gen. Taylor, at Point Isabel, expected on the 5th, to march the next day with a heavy train of supplies for the fort on the river and hence to assume offensive operations against the Mexicans.

Later accounts, though not official, state that Gen. Taylor, would not leave Point Isabel until it was completely entrenched and sufficient force had arrived to enable him to make his way through any force the Mexicans could bring across the river. The camp opposite Matamoros is very strong, and has a force of five hundred and fifty men well supplied with guns and ammunition.

A great many "flying reports" are received by every mail, but not much reliance is to be placed on them. The penny papers are having a rich time issuing their extras.

Gen. Scott has been appointed to the command of the army of occupation in Texas, with orders to proceed immediately to the scene of war. The army is to consist of thirty thousand men, that number to be at once ordered to join the American forces now under Gen. Taylor, the whole being subject to the command of Gen. Scott. General Worth left Washington on Monday, en route to Point Isabel.

The President has issued orders to the Governors of the several States to enroll forty-three thousand two hundred and fifty men. None of these troops will be mustered into the service until additional news is received.

FROM EUROPE. The Steamer Britannia arrived at Boston Thursday morning, with the mail of May 5th, from Liverpool. She sailed on the afternoon of the 5th inst., and arrived at Halifax and sailed again on the 19th.

The news by this arrival is of very little importance. Business of all kinds was dull, although the Cotton market sustained the prices reported by the last steamer.

The accounts from this country had had no effect on English securities, and there appears to be no particular interest felt in the Oregon question. Money was more abundant.

Lord Aberdeen has recognized the annexation of Texas, by informing the custom house authorities that the produce of that country must be regarded as the produce of the American Union.

Queen Victoria gave a juvenile fête for the amusement of the royal children on the 27th ult.

The Queen's accouchement is expected to take place at Buckingham palace about the middle of May.

Great numbers of Germans are constantly arriving in London from the continent on their way to New York.

Sir John Ross, the adventurous voyager, who lately became a bankrupt, has been reinstated in his office as consul at Stockholm.

The accounts from Constantinople announce the arrest of the pay-master-general of the army, on a charge of having embezzled the public money to the amount of one hundred and sixty thousand pounds.

From France there is nothing of any sort of interest.

The north of Portugal has been the scene of an insurrectionary movement, originating with the wine-growers, who have risen against the exactions of the government. The country has been put under martial law.

The poor in the highlands of Scotland are said to be in a state of great destitution.

Emigration from Ireland to the continent of North America is proceeding on a large scale.

The accounts from various parts of the country give painful evidence of the existing distress. Many of the districts are suffering the horrors of famine, and fever is on the increase.

Provision riots have taken place in some parts of the country.

Complaints are rife in all parts of the country with respect to the high price of Indian corn, and the difficulties the poor people experience in getting it ground for use.

CHAPARRAL. This is a term applied to a species of evergreen thicket, composed of the Musquit bush matted with vines. It generally grows about six or seven feet high. The whole country between the Nueces River and the Rio Grande, is more or less covered by this Chaparral, interspersed with salt lakes. There is very little fresh water or grass to be had in any portion of the whole intermediate distance, averaging one hundred and fifty miles wide.

CIRCUS. Notice the advertisement in another column of Rockwell & Stone's Circus. It will be recollected that they performed in this town last season and gave very general satisfaction.

PROCLAMATION. The following Proclamation was issued by the President of the United States on the 13th inst.

Whereas the Congress of the United States, by virtue of the constitutional authority vested in them have declared by their act, bearing date this day, that "by the act of the republic of Mexico, a state of war exists between that government and the United States."

Now, therefore, I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the same to all whom it may concern:—and I do enjoin on all persons holding offices civil or military, under the authority of the United States, that they be vigilant and zealous in discharging the duties respectively incident thereto; and I do moreover exhort all the good people of the United States, as they love their country, as they feel the wrongs which have forced on them the last resort of injured nations, and as they consult the best means, under the blessing of Divine Providence, of abridging its calamities, that they exert themselves in preserving order, in promoting concord, in maintaining the authority and the efficacy of the laws, and in supporting and invigorating all the measures which may be adopted by the constituted authorities for obtaining a speedy, a just, and an honorable peace.

PHRENOLOGICAL AND PHYSIOLOGICAL ALMANAC FOR 1847. A copy of this annual, by L. N. Fowler, which has now reached its eighth number, has just been received. Besides the usual astronomical calculations, it contains the likenesses and phrenological characters of several distinguished individuals, together with a variety of interesting and instructive matter, which will be read with equal pleasure by all parties, politics, and religions. The author says in his preface, "Our object has been to suggest some few hints with reference to the various duties of man to himself, and what he must do to keep up a healthy tone of the system, and a happy state of mind; also to show the relation between what the effects of Christianity are upon the condition of woman, and what Phrenology proves respecting her."

GEN. TAYLOR. General Zachariah Taylor, the Commander of our forces on the Rio Grande, is said to be a very brave officer—he commenced a boyish Kentucky volunteer company under General Wayne, (fifty years since), was an ensign under Washington in what was called "Adams' Army," a Lieutenant in the Indian Wars, that ended with the battle of Tippecanoe; the successful warrior against Black-Hawk; and the hero of the battle of Wetliachoo, which closed the Florida War; one of the oldest of the officers in the American Army.

ALBERT J. TIRRELL. This person was arraigned before the Municipal Court in Boston, last Monday, on an indictment of five counts for adultery, to two of which he pleaded guilty, and gave bail for his appearance on the first Monday of June, for trial on the other three to which he pleaded not guilty. The maximum punishment for these crimes is six years imprisonment in the State Prison. He is still imprisoned on the charge of arson, and will have a trial next month.

MAMMOTH CALF. A calf weighing eight hundred and four pounds, was slaughtered in Boston on the 19th inst. It was raised in Vermont, and was just eleven months old the day before it was killed.—We learn that it was purchased by Mr. William Newcomb, of this town, to tickle the palates of such of our citizens as may be so fortunate as to obtain a portion of the "monster."

PENMANSHIP. We learn that S. Lee Lyman, who has been for many years successfully employed as a teacher of penmanship, in this vicinity and elsewhere, is now engaged in Brintree with full classes. His efforts in this town were crowned with great success, and whenever he sojourns with us for the purpose of instructing those who may desire to be good writers, he is sure to secure a generous support.

FUNERAL OF MR. TORREY. The funeral of the late Rev. Charles T. Torrey took place at the Tremont Temple, in Boston on Monday. The exercises were conducted in a solemn and impressive manner. Two original hymns were sung, a portion of the Scriptures was read, and a sermon delivered by the Rev. J. C. Lovejoy. The body of the deceased, after the solemnities had been concluded, was removed to Mount Auburn.

CONGRESS. Nothing of general importance has transpired except the passage of the army appropriation bill. Bills in reference to territorial questions are before the House, which will occupy the time for some days.

ODD FELLOWS' MAGAZINE. This monthly has been transformed into a large and handsome newspaper called the Weekly Symbol and Odd Fellows' Gazette. F. A. Durivage continues as editor.

A man who has been serving on a jury for some time in Boston, says he has got so full of law that he finds it difficult to keep from cheating somebody.

We are told that extremes never last long; but it would be well if it could be said that extreme poverty did not last long.

The insurance offices of New Orleans have added the war-clause to their policies.

In the Supreme Court in New York city the 16th instant, seventy-three counsellors and eighty-six attorneys were admitted to practice.

General Taylor's camp extends about four miles along the Rio Grande—two miles above, and two below Matamoros. The entrenchment occupied twenty-three hundred men for thirty days. It is made of sand, and covered with twigs woven together like basket-work, surrounded by a very wide and deep ditch. The walls of the magazine, in the interior of the fortification, are formed of barrels filled with sand, seven tiers thick, four tiers high, covered over with timber, on which sand is piled ten or twelve feet. Twelve heavy pieces of ordnance are so placed as to command the town of Matamoros. Strong guards of foot and mounted men are established on the margin of the river.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Frequent bathing—not once a year, but every day; at least once a week—is one of the most sovereign remedies in the world.

The twelfth New England Anti-Slavery Convention will be held in Boston on Tuesday.

Ninety-nine out of every hundred of the fortunes which have been amassed within the space of ten years in regular business pursuits, may be ascribed to the advertising power of the press.

The population of Boston in 1845 was 114,306.—The increase since 1840 is 29,300, or thirty-five per cent., being an annual increase of seven per cent.

The Chinese have no standing army—no aristocracy of wealth or birth—no oppressive oligarchy between the emperor and the people. All officers, even the emperor, rules by the will of the people.

On Sunday afternoon, a little girl fell into the Frog Pond on Boston Common, and while the boys were gazing at the spectacle, a creature of more soul, to wit: a young black Newfoundland dog, plunged in and brought the child in safety to the shore.

A bootmaker in Cincinnati makes thirty-six pairs of boots per week; and will engage to make a pair in a workmanlike manner, in one hour.

Ezra Lincoln, Jr., of Boston, has been appointed by the Governor and Council a Commissioner to survey the harbor of New Bedford, under a resolve of the Legislature, at its late session.

A very large majority of the people of Wisconsin have declared in favor of State government.

The United States sloop-of-war Dale has been taken upon the dry dock at New York, and is to be immediately repaired and refitted for service.

The United States House of Representatives has passed a bill, 95 to 66 to retrocede the city of Alexandria (D. C.) to Virginia.

The births in the United States, yearly, are from 400,000 to 500,000. Of this number of children, one in fifteen, or more than 25,000 are still-born; more than 30,000 inherit from their parents a diseased constitution, and a majority die young.

Hon. Ralph M. French has been declared duly elected, for the term of five years, Register of Deeds for Essex county.

The Library Committee of the United States Senate have reported a bill, granting twenty thousand dollars to the widow of Alexander Hamilton, for one thousand copies of each of the five volumes, which she proposes to publish of the writings of General Hamilton, and deposit in the Library of Congress, to remain there forever—the entire manuscripts of her distinguished partner.

Rev. John Pierpont, Jr., of Lynn, has sent a second letter, renewing his request for a dismission from his Society, on the ground of ill-health, and his desire has been complied with.

It is a popular delusion to believe that pantalettes are the only "unmentionables" worn by the opposite sex.

Those that are bound for heaven must be willing to swim against the stream.

There are a large number of French, Austrian, and Spanish officers in the Mexican army, and able European engineers and officers are in Mexico, and are constantly displacing the native officers.

A copy of Willmer & Smith's European Times received by the Unicorn, was expressed to New Orleans, and sold there for one thousand dollars.

Orders have been received at Charlestown to prepare the razee Independence for sea.

An immediate survey of the line of road from Halifax to Quebec, preparatory to the commencement of the railway from the seaboard to Canada, has been ordered by the English Government.

The Rio Grande, Rio Bravo, and Rio del Norte are so many different names of the same great river, which rises in the Southern slope of the Rocky Mountains and runs nearly due south almost two thousand miles to the Gulf of Mexico.

Patriotism has made a strong draft on the printing offices in New Orleans. About fifty journeymen have already dropped the "composing-stick" and shouldered the musket in defence of their country.

The annual message of Governor Anderson, of Maine, says that State presents the singular spectacle of a State largely indebted, with nearly four hundred thousand dollars in cash in its treasury, yet unable to pay or reduce to any considerable extent, its public debt, for the reason that the creditors of State prefer her scrip to cash.

NOTICES.

The Selection of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER.

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

Singers, particularly ladies, are requested to attend and assist in the singing.

E. W. MARSH, Sec.

Juvenile Singing School.

MRS L. A. NEWCOMB proposes to continue the School at her residence, Hancock Street, for instruction in singing, on Monday and Wednesday evenings.

A course of twenty-four lessons will commence on MONDAY AFTERNOON, 15th inst., at half past five o'clock. Terms, one Dollar.

Young Ladies, desirous of attending a course, will please call at half past six o'clock, the same afternoon. Terms, one Dollar and fifty cents.

Quincy, May 9.

3w

Mr. Seth W. Fowle, using DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, with great benefit to myself, I cheerfully comply with your request to give my testimony in favor of it. Some time since I took cold, and it settled on my lungs; I was troubled for several weeks with a very bad cough, raised blood several times, and had all the alarming symptoms attending confirmed Consumption. I despaired of recovery. After trying various remedies in vain, I obtained a bottle of your Balsam; I took three bottles, and in my astonishment was entirely cured. I attribute my restoration to health to that medicine alone. All who are sick or afflicted with Pulmonary affections, I would recommend them to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM immediately.

THOMAS F. KEELER.

None genuine without the written signature of I.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

May 23.

1w

Ninety trains of cars leave Boston for twenty-five different stations. About one every ten minutes for sixteen and a half hours each day—Sundays excepted of course.

One of the chiefs of the Creek nation, now in Washington, has offered to the President the services of two thousand picked warriors, should they be required in the conflict with Mexico.

If the community will take the F from the "Flying" rumors of the day, they may save themselves much unnecessary alarm, and give to them generally their proper designation.

Robert B. Thomas, the venerable compiler of that excellent and highly popular almanac, well known throughout New England as the "Farmers' Almanac," died at West Boylston, on Tuesday, aged eighty years.

Forty volunteers marched to the President's House on Monday, and tendered their services to the President for the frontiers.

DIED.

In this town, 16th inst. Mr. Albert Hershey, aged 48.

A husband's spirit now has gone—
A father from his children torn;
Death in a moment seized its prey,
And bore him suddenly away.

As the lone widow passes through
Her mournful pilgrimage below,
May Jesus to her strength afford,
And she rely on Israel's God.

And could the father from the grave,
Speak to the children that he loved,
He'd say, "repent—God's word obey—
Salvation seek without delay."

Mammoth Circus !!!



THE magnificent Mammoth Circus of Mess. Rockwell & Stone, doubly increased from their former attractions, unrivaled all conceivable grandeur for their talented performers, equipments, &c., combined for their travelling entertainments this year, and comprising upwards of 120 men and horses, will exhibit in Quincy, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 27th inst., for one day only. Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock, P. M. Performance to commence at 2 1/2 and 7 1/2.

The particulars of this Mighty Equestrian Troupe are impossible to describe in an advertisement; a detail may be found in the immense bills posted in the Hotels and elsewhere. Annexed are the names of a few of the distinguished performers, artists and novelties without equal. Madam Camilla Gardner, Prof. Harrington and Son, Oscar R. Stone, Wm. H. Stout, Miss. S. G. W. Sergeant, D. Minnick, C. Bacon, V. Priquet, H. Smith, F. Crawford, E. Dorr, Riders, Acrobats, &c.

Mess. Campbell, Galsiano, T. and J. Wadde, Vocalists; Bacon & Dan Gardner, Clowns; the Tyroleans, the dancing Pony Fanny Elsler, intelligent dog Napoleon, &c.

This Grand Cavalcade will be preceded on their arrival, by the N. Y. Brass Band in their costly Chariot, the most superb affair ever beheld, drawn by eight Splendid Steeds driven in hand.

Quincy, May 23.

1w

Old Colony Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, April 13th, Trains will leave Boston and Plymouth daily, Sundays excepted, as follows, viz:

Boston, 7 3/4 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Plymouth, 7 A. M. and 4 1/4 P. M.

SOUTH BRAINTREE SPECIAL TRAINS.

Leave Boston 10 1/2 A. M. and 2 1/2 & 7 P. M.

South Braintree, 6 1/2 A. M. 12 M. and 3 1/2 P. M.

JOS. H. MOORE, Superintendent.

Boston, May 23.

if

Removal.

PORTER & CHAMBERLAIN have removed from E. Ben's Wharf, at the head of Quincy Canal, to their NEW WHARF near "Brackett's Wharf, where they offer for sale the usual variety of

LUMBER.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine before buying.

Quincy, May 23.

4w

Valuable Real Estate.

TO be sold by authority of the last Will and Testament of Mary S. Richards, late of Weymouth, deceased, on MONDAY, the first day of June next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the premises, about 13 acres of Woodland and Pasture Land, in two or three lots, with a Barn thereon, situated in Weymouth, near the late dwelling house of the deceased.

Also—At the same place, one undivided fourth part of about five acres of Salt Marsh, situated near the Weymouth Back River, at a place called the Old Cedar Swamp, and three-fourths of an acre of Woodland.

Also—One undivided sixth part of about 83 acres of very good Land, with two Dwelling houses, Barns five buildings thereon, situated in Weymouth, subject to the life estate of Mrs. Mary Bates, widow of Dea. John Bates, late of Weymouth, deceased.

Also—By application to the subscriber, eight shares of Stock of the Union Bank of Weymouth and Braintree.

LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Executor.

Weymouth, May 15th, 1846.

2w

Another Chance for Bargains.

F. HARDWICK, JR.,

HAS just received from New York auctions, by steam, another lot of cheap Goods, which he will sell for CASH ONLY, at the following prices:

CRAPPE DE LAINES, 20 cts per yd.

1 piece black ALPINE, at 75 cts per yd.

MOURNING DE LAINES, 20 and 25 cts.

Printed LAWNS, yd wide, 20 cts.

1 piece Carolina Plaid, 25 cts per yd.

ORGANDI DRESSES, \$2.50 per Dress.

Patches at 6 1/4 cts.

Quincy, May 16.

3w

East Thomaston Lime.

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf.

Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.

M. W. SULLIVAN.

Quincy, April 25.

if

To Let,
HALF of a two story house, built expressly for two families, pleasantly situated on Elm Street, a few rods from the Episcopal Church. Inquire opposite the THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, 2d.

To Let.
PART of a two story house, viz. a Parlor, Kitchen, Sink Room, and two Chambers, with a good Garden. The above rooms are very convenient, having no connection with the other part of the house, and situated on Washington street, about a quarter of a mile from the Universalist Meeting-house. Rent, sixty-five dollars. Possession given immediately.

Also—The large two story house, containing twelve rooms, suitable for two families, now building and nearly finished, situated on North Street, about a quarter of a mile from the Methodist Meeting-house, Quincy Point.

Apply on the premises of THOMPSON BAXTER.

Quincy, May 16.

At Auction!

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 25th day of May, inst. at five o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, if not previously disposed of at private sale, a Building situated on the corner of Hancock and Granite Streets, lately occupied by Joseph Burrell as a Boot Manufactory.

Conditions at the sale.

The Building may be examined at any time previous to the sale by applying to the subscriber.

ELISHA MARSH.

L. G. HORTON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, May 9.

3w

Flour, etc.

JUST received, per Sch. Anconada, from New York, 3000 bushels SHORTS, a prime article, 500 lbs. FLOUR, fancy brands, and 2000 bushels of OATS, which will be sold at the following cash prices.

HENRY SOUTHER.

Quincy, May 16.

3w

Notice.

Meeting of the Norfolk Mutual Fire Ins. Co. THE members of the Norfolk Mutual Fire Insurance Company are hereby notified, that a meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of said Company, in Dedham, on MONDAY, the first day of June next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to hear the Report of the Committee of the Corporation chosen at the annual meeting, to purchase a lot and procure plans of a suitable building for the accommodation of the Company and estimates of the cost of the same, and determine whether the Corporation will accept their Report and erect the building recommended by the Committee.

THOMAS FRENCH, E. J. BISPHAM, MARTIN MARSH, Committee.

Dedham, May 14, 1846.

Staw Carpeting.

4-5 and 6-4 STRAW CARPETING, just received and for sale low, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, May 9.

if

QUINCY, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, at which time the following report was offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Vote—That we neither give, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: **GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.**

REPORT.



QUINCY, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, at which time the following report was offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject was considered by the Committee, and it was agreed that the Committee should meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alterations in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed:

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot cannot be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the tubs shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.

Thus far there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before.

This brought the subject of the alteration of the Engines fully before the Committee. It was then ascertained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it was the intention of the Tiger's Committee to make important alterations in their engine, such as putting in a new air-chamber, &c. This we objected to. Then, said the Chairman of the Tiger Committee, we cannot play, for such is the vote of our Company. Further deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee were instructed not to play without the consent of the Vulture Committee, and we were instructed not to play if they did, except new brakes and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's much boasting in public print was not based upon the principle of true moral courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS WOOD, EMBREZER CLEVELY, BARNABAS HOWARD, AMM A. HARRIS, WARREN E. SMALL,

may 9. Committee.

Boots, Shoes, Caps, &c.

THE subscriber has just received a new lot of Boots and Shoes, among which are the following—

Men's and Boys' Calf, Grain, Goat, Kip and Thick Boots, Booties and Shoes.

Also—Women's Misses and Children's Kid and Leather BUSKINS and LOW TIES;

HALF GAITERS, Light and Black; Bronze Kid BUSKINS, etc, etc.

To which he would invite the attention of his friends and the public generally.

A part of the above stock I have manufactured expressly for retailing, and they will do good service.

CAPS.

Another lot of those NAVY and HOOP TOP CAPS just received, at a discount from former prices.

On hand at all times, to accommodate any who may be in want of them.

REPAIRING.

If your Shoes or Boots have become thin and want repairing, I can, and will, do them up in first rate style with despatch.

Having been for the past seven years in the trade, and thankful for past favors, I hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

I shall sell at a VERY SMALL advance above the cost FOR CASH—no mistake.

Don't forget the old stand, No. 3, Temple Street.

George B. NIGHTINGALE.

Quincy, May 2. if

Fancy Goods, etc.

EVERY STYLE OF STRAW, FLORENCE AND GIPSEY COTTAGE

BONNETS AND HATS,

WITH A GREAT VARIETY OF

FANCY BONNETS, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, &c.

S. S. MARSH would inform his friends and the public in general, that she will now offer for sale

A complete assortment of Bonnets, Caps, Collars, Capes, Laces, Edgings, MUSLINS, CRAPES, with a general assortment of Millinery Articles,

and other articles which she has usually kept.

Fancy Silk Bonnets, MADE TO ORDER.

Mourning Bonnets and Grave Clothes,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

N. B. STRAW BONNETS, Cleaned and Pressed

in the best manner, as usual.

Quincy, April 25. if

To Let,

The two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.

For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYAN B. NEWCOMB,

Quincy, March 7. if

New Prints.

JUST received, a prime assortment of rich Prints, very low, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 25. if

Grass Seed.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of

HEED'S GRASS, RED TOP AND CLOVER SEED.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25. if

Representatives in General Court assembled:

YOUNG Petitioner would humbly represent, That in the year 1803, March 3d, an Act of Incorporation was granted Cotton Tuttle, Ebenezer Thayer, and other associates, in their petition, to build a place called Queen Ann's Corner, in the town of Hingham, to Quincy Meeting-house, in the town of Quincy, and also to erect a Bridge over Monaquitt river in the town of Braintree, and to receive toll from passengers crossing over said bridge. Exemplifying however all persons from paying toll who shall be passing with his horse or carriage to and from public worship, or with his horse team or cattle to or from his common labor on his farm or to and from any Grist Mill, or on common and ordinary business of family concern, or to or from any persons passing on military duty; That the said Road and Bridge was built and accepted by legal authority; That although the said Road and Bridge was extremely accommodated to the public, and particularly to the Old Colony, yet it afforded but little profit; That in the year 1844, an Act of Incorporation was granted for the Old Colony Rail Road, running nearly parallel with said Turnpike, and within one and a half miles from said Turnpike; That since said Old Colony Rail Road has been in operation the toll on the turnpike has been reduced to about one half the amount usually taken by said Turnpike, reducing the toll to about two per cent. on the original cost. That during the present session of the Honorable Legislature another Rail Road has been granted, running from Duxbury through the towns of Weymouth and Braintree and coming within one quarter of a mile of the Old Colony Rail Road; and that more than forty dwelling houses have been built, on the north side of the river and on said Turnpike; That a parish has been established and a large meeting-house built on the south side of the river and near the bridge; and that the Parishioners live in about equal numbers on either side of the Bridge; and further, that the maintenance of said Bridge is of great and necessary importance to the neighborhood, and unless the proprietors can be authorized to take toll from all persons passing over the same, the Bridge cannot be maintained. For the above reasons and many more that can be mentioned, your petitioner humbly prays that the proviso in the sixth section of the act above alluded to, exempting certain labor on the farm or to and from any mill, and that the Corporation may be authorized to take toll from all persons who may cross said Bridge, as other Bridges are now authorized.

And as in duty bound will ever pray,

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Braintree and Weymouth Turnpike Corporation.

Braintree, March 25, 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In Senate, March 25, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, That the Petitioner cause an attested copy of his Petition with this Order thereon, to be served upon the Clerk of the town of Braintree and published in the Quincy Patriot six times, said service and publication to be on certain days, at least, before the meeting of the next General Court, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, March 25, 1846.

Concurred.

CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true Copy—Attest.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

may 9. 6w

Arrival of Spring Goods.

RUSSELL & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets, Rear of Stone Temple, Quincy.

HAVE received a Rare and Splendid Assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

—ALL NEW STYLES AND PATTERNS—

which they will make up into Garments to suit purchasers at such prices as cannot fail to procure a return of patronage.

All of these goods having been bought the present season for cash, at the first market after importation, the public may rest assured, that we can and will sell so as to defy competition.

Mr. JOHN RUSSELL,

who superintends the Cutting and Making up of Garments, having had upwards of ten years PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE OF CUTTING, at the first Schools of Europe and America, gives him a decided advantage over any Tailor in this vicinity in producing any style of Garments that the world of fashion can suggest. His system of Cutting being different from any used by country tailors, enables him to give an easy and graceful setting garment to the most imperfect form. Those who have tested his ability can bear witness to the fact. From those unacquainted a trial is all that is necessary.

Where the cloth is furnished by the customer, the trimming and making will be done equally as well as though purchased at the establishment.

A few genuine READY MADE GARMENTS kept constantly on hand.

Quincy, Apr. 11. if

Best Spring Medicine.

WHITWELL'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS.

THE best possible remedy for Indigestion, Jaundice, Worms, Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Hysterics, Debility, Drowsiness, Weakness, Sour Stomach, etc.

Most persons feel the necessity of using some tonic or strengthening medicine during the spring and summer, especially those engaged in sedentary employments. No article is better calculated for such purposes, than the above. The ingredients of which they are composed are highly recommended in all medical books, as among the best tonics known to the medical world. They purify the blood, revive the spirits, and strengthen the whole system. The proprietor is confident that if invalids would give this cheap and pleasant remedy one trial they will never use any other. They are put at the lowest possible price in order to place them within the reach of all.

Price 25 cts. pint bottle—\$2 a doz. Sold as below.

Whitwell's Original Opodeldoe, is the only effectual remedy for Rheumatism, Sprains, Stiffness of Neck and Joints, Gout, Cramp, etc. Recommended by Dr. S. L. Mitchell, late Professor of Physic in the N. S. College of Physicians. Price 25 cts a bottle.

Beware of imitations, and see that every bottle has the genuine signature of J. P. Whitwell on the wrapper, before you buy.

Quincy, May 9. 3m

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Agent.

Flour.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of

HEED'S GRASS, RED TOP AND CLOVER SEED.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25. if

Representatives in General Court assembled:

YOUNG Petitioner would humbly represent, That in the year 1803, March 3d, an Act of Incorporation was granted Cotton Tuttle, Ebenezer Thayer, and other associates, in their petition, to build a place called Queen Ann's Corner, in the town of Hingham, to Quincy Meeting-house, in the town of Quincy, and also to erect a Bridge over Monaquitt river in the town of Braintree, and to receive toll from passengers crossing over said bridge. Exemplifying however all persons from paying toll who shall be passing with his horse or carriage to and from public worship, or with his horse team or cattle to or from his common labor on his farm or to and from any Grist Mill, or on common and ordinary business of family concern, or to or from any persons passing on military duty; That the said Road and Bridge was built and accepted by legal authority; That although the said Road and Bridge was extremely accommodated to the public, and particularly to the Old Colony, yet it afforded but little profit; That in the year 1844, an Act of Incorporation was granted for the Old Colony Rail Road, running nearly parallel with said Turnpike, and within one and a half miles from said Turnpike; That since said Old Colony Rail Road has been in operation the toll on the turnpike has been reduced to about one half the amount usually taken by said Turnpike, reducing the toll to about two per cent. on the original cost. That during the present session of the Honorable Legislature another Rail Road has been granted, running from Duxbury through the towns of Weymouth and Braintree and coming within one quarter of a mile of the Old Colony Rail Road; and that more than forty dwelling houses have been built, on the north side of the river and on said Turnpike; That a parish has been established and a large meeting-house built on the south side of the river and near the bridge; and that the Parishioners live in about equal numbers on either side of the Bridge; and further, that the maintenance of said Bridge is of great and necessary importance to the neighborhood, and unless the proprietors can be authorized to take toll from all persons passing over the same, the Bridge cannot be maintained. For the above reasons and many more that can be mentioned, your petitioner humbly prays that the proviso in the sixth section of the act above alluded to, exempting certain labor on the farm or to and from any mill, and that the Corporation may be authorized to take toll from all persons who may cross said Bridge, as other Bridges are now authorized.

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A few genuine READY MADE GARMENTS kept constantly on hand.

Quincy, Apr. 11. if

Best Spring Medicine.

WHITWELL'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS.

POETRY.

THE FISHER-BOAT.

No reefer struts upon her deck—
No boatswain pipes her crew,
Whose rough and tarry jackets are
As often black as blue.
Her sails are torn, her timbers worn,
She's but a crazy craft,
Yet luck betides her in the gale,
And plenty crowns her draught.
Let but a foe insult the land,
That holds her cottage home,
And Yankee hearts will spring from out
The merry little foam.
What lo! what lo! away they go,
The moon is high and bright,
God speed the little fisher boat,
And grant a starry night.

No pennant flutters at her mast,
No port-holes range her side,
A dusky spec—she takes her place
Upon the midnight tide,
While gaily sings some happy boy,
"A life upon the sea,
With jolly mates, a water-can,
And trusty nets for me."
But many an hour of fearful risk,
She meets upon the wave,
The ships of stout and giant form,
Would scarcely care to brave,
And many a one with trembling hand
Will trim the beacon light,
And cry "God speed the fisher-boat,
Upon a stormy night."

We proudly laud the daring ones
Who cross the pathless main,
The shining gulls and yellow dust
Of other climes to gain;
We honor those whose blood is with
The mingled waters found,
Who fight till death to guard the cliffs
Those waters circle round.
The poor and gallant set,
Who toil and watch when others sleep,
To cast the heavy net,
Their perils are not paid by fame—
So trim the beacon light,
And cry "God-speed the fisher-boat,
And grant a starry night."

"FAREWELL."

In that wild word magic lies,
To strike the heart's deep chords;
And hid those bursts of feelings rise,
Ne'er touch'd by other words!
A power, it bears, to keep the heart
From earth's unhallow'd ways;
A pledge that, though awhile we part,
We'll think of other days.

The heart, to suffering long inured,
Unmov'd earth's woes may bear;
Each bitter grief may be endur'd
And all be calmness there.
But let that word, with sadd'ning tone,
Fall softly on the ear;
And eyes to weeping long unknown,
Are garish'd with a tear.

And if, in hours of joyous mirth,
That word we chance to hear,
Rous'd by its sound, and thoughts rush forth
Of friends to mem'ry dear;
Its tone to one a semblance bore,
Which o'er us threw a spell,
That voice will greet our ears no more—
We heard its last farewell.
But, mingled with its plaintive sound,
There comes a soothing voice,
From worlds beyond the narrow bound,
Which bids the soul rejoice;
A tone to which a pow'r is giv'n
Each drooping heart to tell,
That friends no more shall part, in heav'n;
No more shall say—Farewell.

ANECDOTES.

"O, just look out of the window and see that string of men and boys with poles on their shoulders. What do you suppose they are after?"
"They are after fishing the pond I presume."
"No sir. They are all one after the other."
"Begone, you wretch!"
"Yes, sir!"

What did Jonah say when he saw the jaws of the whale extended to receive him?
He might have said: "There's a fine opening for a young man."

"Guilty or not guilty?" said a Judge to a native of the Emerald Isle.
"Just as your honor pleases. It's not for the likes o' me to dictate to your honor's worship," was the reply.

I am a widow's only darling, said a girl to her suitor; no husband can ever equal my parent in kindness. "She is kind," replied the wooer, "but be my wife, we will live together, and see if I don't beat your mother?"

Some person asked Charles Fox what was the meaning of that passage in the Psalms, "he clothed himself with cursing, like as with a garment?" "The meaning," said he, "I think, is clear enough; the man had a habit of swearing."

A romancing traveller spoke of a church he had seen in Spain, a mile and a half long and about ten yards broad. "This is, you'll observe," said one of the company, "not a round lie, but differs from the other stories, which are as broad as they are long."

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Two Hundred Suppers.



Call at the
CLOTH AND CLOTHING
WAREHOUSE,
No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL.

GEORGE W. ALMY
WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fit, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing,
our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good and full an assortment as can be found. All garments have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers
Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and get up

With some regard to fit and style,
which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.
As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections.

AT STORE,
No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St.,
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON.
Mar. 28. 3m

Boots and Shoes.
138 Hanover Street, Boston. 138
GEORGE A. VEAZIE,
WOULD invite his friends and the Quincy public who may visit the city, to examine his stock of BOOTS AND SHOES,

before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it for their mutual advantage.

Ladies' Gaiter Boots,
Black Bronze light and Bronze Green, which are cut by Kimball's improved patterns and therefore cannot help but fit.

Children and Misses' Gaiter Boots and Shoes,
of every description, style and color, and a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, of Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's, for common wear, which will be sold very low for cash, as all goods at this establishment are bought for cash, which consequently allows me to sell much lower than all others who buy on time.

By the Package or Dozen.
Dealers who buy to sell again, will find it for their interest to call, as I shall sell at a very small advance.
GEORGE A. VEAZIE,
138 Hanover Street.
Boston, April 11. 3m

Lime!!!
JUST received and now for sale, part of a cargo of superior Thomaston Lime, which will be sold cheap at Quincy Point opposite the Toll Bridge.
EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy Point, April 4. 1f

New Coal and Wood Wharf.
THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,
AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
—ALSO—
BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES,
delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.
Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will warrant it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy, Point Aug. 23. 1f

Cow Hide Boots.
THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTEEES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.
JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13. 1f

New Shawls and Scarfs.
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a fine assortment of
CASHMERE, NETTED & BARAGE SHAWLS;
SILK AND BARAGE SCARFS,
very rich and beautiful.

FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, and a great many other pretty things for the season, which will be sold as cheap as can be purchased in the city.
Quincy, April 11. 1f

Prime Eastern Hay.
50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of
ALBION DEARBORN.
Quincy, Jan. 31. 1f

Bacon, Pork and Lard.
FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.
These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. 1f

Conant's Patent Yeast.
FRESH supply of this most excellent Yeast, just received at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4. 1f

Grain Store—Old Stand.
HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Cod-dington and Washington Street,

CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, ETC.,
which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.

Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with

Bolton Rye and Indian Meal.
Quincy, Feb. 28. 1f

A meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, held on the evening of March 15th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy; the company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Seventh—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Resolved—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

Dr. Wood's
SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY
BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of Constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy.

Sarsaparilla ranks high among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is in this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be of great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the system. At the same time, it is in this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be of great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the system.

Wild Cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nervous system. In cases of indigestion, they are at once securing health and vigor, to the whole system, and it is in this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be of great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the system.

Indigestion, arising from Indigestion or Nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success; not are they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same time, it is in this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be of great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the system.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease.

She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all of whom, by the solicitation of a friend, I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS,
North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time, she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption.

At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr. White, who means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute and long continued disease, by the use of this excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or the physician.

The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure, and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal ingredients, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

Manufactured and sold by E. THORNTON, JR., Chemist and Druggist, 10 N. Water-street, New Bedford, where all orders must be directed.

For sale in Quincy by CLAPP & RICHARDS, and in all the principal towns and villages in New England.
Quincy, Apr. 25. 6m

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!
THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

Worms Kill Thousands.
CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad health, paleness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, irritability, nervousness, various appetites, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are destroyed for months for some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure.

Dr. Ryan, owner of Prince-street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges; he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over a million of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colic, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and other affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Worm Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Hovarth, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Attree, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the most of any known remedy.

Headache, Sea-sickness and palpitation, relieved in five to ten minutes by Sherman's Worm Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or travelling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the humor and looseness of spirits. Mr. Knuth of the Sunday Mercury, has recommended himself of severe headache by them. Captain Chadwick of the packet ship Wellington, has witnessed their efficacy in great many cases of sea-sickness. They operate like a charm on the stomachic nerves, as Sherman's Food-Man's Plaster does upon the Rheumatic, Lumbago, pain or weakness in the side, back, breast, or any part of the body. Mr. H. G. Rogers, 30 Ann Street, Henry E. Goulding, 33 J. S. Church-street, Moses J. Henriques, Esq., and a multitude of others have experienced the wonderful effects of these Plasters. Price, only 1 cent each. Caution is necessary to see that you get the genuine Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles attempted to be palmed off in place of them, by those who would trade with your life for a shilling.

Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau-street, New York. Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State-street, Boston; J. Babcock and M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash, and N. Dyer, Abington; R. G. Gosson, Dorchester; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. H. Hayden, rear of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

June 25.

Hats and Caps.
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys' Cloth Caps, which will be sold at low prices as can be bought in the City.

Quincy, May 25. 1f

Cassimeres and Sattinets.
LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be found at
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 20. 1f

New Goods! New Goods!!
GEORGE NEWCOMB,
WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTES; GAMBOONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laine, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White; Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Blue and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings; Cravats; Diapers.

Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stocks, etc., etc.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and RIGANS.

N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and warranted to fit.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.

Any of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.
Quincy Point, July 1. 1f

Quincy Baggage Wagon.
THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus CONTINUES to run the same in Quincy Baggage Wagon, for the conveyance of passengers and goods. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, etc.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', Boston Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER
Quincy, Nov. 11 1f

Matresses.
JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 29. 1f

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, in that Department, and has found, in all articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc. Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing; Fresh Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin; FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines; Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup; Ellis' Volubrious Bitters; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; Atwood's Jaundice Bitters; Dyer's TOOTH ACHES DROPS; Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. 1f

The Great Remedy
FOR
Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olosonian, or All-Healing Balm.
IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here is proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosonian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz., it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—it will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumbers and repose; if you have Asthma, assuredly there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State-street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gosson, Dorchester.

August 16.

CLICKENERS' CO.
SUGAR COATED
VEGETABLE PILLS

A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at once acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative, COATED WITH SU-GAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be simply lump sugar, and would not be able to detect the difference. These pills are so skilfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels, and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a disagreeable flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than the medicine itself. The pills are entirely free from any other sugar, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is a universal known fact, that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—to rectify it; but when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by costiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluous matter is gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of, for the removal of impure blood from the system is the first step to health, and the body (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and the blood pure, will be the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known, but people have such an aversion to medicine, that unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, and thus incur the expense of a long and tedious cure, for the folly of their conduct. Still they have some excuse; for heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was nearly as disagreeable as it was beneficial. Now, however, the evil is most effectually removed; for CLICKENERS' SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine, and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a disagreeable flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than the medicine itself. The pills are entirely free from any other sugar, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is a universal known fact, that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. 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QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 22.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

MISCELLANY.

A STORY OF MARRIED LIFE.

My friend Follet married a lady contrary to my advice. I gave the advice contrary to my wont and against my will. He would have it. The lady was a tolerably pretty woman, on whose original destiny it was never written that she should be a belle. How she became one is not much matter; but nature being taken thoroughly by surprise with her success, had neglected to provide the counterpoise. I say it is no great matter how she became a belle, nor is it, for if such things are to be accounted for to the satisfaction of the sex, the world would have little time for other speculations; but I will devote a single paragraph to the elucidation of this one of many mysteries, for a reason I have. *Fanani habet in cornu.*

Poets are the least fastidious, and the least discriminating of men in their admiration of women, (vide Byron,) partly because their imagination, like sunshine, glorifies all that turns to it, and partly because the voluptuous heart, without which, they were not poets, is both indolent and imperial, from both causes waiting always to be sought. In some circles, bards are rather comets than stars, and the one whose orbit for a few days intersected that of Miss Adele Burnham, was the exclusive marvel of the hour. Like other poets, the one of which I speak was concentrative in his attentions, and he chose, (*why*, the gods knew better than the belles of the season,) to have neither eyes, nor ears, flowers, flatteries, nor verses for any other than Miss Burnham. He went on his way, but the ascense, in which he had enveloped the belle Adele, lingering like a magic atmosphere about her, and Tom Follet and all his tribe breathed it in blind adoration.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.
The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.
JOSIAH BARBOCK, JR., Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, "Stone Quarries."
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVERLY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stage will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted.)

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doublet's) Hotel, No. 9, at ten o'clock, at twelve o'clock, M., and four o'clock, P. M.
Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.
Quincy, Jan. 1.

Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.

IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools,
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Branded, gilt and papier Machie Wares.
Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks.
Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. if Dec. 1

Choice Fruit Trees.

A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.
BRAINTREE, April 6. if

House for Sale or to Let.

THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other outbuilding, and seven acres of Land, on Hancock Street, the property of late Mr. John Fry.
For terms and other particulars inquire, near the premises, of
Quincy, May 2. if

To Let.

THE lower part of the House belonging to Jacob Cook, with the garden and a piece of ground sufficient to pasture a Cow by tying her with a rope. Also the Barn.
Rent sixty-five dollars per year.
The House is located at Germantown Point.
Quincy, May 2. if

House to Let.

A HOUSE pleasantly situated in Quincy, a few rods from the Old Colony Rail Road Depot, possession given immediately. Inquire at this Office, or at the Hancock House of Mr. GEORGE H. FRENCH.
Quincy, April 4. if

To Let.

A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alley, situated on Coddington Street in Quincy. The House is suitable for two families; a good Garden is attached to the premises. The whole estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are in good repair.
For further information inquire of
ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston, or of JOSEPH FRYE, on the premises.
Quincy, March 21. if

To Let.

ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next.
For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of
THOMAS ADAMS.
Quincy, Feb. 28. if

To Let.

A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street. Enquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the premises, or of DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7. if

His satin cravat was frayed and brownish, with the tie slipped almost under his ear. The heel of his right boot (he trod straight on the other foot) almost looked him in the face. His pantaloons, (the one article of dress in which there are no gradations—nothing, if not perfect,) were bulged and strained. He wore a frightfully new hat, no gloves, and carried a baggy brown umbrella, which was, in itself, a most expressive portrait of "gone to seed." Tom entered with his usual upish carriage, and through the how-d'ye-do's, and the getting into his air, carried off the old manner to a charm. In talking of the weather a moment after, his eye fell on his stumpy umbrella, which, with an unconscious memory of an old affection with his cane, he was balancing on the toe of his boot, and the married look slid over him like a mist. Down went his head between his shoulders, and down went the corners of his mouth—down the inflation of his chest like a collapsed balloon—and down, in his youth and expression it seemed to me, every muscle of face. He had assumed in a minute the style and countenance of a man ten years older.

I smiled. How could I but smile!
"Then you have heard it!" exclaimed Tom, starting to his feet, and flushing purple to the roots of his hair.

"Heard of what?"
My look of surprise evidently took him aback, and, seating himself again, with confused apologies, Tom proceeded to "make a clean breast," on a subject which I had not anticipated.

It seemed that, far from mouthing her feathers after marriage, according to my prediction, Mrs. Follet clearly thought that she had not yet "strutted her hour," and, though every thing Tom could wish behind the curtain, in society she had flattered and flattered, not merely with no diminution of zest from the wedding day, but her husband was of opinion, with a ratio alarmingly increasing. Her present alliance was with a certain Count Hautenbas, the lion of the moment, and though doubtless one in which vanity alone was active, Tom's sense of connubial propriety was at its last gasp. He could stand it no longer. He wished my advice in the choice between two courses. Should he call out the Frenchman, or should he take advantage of the Massachusetts interpretation of a "land of liberty," accuse his wife of "moral insanity," and shut her up in a mad-house?

My advice had been of so little avail in the first instance, that I shrunk from troubling Tom with any more of it, and certainly should have evaded it altogether, but for an experiment I wished to make, as much for my own satisfaction as for the benefit of that large class, the unhappy married.

"Your wife is out every night, I suppose, Tom?"
"Every night when she has no parties at home."
"Do you go with her always?"
"I go for her usually—but the truth is, that since I married, parties bore me, and after seeing my wife off, I commonly smoke and snooze, or read, and run into Bob Thomas's and 'talk horse,' until I have just time to be in at the death."

"And when you get there, you don't dance?"
"Not, I faith. I haven't danced since I was married."
"But you used to be the best waltzer of the day."

"Well, the music sometimes gets into my heel now, but when I remember I am married, the fit cools off. The deuce take it! a married man shouldn't be seen whirling round the room with a girl in his arms."

"I presume that were you still single, you would fancy your chance to be as good for ladies' favors as any French count's that ever came over here?"
"Eh! why—yes."

Tom pulled up his collar.
"And if you had access to her society all day and all night, and the Frenchman only an hour or two in the evening, any given lady being the object, you would bet freely on your own head?"

"I see your drift," said Tom, with a melancholy smile, "but won't do."

"No, indeed—but it is what would have done. You had at the start a much better chance with your wife than Count Hautenbas; but husbands and lovers are the 'hare and the tortoise' of the fable. We must resort now to other means. Will you follow my advice as well as take it, should I be willing again to burn my fingers in your affairs?"

The eagerness of Tom's protestations quite made the amende to my mortified self-complacency, and I entered zealously into my little plot for his happiness. At this moment I heartily wish I had sent him and his affairs to the devil, and (lest I should forget it at the close of this tale) I here caution all men, single and double, against meddling, marring, or mending in matrimonial matters. The aliteration may, perhaps, impress this salutary counsel on the mind of the reader.

I passed the remainder of the day in repairing the damage of Tom's person. I had his whiskers curled and trimmed even, (his left whisker was an inch nearer his nose than the right) and his teeth looked to by the dentist. I stood by, to be sure that there was no carelessness in his selection of patent leathers, and on his assuring me that he was otherwise well provided, I suffered him to go home to dress, engaging him to dine with me at seven.

He was punctual to the hour. By Jove, I could scarce believe it was the same man—

The consciousness of being well-dressed seemed to have brightened his eyes and lips, as it certainly changed his address and movements. He had a narrow escape of being handsome.—After all, it is only a "man of mark," or an Apollo, who can well afford to neglect the outer man; and a judicious negligence, or a judicious plainness is probably worth the attention of both the man of mark and the Apollo. Tom was quite another order of creature—a butterfly that was just now a worm—and would have been treated with more consideration in consequence, even by those least tolerant of "the pomps and vanities." We dined temperately, and I superseded the bottle by a cup of strong green tea, at an early moment after the removal of the cloth, determined to have Tom's wife in as full dress as his person. Without being at all a brilliant man, he was the next best thing, a steady absorbent. And as most women are more fond of giving than receiving in all things, I was not uneasy as to his power of making himself agreeable. Nor was he, faith!

The ball of the night was at the house of an old friend of my own, and Mr. and Mrs. Follet were but newly introduced to the circle. I had the company very clearly in my eye, therefore, while casting about for dramatic personae, and in fixing upon Mrs. Beverley Fairlie for the prominent character, I assured success, though being very much in love with that coquettish widow myself, I had occasion for some self-denial in the matter. Of Mrs. Fairlie's weak point, (on which it seemed necessary that I should enlighten Tom,) I had information not to be acquired short of summering and wintering her, and with my eye solely directed to its effect upon Mrs. Follet, I put the clues into my friend's hands in a long after dinner conversation. As he seemed impatient to open the campaign after getting these definite and valuable instructions, I argued well for his success and I entered the ball-room in high spirits.

It was quite enough to say to the mischievous widow that another woman was to be piqued by any attentions she might choose to pay Mr. Follet. Having said this much, and presented Tom, I sought out Mrs. Follet myself, with the double purpose of breaking up the monopoly of Monsieur Hautenbas, and of directing her attention to, should be necessary, to the savanities between Tom and the widow.

It was a superb ball, and the music, as Tom said, went to the heels. The thing he did well was waltzing, and after taking a turn or two with Mrs. Fairlie, the rustic dame ran up to Mrs. Follet with the most innocent air imaginable, and begged the loan of her husband the rest of the evening. I did not half like the look of earnest with which she entered into the affair, indeed, and there was little need of my taking much trouble to enlighten Mrs. Follet; for a woman so surprised with a six months' husband I never saw. They were so capitally matched, Tom and the widow, in size, motion, style of waltzing, and all, that not we only, but the whole party were occupied with observing and admiring them. Mrs. Follet and I (for a secret sympathy, somehow, drew us together, as the thing went on) kept up a broken conversation, in which the Count was even less interested than we; and after a few ineffectual attempts to draw us into the tea-room, the Frenchman left us in a pique, and we gave ourselves up to the observation of the couple who (we presumed) severally belonged to us. They carried on the war famously, to be sure! Mrs. Fairlie was a woman who could do as she liked, because she would; and she cared not a straw for the very pronounced demonstration of engrossing one man for all the quadrilles, waltzes and gallopedes, besides being with him to supper.

Once or twice I tried to find an excuse for leaving Mrs. Follet, to put in an ear for myself; but the little woman clung to me as if she had not the courage to undertake another person's amusement, and, new and sudden as the feeling must have been, she was pale and wretched, with a jealousy more bitter probably than mine. Tom never gave me a look after the first waltz; and as to the widow, she played her part with rather more zeal than we set down for her. I passed altogether an uncomfortable night, for a gay one, and it was a great relief to me when Mrs. Follet asked me to send Tom for the carriage.

"Be so kind as to send a servant for it," said Follet, very coolly, "and say to Mrs. Follet that I will join her at home. I am going to sup, or rather breakfast, with Mrs. Beverley Fairlie!"

Here was a mess!
"Shall I send the Count for your shawl?" I asked, after giving this message, and wishing to know whether she was this side of pride in her unhappiness.

The little woman burst into tears.
"I will sit in the cloak-room till my husband is ready," she said, "go to him if you please, and implore him to come and speak to me."

As I said before, I wished the whole plot to the devil. We had achieved our object, it is true—and so did the man who knocked the breath out of his friend's body, in killing a fly on his back. Tom is now (this was years ago) a married flirt of some celebrity, for after coming out of the widow's hands with a three months' education, he had quite forgot to be troubled about Mrs. Follet; and instead of neglecting his dress which was his only sin when I took him in hand, he now neglects his wife who sees him, as women are apt to see their husbands, through other women's eyes. I presume they are doomed to quite as much unhappiness as would have fallen to their lot, had I let them alone—had Mrs. Follet run away

with the Frenchman, and had Tom died a divorced slob. But when I think that, besides achieving little for them, I was the direct means of spoiling Mrs. Beverley Fairlie for myself, I think I may write myself down as a warning to meddlers in matrimony.

For the Quincy Patriot.

GLEANNINGS OF ANTIQUITY.

I found among my books, a few days since, "Fleet's Massachusetts Register for A. D. 1799," from which, as a matter of curiosity to the readers of your paper, I have made a few gleanings for publication.

The first that meets our attention after the title page, is the Court Calendar. The next is the Almanac, which fixes Commencement Day at Cambridge on the 17th July, instead of the 1st Wednesday in August, as in our day and generation. The next is headed the "Roads, &c., from Boston southward and eastward." The distance from Marsh's Tavern, Quincy, to Boston, is set at ten miles; Dedham is set down eleven miles, and Springfield ninety-four miles distant from Boston. Alexandria, near Washington, D. C., at five hundred miles from Boston.

Government of the United States. John Adams, President and Commander-in-Chief.—Thomas Jefferson, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Among the Senators were Benjamin Goodhue, and Theodore Sedgwick, from Massachusetts, and Andrew Jackson, from Tennessee. The Senate represented sixteen States, by thirty-two Senators. The Speaker of the House of Representatives, was Jonathan Dayton, of New Jersey. Among the fourteen members from Massachusetts was the Hon. H. G. Otis, now living. Massachusetts and Virginia, (fifteen members) had the largest delegation in number of the sixteen States.

Departments of Government. Timothy Pickens, Secretary of State, Oliver Wolcott, Secretary of the Treasury, John McHenry of Maryland, Secretary of War, B. Stoddert, of Maryland, Secretary of the Navy, Charles Lee of Virginia, Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, Oliver Ellsworth of Connecticut, John Lowell, Judge of the district of Massachusetts, Collector of the port of Boston, Benjamin Lincoln; there were about twenty revenue officers connected with the custom house at Boston.

The tariff law of 1799, deserves a moment of our attention. Duties on boots were 75 cents per pair; wines, generally, 40 cents per gallon; coffee 5 cents per pound; cheese 7 cents; silk shoes 25 cents per pair; other shoes, men and women, 15 cents per pair; brown sugar 2 cents, and white sugar 9 cents per pound. The different kinds of tea from China, four in number, averaged 23 cents per pound; molasses 4 cents per gallon; linen or cotton manufactures, or of which the cotton or linen is the material of chief value, printed, stained, or colored, 12 1/2 per cent ad valorem. The average ad valorem scale was about 14 per cent.

Civil Government of Massachusetts for 1799. Increase Sumner, Governor, Moses Gill, Lieutenant Governor. Senators from Norfolk county, Ebenezer Thayer, John Reed, Seth Ballard. President of the Senate, Samuel Phillips, of Essex. Speaker of the House, Edward H. Robbins, Milton. Representative from Quincy, Benjamin Beale.

Town Clerk of Boston, William Cooper, (annually chosen for thirty-eight years.) The selectmen were nine in number, who met for the transaction of town business every Wednesday afternoon at the east end of Faneuil Hall. The number of physicians in Boston was thirty.—Dr. William Ingalls appears to be the only survivor. But five State banks were in existence, viz: Massachusetts and Union banks, in Boston, and one each in Newburyport, Gloucester, and Nantucket. Joseph Willard, President of Harvard University. There were nineteen places of public worship in Boston. Wm. Heath of Roxbury, Judge of Probate. Richard Cranch, Ebenezer Miller, and Peter B. Adams, Justices of the Peace, in Quincy. No practicing lawyer or settled minister in this town in 1799. B. Clark Cutler is put down as the high sheriff of Norfolk, and Elphalett Pond, Register of Deeds. Samuel Haven, Register of Probate.

SLITTING THE BARK OF TREES. This is a practice much followed by fruit-raisers. Downing gives his sanction to it. Mr. Pell, (New York,) famous for his orchards, includes it as a part of his system of orchard cultivation. Men talk of trees being bark bound, and let out the bark on the same principle, we suppose, as the mothers do the pantaloons of growing boys.—We confess a prejudice against this letting out of tucks in the tree's clothes. We do not say there may not be cases of diseased trees in which as a remedial process this may not be wise; but we should as soon think of slitting the skin of a boy's leg, or on calves or colts, as a regular part of a plan of rearing them, as to slash the bark of sound and healthy trees.—Ploughman.

HAPPINESS. Be not afraid of diminishing your own happiness by seeking that of others. He who labors wholly for the benefit of others, and, as it were, forgets himself, is far happier than the man who makes himself the sole object of all his affections and exertions.

PROVERBS.—If you trust before you try, you may repent before you die.
If things were to be done twice all would be wise.

The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Oleanian, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Oleanian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburgh, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—it will alter the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the CROUP which deprives you of sweet slumbers and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; E. Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.



Glickener's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pills.

A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public admit at once and acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste, and is entirely painless. In fact the medicine is so entirely dissipated, that if a person were to swallow the entire quantity without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be some kind of pure sugar, and could be afterwards, unless by its great purgative effect, suspect that he had been taking medicine, and that these pills are so skilfully prepared, that they do not give the usual effects of other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a disagreeable flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadorned bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—to rectify it; but when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by costiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the body (from which the blood is formed) in a healthy state, and the purity of blood must be the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine that, unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, and, heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was nearly as disgusting as it was beneficial. Now, however, the use of Glickener's SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine—produce none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicines—while their speedy effect in removing all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any other medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are so described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is sure of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Glickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by G. Y. CLECKNER & Co., 4, Cornhill, at the wholesale and retail prices of 25 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of Agents.

J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; E. Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, R. F. Tolman, Dorchester; E. F. Goodrich, Mr. E. HAYDEN (near Stone Temple); and GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy.

June 22.

Dry Goods.

NOW OPENING

AT

E. R. STOCKWELL'S,

56 HANOVER ST., BOSTON.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,

CONTAINING every style that can be found in Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, in which I will guarantee to sell at ten per cent. less than can be bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street Shawl Stores, as I intend to make the Shawl trade the leading branch in my business, and my expenses are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above named prices.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of

DRESS GOODS,

most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers in that Department, with a general assortment of Goods such as are wanted for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and embossed Cloths, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tickings, Bird's Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpines, with White Dress Goods, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpines, with Swiss Muslins, Gimps, Fringes, &c., all of which will be sold at fair prices at

E. R. STOCKWELL'S,

56, Hanover Street.

Boston, March 28.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

CORRESPONDENCE.
The following letter, from a former resident of this town, will, no doubt, be read with pleasure by our patrons, to many of whom the writer was personally known. We hope to hear from him again.

LOUISVILLE, May 19, 1846.
MR. GREEN—Wm. M. Taylor, Capt. Taylor! Fort Island, and Matamoros! are about the only words in our vocabulary at this time. Doubtless you and your readers have been informed of the desperate situation of the army of occupation; and more recently of the complete triumph of the American forces. This city is in a perfect state of excitement. Drums are beating, volunteers parading the streets in anticipation of being soon called upon to take up their line of march for the seat of war. All the companies have volunteered their services to the Governor, stating that they are in readiness to start at a moment's warning. To-morrow they pitch their tents out at Oakland, (the race-course,) to receive as many volunteers as choose to go with them, and wait the orders of the Governor. A company of cavalry is forming, to consist of one hundred men—all volunteers. Large numbers of the citizens have offered their services, and are now drilling every day. It is the intention of the companies to move on to Mexico, to-morrow. This was a very exciting day—the steamer Magnolia brought up some very important news, which, probably you have read ere this. Whether a draft will be made upon Kentucky or not, I cannot say. If so, your humble servant may possibly have an opportunity to pay a visit to Texas, and perhaps to Mexico! In that case, I shall take sketches and "pencil by the way," and send them to you.

Every thing presents a delightful appearance. Nature is clothed in her rich green dress, and never to my eyes did she appear more lovely. We have had a plentiful supply of rain within the last three weeks, which, of course, has had the above effect.

Louisville is growing rapidly, and a growth that is healthy and durable. The vast number of steamers that are continually arriving and leaving, give an animating and lively appearance to the place. Some of these steamers are really floating palaces. I was somewhat amused in reading in your last paper, your correspondent's letter from Washington, an account of their manner of proceedings. His account of it was a perfect counterpart of what I witnessed while there last winter. It reminded me more of a country school when "half out," than any thing else. There was no decorum or order at all; and I turned away ashamed to think that men who are called the wisdom of the nation! should conduct in a manner so unbecoming. But after leaving these and going into the Senate chamber, I felt somewhat relieved. There perfect order reigned except when broken by a single voice. But my bump of reverence was never more fully developed or more active, than when I went into the United States Supreme Court-room. There sat the six Judges dressed in their black gowns—each in his turn delivering his opinion on some case that was pending. Every person coming in or going out of the room would walk on their toes, and make as little noise as possible.

We are now in the enjoyment of delightful weather, and from present appearances we shall have an abundance of fruit this season—peaches especially. J. S.

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Boston, May 25th, 1846.

This being the great anniversary week in Boston, our city is thronged with an influx of visitors from all parts of the State. Almost every hour of the day or evening, some meeting, religious, or moral, is designated, so that the last week in May annually, may be set down as the most conspicuous of the year for conventions, public lectures, and religious meetings in the goodly city of Boston.

The brilliant success of the American army on the Rio Grande, that was reached, as it were, on the wings of the wind, from time to time the week past has electrified the whole city—nothing else is talked about but the Mexican war.

The latest news is that the Mexicans were pouring into Matamoros, headed by Paredes, that three thousand more Mexicans had crossed the Rio Grande, that the war was great, and that our camp, that a blockade of the Mexican coast, by our fleet was to immediately take place, also that Gen. Scott was to repair to the seat of war.

In a business sense, the war exercises a bad influence here; new projects are looked upon as somewhat critical, under existing circumstances, and business is a little cramped by the uncertain state of our foreign relations. Several bad failures have recently taken place in Washington street, and others are apprehended.

The affairs of the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank, at Nantucket, is producing great excitement on the quiet island. Its affairs are certainly very serious, and will be soon brought to a crisis.

With respect to the monetary matters of Boston, though the market is now tight, yet money is rather easier of access than it was recently. Yours, V. O.

The Indians of Florida having been in the habit of extracting a valuable oil from the aligator equal to the best sperm, the white settlers have gone into the business by the wholesale. An expedition has left St. Augustine for the river St. Johns, and the dark tributary stream of Black Creek, swarming with these hideous creatures, with the view of killing them to obtain their oil.

Horticulturists say that the best way to kill weeds on asparagus beds is to water them liberally with beer or pork brine, or any salt brine. The salt kills the weeds, while it nourishes the asparagus, which is a marative plant, and grows the better for having salt.

There are eight silk establishments in Massachusetts, which produced during the last year 22,509 pounds of sewing silk, valued at \$150,477. The capital invested is less than \$4000.

There has been some monstrous robbery in the Nantucket Bank. The whole capital has disappeared, leaving not a cent to refresh the eyes of the swindled stockholders.

The Chairman of the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads in the Senate, has declared that no change is contemplated in the rates of postage. This announcement will be received with general satisfaction in every part of the country.

New York State is to furnish five thousand five hundred soldiers and Rhode Island three hundred and eighty-nine, without delay, for Texas.

Dr. Woodward, the superintendent of the Massachusetts State Asylum for the Insane, at Worcester, was stricken with paralysis at Washington, last week, and his situation is considered precarious.

Keep your geese, turkeys and hens out of your neighbors' gardens.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR. As might be expected, the reports from the theatre of hostilities are somewhat incongruous and contradictory. News which travels so far is liable in some degree to be inaccurate, but such as it is, we think it may be relied on.

An official despatch from Gen. Taylor dated May 9th, says he was met by the Mexican forces on the 8th, and after an action of five hours, dislodged them from their position. The strength of the enemy he estimated at six thousand men with seven pieces of artillery. Maj. Ringgold and several other officers were wounded—later accounts say Maj. R. is dead.

Another despatch of the same date, of the camp three miles from Matamoros, says that the main body of the army marched at two o'clock that day, and when near the place where then encamped, discovered that a ravine crossing the road had been occupied by the enemy with artillery, and a battery was ordered to sweep the position. A heavy fire was kept up by our troops until the enemy's batteries were carried in succession and he was pursued to the river. Eight pieces of artillery, a great quantity of ammunition, three standards, and about one hundred persons were taken, with a large number of pack mules left in the Mexican camp. The enemy's loss, Gen. T. says, was most severe. His own was very heavy. Lieutenants Inge, Cochrane and Chadbourn, and forty privates were killed on the field, and thirteen officers and one hundred men wounded.

The field work opposite Matamoros has sustained a bombardment of one hundred and sixty hours. Maj. Brown and a non-commissioned officer were killed and ten men wounded.

A despatch from Point Isabel, dated May 12th, where Gen. T. was making a hasty visit, for the purpose of having an interview with Com. Conner, whose squadron is now off the harbor, he says the main body of the army is occupying its former position, opposite Matamoros, the Mexican forces are almost disorganized, and that he shall lose no time in opening the navigation of the river. The wounded were doing well, and an exchange of prisoners had taken place.

REQUISITION ON MASSACHUSETTS. The Secretary of War, in pursuance of an act of Congress, has requested Gov. Briggs to cause to be enrolled and held in readiness for the service, one regiment of Infantry. His Excellency has accordingly issued a call to the citizen-soldiers to enroll themselves, the details of which are given in a general order from the Adjutant General. It requires ten companies of seventy-seven men each, rank and file, musketry, with field and staff officers, a total of seven hundred and seventy-eight. The Governor does not take very decided grounds in his proclamation, but says it is the dictate of patriotism and humanity to employ just and honorable means to bring the war to a speedy termination, and that a prompt and energetic co-operation of the whole people is calculated to produce that result and thus abbreviate its calamities, and save the wasting of the public treasure.

The Washington Light Guards, Boston, the Lynn Artillery, and the Salem Artillery, have voted unanimously to tender their services to the Governor.

The veteran Gen. McNeil, has also tendered his services, and stands ready to take the field.

CONGRESS. The House of Representatives have passed a resolve that the thanks of Congress are due to Brig. Gen. Zachary Taylor, his officers and men, for the fortitude, skill, enterprise and courage which have distinguished the recent brilliant operations on the Rio Grande, and authorizing and directing the President to pay to each non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, belonging to said army, one month's additional pay.

The command of the new regiment of mounted riflemen has been conferred on Gen. Smith of New Orleans. Capt. Fremont has been appointed to the Lieutenant Colonelcy.

A bill has been prepared to create two more major generals and three more brigadier generals.

The Senate in executive session has confirmed the promotion of Brevet Brig. Gen. Taylor to Brevet Major General in the American Army.

The Hon. Marcus Morton was confirmed at the same time as Collector of Boston.

A COME-OUTER. H. Clapp, Jr., the editor of the Lynn Pioneer, who has been imprisoned in Salem jail sixty days for using plain language about a certain justice in Lynn, was liberated last Saturday.

A mass meeting was held on the occasion, at which resolutions were passed, welcoming him back, and expressing a decided opinion of the injustice of his imprisonment. The meeting also appointed Mr. Clapp their delegate to the World's Temperance Convention, which is to be held in London on the 4th day of August next. He had previously been chosen delegate to the same Convention by the Parent Washington Total Abstinence Society of Boston.

MEXICO. According to the best authorities, the population of Mexico in 1842 was 7,200,000, of whom 4,000,000 were estimated as Indians, 1,000,000 whites, 6,000 blacks, and 2,000,000 of various castes, such as Tambores, Mulattoes, &c.

In the city of Mexico there are several collegiate institutions of respectable grade and standing, and within the last few years schools have rapidly multiplied throughout the republic. About fifty newspapers are published in the cities and various provinces. About \$30,000,000 of silver are coined in the various mints, of which there are six or eight in the republic.

LOCAL AFFAIRS. Rockwell & Stone's Circus, from New York, performed in this town on Wednesday afternoon and evening, to a very large concourse of people. It is estimated that over 2,500 persons were in attendance in the evening.

The Quincy Light Infantry under the command of Captain GEORGE CRANE, paraded on Wednesday afternoon, and presented quite a soldier-like appearance, although their ranks were rather thin.

A fatal accident occurred at "Richards' Ledge," in this town, on Thursday last. While engaged in hoisting stones, one part of the apparatus gave way and the boom used for hoisting struck Mr. Benjamin Long on the head, injuring him so severely that he died in a few hours; also severely injuring another person.

The Unitarian society in this town, worshipping in the Stone Temple, are making some repairs, and fitting up the interior of their church in a very handsome style. We learn that religious services will be held to-morrow in the Town Hall building.

NATIONAL FAIR. A fair for the exhibition of specimens of American manufacture, is now in progress at Washington, and has been visited by the President and family, heads of department, &c. The fair is a delegation of Lowell girls in attendance, exhibiting goods from the Lowell factories.

A Philadelphia has sent the furniture of a bed-chamber, valued at thirty thousand dollars. The material is rosewood, and the workmanship the perfection of cabinet making at the present day.

THE PIRATE BABE. This person who was on Monday liberated from prison by a pardon from the President, was again arrested and committed to prison, on a bench warrant, and detained on the indictments for the murder of the captain and mate of the schooner Sarah Lavinia.

BOSTON WATER WORKS. The Water Commissioners have secured an eligible site for a distributing reservoir, by the purchase of a lot of land near the State-House. The reservoir will be supplied with water from Long Pond, without pumping, to a height of one hundred and fifteen feet, at least, above the level of high tide, and twenty feet above the surface of the highest street in the city.

PEACH TREE ROOTS. Thoroughly examine the color of your peach trees; probe every spot where the gum is collected, trace along the channels, and ferret out the worms. Repeat the operation two or three times during the growing season. These worms have been found, say an agricultural paper, two feet above ground, bedded in the crotch of the tree.

Fletcher Webster, Esq. has been appointed to deliver the oration before the city authorities of Boston on the fourth of July.

The new steamship Ohio has commenced her regular trips between Boston and Newburyport.

The Bartlett Steam Mills, at Newburyport, have declared a semi-annual dividend of 7 1/2 per cent.

The Mayor of Baltimore has received a note signed "Mary," enclosing ten dollars to help furnish supplies for the volunteers.

The Massachusetts Convention of Universalists will meet in Hingham on Wednesday next.

The Lowell Mechanic Phalanx, with only one dissenting vote, have tendered their services as a part of the force called for from Massachusetts, for the Mexican war.

Rev. Benjamin Harvey, appeared at the Baptist Convention in Brooklyn, (N. Y.) last week, in good health, at the age of one hundred and eleven years.

Bread crumbled and mixed with equal quantities of powdered quick-lime and sugar, makes a destructive bait for rats and mice.

The standing army of the United States numbers about nine thousand men.

The Odd Fellows' Magazine, for May, says the order now numbers one hundred thousand members.

Thomas Adams, recently of this town, has been elected City Marshal by the Mayor and Aldermen of the new city of Roxbury.

Water is the most ancient, so it is the best and most common fluid for drink, and should be esteemed the most commodious for the promotion of life and health.

The editor of the Hingham Patriot was married recently, and some of his friends played a joke on the occasion by leaving at his house a barrel of flour, a loaf of bread and a pair of chickens.

The old "Warren House," in Roxbury, where Gen. Warren was born, has been demolished.

A salute of one hundred guns, got up by private subscription, was fired on Thursday, on Boston Common. Gen. McNeil, says the Times, originated this, and contributed half the expense.

MARRIED.

In this town, on the 28th inst., by William B. Dugan, Esq., Mr. Chandler C. Cross to Miss Catherine Griffith.

On the 24th inst., by Rev. S. A. Davis, Mr. Simon P. Williams to Miss Harriet F. Colburn.

Parasols and Parasolets.

JUST received and for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., a good assortment of Parasols and Parasolets. May 30

Pants and Vests.

JUST received, another lot of Pants and Vests which will be sold at extremely low prices. May 30

Mole Skin Hats.

ONE case latest style just received and for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO. May 30

Cloth Caps.

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTH CAPS of good quality and newest styles, for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO. May 30

NOTICES.

A meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock precisely.

J. W. BARTER, Secretary of the Board.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

WILLIAM R. BROWN, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their room, Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

Expectorant and Carmine Balsam. We esteem it a pleasure to be able to recommend this medicine as the best calculated for the purpose of curing coughs, colds, sore throat, asthma, and all affections of the lungs. From a long personal acquaintance with Dr. Jayne, we know that he is a quack, and his medicines are not nostrums of the modern city-up, but are the result of his long experience as a practicing physician, and the expense of great labor.

Harford (Ct.) Daily Review.

VALUABLE MEDICINE. We do not wish to commend one good medicine at the expense of another, but we cannot forbear to notice the valuable properties possessed by the "Carmine Balsam" and the "Expectorant," prepared by Dr. Jayne of South Third street in this city. We have forborne to give evidence until after a thorough trial in our own family. They are invaluable in a family of children.—Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

May 30. 3w

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. There are so many "certain cures" for coughs, colds, and every consumption, that we are sometimes led to question the efficacy of any of them. Mr. S. W. Fowler, a druggist of the highest reputation, at 128 Washington Street, has the agency of an article called Balsam of Wild Cherry, which seems to have a good reputation wherever it has been introduced. We have seen letters from various parts of New England, from persons of the highest standing in the places where they reside, bearing testimony to the efficacy of this Balsam.

Extract of a letter dated Petersburg, Va., Jan. 15, 1845. A gentleman of unquestionable veracity informs us, that he has been confined to his bed for weeks with some species of cough, that baffled the skill of several eminent physicians, and by the use of two bottles of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, he was restored to perfect health, and he is now "a fat and hearty man." Yours respectfully, ROSSIE & ANDERSON, Druggists.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowler, 128 Wash St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

May 30. 1w

DIED.

In this town, 28th inst., Augustus Driven, son of Mr. George and Mrs. Nancy Spear, aged 10 months and 20 days.

My child lay dead; his gentle eyelids closed Like one who on a bed of down reposed; No altered feature could my fancy trace, For 'tween death he showed a beautiful grace; There was the form I'd pressed upon my heart Still left to me, and God the better part.

And whilst the mortal coil to earth was given, His pure young spirit soared to live in Heaven.

On the 25th inst., Charles Augustus Blake, son of Mr. Don Carlos and Mrs. Harriet Blake, aged 17 years, 9 months and 11 days.

In the death of this youth have been blighted the fairest and fondest hopes of faithful and devoted parents and warm affections of a numerous family of children—brothers and sisters who were looking up to him as the bright example of dutiful conduct and industrious enterprise. Few present so much promise as did this first born of bereaved parents. He was amiable and meritorious. Dark and mysterious the event in God's providence which has consigned to an early grave this young and bright star.

We are still and know that while He is a sovereign, He is still our Father and that He never willingly afflicts nor grieves his children—and that often

"Behind a frowning providence He hides a smiling face."

OBITUARY.

Died in Braintree, on the morning of the 2d inst., Elizabeth G. Gifford, wife of Jacob Richards, M. D., and daughter of Rev. Calvin Wolcott.

Retrospection is as much a duty as a pleasure. Especially, "when those we love are snatched away," when God seems fit to transplant some fair and beautiful flower from his earthly garden, into the Heavenly vineyard, when some sparkling jewel, after purification from the dross and alloy of earth, has been removed to make one of Christ's casket in Heaven, then a contemplation of the character of the possessions we have lost becomes pleasing and profitable.

Elizabeth Gardner Wolcott was born Dec. 30th, 1819. She was a child of piety, a sweet and tractable disposition, capable of receiving the least impression. By the instructions of faithful and pious parents, she became early acquainted with the great truths of the gospel. A naturally strong mind, with an eager desire for knowledge and a remarkably retentive memory, she exercised the Sabbath School to be engaged in with avidity, and her blessed efforts to make a deep impression on her mind.

She was distinguished in youth for the diligence with which she applied herself to the pursuit of knowledge and for the evident gratification she experienced while engaged in intellectual pursuits. A certain peculiar urbanity of manners, and cheerfulness of disposition, with which she was highly endowed, rendered her intercourse with her friends pleasing and elicited the admiration and respect of all with whom she was associated. Her sickness was long, but not severe.

In January last, she was first confined to her room. Her disease, which for some time employed the investigations of physicians before its nature could be ascertained, was at length pronounced tubercular consumption. Under its influence she gradually sank, till she died on the morning of May 2d, she gently languished into life. Calm and serenely she met the dread conqueror, and was enabled in reliance on Christ to pass "the fiery trial" with rejoicing.

A review of the character of the deceased, an attempt to portray the many virtues she possessed, would be impossible in the limits of a single obituary notice. Her sister is gone, but her memory is with us. Her memory is with her children, her relatives and her friends. The recollection of her bright smile which was a faithful index of her mind, when welcoming her friends, and her constant endeavor to promote their happiness—the remembrance of the noble disinterestedness of her Christian charity, and the neighborly and sisterly responsibility to her God and her neighbor, which she so faithfully discharged, will remain fixed in the minds of all who enjoyed her intimate acquaintance. Freed from the trials of earth, we now view her as clad in "the robes of eternal youth," and enjoying the fruition of that happiness which on earth she had begun to experience and which is now, we trust, eternally perfected in Christ.

Parish Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To William S. Glover, Clerk of the Protestant Episcopal Society of Christ Church in the town of Quincy, Greeting:

L. S. YOU are hereby required in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to warn the Inhabitants of said Society, qualified to vote in Parish affairs, to meet at the Vestry of said Church, on MONDAY, the eighth day of June next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles:

1st. To choose a Moderator.
2d. To see if the Parish will vote to paint or otherwise repair the church, and tax the Pew to pay for the same or do the same by a tax on the Parish.

3d. To see if the Parish will accept the report of the Committee which was chosen to examine the Church.
4th. To choose any Committee or do any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

You are hereby directed to notify said meeting by posting a true copy of this Warrant at the Church door, at least ten days before said meeting, and by publishing this Warrant two weeks in the Quincy Patriot, and in the Christian Witness and Church Advocate.

Hereof fail not and make direct return of this Warrant with your doings thereon, at the time or before said meeting.
Given under our hands and seals at Quincy, this 25th day of May, 1846.

ANTHONY HARRINGTON, } Warden.
JOHN NEWCOMB, }

Quincy, May 29th, 1846.

NORFOLK SS. By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby warn the Inhabitants of said Society, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein mentioned.

A true copy—Attest,
WILLIAM S. GLOVER, Parish Clerk.
ma. 30. 2w

Laundry Starch Polish,

FOR imparting a beautiful gloss to the surface of linen shirt collars, bosoms, &c., with directions for use, for sale by
MRS. C. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 30, 1846.

Carpets for Pews.

VENETIAN CARPETING, suitable for pews, for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.
May 30.

Dry Goods.

PRINTS, Patches, Bed Ticks, Cotton Cloths, Linen Hdkes, &c.
Also—A good assortment of GROCERIES and CROCKERY WARE just received and will be sold cheap.
ma 30. GEORGE SAVIL.

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 29, A. D. 1846.

JOHN V. CLARK, the administrator of the estate of Jesse E. Farmer, of Quincy, in said County, laborer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and also an account in his private capacity—

Ordered—That said John V. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the THIRTEENTH day of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
ma. 30. 3w

NEW EDITION of the Memoir of the Life of Henry Ware, Jr., in two volumes, large type, with two portraits, just published and for sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, May 30. 3w

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 29, A. D. 1846.

AN instrument purporting to be the last Will of SARAH WENTWORTH MORTON, late of Quincy, in said County, widow, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Joseph H. Clinch of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, one of the Executors named (Lemuel Brackett of said Quincy, the other Executor having declined the trust)

Ordered—That said Joseph H. Clinch notify all persons interested in the said estate, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the TWENTY-THIRD day of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
ma. 30. 3w

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Quincy, May 20th, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

JOHN P. GAULIFER, of Quincy, in said County, stone cutter, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Meeting of Creditors to be holden at the Office of Nathaniel E. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the 34th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the afternoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery—WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
ma. 30. 2w

Valuable Real Estate.

TO be sold by authority of the last Will and Testament of Mary S. Richards, late of Weymouth, deceased, on MONDAY, the first day of June next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the premises, about 13 acres of Mowing and Pasture Land, in two or three lots, with a Barn thereon, situated in Weymouth, near the late dwelling house of said Mary.

Also—At the same place, one undivided fourth part of about five acres of Salt Marsh, situated near the Weymouth Back River, at a place called the Old Cedar Swamp, and three-fourths of an acre of Woodland.

Also—One undivided sixth part of about 83 acres of very good Land, with two dwelling-houses, Barns and Out Buildings thereon, situated in Weymouth, subject to the life estate of Mrs. Mary Bates, widow of Dea. John Bates, late of Weymouth, deceased.

Also—By application to the subscriber, eight shares of Stock of the Union Bank of Weymouth and Braintree.

LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Executor.
Weymouth, May 15th, 1846. 2w

Another Chance for Bargains.
F. HARDWICK, JR., HAS just received from NEW YORK auctions, by auction, another lot of cheap Goods, which he will sell, for CASH ONLY, at the following prices:

CRAPÉ DE LAINE, 20 cts per yd.
1 piece black ALPINE, 75 cts per yd.
MORNING DE LAINE, 20 cts per yd.
Printed LAWNS, yd wide, 20 cts.
1 piece Caroline Plaid, 25 cts per yd.
ORGANDI DRESSES, \$2.75 per Dress.
Patches at 6 1/4 cts.

Parish Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To William S. Glover, Clerk of the Protestant Episcopal Society of Christ Church in the town of Quincy, Greeting:

WHEREAS the said Society, to wit, the L. S. Y. Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to wit, the Parish of St. John, in the town of Quincy, do hereby require the said Society, to wit, the Parish of St. John, in the town of Quincy, to meet at the Vestry of said Church, on MONDAY, the eighth day of June next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1st. To choose a Moderator.
2d. To see if the Parish will vote to paint or otherwise repair the church, and to the Pew to pay for the same or do the same by a tax on the Parish.
3d. To see if the Parish will accept the report of the Committee which was chosen to examine the Church.

4th. To choose any Committee or do any other business which may legally come before the meeting.
You are hereby directed to notify said meeting by posting a true copy of this warrant at the Church door, at least ten days before said meeting, and by publishing this warrant two weeks in the Quincy Patriot, and in the Christian Witness and Church Advocate.

Hereof fail not and make direct return of this warrant with your doings thereon, at the time or before said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals at Quincy, this 25th day of May, 1846.

ANTIPAS HARRINGTON, }
JOHN NEWCOMB, } Warden.

Quincy, May 25th, 1846.

NORFOLK SS.—By virtue of the above warrant, I hereby warn the inhabitants of said Society, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein mentioned.

A true copy—Attest,
WILLIAM S. GLOVER, Parish Clerk.
ma. 30. 2w

Laundry Starch Polish.
FOR imparting a beautiful gloss to the surface of linen shirt collars, bosoms, &c., with directions for use, for sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 30, 1846. 1f

Carpets for Pews.
VENETIAN CARPETING, suitable for pews, for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.
Quincy, May 30, 1846. 1f

Dry Goods.
PRINTS, Patches, Bed Ticks, Cotton Cloths, Linen Hanks, &c.
Also—A good assortment of GROCERIES and CROCKERY WARE, just received and will be sold cheap.
ma. 30. GEORGE SAVIL.

Probate Notice.
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 23, A. D. 1846.

JOHN V. CLARK, the administrator of the estate of Jesse B. Farmer, of Quincy, in said County, laborer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and also an account in his private capacity.

Ordered—That said John V. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the THIRTEENTH day of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
ma. 30. 3w

NEW EDITION of the Memoir of the Life of Henry Ware, Jr., in two volumes, large type, with two portraits, just published and for sale at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, May 30, 1846. 3w

Probate Notice.
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NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 23, A. D. 1846.

AN instrument purporting to be the last Will of SARAH WENTWORTH MORTON, late of Quincy, in said County, widow, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Joseph B. Clinch of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, one of the Executors named (Lemuel Brackett of said Quincy, the other Executor having declined the trust)

Ordered—That said Joseph B. Clinch notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the TWENTY-THIRD day of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
ma. 30. 3w

In Insolvency.
NORFOLK ss. Quincy, May 20th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

JOHN P. GAULIFER,
of Quincy, in said County, stone cutter, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and the result of his allowance will be acted upon, at a Meeting of Creditors to be holden at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery,
WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.
ma. 30. 2w

Valuable Real Estate.
TO be sold by authority of the last Will and Testament of Mary S. Richards, late of Weymouth, deceased, on MONDAY, the first day of June next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the premises, about 13 acres of Mowing and Pasture Land, in two or three lots, with a Barn thereon, situated in Weymouth, near the late dwelling house of the deceased.

Also—At the same place, one undivided fourth part of about five acres of Salt Marsh, situated near the old Cedar Swamp, and three-fourths of an acre of Woodland.

Also—One undivided sixth part of about six acres of very good Land, with two Dwelling-houses, Barns and Out Buildings thereon, situated in Weymouth, subject to the life estate of Mrs. Mary Bates, widow of John Bates, late of Weymouth, deceased.

Also—By application to the subscriber, eight shares of Stock of the Union Bank of Weymouth and Braintree.

LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Executor.
Weymouth, May 18th, 1846. 2w

Another Chance for Bargains.
F. HARDWICK, JR.,
HAS just received from New York auctions, by steam, another lot of cheap Goods, which he will sell, for CASH ONLY, at the following prices:

CRAPÉ DE LAINES at 20 cts per yd.
1 piece black ALPINE at 75 cts per yd.
MOURNING DE LAINES, 20 and 25 cts.
Printed LAWNS, yd wide, 20 cts.
1 piece Caroline Plaid, 25 cts per yd.
ORGANDI DRESSES, \$2.75 per Dress.
Patches at 6 1/4 cts.

Quincy, May 16, 1846. 3w

Dr. Wood's
SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of Constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. SARSAPARILLA takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact which has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the Wild Cherry, a useful and a general preparation of the combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing health and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of DEPRESSION, arising from Indigestion or Nervous Irritation, they have been used with remarkable success; nor are they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same time, it must be stated, that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end by a steady, regular and constant influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.
Mr. E. THORNTON, Jr.
Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with constant headache, and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend, I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS,
North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

Mr. E. THORNTON, Jr.
Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she has consulted the best medical skill, but without success. She was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's SARSAPARILLA and Wild Cherry Bitters, prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr. White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most long continued disease, by the use of this excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient, or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure, and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public.

Manufactured and sold by E. THORNTON, JR., Chemist and Druggist, 10 N. Water Street, New Bedford, where all orders must be directed.

For sale in Quincy by CLAPP & RICHARDS, and in all the principal towns and villages in New England.
6m Quincy, May 30.

Old Colony Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, April 13th, Trains will leave Boston and Plymouth daily, Sundays excepted, as follows, viz:

Boston, 7:34 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Plymouth, 7 A. M. and 4:44 P. M.

SOUTH BRAINTREE SPECIAL TRAINS.
Leave Boston 10:12 A. M. and 2:12 & 7 P. M.
South Braintree, 6:12 A. M., 12 M. and 3:12 P. M.

JOS. H. MOORE, Superintendent.
Boston, May 23.

To Let,
HALF of a two story House, built expressly for two families, pleasantly situated on Elm Street, a few rods from the Episcopal Church. Inquire opposite the Church of THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, 2d.

To Let.
PART of a two story House, viz a Parlor, Kitchen, Sink Room, and two Chambers, with a good Garden. The above in connection with the other part of the house, and situated on Washington street, about a quarter of a mile from the Universalist Meeting-house. Rent, sixty-five dollars. Possession given immediately.

Also—The large two story House, containing twelve rooms, suitable for two families, now building and nearly finished, situated on North Street, about a quarter of a mile from the Methodist Meeting-house, Quincy Point.

Apply on the premises of THOMPSON BAXTER.
Quincy, May 16.

For Sale or Lease.
IN the town of Quincy, near the junction of the old Plymouth road with the Neponset turnpike, in view of Boston harbor, a well built HOUSE, pleasantly situated within four or five minutes walk of the Stone Temple and Railroad Station. It would be an agreeable residence for a person in business or out. Connected with it are sundry out-buildings, among which is one that has been recently built and used as a Bakery, having two large and well built ovens, and other needful accommodations. The lot contains five-eighths of an acre, and has on it about fifty young fruit trees, of various kinds of excellent fruit.

For further information, apply at THIS OFFICE.
Quincy, May 9.

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscriber would give notice that he has admitted his son, GEORGE L. GILL, into partnership with him, and that the business will be conducted under the name of

CALEB GILL & Co.
Quincy, March 2, 1846.

Pies, Puddings, Custards, &c.
VARIOUS articles for flavoring Pies, Puddings, Meats, &c., among which are—
Extracts of Vanilla, Rose, Lemon, &c.;
Triple distilled Rose Water;
Sweet Marjoram, &c.; Thyme and Summer Savory in Powder.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 9.

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the goods and estate of

ELIZABETH LEACH,
late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto, to make payment to the subscriber, at or before the expiration of the term of three months, next ensuing, to wit, on the first day of August next, at the residence of the subscriber, in Weymouth, May 16.

Probate Notice.
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 12, A. D. 1846.

AN instrument purporting to be the last Will of ANNA ALLEN, late of Milton, in said County, widow, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Thomas Read, the person therein named as Executor—

Ordered, That the said Thomas Read notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Dedham, in said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
ma. 16. 3w

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of

PATRICK FARRELLY,
late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, Boat-maker, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to JAMES WARD, Administrator.
Randolph, May 16, 1846. 3w

Call at the
CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston.
NORTH SIDE OF FANEUILL HALL.
GEORGE W. ALMY

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doanines, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and quality, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fit, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing.
our stock is also now complete, and consists of a good and full assortment as can be found. All garments have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers
Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and get up.

With some regard to fit and style, which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and ask none to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections, AT STORE,
No. 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St., NORTH SIDE OF FANEUILL HALL, BOSTON.

NEXT DOOR TO Faxon's LT
Mar. 23. 3m

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Old Stand Reopened.
THE subscriber having taken the Store formerly occupied by Wyman Abercrombie, would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has received a good assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Crockery Ware,

Ready Made Clothing, &c.,
Which he will sell at a small advance from cost.

GEORGE SAVIL,
N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the Town free of expense.
Quincy, April 18.

Planing and Sawing.
THE subscriber has resumed his business and is now prepared, at his shop adjoining F. Williams' Tannery, to execute with despatch all orders, and at the lowest prices. His terms are now two dollars per thousand for planing.

INCH BANISTERS, for stairs, constantly on hand, and prompt attention given to all calls in this branch of business.

A team will be in readiness to take lumber, etc., to and from the Mill, and will attend to the general hauling about town.
HENRY G. PRATT.
Quincy, April 11.

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have recently received a large addition to their former stock, making a good assortment of CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, for sale low.

Quincy, March 16.

Paper Hangings.
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received fresh supplies, and will constantly keep for sale a good assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,
which will be sold as low as Boston prices.
Quincy, April 19.

Notice to Trespassers.
ALL persons are forbid travelling over the land in the rear of the Burying Ground, late the property of Dea. Samuel Savil, as they will hereafter be prosecuted for trespass.

JOHN SAVIL, } Executors.
JOSIAH SAVIL, }
Quincy, March 21.

To Let,
THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store on Washington Street.

Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Carpenter's business.
Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENSON.
Quincy, Feb. 21.

Dr. L. Goodnow,
(From Boston)
THOMSONIAN PHYSICIAN
AND
SURGEON.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quincy and vicinity, that he has located himself in this town, and will be happy to attend to all calls in his profession.

Residence at Rev. Mr. Davis' on Sea Street.
He will keep Thomsonian Medicines constantly on hand for sale.
Quincy, March 7.

Copartnership Notice.
THE subscribers having this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of

ABERCROMBIE & BENT,
would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glass Ware.

Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity.

N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense.
WYMAN ABERCROMBIE,
EBENEZER BENT, Jr.
Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1846.

Books for the Season.
A PRACTICAL TREATISE on the cultivation of the Grape Vine on the open walls; to which is added a descriptive account of an improved method of planting and managing the roots of Grape Vines. By Clement Hoare.

The New American Orchardist, or an account of the most valuable varieties of Fruit adapted to the cultivation of the United States, with the selection of culture. The New American Gardener, containing practical directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, &c.

The Complete Farmer and Rural Economist, containing a compendious epitome of the most important branches of Agriculture and Rural Economy.

For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Apr. 25.

CHAMPOOING.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Quincy, that he is ready to perform this excellent operation, which will render the head free from dandruff and disagreeable feelings, and really impart a healthy and invigorating influence, as when the head is clear (the surface) to use an old saying, a new life is imparted to the whole system. Persons troubled with headache or dizziness should certainly try it.

WILLIAM E. AMBUSH.
Quincy, May 2.

Livery Stable.
THE subscriber has opened a Livery Stable, opposite the Orchard in Quincy, where he keeps a good number of the best horses, and will be ready to furnish customers with good carriages and horses. It is my desire to accommodate, and therefore I hope by strict attention to business and ever ready to answer all calls, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

SYLVANUS ROWE.
Quincy, May 2.

Hair Oils, &c.
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the hair, among which are

Balm of Columbia; Balm of Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oil; Sassafras; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olein Compound; Jules Hanel's Lustral; Dettmer's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Tonic; Fable's Cyprian Hair Tonic; Javne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philomene; Pomatons;

French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French, Naples and Egyptian; Gouard's Poudre Subtile; Cussock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, &c., &c.

Quincy, Feb. 7.

To Let,
THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS, in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April.
For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, }
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, }
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, }
Quincy, March 7.

Paper Hanging.
DONE in a neat and durable style, by

SETH ADAMS.
Orders may be left at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., and at his residence near the Signe Temple Quincy, April 20.

Boots, Shoes, Caps, &c.

THE subscriber has just received a new lot of Boots and Shoes, among which are the following—

Men's and Boys' Calf, Goat, Kip and Thick Boots, Booties and Shoes.

Also—Women's Misses and Children's Kid and Leather BUSKINS, AND LOW TIES; HALF GAITERS, Light and Black; Bronze Kid BUSKINS, &c., &c.

To which he would invite the attention of his friends and the public generally.

A part of the above stock I have manufactured expressly for retailing, and they will do good service.

CAPS.
Another lot of Boys' NAVY and HOOP TOP CAPS just received, at a discount from former prices.

Boot and Shoe Findings,
On hand at all times, to accommodate any who may be in want of them.

REPAIRING.
If your Shoes or Boots have become thin and want repairing, I can, and will, do them up in first rate style with despatch.

Having been for the past seven years in the trade, and thankful for past favors, I hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

I shall sell at a very small advance above the cost FOR CASH—no mistake.

Don't forget the old stand, No. 3, Temple Street.

GEORGE B. NIGHTINGALE.
Quincy, May 2.

Fancy Goods, &c.
EVERY STYLE OF STRAW, FLORENCE AND GIPSEY COTTAGE

BONNETS AND HATS,
WITH A GREAT VARIETY OF

FANCY BONNETS,
Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, &c.

S. S. MARSH would inform his friends and the public in general, that she will now offer for sale

A complete assortment of Bonnets, Caps, Collars, Capes, Laces, Edgings, MUSLINS, CRAPEs, with a general assortment of

Millinery Articles, and other articles which she has usually kept.

Fancy Silk Bonnets,
MADE TO ORDER.

Mourning Bonnets and Grave Clothes,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

N. B. STRAW BONNETS, Cleaned and Pressed

in the best manner, as usual.
Quincy, April 25.

New Boot and Shoe Store.
THE undersigned, having associated themselves in business under the firm of

UNDERWOOD & FOSTER,
would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a new BOOT AND SHOE STORE, at the corner of Hancock and Temple Streets, (late Cross Buildings) where they intend to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES,
PEGGED AND SEWED

Also—A general and FASHIONABLE assortment of Ladies'

SHOES AND GAITERS,
of the latest fashions, suited to the times.

Boot and Shoe Findings
constantly on hand.

Our Goods are NEW, of the BEST QUALITY and LATEST STYLES, and purchased for CASH, therefore customers may rely that not only BARGAIN may be obtained, but the fashion and quality cannot be met by their dealers.

Boots and Shoes MADE TO ORDER, and with despatch. Attention also given to REPAIRING.

The subscribers have commenced with a desire to keep the usual articles in their business, and to get a livelihood, and by strict attention to their avocation, and an earnest desire to accommodate purchasers, they respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of their fellow townsmen and the public in general.

Call and see us.

WILLIAM S. UNDERWOOD,
RUFUS FOSTER.
Quincy, April 18.

Quincy Market House.
THE subscriber continues business at the room occupied by the late firm, in South's new Building, corner of Washington and Coddington Streets, and at his

MARKET-HOUSE,
will keep an excellent and constant supply of

PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES, FRUIT, &c.

An abundant and choice selection of all articles in his line may be found at the Quincy Market-House, and the best of the above can be had at all proper hours of the day or evening.

Duly appreciating past favors, the subscriber respectfully solicits a proportionate share in future of public patronage.

RICHARD S. S. HAYDEN.
Quincy, April 4.

Rich Corded Cashmeres,
OF new and beautiful styles, just received and for sale by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 28.

To be sold at private Sale.
SEVERAL very likely young COWS, from four to seven years old, will calve in about three weeks.

Also—One that has calved and gives milk.
Also—One yoke of five years old working Oxen, full of flesh, and large.

Enquire of
MINOTT THAYER.
Braintree, March 14.

\$500 Reward.
WHEREAS, some evil and vicious person or persons set fire to the Barn of George T. Bigelow, Esq., on the night of the 6th of April, 1846, by which the same was burnt, with its contents, the above Reward will be paid to any person who shall give such information that the person or persons who set said fire shall be convicted of the offence.

DANIEL BAXTER, }
JOSEPH W.

POETRY.

WE ARE GROWING OLD.

We are growing old—how the thoughts will rise
When a glance is backward cast
On some long remembered spot that lies
In the silence of the past:
It may be the shrine of our early vows,
Or the tomb of our early tears;
But seems like a far-off isle to us,
In the stormy sea of years.
Oh, wide and wild are the waves that part
Our steps from its greenness now,
And we miss the joy of many a heart,
And the light of many a brow;
For deep o'er many a stately bark
Have the whelming billows rolled,
That steered with us from that early mark—
Oh, friends, we are growing old.

Old in the dimness and the dust
Of our daily toils and cares,
Old in the wrecks of love and trust
Which our burdened memory bears.
Each form may wear to the passing gaze
The bloom of life's freshness yet,
And beams may brighten our latter days,
Which the morning never met.
But oh the changes we have seen
In the far and winding way;
The graves in our path that have grown green,
And the locks that have grown gray!
The winters still on our own may spare
The sable o'er the gold;
But we saw their snows upon brighter hair—
And, friends, we are growing old.

We have gained the world's cold wisdom now,
We have learned to pause and fear;
But where are the living fountains whose flow
Was a joy of heart to hear!
We have won the wealth of many a clime,
And the lore of many a page;
But where is the hope that saw in time
But its boundless heritage?
Will it come again when the violet wakes,
And the woods their youth renew?
We have stood in the light of sunny brakes,
Where the bloom was deep and blue:
And our souls might joy in the spring-time then
But the joy was faint and cold,
For it never could give us the youth again
Of hearts that are growing old.

THE SOLDIER'S GRAVE.

They dug him a grave on the mountain's breast,
'Neath the shade of an old oak tree,
And there the soldier was laid to rest,
From life's changes and turmoils free.
He had fought in the field with bold and brave,
And many a laurels had won;
His victories o'er—the quiet grave
Now tells that his duties are done.

No tear was there shed o'er the sacred spot,
For strangers only were round him.
Yet many envy the soldier's lot,
For no earthly ties bound him.

He came from a clime beyond the broad deep,
His sorrows and joys were his own;
He told not his griefs, but often would weep
When he fancied himself alone.

Thou'rt gone—poor old man! heaven rest thee
now:
Thy heart-strings hath ceased their aching,
Thy palsied eyes and thy whitened brow,
Will know no more earthly waking.

Peace, peace to thy ashes! the soldier's grave
Should be moistened with soldier's tears;
Methinks the good, the wise and brave
Should hallow the soldier's years.

CENSURE.

Before thou censure, first inquire
If there's not in thy breast
Some sparks of hatred—hidden fire—
Which should be dispossessed;
Ere thou the course of friends condemn,
'Twere well, perhaps to follow them.

ANECDOTES.

"Madam, can you give me a glass of grog?" said a traveller in Arkansas, as he entered a cabin on the road side.
"I haint got a drop, stranger."
"But a gentleman told me just now, that you had lately received a barrel."
"Why, good gracious! what do you reckon one barrel of whiskey is to me and my children when we are out of milk?"

"Your hand annoys me," said a gentleman to a talkative person who sat next to him at dinner, and who was constantly suiting the action to the word.
"Indeed," replied the talkative, "we are so crowded at table, I don't know where to put my hand."
"Put it in your mouth," said the other.

"Shall I help you to the butter?" said a landlady of a cheap boarding-house to one of her guests.
"Don't trouble yourself," was the reply, "the butter is plenty strong enough to help itself."

"Is that the tune the old cow died of?" asked an Englishman, nettled at the industry with which a Yankee whistled Yankee Doodle.
"No, Bee!" replied Jonathan, "that's the tune the old Bull died of."

A lawyer once addressing a jury, was very much annoyed by some of them putting their feet on the bar in front, so as to raise them higher than their heads. At length the lawyer turned and asked the court which end of the jury he was expected to address.

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture Company, in relation to the Challenge published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, which Challenge was accepted by the Vulture Company, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, where the subject of the Challenge was considered but nothing was said by any member of either Committee in relation to altering any part of either Engine. Adjourned to May 6th, at which time the day and place was fixed for trial provided a better place could not be found. Thus far, both Committees agreed. The subject of altering the engines was here introduced, the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee enquiring what alterations the Tiger Company proposed to make in their Engine. The Chairman of the Tiger's Committee answered, "we shall have extension arms [the Vulture already having them] and shall play with the same cylinders, water-ways, outlet and hose as when excepted by the town. At this the Vulture's Committee, with one voice exclaimed, "And the same air-chamber?" The Chairman of the Tiger's Committee observed, "we shall probably have a new air-chamber. At this stage of the proceedings, the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee arose and declared, "we shall have nothing more to do with it, and was about to leave the room, when the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee requested him to stop and make a satisfactory arrangement, but to no purpose, the Vulture's Committee all retiring, with one exception. We deem it proper here to deny that any member of our Committee ever said "we shall play unless we have a new air-chamber for such is the vote of our Company, it being well known the Company never passed such a vote but left the whole matter to the discretion of their Committee. We have to state that the Tiger Company reserved the right, in the published Challenge, to make any alteration in their Engine, except in the size of cylinders, the Vulture having the same privilege, which they knew perfectly well before they accepted the Challenge, and as they have named a new air-chamber, we would inform them that their "fallen foe," as they are pleased to term us, will be happy to meet them at all places where our respective duties may call us and will use our endeavors to supply them with water and assure them we shall never refuse to take their

ENIGN S. FELLOWS,
LEONARD RICHARDS,
GEORGE CURTIS,
HENRY H. RANSOM,
LUKE RIDEOUT,
ma. 16.

Lime!!!

JUST received and now for sale, part of a cargo of superior Thomaston Lime, which will be sold cheap at Quincy Point opposite the Toll Bridge.
Quincy Point, April 4.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point, directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at REDUCED PRICES, delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.
Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly attended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring coal dealer or any other dealer.
EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy, Point Aug. 23.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.
REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short notice.
JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13.

New Shawls and Scarfs.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a fine assortment of CASHMERE, NETTED & BARAGE SHAWLS; SILK AND BARAGE SCARFS, very rich and beautiful.
FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, and a great many other pretty things for the season, which will be sold as cheap as can be purchased in the city.
Quincy, April 11.

Boots and Shoes.

138 Hanover Street, Boston. 138
GEORGE A. VEAZIE,
WOULD invite his friends and the Quincy public who may visit the city, to examine his stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it for their mutual advantage.

Ladies' Gaiter Boots,
Black Bronze light and Bronze Green, which are cut by Kimball's improved patterns and therefore cannot help but fit.

Children and Misses Gaiter Boots and Shoes, of every description, style and color, and a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, of Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's, for common wear, which will be sold very low for cash, as all goods at this establishment are bought for cash, which consequently allows me to sell much lower than all others who buy on time.

By the Package or Dozen.
Dealers who buy to sell again, will find it for their interest to call, as I shall sell at a very small advance.

GEORGE A. VEAZIE,
138 Hanover Street.
Boston, April 11.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery and other property.
GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Conant's Patent Yeast.

FRESH supply of this most excellent Yeast, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4.

East Thomaston Lime.

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in excellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf.
Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.
M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, April 25.

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, held on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was
Voted—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company wishing to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.
Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.
Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.
Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.
Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, March 7th, shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.
Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.
Seventh—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Voted—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.
In behalf of the Company,
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk. 4m
Quincy, March 21.

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be placed for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give to, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.
Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.

REPORT.



Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Company, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by the Vulture Company, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was agreed that both Committees should meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—
1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot can be found previous to the time of playing.
2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the tubs shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.
3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.
4th. There for there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before. This brought the subject of the alteration of the Engines fully before the Committee. It was then ascertained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it was the intention of the Tiger's Company to make important alterations in their engine, such as putting in a new air-chamber, &c. This we objected to. Then, said the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, we cannot play, for such is the vote of our Company. Further deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee were instructed not to play without they could make a change in the works of their engine; we were instructed not to play if they did, except new brakes and extension arms, and we accordingly withdrew, fully impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's much boasting in public print was not based upon the principle of true moral courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
LEWIS WOOD,
EZEKIEL CLEVERLY,
BARNABAS HOWARD,
JAMES A. HARRIS,
WARREN E. SMALL,
may 9.

Bacon, Pork and Lard.
FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.
Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.
These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21.

Prime Eastern Hay.
50 TONS of excellent Eastern Hay, being a part of a cargo yet unsold, just received and for sale at the Wharf of ALBION DEARBORN.
Quincy, Jan. 31.

Grain Store—Old Stand.
HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Codding and Washington Street,
CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, ETC., which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.
Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with
Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.
Quincy, Feb. 25.



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, painness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes a voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are doctored for months for some imaginary disease, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Prince street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges. He is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard D. Forest, the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Howarth, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. Mr. Handcock, Wm. H. Atter, and cured the season of any known remedy.
Headache, Sea sickness and palpitation, relieved in from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or traveling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the horrors and looseness of spirits. Mr. Knauth of the Sunday Mercury, has repeatedly cured himself of severe headache by them. Captain Chadwick, of the packet ship Wellington, has witnessed their efficacy in a great many cases of sea sickness. They operate like a charm upon the agitated or shattered nerves, as Sherman's Poor Man's Plaster does upon the Rheumatism, lumbago, pain or weakness of the back, breast, or any part of the body. Mr. H. G. Duggins, 30 Ann Street, Henry R. Goulding, 35-37 Chatham street, Moses J. Henriques, Esq., and a multitude of others have experienced wonderful effects of these lozenges. Price only 2 1/2 cents. Caution is necessary to see that you get the genuine Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles attempted to palm off in place of them, by those who would trifle with your life for a shilling.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau street, New York. Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State street, Boston; J. Babcock and M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash and N. N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm. A. Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of the Stone Temple, Quincy, June 25.

Hats and Caps.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have received, and will constantly keep for sale, a good assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Hats, and Boys Cloth Caps, which will be sold at as low prices as can be bought in the City.
Quincy, May 25.

Cassimeres and Sattinets.
LOW priced Cassimeres and Sattinets, printed and plain, for boys wear; a good assortment may be found at
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.
Quincy, Sept. 20.

New Goods! New Goods!!
GEORGE NEWCOMB,
WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at as low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTS; GAMBOONS AND VESTINGS.
American and English PRINTS; Mouslin de Laines, Plaided Linen, Lawns; Muslins; White, Plaided and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.
Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdk's, Scarfs, Stockings, &c., &c.

He has a good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth, Kid and Leather SHOES; Gentlemen's PUMPS, SHOES and BROGANS.
N. B. Boots and Shoes made to the measure at short notice, and at low prices.

Also—Family GROCERIES, together with a general assortment of CROCKERY, HARD AND GLASS WARE.
All of which he will sell cheap for Cash or approved credit.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.
THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carting promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, &c. Orders may be left with him at his residence, 10 School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.
JOSHUA FISHER
Quincy, Nov. 11.

Matresses.
JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.
Quincy, March 29.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.
Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.
HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of
MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE BOTTLES AND TUBES,
Breast Pumps and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.
Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, &c.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Howard's Canker Syrup;
Ellis' Volturnburg Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;
Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;
Dyer's TOUTH ACHE DROPS;
Bradley's Knew-Ton Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully put up at all hours.
Quincy, Oct. 18.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast, Side, Diaphragm, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olosonian, or All-Healing Balm.
IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor of a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Heaviness and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosonian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was much relieved by the use of this remedy, and by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of this great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sleep, slumbers and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:
Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester. August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at once acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste, whatever its internal ingredients. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised that if a person were to swallow it without being informed that they were, he would believe them to be simply pieces of pure sugar, nor could he afterwards, unless by its great purgative effect, suspect that he had been taking medicine, for these pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not grip the bowels, and thus the patient who is afflicted with the disease which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with sugar, which produces a mingled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadulterated bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—to rectify it; but when the slightest sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the blood (from which the blood is drawn) in a healthy state, and thereby known to be the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known; but people have such an aversion to medicine that, unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure, until an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, rebukes them for the folly of their conduct. Still they have more excuse; for heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was nearly as disgusting as it is beneficial. Now, however, the evil is most effectually removed; for CLICKENER'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine—produce none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicines—while their speedy effect in removing all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any other medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here, as these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which they do not fully prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. V. WAREHOUSE & Co., Chemists, at the wholesale and retail drug warehouse, No. 79 and 81 Bay Street, New York. Price 25 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of Agents:
J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, E. F. Tolman, Dorchester; N. Ford, Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN (rear of Stone Temple); and GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy, June 25.

Dry Goods.
NOW OPENING
AT
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover St., BOSTON.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,
CONTAINING every style that can be found in Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, to which I will guarantee to sell at not more than 10 per cent. less than can be bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street.

Shawl Stores, as I intend to make the Shawl trade the leading branch in my business, and my expenses are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above named prices.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of DRESS GOODS, most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers, as that Department, with a general assortment of Goods such as are required for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and embossed Covers, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Ticking, Bird's Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpaca, with White Dress Goods, such as India Linens, Book and Swiss Muslins, Gimpes, Fringes, &c., all of which will be sold at fair prices at
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,
56 Hanover Street.
Boston, March 25.

Published every Saturday.

NUMBER 23.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect; and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.
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Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Five Cents.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarries.
OHIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH EVERETT, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

Quincy & Boston Stage.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the eighteen

past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stages will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the summer season, at eight and nine o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sundays excepted).
On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doolittle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at twelve o'clock, M. and four o'clock, P. M.

Books kept at the Stores of Messrs. J. Brigham & Co. and Frederick Hartwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
SIMON GILLET,
Driver and Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 1.
Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.

IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools.
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Branded, gift and paper
Machic Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks.
Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.

Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 63 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1.

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Peaches, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.

BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6.

House for Sale or to Let.
THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other out-buildings, and seven acres of Land, on Hancock Street, the property of late Mr. John Pray.

For terms and other particulars inquire, near the premises, of L. G. HORTON.
Quincy, May 2.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 23.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

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IMPORTER, Wholesale and
Retail dealer in Fine Watches,
Watch Trimmings, Materials,
Tools,

RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Branded, gilt and paper
Machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver, Ware,
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Braintree, April 6.

House for Sale or to Let.

THE House, Shoemaker's Shop, other
buildings, and seven acres of
Land, on Hancock Street, the property of
late Mr. John Fry.

For terms and other particulars inquire, near the
premises, of
L. G. HORTON.

Quincy, May 2.

To Let.

THE lower part of the House belonging
to Jacob Cook, with the garden and
a piece of ground sufficient to pasture a Cow
by tying her with a rope. Also the Barn.

Rent sixty-five dollars per year.
The House is located at Germantown Point.
Quincy, May 2.

House to Let.

A HOUSE pleasantly situated in Quin-
cy, a few rods from the Old Colony
Rail Road Depot, possession given imme-
diately. Inquire at this Office, or at the
Hancock House of Mr. GEORGE H. FRENCH.

Quincy, April 4.

To Let.

A VERY convenient Dwelling-house,
Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alley,
situated on Codding Street in Quincy.
The House is suitable for two families; a
good Garden is attached to the premises. The whole
estate will be leased together, or either part separately.
The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bow-
ling alleys are in good repair.

For further information inquire of
ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston,
or of JOSEPH FRYE, on the premises.
Quincy, March 21.

To Let.

ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, sit-
uated on Neponset Turnpike. Pos-
session given the first day of April next.
For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of
THOMAS ADAMS.

Quincy, Feb. 28.

To Let.

A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of
Land, situated in Adams Street.
Enquire of LEWIS BAXTER, on the
premises, or of
DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7.

MISCELLANY.

THE NEGLECTED WIFE.

"Oh! there were hours
When I could hang forever on his eye!
And time, who stole with silent swiftness by,
Strewed, as he hurried on, his path with flowers."

Laura Milnor, at the age of sixteen, was
one of the loveliest of her sex. Her beauty
was girlish and buoyant, and made up of such
elements as youth, and hope, and innocence,
and joy. Her laugh thrilled upon the ear
like the clear voice of a glad child; her step
was elastic and ardent, and as mirthful
and happy, as one who had never known a
thought of grief or a dream of sorrow, she was
one of the most susceptible of her sex, and was
excited to mirth. Blue eyes, auburn hair, and
a voice full of music—she was too sensitive for
the heartlessness of this world, and thus it was
the fear of those who knew her character thor-
oughly, and were well acquainted with human
nature in the aggregate, that she would be won
too readily, and possibly waste the sweetness
of her guileless heart upon an unworthy object.

Not so, however. At seventeen, she was the
"bright particular star" of her immediate cir-
cle, with groups of admirers, of various grades
of merit and pretensions, but with an avowed,
preferred, and a formidable one; because, to a
considerable fortune, he added sincerity of de-
votion, and an assiduity of attention that sel-
dom fail to make an impression upon the heart
of woman, however obdurate. But the preferred
suitor, Morton Markley, was a cousin, and
had been preferred to a slight degree, from ear-
liest boyhood. His opportunities for pressing
his suit, moreover, were of the best kind; he
was a favorite of the family, and these influ-
ences were potent in determining Laura as to a
choice. Nay, the avowal of preference was
scarcely determined upon by her. It was rat-
her made by the household circle, and regard-
ed as a thing of course, than elicited from the
artless girl in some quiet and impassioned
moment of mutual confidence. At times, too,
she felt something like a doubt—a doubt as to
the reality of her attachment to her cousin.

She knew—she felt that she esteemed him.
He possessed many noble qualities. His hab-
its were of the kind that her mother approved
in an especial manner. He was not only strict-
ly moral, but temperate from his earliest youth
—and withal thoroughly devoted to business.

True, he was somewhat stiff and formal in his
manners, possessing little or no imagination,
had no taste for poetry or pathos, and was some-
what cool in his general character. In most of
these particulars, he afforded a broad contrast
to his rival, George St. Clair, a free, dashing,
thoughtless creature, all impulse and enthusi-
asm, with a flashing genius, and a heart of fire.

But all these qualities were moderated and
subdued in the presence of Laura Milnor. She
had achieved a conquest over his heart, and he
yielded to her every wish, and even often an-
ticipated her thoughts. But he saw her seldom,
comparatively speaking, and although the im-
pression he made at such times was decided, it
was but momentary. Laura would occasion-
ally hesitate, especially when she found the im-
age of St. Clair rising up in her memory, and
she discovered herself analyzing his traits of
disposition and manner, and contrasting them
with those of her cousin. But she blushed
when she detected the current of her thoughts,
and turned away from the subject as from one
that she sought not to contemplate. St. Clair,
moreover, was a ripe scholar for his years, per-
fectly familiar with poetry of the classics, and
with modern literature. His practice was to
mark the exquisite passages in his favorite au-
thors, and thus, while indicating his own senti-
ments and tone of mind, to appeal, as it were,<
to the calm and reflecting spirit of Laura. How
often did she find herself unconsciously medi-
tating upon those gems of thought—those elo-
quent and impassioned outpourings of the souls
of the gifted! How frequently did the brief
but expressive notes touch a chord in her own
breast, and speak in a still, but deep voice to
her own spirit!

It was on such occasions that she trembled lest she had mistaken the feelings
that animated her with regard to her cousin.
But then he was so good, so calm, so attentive!
They had grown up side by side! Her moth-
er, her brother, her elder sister, all respected
him so much—he was so amiable, and his pros-
pect in life was so excellent! No—it was im-
possible. There could not be any mistake as to
the nature of her feelings, and she would con-
sent and name the day.

The day was named, and the bridal took
place. The party was large, gay, delightful.
I shall never forget that wedding night. It
was one of the happiest of my existence—a
joyous epoch in memory's waste, which shines
back and lingers above the regretted past.

Laura, so charming before, seemed to excel all
her former brightness and beauty. Sweet sev-
enteen—the loveliest of the lovely—glittering
in gems and satin, with her blue eyes bright-
ened with a double lustre by the excitement of
the moment—her auburn hair waving like a
flood of moonbeams upon her white shoulders;
approving relations and friends around! That
indeed seemed a happy moment—the happiest
of her life. But was it so? Her affianced al-
so looked remarkably well. He had thrown off
his gravity of manner, his dignity of deport-
ment, and joined the jest and laugh as if the
world to him had assumed its sunniest smile.

But I need not describe the eticetas of the
wedding. At twelve o'clock, Mr. and Mrs.
Markley were taken in charge by the usual
number of selected and officiating friends, and
driven to their own home, a neat but elegantly
furnished establishment, No. 47
Row.

I was absent from the city two years. On
my return, one of my first visits was to the
house of my old friend Markley. It was a de-
lightful evening in the month of May, 1836.

The weather for the preceding week had been
wet and disagreeable, so that the change and a
bright moon had won hundreds from their
dwellings to enjoy the cool evening breeze, and
gaze once more into the windows of the stores.

I inquired for Mr. Markley. He was not in.
For Mrs. Markley. Her parlor door was open-
ed, and Laura stood before me—but oh! how
changed! She was paler, thinner, and, to my
eye, lovelier than ever. The delicate cast of
thought had given an intellectual aspect to her
features. The ruddy glow, the buoyant, spring
motion of girlhood were no longer there; but,
in the one case, the ripeness of the peach had
been succeeded by the soft tints of the rose, and
in the other, the gazelle-like bound had mellowed
and melted into the more graceful
and majestic movement of the perfect woman.

Her reception was frank and cordial. My vi-
sit seemed a relief to her. She had "been alone
for more than an hour, and had wanted to take
a stroll." Her spirits had been checked for the
week past by the gloomy weather, and now,
when they seemed anxious to spring away, as if
on new-born wings, she was compelled, like a
bird in a cage, to remain within doors. "Oh,
these abominable meetings! This dreadful po-
litical excitement! These detestable societies! I
would you believe it, Mr. Markley has not
been at home a single evening for these two
weeks! He has become a violent politician, and
is a member of several literary and philan-
thropic societies. These occupy four-fifths of
his time, although he is one of the best hus-
bands in the world, kind, gentle, and affection-
ate, when here, I do not see him, except at meal
times, three hours in a fortnight. And here I
sit, moping away my young hours, thinking all
sorts of melancholy things, indulging sometimes
in the wildest of fancies, and not unfrequently
—although I am almost ashamed to confess it—
—killing the time and giving vent to my moody
temper in a fit of crying! It is of no use to
complain to Morton. He is perfectly mad
upon the subject of politics, and fancies that he
is building up for himself an enviable reputa-
tion."

"Indeed!"

"Yes, indeed! Until the death of my first-
born I bore it very well, for the little innocent
engaged my attention in a thousand ways, and
the time passed smoothly enough. But since
that painful event—nearly a year ago—the time
has hung heavily indeed. I don't know what I
should do but for our old friend St. Clair. He
calls frequently, and serves no little to chase
away the gloom of the lonely hours. You re-
member St. Clair?"

"Certainly. I have not met him since the
night of your wedding, and then, poor fellow,
he endeavored to look and act his best, but he
made a sorry failure of it. Has he married yet?"

"Oh, no. He tells me he will never marry,
but of course the hour of temptation and trial is
yet to come. He has changed very little with-
in the last three years, and although not so gay
and so reckless as formerly, his spirits are still
excellent. Mr. Markley prizes him very high-
ly, and frequently consigns me to his care for a
stroll, while he hurries off to some political club
or abominable meeting. Can you furnish me
with any remedy for the sort of infatuation I
have described in the case of Morton? I am
really provoked at him at times, and have ven-
tured to remonstrate more than once, but never
with profit, either upon his temper or his con-
duct. Oh, how frequently have the lines of
the poet risen to my memory during the ted-
ious hours of waiting and watching!"

"My slighted woman turn,
And, as a vine the oak hath shaken off,
Bead lightly to her tendencies again?
Oh, no! by all her loveliness, by all
That makes life poetry and beauty, no!
Make her a slave; steal from her rosy cheek
By needless jealousies; let the last star
Leave her a watcher by your couch of pain:
Wrong her by petulance, suspicion, all
That makes her cup a bitterness—yet give
One evidence of love, and earth has not
An emblem of devotedness like hers.
But, oh! estrange her once, it boots not how—
By wrong or silence, any thing that tells
A change has come upon your tenderness—
And there is not a high thing out of heaven
Her pride o'ermastereth not."

I ridiculed them when they were first point-
ed out to me by St. Clair, but sad experience
has taught me better."

Such, in brief, was the nature of the conver-
sation of the night. I remained until a late
hour, exceedingly anxious to see my old friend
—but the clock struck eleven, and he had not
returned. Wandering homeward, a crowd of
strange thoughts pressed upon my brain. Can
he love this gentle being? I asked. And then
his whole course through life came to my re-
collection, and I dismissed every doubt. He
does love her to the extent of his ability.—
Then why neglect her? Why permit mel-
ancholy to prey upon her gentle spirit? Why
subject her to the fascinations of such a man as
St. Clair? Temptations at which both would
shrink with horror at first, but which, sooner or

later, with such a being, such hearts, such sym-
pathy of soul and taste, must establish a bond
very like that of love. The subject was a pain-
ful one, and I dismissed it, unwilling to probe
it to the bottom.

I visited Laura, repeatedly during the sub-
sequent six months. I became deeply interest-
ed in her position, and more than once ventured
to hint, jestingly to her husband, the duty of
watching with a vigilant eye over so precious
and delicate a flower. He appeared perfectly
insensible to all insinuations upon the subject,
and with unbounded confidence in, and as much
attachment for Laura, as his nature was capa-
ble of feeling, he became more and more wed-
ded to his dreams of political ambition and
popular applause. He was a member of most
of the societies that were in any degree con-
nected with philanthropy, and of all on the po-
litical side to which he was attached; and thus,
night after night, week after week, and month
after month, he absented himself from the soci-
ety of his wife.

But why prolong the story? Hour after hour
the conviction grew stronger in the mind of
Laura that she had mistaken the sentiments of
her husband. He had either deceived her or
been himself deceived. It was clear that he
shunned her society, and although kind and
obliging, this course was attributed rather to
his tone of mind and moral principle, than to a
warmer and fonder emotion of his heart. She
too had been mistaken. At least she thought
so. The feeling that had induced her to be-
come his wife was not love; nor that deep and
absorbing passion, that flame and fire of the
soul, that she now could feel and appreciate.

He was her cousin; she had known him long;
he had ever been kind to her; her parents had
urged their marriage, and she had been mis-
led! But, alas! how had she deserted her!—
How had she been neglected! What a con-
trast to St. Clair. St. Clair, who even now
would lay down his life for her; who even now
sought her society, and was never so happy as
when basking in her smile. Her heart thrilled,
her brain throbbled, and her mind almost mad-
dened as these wild thoughts forced them-
selves upon her. I say forced themselves for
she repelled them again and again, as fiends
that would destroy her quiet, sap her principles
and render her an object of scorn even to her-
self. But night after night, and her husband
was still abroad. At first she saw him depart
with pride upon her lip and anguish in her
heart. Then sullenness followed, and indiffer-
ence came after. Then a feeling of pleasure
tingled in her breast as the door closed behind
him, and a still stronger sensation was experi-
enced as the well known step of St. Clair was
heard upon the pavement below her window.

But why trace the progress of the weak, the
erring human heart? Why linger over the gui-
lty progress of that neglected wife? Why
harrow the soul with her struggles between
duty on the one hand, and infatuation on the
other? Why point to her fall, as step by step,
she was hurried, to the brink of ruin? Why
detail the subtle sophistry of a gifted spir-
it, one, too, who had persuaded himself that he
really loved with a pure and undying flame?

Why recount his many appeals to fly to some
other land, some distant shore, where the
heartless world could not point at and exult over
another victim? Why picture the secret and
agonizing thoughts of the wretched beauty;
the sorrow that at moments fastened upon her
soul, when some heart-touching expression fell
from the lips of her husband, and she was cal-
led by a look or a phrase to her early dreams
of home and love and happiness?

It was late in the month of September, that
rambling down Spruce street, my attention
was attracted by an unusual stir and confusion
in the front parlor of my friend Mr. Markley's
dwelling. Lights were passing to and fro, with
great rapidity, and ever and anon a shriek, as
of one in mortal agony, broke upon the night.
I hurried forward, rapidly ascending the stairs,
and what a scene of horror was before me!

The slight yet beautiful form of Laura Mark-
ley lay upon the sofa, her hair dishevelled, her
clothes in disorder, and her features pale and
cold in the aspect of death! It was almost
midnight; her husband had been sent for, but
had not yet arrived. Miserable being! blind
and misguided fool! He came in a few min-
utes after, and for weeks and weeks was little
better than a maniac. The following brief note,
the last ever penned by Laura, told the dread-
ful story:

"Forgive me, Morton! forgive me, if I have
wronged you! I can endure it no longer—
Night after night have you neglected me for
the last two years, until my mind, maddened by
doubt, despair, and a thousand fiendish phan-
toms, has ventured to pause and contemplate a
doomed guilt! There is, I verily believe, an-
other being on the face of the earth who loves
and I—I—my hand trembles and my brain
reels—I am yet yours, and in honor. But I
fear I could not live, be neglected, and continue
so. Forgive me, heaven!—forgive me my hus-
band, and pray for me."

She had taken poison!

A COLD SPRING. There is a spring in New
Haven, Ct., emitting a large stream of water
fifteen degrees colder than ordinary springs,
and three degrees colder than the most celebra-
ted springs in Europe. A thermometer insert-
ed two and a half feet below the surface of the
water, exhibits a temperature of forty degrees,
being only eight degrees above the freezing
point.

LITERATI OF NEW YORK.

Edgar A. Poe, commenced in "Godey's Magazine
and Lady's Book for May, the first number of a
series of sketches of "the Literati of New York city,"
in which he says he intends to give "some honest
opinions at random respecting their authorial merits
with occasional words of personality." Among
the characters discussed thus far, we notice the
names of George Bush, N. P. Willis, George B.
Cheever, Charles Antlion, Gulian C. Verplanck,
Freeman Hunt, and others. As the last named in-
dividual is a native of this town, we may be par-
doned for transferring it to our columns.

Mr. Hunt is the editor and proprietor of the
well known "Merchants' Magazine," one of the
most useful of our monthly journals, and decid-
edly the best "property" of any work of its
class. In its establishment he evinced many
remarkable traits of character. He was entire-
ly without means, and even much in debt and
otherwise embarrassed, when, by one of those
intuitive perceptions which belong only to ge-
nius, but which are usually attributed to "good
luck," the "happy" idea entered his head of
getting up a magazine devoted to the interests
of the influential class of merchants. The chief
happiness of this idea, however, (which no
doubt had been entertained and discarded by a
hundred projectors before Mr. H.) consisted in
the method by which he proposed to carry it
into operation. Neglecting the hackneyed
modes of advertising largely, circulating flashy
prospectives and sending out numerous agents,
who, in general, merely serve the purpose of
boring people into a very temporary support of
the work in whose behalf they are employed, he
took the whole matter resolutely into his own
hands; called personally, in the first place, upon
his immediately mercantile friends;—ex-
plained to them, frankly and succinctly, his ob-
ject;—put the value and necessity of the com-
templated publication in the best light—as he
well knew how to do—and in this manner ob-
tained to head his subscription list a good many
of the most eminent business men in New York.

Armed with their names and with recom-
mendatory letters from many of them, he now pushed
on to the other chief cities of the union, and
thus, in less time than is taken by ordinary men
to make a preparatory flourish of trumpets, suc-
ceeded in building up for himself a permanent
fortune, and for the public a journal of immense
interest and value. In the whole proceeding
he evinced a tact, a knowledge of mankind and
a self-dependence which are the staple of even
greater achievement than the establishment of a
five dollar magazine. Having without aid put
the magazine upon a satisfactory footing as re-
gards its circulation, he also without aid under-
took its editorial and business conduct—from
the germ of the conception to the present mo-
ment having kept the whole undertaking within
his own hands. His subscribers and contribu-
tors are now among the most intelligent and
influential in America; the journal is regarded
as absolute authority in mercantile mat e s, cir-
culates extensively not only in this country, but
in Europe, and in regions more remote, afford-
ing its worthy and enterprising projectors a large
income, which no one knows better than him-
self how to put to good use.

The strong points, the marked peculiarities of
Mr. Hunt could not have failed in arresting the
attention of all observers of character; and Mr.
Willis in especial has made him the subject of
repeated comment. I copy what follows from
the New York Mirror.

"Hunt has been glorified in the Hong-Kong Ga-
zette, is regularly complimented by the English
mercantile authorities, has every bank in the world
for an eager subscriber, every consul, every ship-
owner and navigator; is fled away as authority in
every library, and thought of in half the coun-
tries of the world, as early as No. 8 in their enu-
meration of distinguished Americans, yet who seeks to
do him honor in the city he does honor to? The
Merchants' Magazine, though a prodigy of perseve-
rance and industry, is not an accidental develop-
ment of Hunt's energies. He has always been sin-
gularly sagacious and original in devising new
works and good ones. He was the founder of the
first Ladies' Magazine," of the first children's pe-
riodical, he started the American Magazine of Use-
ful and Entertaining Knowledge, compiled the best
known collection of American anecdotes, and is an
indefatigable writer of the sort, among other
things, of "Letters about the Hudson."

Hunt was a playfellow of ours in round-jacket
days, and we have always looked at him with a re-
miniscent interest. His luminous, eager eyes, as
he goes along the street, keenly bent on his errand,
would impress any observer with an idea of his ge-
nius and determination, and we think it quite time
that his earnest head was in the engraver's hand,
and his daily passing by a mark for the dignita-
monstrario. Few more worthy or more valuable
citizens are among us."

Much of Mr. Hunt's character is included in
what I have already said and quoted. He is
"earnest," "eager," combining in a very singu-
lar manner general coolness and occasional ex-
citability. He is a true friend, and the enemy
of no man. His heart is full of the warmest
sympathies and charities. No one in New
York is more universally popular.

He is about five feet eight inches in height,
well proportioned, complexion dark-florid, fore-
head capacious, chin massive and projecting, in-
dicative of (according to Lavater and general
experience) that energy which is, in fact, the
chief point in his character, hair light brown,
very fine, of a web-like texture, worn long and
floating about the face, eyes of a wonderful bril-
liancy and intensity of expression; the whole
countenance beaming with sensibility and in-
telligence. He is married, and about thirty-
eight years of age.

* At this point, Mr. Willis is, perhaps, in error.



The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spit-
ting of blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of breathing,
Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in
the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and va-
rious affections of the Stomach and
Liver.

Folger's Olosanion, or All-Healing Balsam.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Con-
sumption than of any other disease. It is estimat-
ed that in the United States over THIRTY THOU-
SAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this
deadly scourge. The cause of the evil is generally
overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or
a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unim-
portant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats
follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL?
Here it is. The experience of more than twenty
years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are re-
joicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION—George
W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered
under the effects of a severe cold for more than a
year, and in the month of August, when his Cough
had reduced him so much that he feared he would die,
he commenced using the Olosanion. He raised blood
at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest,
and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His
appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be
rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the
use of this remedy that by the month of November
he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being
permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the ef-
ficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a prop-
erty superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate
the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of
the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—
it will alter the Fate in your side and chest—put to
flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slum-
ber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there
is no medicine in the world that will cure you so
speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable
symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and
give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and
speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co.
State street, Boston; and by the following appointed
agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D.
Plummer, Milton; E. H. Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A.
Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer,
do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorches-
ter. August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been
long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at
once and recklessly acknowledge the advantage of. It is a negative pill,
COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever of
its internal ingredients. In fact the medicine is so entirely dis-
guised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without the sys-
tem, informed what they were, he would believe them to be simply
lozenges of pure sugar, nor could he be made to believe that they
were anything else, except that he had been taking medicine, for these
pills are so skillfully prepared, that they do not give the
bitterness, and thus the patient who prefers them avoids two evils
which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and
pain. Medicine administered in all other sweet forms has the
disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and thus the patient
takes a mingled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable
than unadorned bitterness. In these pills this is altogether
avoided, the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from
each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before
the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known
that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure
blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however,
wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that
time passed in ill health—to rectify it. But when the slightest
derangement of the system is indicated by constiveness, or any other
sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are piling up in the
system, which should at once be got rid of, for their removal leaves
the system in a healthy state, and the blood in a healthy state
and purity of blood must be the result. This fact, as stated, is
universally known, but people have such an aversion to medicine
that, unless the case is urgent, they prefer the disease to the cure,
until an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, rebukes them
for the folly of their conduct. Still they had some excuse for
hesitating, medicine in almost all its forms, was nearly dis-
guising as it was beneficial. Now, however, the evil is most ef-
fectually removed, for CLICKENERS' SUGAR COATED VEGET-
ABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine,
—produce none of the nausea and griping, attendant on the
operation of other medicines—while their action is so gentle, and
so free from all impurities from the system cannot be excelled by any other
medicine which has ever been discovered.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are as de-
scribed, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and
the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is sure of receiving, to

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.
BOSTON, June 5, 1846.

The past week has been a quiet and unexcited one here. Nothing further from Gen. Taylor's army on the Rio Grande. It is generally believed that the General has, ere this, made Matamorras his headquarters. Mexico by this time is conversant with the news of the British Government and will receive aid from "Queen Vic" if at all, very soon. It is thought by many that Gen. Paredes has promised of help from the British government; that he had support in upsetting the administration of Herrera, there is little doubt.

Would the Mexican government venture upon a war with the United States, without the belief of European co-operation? The secret movements of English and French agents at Mexico, since the subject of Texas annexation has been agitated, certain pledges granted Mexico, if she will give up California to honest John Bull, &c. are ominous of interference before long.

The steamship Hibernia arrived at East Boston, on Monday last; as a remarkable instance of the regularity of the May steamers, for four years past, they have invariably arrived at Boston from Liverpool on the first day of June. The news from England is decidedly favorable. The introduction of free trade into Great Britain, is a new era in that half starved country. It will now without doubt soon become a law. Thus we see in this great radical movement, the entering wedge to free trade.

Congress is quiet; an adjournment is talked of the 29th of July next. It is conceded that the new tariff bill will pass the House one fortnight from next Monday. The concurrence of the Senate is very doubtful.

Old Artillery Election passed off, on Monday very respectably. The city was full of people from the suburbs, and the Governor made his appearance as usual with the Ancient and Honorable Artillery, and "took his chair" in the afternoon on the Common, in presence of a great multitude.

Your townsman, (I believe he is now,) Col. Geo. Tyler Bigelow was chosen commander of this venerable corps for the year ensuing. Col. Bigelow is an accomplished, as well as fine looking officer.

SPT IN BOSTON.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

LATER FROM EUROPE. The steamer Great Britain which arrived at New York, brings four days later intelligence but the news is unimportant. The Hibernia arrived at Boston on Monday last. She brings nothing important.

Markets remain as at last advices. The imprudence of Mexico in asking a loan of two million dollars and an extension of her old debt at sixty per cent. discount from her English creditors, has created much feeling and disgust towards President Paredes.

It is said the British Minister in this country will be authorized to settle the Oregon controversy on amicable terms.

The affairs between the United States and Mexico cause much remark and excitement in France. The insurrection in Spain continues, and rebels are constantly being taken and shot.

The receipt of the "Oregon Notice" in France created little or no sensation, the French press seeming to consider its passage as a peace measure.

An extensive failure occurred in London of a house engaged in the East India trade.

The Corn Bill has passed its third reading in the House of Commons by a majority of one hundred within two—a most respectable majority.

APPOINTMENT. Hon. Marcus Morton has been confirmed as Collector of Boston, by a large vote. It is also stated that the President has withdrawn the name of Hon. Isaac H. Wright, as Navy Agent for the port of Boston, and appointed Col. Joseph Hall in his place.

The board of officers to investigate the charges against Mr. Wright, as Navy Agent of the port of Boston, have closed their investigation. It is understood that the report fully exonerates Mr. W.

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM MAINE. The Senate of Maine have chosen on their part Hugh J. Anderson, now Governor of the State, as United States Senator for six years from March next, in place of Hon. George Evans. On the part of the House, Hannibal Hamlin, now Representative from the Penobscot district, has been chosen. Wednesday next, (10th inst.) was fixed upon for a second balloting.

CHARLESTOWN NAVY YARD. There are now employed at the Charlestown Yard about seven hundred mechanics and laborers. Between three and four hundred of these are at work on the Independence; and they are so arranged as to go on with all the work on her at the same time. The rope-walk at this yard is turning out about fifteen tons of cordage daily, for the navy. There are already collected at the Charlestown yard two complete frames for sea steamers, and one frame for a steamer for harbor defense.

DISCHARGE OF BABE. In the United States Court says the New York Express, the District Attorney read a letter from the Secretary of State, who remarks that the President was not aware of the other indictments against the prisoner for piracy, murder, &c., but he considers that he has power of pardon before conviction. The letter suggests the propriety of entering a nolle prosequi. This was done, and Babe set at liberty.

NO LICENSES. The people of New York have by their recent vote, given a very emphatic negative to the question submitted to them, whether licenses should or should not be granted for the sale of intoxicating liquors in their several towns. Nineteen of the towns in the State have voted not to grant licenses.

CONGRESS. The Senate has been principally engaged during the past week, discussing the bill extending jurisdiction over Oregon.

The House has devoted some time to the consideration of bills relative to the Army and Navy. It is supposed that an effort will be made to pass a new, or amend the present Tariff bill. There is some prospect that Congress will shortly adjourn.

TO DELINQUENTS. We have sent an agent to some of our delinquent patrons—and he will shortly wait upon the remainder of them—but with little success. These visits cost us money and cannot be repeated without expense to the indebted.

CAMBRIDGE CHRONICLE. A newspaper of this name has recently been started in the new city of Cambridge, which, for beauty of appearance and editorial labors, will compare with the best hebdomadals of the State.

THE MEXICAN WAR. There has been no battle since our last publication. The Mexicans have disappeared from the vicinity of the Rio Grande. Volunteers are daily flocking to the American army. A blockade of the whole Mexican coast will probably now take place; and perhaps Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico will be captured.

MURDER VS. INSANITY. It will be recollected by our readers, that five persons were murdered in western part of New York State, a few months ago, by a colored man, who has since been arraigned for the offence, and his learned counsel, Ex-Governor Seward, entered the plea of insanity, with a fair prospect of success.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The Legislature of New Hampshire has assembled. John P. Hale was chosen Speaker of the House, having received eighteen majority over all the other candidates. The whigs and independents have a majority of twenty in the House and four in the Senate over the democrats.

MYSTERIOUS! A champagne bottle was found recently, on the shore in this town, apparently just washed up, corked tight and containing a piece of manuscript, which we give verbatim et literatim, and a copy of the Advent Herald. We noticed a short time since, the announcement that the ship Columbianna had sailed from Salem for England, having on board six boot makers who were going over to make "pegg'd soles" for John Bull.

Ship Columbianna, Boston, Mass.

May 8, 1846.

Here we are sea sick as thunder by gosh, the wretched capen, sent us up them taral rope ladders without any thing in our coffee, we were forty days and forty nights on deck without any pepper on our Buns, the capen sent the men out to take in the sanctuary, but the poor souls lost their hold and fell down, down, to endless woe, until they came safe and sound on to a hen coop, near to the heavenly horspicks. We all expected that every moment would see our last, until the storm lashed till it went away and then we began to breathe hard again so we had Duff for dinner soon after and if we didn't do ourselves justice then there's no truth in the gospel. I wish mither knoeed where we was heading about the great Deep where ships do great businesses July 10, 16.

If any body finds this won't they be so kind as to send this to some post office where it can be printed for the good of orphan children.

Ship Columbianna, Bound for Liverpool Eng or some other port in asia half way across the ocean. Solomon pipor.

list of the crew six Sol pipor, Jim Roly, Jon Simus, fellin Dismore, Elex phim, Sam Duch the capen and crew expected

The Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, at Manchester, (N.H.) are manufacturing M. de Laines, which are said to be better than the imported article, and are offered in the market at a much less price than the foreign fabric.

Gen. Vega, who was taken prisoner by Gen. Taylor, is the Col. Vega that was captured by the Texan forces at the slaughter of San Jacinto. He was also at the fall of the Alamo, and is a brave and accomplished officer.

D. S. Kaufman, Representative to Congress from the Eastern District in Texas, has arrived at Washington and taken his seat.

American ice sells in London for four cents per pound.

It is said that the British army expended over three hundred thousand ball cartridges in killing and wounding some six thousand Sikhs.

All the land in England is owned by thirty-three thousand persons.

It is said that the Mexican soldiers carry corn in grain, and portable mill stones, grinding their corn and making their bread in the Egyptian fashion.

Two Mexican war steamers, Montezuma and Guadalupe, escaped from Vera Cruz, while the American blockading squadron was absent, and arrived at Havana, under English colors.

A ropewalk in the north part of Medford, was entirely destroyed by fire on Wednesday.

The British Minister has bought a suit of chamber furniture now in the National Fair, at Washington, at an expense of eight thousand dollars.

An outbreak of some Cherokee Indians in Texas, which will require a military force to suppress, is published in a New Orleans paper. It is hinted that the Mexicans may have tampered with the Indians.

The cashier of a large cotton house in New Orleans lately decamped, being a defaulter in the sum of about eighty thousand dollars. The principal on ascertaining the fact, retired to a back room and shot himself.

The corporation of Trinity Church, New York, have voted that, after supplying the old pew holders, the rest of the pews shall be free. The church is to be open daily for religious services and cost three hundred thousand dollars.

A duel was fought in Indiana between two Kentuckians about a lady. They fired once and quit, neither being hurt. Tom Marshall was second to one.

Lovers would do well to remember that while courtship is the most absorbing and interesting of all occupations to them, it is the most insipid, and when too manifest, the most distasteful to others.

It is thought the wheat crop in Illinois, this year, will be a third more than the last, which yielded a surplus of over seven millions of bushels.

It is strongly urged upon the emigrants to Oregon to take wives with them, as there is no supply of the article in that land.

He is a wise man who learns from every one; he is powerful who governs his passions; and he is rich who is content.

Capt. Clapp, of the ship Panther, tried at Charleston lately on a charge of being engaged in the slave trade, is acquitted.

After Major Ringgold was knocked off his horse by a six pound shot, and as he lay on the ground, Lieut. Sherer offered to assist him, but he said "No sir, let me stay: go on! you have enough to do—go ahead!"

Peter C. Brooks pays the largest tax of any person in Boston. His real estate is valued at \$659,200 and personal at \$500,000, making in all \$1,159,200. He is taxed the pretty little sum of \$6,607 44 per annum. Recently, he gave ten thousand dollars to Harvard College to be appropriated to building a residence for President Everett, his son-in-law.

When you find a man doing more business than you are, and you are puzzled to know the reason, just look at the advertisements he has in the newspapers, and look out.

A judge in Kentucky has decided that a dandy is a nuisance.

There is said to be one hundred and twenty thousand children in Virginia who attend no school whatever.

The Supreme Court of this State has assigned Tuesday, June 16th, for the trial of Albert J. Tirrell, for arson.

The New York Convention, for altering the Constitution of the State, met at Albany on the 1st inst. John Tracy of Chenango County was elected President.

Cars, the negro charged with the murder of the mate of the whaleship Ontario, died in jail in Boston the past week.

Commodore James Renshaw, of the United States Navy, died at Washington on Friday of last week, aged 62 years.

The Committees on the Webster and Ingersoll affair are still pursuing their investigations at Washington.

The Rhode Island Legislature has adjourned after a session of four days.

The 18th of May was celebrated at St. John, (N.B.) as the anniversary of the landing of the loyalists from Massachusetts, on those shores, in 1783.

There is reason to fear that the cholera is again making its progress to the north. It has crossed the Persian frontier and reached Herat.

The shock of an earthquake was felt in Salem and Newburyport on Saturday morning last.

The town of Barita, taken by the Americans, is a beautiful little village, on the right bank of the Rio Grande, about eight miles from the mouth.

Counterfeit fives and tens of the Taunton Bank—tens Dehnam—fives Manchester, N. H.—fives Thames, Norwich, Ct.—fives Meriden, Ct.—besides bills altered from broken banks, are in circulation.

The death of Ganevoort Melville, Esq., Secretary of the American Legation to the Court of St. James, is announced in the London papers.

The eating of locust blossoms is said to produce severe spasms in children.

The camp opposite Matamorras is called Fort Brown, in honor of the brave officer who lost his life in its defence. Point Isabel is to be called "Fort Polk."

The Boston Star says, if you would meet a truly poetic female, one whose heart is pure and happy, and whose soul has been bathed in the bright dew of nature's own inspiration, go among our own Yankee girls. You will find them of the right sort—just the proper mixture of novelty, poetry, and broomstickdom matter of fact.

Pride is an ingredient that is never found in exalted human nature. It is mixed in the composition of the weak minded. Those who have a mind to employ and a heart to improve, have no inclination to be proud.

Cold water is the most proper beverage for man, as well as animals. It cools, thins, and clears the blood—it keeps the stomach, head, and nerves in order, makes man tranquil, serene, and cheerful.

He who by accident perceives the unobtrusive preference of a lovely woman, and smiles or triumphs in the conquest, or dares to trifle with the feeling, even while he deems his own heart free, deserves not the proud name of man, much less of gentleman. When he cannot become the lover, one of noble spirit will remain the friend.

Vieuxtemps, the great violinist, has been honored with a most lucrative appointment as premier violinist to the Emperor of Russia.

A new telescopic comet has been discovered by Mr. George P. Bond, at Harvard University. It is in the constellation Lynx.

There was shipped at Baltimore for London recently, upwards of thirteen thousand barrels of flour besides large quantities of beef, pork, and other provisions.

Unbustled ladies, pure and undefiled christians, disinterested friends, common honesty, sound potestants are scarce.

All vessels bound out with valuable cargoes have increased the number of men, and carry an armament. A fast sailing Indianman has carried out several hundred muskets to distribute among the return Indians.

We cannot control the evil tongues of others, but a good life enables us to despise them.

The Mormon temple is for sale, all the authorities of the church having so agreed. It cost more than a million, and the price asked is two hundred thousand dollars.

The House of Delegates of the Maryland Legislature has passed a bill abolishing imprisonment for debt, except in cases of evident fraud.

The Eastern Railroad Company have commenced running an express train three times a week, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, connecting at Portland with the steamer Governor for Bangor. Passengers for Hallowell take the morning trains on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, connecting with the Hallowell.

The mercantile shipping of the civilized world amounts to about eight millions of tons, which is worth, new and old, thirty dollars per ton; and nets clear of expenses, interest and insurance, ten per cent, or twenty-four millions of dollars per annum.

The returns from the State of New York as far as heard from, show a large majority for "no license" to retail ardent spirits. Albany gave a majority of one thousand five hundred and seventy for no license.

The Texas "State House" or "Capital" is a one story wooden building, made somewhat roughly inside and out, over one hundred feet long, and fifty feet wide.

The steamship Alabama has been chartered by government at \$16,500 per month, to convey troops to Brazos Santiago.

General Scott, it is now positively stated, has been appointed commander of the army engaged against Mexico.

The prices of oil and whalebone in New Bedford have increased. The fitting out of whalerships for the present is suspended.

Not the greatness of a man's means makes him independent, so much as the smallness of his wants.

Hon. George P. Marsh, member of Congress from Vermont, can read, speak, and write nineteen different languages.

Hon. Wm. Simonton, late Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, died at his residence in South Hanover, last week.

Thomas Sangster, who made an assault last winter, upon John Quincy Adams, in the Capitol, has received a colonelcy commission, and been appointed to the command of a regiment of volunteers, raised in the District of Columbia and Baltimore.

CARD.

At the meeting of the Future Engine Company No. 4, held last Monday evening, it was voted unanimously, that we tender our thanks to the young Ladies of Quincy Point, for the handsome and appropriate curtains which they have furnished for our Engine House. In accepting the same I am desirous to remind them that such a gift, from such a source, is truly gratifying to our feelings. To favor and approbation of the ladies are always, in all laudable enterprises, indeed pleasant. The duties of a fireman are oftentimes tedious and risky, and to know that we are surrounded by the hands and hearts of our friends, makes our "head quarters" more comfortable and cheerful, will go far to lighten that labor and to cheer us onward in our endeavors to conquer the fiercest enemy.

Be assured, therefore, young ladies, that while we truly appreciate the gift, we much more highly esteem that principle which actuated you thus to be mindful of our happiness and of the community.

In behalf of the Company,

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.
Quincy Point, June 6th, 1846.

NOTICES.

A meeting of the Officers of the Cold Water Army will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at eight o'clock.

EZRA WALKER, Jr., Secretary.

A public social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

A public social Temperance meeting will be held at the Lyceum Hall TO MORROW afternoon at half past five o'clock.

WILLIAM R. BROWN, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER.

JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

Another Restored in Kennebec.

East Livermore, August 12, 1845.

Dear Sir—You may publish this letter, or make such use of it as you think best. A year ago last fall I was taken sick with a severe cough, and was very much pressed for breath, lost my appetite, and became very much reduced in my general health, sweat profusely, and could not sleep nights. I applied to a physician who done all in his power to relieve and restore me, but did not succeed. I was confined to the house most of the winter, often had long spells of severe coughing, raised some blood. Sometimes in the spring I commenced taking

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Before I had finished one bottle I was relieved; my cough removed; my sleep restored; I bled no more. I have taken four bottles the past season. My strength and general health is now good. I attribute it to WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

NATHAN WELLINGTON.

I am personally acquainted with Mr. Wellington, and believe his statement above to be true.

Signed, SUMNER C. MOULTON.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN. June 6.

Expectorant and Carminative Balsam.

We esteem it a pleasure to be able to recommend this medicine, as the best calculated for the purpose of relieving coughs, colds, sore throat, asthma, and all affections of the lungs. From a long personal acquaintance with Dr. Jayne, we know that he is a quack, and his medicines are not nostrums of the modern city-pup, but are the result of his long experience as a practicing physician, and the expense of great labor.—Harford (Ct.) Daily Review.

VALUABLE MEDICINE. We do not wish to commend one good medicine at the expense of another, but we cannot forbear to notice the valuable properties possessed by the 'Carminative Balsam' and the 'Expectorant' prepared by Dr. Jayne of South Third Street, Philadelphia. We have foreborne to give evidence until after a thorough trial in our own family. They are invaluable in a family of children.—Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

May 30. 3w

Patriotism has made a strong draft on the printing offices in New Orleans. About fifty journeymen have already dropped the "composing-stick" and shouldered the musket in defence of their country.

A fine coat frequently covers intolerable ignorance, but never conceals it.

The Hessian Fly, that scourge of the field, exists in great numbers, and is doing much damage, in Illinois. The wheat has been nearly all destroyed in that region.

A spinster of forty faints recently on being asked by a spruce widower to become the mother of his children.

Henry Clay says that the secret of the preservation of his health, was not to eat too much nor sleep too little.

A man who gets through the world without a kick, may rest assured that he is generally considered not worth minding.

Van Amburgh's celebrated menagerie will visit this town in a week or two. Due notice will be given of its arrival through the proper channels.

MARRIED.

In this town, 24th ult., by Rev. J. T. Barrell, Mr. Frederick Souther to Miss Ann Bent.

DIED.

In this town, 31st ult., Edmund W. aged one year and seven months; also 1st inst., Abby W. aged four years and four months, son and daughter of E. S. and Abby J. Fellows.

In this town, 25th ult., Augustus Dorwin, son of Mr. George and Mrs. Nancy Spear, aged 10 months and 26 days.

My babe is afflicted no more
With sickness, or shaken with pain;
The war in its members is o'er,
And never shall vex him again.

This languishing heart is at rest—
No longer in misery now,
It's sorrow and aching is o'er;
This quiet immovable breast
Is healed by affliction no more.

His heart is no longer the seat
Of trouble and torturing pain;
It ceases to flutter and beat,
And never shall flutter again.

Of evil incapable, thou I see,
Whose relics with envy I see,
No longer in misery now,
But gone with thy Savior to be.

His soul has now taken its flight
To mansions of glory above;
To mingle with angels of light,
And dwell in the kingdom of love.

On the 25th inst., Charles Augustus Blake, son of Mr. Dan Carlos and Mrs. Harriet Blake, aged 17 years, 9 months and 11 days.

In the death of this youth have been blighted the fairest and fondest hopes of faithful and devoted parents and warm affections of a numerous family of children—brothers and sisters who were looking up to him as the bright example of dutiful conduct and industrious enterprise. Few present so much promise as did this the first born of bereaved parents. He was amiable and meritorious. Dark and mysterious the route to make our "head quarters" more convenient and comfortable, will go far to lighten that labor and to cheer us onward in our endeavors to conquer the fiercest enemy.

"Behind a frowning providence
He hides a smiling face."

Notice.

THE subscriber having taken the old stand recently occupied by Mr. ELISHA TURNER, for the purpose of carrying on the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Quincy and its vicinity, that he is now prepared to make up gentlemen's CLOTHING, of every description, in a SUPERIOR MANNER,

and in the most FASHIONABLE STYLE.

Having had considerable experience in the CUTTING DEPARTMENT, he flatters himself that he shall be able to give satisfaction to the most fastidious. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

N. B. All garments made by the subscriber are WARRANTED to give entire satisfaction.

Quincy, June 6. SAMUEL J. M. GREEN. 6w

House Lots at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, 20 or 30 excellent HOUSE LOTS, situated in Granite Place, near the Battery, in Milton.

Said Lots are within a few rods of the Milton Branch of the Old Colony Railroad, one and a half miles from Milton Bridge, two miles from the Quincy Depot, and within six miles of Boston, and will make one of the pleasantest situations in the vicinity, possessing every requisite for a country residence—particularly excellent water.

Also—At the same time, two pieces of Meadow Land, consisting from six to eight acres.

The sale will be on the premises, and the terms made known at that time.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.
Milton, June 6.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. May 30, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

ERASTUS THAYER,

of Braintree, Bootmaker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on SATURDAY, the thirteenth day of June, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.
June 6. 2w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. June 2d, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

SIMON GILLET,

of Quincy, in said County, Stone Cutter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held

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most more
hundred

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MARRIED.

In this town, 24th ult., by Rev. J. T. Burrell, Mr. Frederick Souther to Miss Ann Bent.

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In this town, 21st ult., Edmund W. aged one year and seven months; also 1st inst., Abby W. aged four years and four months, son and daughter of E. S. and Abby J. Fellows.

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My babe is afflicted no more
With sickness, or shaken with pain;
The war in its members is o'er,
And never shall vex him again.

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In the death of this youth have been blighted the fairest and fondest hopes of faithful and devoted parents and warm affections of a numerous family of children—brothers and sisters who were looking up to him as the bright example of dutiful conduct and industrious enterprise. Few present so much promise as did this first born of bereaved parents. He was amiable and meritorious. Dark and mysterious the event in God's providence which has consigned to an early grave this young man. But God is good, and wise, and just. We will be well and know that while He is a sovereign, He is still our Father and that He never willingly afflicts nor grieves his children—and that often
"Behind a frowning providence
He hides a smiling face."

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SAMUEL J. M. GREEN.

Quincy, June 6.

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WILL be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY, the 16th inst., at three o'clock in the afternoon, 20 or 30 excellent HOUSE LOTS, situated in Quincy, near the Railroad, in Milton.

Said Lots are within a few rods of the proposed Depot of the Milton Branch of the Old Colony Railroad, one and a half miles from Milton Bridge, two miles from the Quincy Depot, and within six miles of Boston, and will make one of the pleasantest situations in the vicinity, possessing every requisite for a country residence—particularly excellent water.

Also—At the same time, two pieces of Meadow Land, containing from six to eight acres. The sale will be on the premises, and the terms made known at that time.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Milton, June 6.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. May 30, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

ERASTUS THAYER,

of Braintree, Bootmaker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on SATURDAY, the thirteenth day of June, 1846, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

June 6.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK ss. June 2d, 1846.

HON. SHERMAN LELAND, Judge of Probate, has issued a Warrant against the estate of

SIMON GILLET,

of Quincy, in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of debts and delivery of property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held at the dwelling-house of said Judge, in Roxbury, on SATURDAY, the thirteenth day of June inst., at three o'clock in the afternoon, to prove debts, and make choice of one or more Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff.

June 6.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the last Will of

ANNA ALLEN,

late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust:

And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

THOMAS REED, Executor.

June 6.

Parish Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To William S. Glover, Clerk of the Protestant Episcopal Society of Christ Church in the town of Quincy, Greeting:

L. S. YOU are hereby required in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to warn the inhabitants of said Society, qualified to vote in Parish affairs, to meet at the Vestry of said Church, on MONDAY, the eighth day of June next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1st. To choose a Moderator.

2d. To see if the Parish will vote to paint or otherwise repair the church, and tax the Pews to pay for the same or do the same by a tax on the Parish.

3d. To see if the Parish will accept the report of the Committee which was chosen to examine the Church.

4th. To choose any Committee or do any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

You are hereby directed to notify said meeting by posting a true copy of this Warrant at the Church door, at least ten days before said meeting, and by publishing this Warrant two weeks in the Quincy Patriot, and in the Christian Witness and Church Advocate.

Hereof fail not and make direct return of this Warrant with your doings thereon, at the time or before said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals at Quincy, this 25th day of May, 1846.

ANTIPAS HARRINGTON, } Wardens.

JOHN NEWCOMB, }

Quincy, May 29th, 1846.

NORFOLK ss.—By virtue of the above Warrant, I hereby warn the inhabitants of said Society, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein mentioned.

A true copy—Attest,

WILLIAM S. GLOVER, Parish Clerk.

ma. 30.

Laundry Starch Polish,

FOR imparting a beautiful gloss to the surface of linen shirt collars, bosoms, &c., with directions for use, for sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, May 30, 1846.

Carpets for Pews.

VENTIAN CARPETING, suitable for pews, for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

May 30.

Dry Goods.

PRINTS, Patches, Bed Ticks, Cotton Cloths, Linen Hdkls, &c.

ALSO—A good assortment of GROCERIES and CROCKERY WARE, just received and for sale at

GEORGE SAVIL.

ma. 30.

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 29, A. D. 1846.

JOHN V. CLARK, the administrator of the estate of Jesse B. Farmer, of Quincy, in said County, laborer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and also an account in his private capacity.

Ordered—That said John V. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the THIRTY day of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

ma. 30.

NEW EDITION of the Memoir of the Life of Henry Ware, Jr., in two volumes, large type, with two portraits, just published and for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, May 30.

Probate Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, May 28, A. D. 1846.

AN instrument purporting to be the last Will of SARAH WENTWORTH MORTON, late of Quincy, in said County, widow, deceased, having been presented for Probate by Joseph H. Clinch of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, one of the Executors named (Lemuel Brackett of said Quincy, the other Executor having declined the trust)

Ordered—That said Joseph H. Clinch notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the TWENTIETH day of June, A. D. 1846, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

may 30.

Parasols and Parasolets.

JUST received and for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., a good assortment of Parasols and Parasolets.

May 30.

Pants and Vests.

JUST received, another lot. Pants and Vests which will be sold at extremely low prices.

ma. 30.

Mole Skin Hats.

ONE case latest style just received and for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

May 30.

Cloth Caps.

MEN'S & BOY'S CLOTH CAPS of good quality and newest styles, for sale by JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

May 30.

In Insolvency.

NORFOLK ss. Quincy, May 20th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

JOHN P. GAULIFER.

of Quincy, in said County, stone cutter, an insolvent debtor, and has accepted said trust; and that said debtor will be examined, on oath, relating to his estate, debts, transactions, business and affairs, and that the matter of his allowance will be held at the Office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that creditors may be present and prove their claims against his estate.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM S. MORTON, Assignee.

ma. 30.

Staw Carpeting.

4-4 5-4 and 6-4 STRAW CARPETING, just received and for sale low by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

Quincy, May 9.

Copartnership Notice.

THE subscribers having this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of

ABERCROMBIE & BENT,

would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy, that they have on hand and will continue to keep a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glass Ware.

Also—READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as cheap as can be bought in town or vicinity.

N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the town free of expense.

WYMAN ABERCROMBIE, EBENEZER BENT, Jr.

Quincy, Feb. 16th, 1846.

CHAMPOOING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Quincy, that he is ready to perform this excellent operation, which will render the head free from dull and disagreeable feelings, and really impart a healthy and invigorating influence, as when the head is clear (the surface) to use an old saying, a new life is imparted to the whole system. Persons troubled with headache or dizziness should certainly try it.

WILLIAM E. AMBUSH.

Quincy, May 2.

Livery Stable.

THE subscriber has opened a Livery Stable, opposite the Orthodox Congregational Meeting-house, and is prepared to furnish customers with good carriages and horses. It is my desire to accommodate, and therefore I hope by strict attention to business and ever ready to answer all calls, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

SYLVANUS ROWE.

Quincy, May 2.

C. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 46 Court Street, Boston.

May 11.

Pies, Puddings, Custards, &c.

VARIOUS articles for flavoring Pies, Puddings, Meats, &c., among which are—

Extracts of Vanilla, Rose, Lemon, &c.; Treble distilled Rose Water; Sweet Marjoram, Sage, Thyme and Summer Savory in Powder.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, May 9.

Hair Oils, &c.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of articles for the Hair, among which are

Balm of Columbia; Beal's Hair Restorative; Buffalo and Bear Oils; (Sands' pure); Bandoline, Paris Ox Marrow; Ward's Hair Oil; Jordan's Cream of Roses; Wyeth's Cream of Lilies; Olen Compound; Jules Haniel's Lustral; Dettinger's Magic Hair Oil; Jones' Hair Oil; Fales' Cyprian Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Rose Oil; Philicome; Pomatums; French Oils of various kinds; Hair Dyes, Peruvian, French Naples and Egyptian; Gouard's Poudre Subtile; Comstock's Depilatory; Perfumes, Soaps, &c., &c.

Quincy, Feb. 7.

To Let.

THE two front and the adjoining ROOMS in the Town House. They are fitted up for Stores and are good stands for business.

Possession given the first of April. For further information, enquire of either of the subscribers.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, } of
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, } Quincy.

Quincy, March 7.

Quincy Baggage Wagon.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Cyrus Goss his interest in the Quincy Baggage Wagon, continues to run the same to Boston and vicinity. All orders for Carriage promptly executed. Particular attention given to the transportation of Furniture, &c.

Orders may be left with him at his residence in School Street, and at either of the Stores in town. In Boston an order box may be found at Viles & Atkins', South Market Street.

By strict attention to business and a careful regard to the safety of articles entrusted to his care, he hopes to receive a liberal encouragement.

JOSHUA FISHER.

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Matresses.

JUST received, and for sale low, a fresh lot of

CURLED PALM-LEAF MATTRESSES, of extra size and of superior quality, by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO.

Quincy, March 29.

Bacon, Pork and Lard.

FOR sale and constantly on hand, BACON, PORK and LARD of the first quality.

Also—SALT-PETRED BEEF.

These articles will be sold as cheap as can be bought at any other establishment. Those in want will do well to call.

DANIEL BAXTER & CO.

Quincy, March 21.

Grain Store—Old Stand.

HENRY SOUTHER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to keep, at his Store, at the corner of Codding and Washington Street,

CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, OATS, &c., which he will sell as cheap as can be bought at any other store or market in the County, for Cash.

Also—On hand, BUCK WHEAT FLOUR of the first quality, together with

Bolted Rye and Indian Meal.

Quincy, Feb. 28.

Removal.

PORTER & CHAMBERLAIN have removed from E. Bent's Wharf, at the head of Quincy Canal, to their NEW WHARF near Brackett's Wharf, where they offer for sale the usual variety of

LUMBER.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine before buying.

South End Drug Store.

THIS establishment has been furnished with the choicest stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

and with every article in the line of an Apothecary, which will be sold at the lowest prices, and for the same at retail in the city. A thoroughly educated Druggist will be in constant attendance to serve customers and all persons patronizing the store are respectfully requested to return any article purchased there which shall fail to answer the recommendation made of it before being purchased.

The Store is in the building of Mr. Samuel White, next door south of the Orthodox Congregational Meeting-house.

Quincy, May 16.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Old Colony Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, April 13th, Trains will leave Boston and Plymouth daily, Sundays excepted, as follows, viz:

Boston, 7 3-4 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Plymouth, 7 A. M. and 4 1-4 P. M.

SOUTH BRAINTREE SPECIAL TRAINS.
Leave Boston 10 1-2 A. M. and 2 1-2 & 7 P. M.
South Braintree, 6 1-2 A. M. and 3 1-2 P. M.

JOS. H. MOORE, Superintendent.
Boston, May 23.

To Let.

HALF of a two story House, built expressly for two families, pleasantly situated on Elm Street, a few rods from the Episcopal Church. Inquire opposite the Church of

THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, 2d.

To Let.

PART of a two story House, viz a Parlor, Kitchen, Sink Room, and two Chambers, with a good fire place. The above rooms are very convenient, having no connection with the other part of the house, and situated on Washington Street, about a quarter of a mile from the Universalist Meeting-house. Rent, sixty-five dollars. Possession given immediately.

Also—The large two story House, containing twelve rooms, suitable for two families, now building and nearly finished, situated on North Street, about a quarter of a mile from the Methodist Meeting-house, Quincy Point.

Apply on the premises of THOMPSON BAXTER.

Quincy, May 16.

For Sale or Lease.

IN the town of Quincy, near the junction of the old Plymouth road with the Neponset turnpike, in view of Boston harbor, a well built HOUSE, pleasantly situated within four or five minutes walk of the Stone Temple and Railroad Station. It would be an agreeable residence for a person in business or out. Connected with it are sundry out-buildings, among which is one that has been recently fitted up and used as a Bakery, having two large and well built ovens, and other useful accommodations. The lot contains five-eighths of an acre, and has on it about fifty young fruit trees, of various kinds of excellent fruit.

For further information, apply at THIS OFFICE.

Quincy, May 9.

Call at the CLOTH AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,

No. 52 North Market and 19 Ann St., Boston, NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL.

GEORGE W. ALMY

WOULD inform his friends and patrons that he has recently opened a large assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Fancy Vestings, in great variety of styles, shades and qualities, suitable for spring and summer wear, which will be made into garments to order, in fit, style and workmanship unsurpassed by any establishment in the city.

Of Genteel Ready Made Clothing, our stock is also now complete, and consists of as good and full an assortment as can be found in the city. We have been lately got up in the most fashionable styles and workmanlike manner, and will be sold at prices that shall be made satisfactory.

To Dealers

Who buy to sell again, he would say, that at this establishment they will always find a good assortment of sizes to select from and got up

With some regard to fit and style, which will be sold at a small advance from the cost of manufacturing.

As we charge nothing for showing our goods, and no one to purchase unless perfectly satisfied, please call and examine before making your selections.

AT STORE, No 52 North Market, and 19 Ann St., NORTH SIDE OF FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON.

Mar. 24. (NEXT MON. to Faxon's.)

New Goods! New Goods!!

GEORGE NEWCOMB, WOULD call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of GOODS, which he offers for sale at low prices as can be bought in town or vicinity.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Broadcloths; Plain and Corded CASSIMERES; SATINETTES; GAMBOONS AND VESTINGS.

American and English PRINTS; Monst de Lains, Printed Lawns; Bishop Lawns; Muslins; White, Plain and Colored Cambrics; Linens; White, Brown Linen and Colored Table Covers; Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings, Crash, Diaper.

POETRY.

LINES ON DEATH.

The holy bible says of man,
His fleeting life is but a span,
Alas! we see death's power;
Amidst the joyous throngs of earth
We view the messenger of death
In many forms appear.

We sometimes see an aged form—
One who has buffeted the storm
Of life passing around;
But ah, how many are removed
From the bright world and all they loved
To rest beneath the ground.

Trace back a length of time and view
The numbers that have bid adieu
To earth and all its charms;
Their bodies wrapt in death's embrace,
Their features we no more can trace,
They now are food for worms.

How oft, alas! has death appeared,
And plucked a little tender bud
Just opening to bloom;
Transplanted, ere their mind had sought
The ways of sin and Satan's arts,
To a more congenial clime.

When death is past we live again,
The bible says this too of man,
Oh! where shall we appear?
Among the blessed shall we sit
And cast our crowns at Jesus' feet,
Or dwell in dark despair.

Jesus has triumphed o'er the grave
And led captivity captive—
These truths to us have blest;
If we have spent the time that's given
Aright, to be prepared for heaven
How glorious our rest.

THE "STILL SMALL VOICE."

A still small voice is whispering
In accents soft and mild.
It comes upon the zephyr's wing
That fans the forest wild.
It comes upon the evening breeze,
Its plaintive notes I hear,
Low murmuring through the waving trees,
It whispers, "God is near."

It comes not in the whirlwind's roar,
Nor in the ocean gale,
When angry billows lash the shore
And loud the tempests wail.
But when night's silver shades around
The slumbering waters brood,
There comes a soft and solemn sound,
Which whispers, "God is good."

It comes not in the thunder tones,
When fiery lightnings glow,
When fierce convulsive nature groans
The requiem of her woe.
But gently, when the moon's pale light
Comes streaming from above:
Sweet as the hum of angel's flight,
It whispers, "God is love."

O, sinner, hear the "still small voice,"
That comes from Calvary,
That makes the wounded heart rejoice—
It whispers now to thee.
O listen to the pleading strain
Of Jesus' dying love;
It bids thee seek a Savior slain,
And dwell with God above.

HOW TO LIVE.

So should we live, that every hour
Should die, as dies a natural flower—
A self-reviving thing of power:
That every thought and every deed
May hold within itself the seed
Of future good and future need.

ANECDOTES.

A wag of a lawyer having been appointed counsel for a man accused of theft, was told by the court to "withdraw with the prisoner, confer with him, and then give him such counsel as may be for his interest." In about twenty minutes the lawyer returned into court alone. "Where is the prisoner?" asked the court. "He has gone, your honor," said the hopeful limb of the law. "Your honor told me to give him the best advice I could for his interest; and as he said he was guilty, I thought the best counsel I could offer him was to 'cut and run,' which he took at once."

A chap from the country, stopping at one of the hotels, being asked by the waiter whether he would have green tea or black tea, replied, "he didn't care a darn what color it was, so it had plenty of sweet-milk in it."

A teamster, on being asked if he could draw an inference, replied, "I don't know, but my horses can draw anything in reason."

Said a purchaser to a horse dealer—"Is that horse sure footed?" "Perfectly," said the jockey; "when he puts his foot down, you'd think he was never going to take it up."

A gentleman, whose house was repairing, went one day to see how the job was getting on, and observing a lot of nails lying about, said to the carpenter: "Why don't you take care of these nails? they'll certainly be lost." "No," replied the carpenter, "you'll find them in the bill."

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, held on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer or Thayer & Co., to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows: to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for four minutes.

Fifth—Each engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Seventh—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Eighth—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.

REPORT.



Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Engine Company, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was agreed that both Committees should meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot cannot be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the trial shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.

Thus far there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before. This brought the subject of the alteration of the Engines fully before the Committee. It was then ascertained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it was the intention of the Tiger's Company to make important alterations in their engine, such as putting in a new air-chamber, &c. This we objected to. Then, said the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, we cannot play for such is the vote of our Company. Further deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee were instructed not to play without they could make a change in the works of their engine; we were instructed not to play if they did, except new brakes and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's most boasting in public print was not based upon the principle of true courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS WOOD,
EBENEZER CLEVELY,
BARNAS HOWARD,
JAMES A. HARRIS,
WARREN E. SMALL,
May 9.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple,

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be found, all the articles usually comprising an Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her variety of

MEDICINES,
and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick, which she offers for sale at fair prices.

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Dyer's TOOTHACHE DROPS;
Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

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PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. 4m

At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.

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Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture Engine Company, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to Report—

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SHERMAN'S

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Ellis' Venereal Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;
Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;
Dyer's TOOTHACHE DROPS;
Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. 4m

At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.

Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Engine Company, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was agreed that both Committees should meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—

SHERMAN'S

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 24.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

MISCELLANY.

BETTY MORRISON'S POCKET-BOOK.

"There be the coach, Betty, a coming down the Redclay Hill, yonder," said one of the group that had assembled in front of the Green Dragon, the only public house in the little village of Grassvale. There was no mistaking the purport of the assemblage—a box neatly packed in canvass, a gigantic umbrella carefully patched and darned, a pair of patters secured in the cording of the box by a piece of tape, plainly told that one of the little party was about to take a journey, and that the others had met to say "good bye" to the traveller. The object of this friendly solicitude was Betty Morrison, kind and gentle Betty Morrison—who, for the first time in her life was about to leave her native village for no less a place than London. It was a hard task for Betty to part from her old widowed mother; but she acted from a sense of duty, and a strong undeniable hope, that the sacrifice she was making would sometime tend to the happiness of the beloved author of her being. Until the present moment the lot of Betty Morrison had been a happy one. She had been born the child of parents who had no other inheritance but their labor and their cheerful hearts, and who early taught their child to contentedly "do her duty in that state of life to which it had pleased God to call her."

When her father died, Mrs. Hartley, the curate's wife, took Betty to live with her; and under the tuition of that beautiful woman, too poor to be idle, and too good to be proud—Betty became the best servant in the county. She was taught to read and write, and so highly were her acquirements and goodness estimated, that she became the friend and confidante of half the young girls in the village. Betty was three-and-twenty when the curate died, and his widow was reluctantly compelled to seek a home in the house of a near relative. The separation of mistress and handmaid was a sad one indeed, although the good woman had exerted herself so earnestly with some friends in the metropolis, that Betty had obtained a service in London at £7 per year—a sum which sounded to the ears of the honest rustics of Grassvale as the certain nest-egg of a fortune. It was to realize this golden dream that Betty Morrison was awaiting the arrival of the "old blue" coach to London. As the rattle of the wheels became audible, the poor old widow took her child's hand between her own, and looking for a moment steadfastly into her darling face, burst into tears and sobbed aloud.

"Don't mother—don't cry," said Betty, almost choked by her own emotion; "I'm going for both our good—I'm sure I am. A year or two's work, and then I shall come back to you with so much money that we shall be puzzled to spend it."

"But there has never been from home afore, Betty," sobbed her mother, "and London is a matter of a hundred miles away; and how be I to know if thee beest well and happy, my child? Thee mustn't go, Betty—thee mustn't go."

"Fie, mother," said the poor girl trying to smile; "why my poor mistress would think I had grown lazy and ungrateful, now that I had been to all the trouble to get me a place mother. Can't I write to you whenever the wagon comes to town? besides I mean to put down in the pocket-book that Mary Greene gave me, what happens every day, so that when I come home again, (the tears would have way) I say when I come home again, I can sit in the dear, dear old room of winter nights, or in the withy arbor in the garden when it is summer, and read to you all I have thought and done."

It will be like living the time over again with you mother."

The coach stopped—a dozen ready hands seized Betty's box—and as many were thrust out to clasp her hand.

"It be getting rather frosty, Betty," said Mrs. Dove, the landlady of the Green Dragon; "thee hadst better take this old wattle to wrap round thee; thee canst send it back by the wagon."

"Aye, dame, so she can; thee can send it back in this basket, where thee'll find a bit and a sup, and thee'll want both afore thee gets to Lun'on," chimed in Mr. Dove. "God bless the lass."

I've putten a wisp o' straw for your feet, Betty," said Will Ostler.

"Thee'll take care of her, Mr. Gaud," said the widow, as the coachman gathered up his reins. "Good bye, God keep thee from harm, Betty." And not one that heard the mother's prayer, but breathed a fervent Amen.

It was after a frugal supper, during which old Mrs. Scott had returned to her now daily theme, viz: the positive necessity of her son taking unto himself a helpmate, that the saddle produced the prize which he had found.

On inspection the pockets of the book only contained a few dried rose-leaves, and a little piece of paper enclosing a lock of gray and brown hair. The saddle replaced the little mementos with a feeling of reverence, and then restored the faded rose leaves, believing them to be treasured relics also.

He turned over a few pages of the book and found the following, written in the same hand as the inscription on the little piece of paper:

"DECEMBER 12, 1815.
I promised you, dear Mother, that I would put down what I did and thought every day, so I begin at once to tell you what I think of London—oh! it is such a large place! First of

gradually withdrawing herself from the operative duties of housewifery. Mr. Buzzard had been lately a frequent seceder of "The Nightingales"—a friendly meeting to which he had been attached ever since his indentures had expired. Rumors were rife that he had been seen in the dress boxes of Drury Lane, and some malicious fellow declared that he had heard Buzzard make use of very improper language, as to the ultimate destination of country dances.

At length the Buzzards openly declared their secession from the vulgar world. The back parlor was thrown into the shop, the first floor windows were draped with hangings of crimson moreen trimmed with yellow worsted, and the private door was bedizened with a large brass plate, on which was inscribed Mr.—yes! Mr. B. Buzzard. These innovations were very properly resented by the whole street in which Mr. Buzzard carried on his trade of pin-making, and Mr. and Mrs. Buzzard were not only cut but quizzed most unmercifully.

The only one who suffered by the conduct of Buzzard besides himself, was his next door neighbor, Mr. Scott, a very industrious and sober saddler. He had a small trade, which was gradually increasing by his frugality and attention; but the cause of his prosperity prevented him from forming any thing like a social connection, and almost his only friendly acquaintance was neighbor Buzzard.

Alas! their pleasant gossips in the street doors were becoming few and far between. Weeks had passed, and Buzzard had never popped in for a pinch of snuff as he used to do. In fact, Mrs. Buzzard had pronounced saddling ungentle, and Mr. Scott was scratched accordingly. The honest saddler took this somewhat at heart first, but soon ceased to think of Mr. Buzzard but as one whose wisdom was very questionable.

Mr. Scott's household consisted of his aged mother, and one of those domestic nuisances usually denominated a "drab of a girl." The old lady hitherto supplied the place of a better girl, but as the time stole on she frequently urged her son to look about him for a helpmate to supply her place when age and infirmities should make her only a burden to him. The saddler would readily have obeyed his mother's wishes, but he had hitherto seen no one with whom he thought he could share the ups and downs of life but that was either too wealthy or too genteel.

Matters were in this state when the porter of Mr. Idol, the silversmith, was seen to enter Mr. B. Buzzard's house with a somewhat bulky parcel, and to return without it. Mr. B. Buzzard had certainly been buying plate, and this important news was soon communicated to every inhabitant of the street. Nor were Mr. B.'s honest neighbors the only persons acquainted with this circumstance—for one fine night in June, the whole population of the street were roused from their slumber by the din of rattles and lusty cries of "stop thief!" which proceeded from the united lungs of the pin-maker and his wife.

The sashes of fifty windows were thrown up in an instant, and a hundred heads at least were peering therefrom in the hope of catching a glimpse of the thieves. Their curiosity, however, was doomed to be baffled, for the burglars succeeded in effecting their escape over the walls at the back of the house, carrying with them all Mr. B. Buzzard's newly purchased finery, and, alas! Betty Morrison's pocket-book.

In the morning, the intelligence of the pin-maker's loss flew from door-step to door-step up and down the street, like an ignited powder train; and there is no doubt, that had a jury of Mr. Buzzard's neighbors been empanelled, to try robbers, that the verdict would have been "justifiable burglary"—so unpopular had Mr. B. become.

A fortnight after this occurrence, David Scott was engaged in sweeping the little yard at the back of his house, when he thought he saw something red beneath the water-but. Upon closer examination, he was surprised to find a pocket-book. On the fly-leaf was written, "Betty Morrison, the gift of her dear friend, Mary Green." Now as Mr. Buzzard, in his narrative of the robbery, had never alluded to the loss which poor Betty had sustained, (for the pocket-book, containing neither bank notes or bills of exchange, he had very sagely considered to be of no value,) David Scott innocently believed himself at perfect liberty to inspect the contents of the wail which he had discovered, never thinking it had any thing to do with the "Great Buzzard Burglary"—as the advertisements in the Hue and Cry were headed.

It was after a frugal supper, during which old Mrs. Scott had returned to her now daily theme, viz: the positive necessity of her son taking unto himself a helpmate, that the saddle produced the prize which he had found.

On inspection the pockets of the book only contained a few dried rose-leaves, and a little piece of paper enclosing a lock of gray and brown hair. The saddle replaced the little mementos with a feeling of reverence, and then restored the faded rose leaves, believing them to be treasured relics also.

He turned over a few pages of the book and found the following, written in the same hand as the inscription on the little piece of paper:

"DECEMBER 12, 1815.
I promised you, dear Mother, that I would put down what I did and thought every day, so I begin at once to tell you what I think of London—oh! it is such a large place! First of

all I must tell you how I got on my journey—the day was very cold, surely, but with good Mrs. Dove's wattle, and the straw that Will laid for me, (I thank him for it now, and will again when I come home) I got on bravely. Mr. Dove's basket did help me much, for though I could not eat a great deal, yet the brandy and water I gave to the guard, who lent me a great coat, I do think, in return—and now for London. When we got to the inn yard it was quite night, but then there was so many lamps in the street that it was almost as light as day.

Then such a many coaches, and carriages, and people, that I grew quite dizzy and sick. After awhile, however, I seemed to get used to it, and then I saw nothing but houses and houses, whichever way I looked. I got frightened a little, but the guard was very kind, and sent a woman that knew to show me to my new place. When I knocked at the door I confess my heart seemed to sink within me. I wondered all at once what kind of people my master and mistress would be, but then I thought God had taken care of me, until this time, and I had no right to fear."

"Good girl," interrupted Mrs. Scott. "I suppose I may read on?" said the saddler. "By all means," replied his mother; "I feel as though I were listening to your poor sister Jenny, David."

The saddler resumed: "When I was shown up stairs to my mistress, for though they are trades-people they always live up stairs."

"Just like the Buzzards," said Mrs. Scott. "My mistress asked me my name, and how old I was, and whether I was an early riser, and hoped I had no one I knew in London. She then told me to go down into the kitchen until the bell rung for me. The boy who had showed me up, lighted me into the kitchen, where he pointed to a large box, and said, 'That's where you sleep,' and then he left me alone. It was very cold, and I could not help crying a little, for I thought I was going to work for your dear mother, and when I got rich, to come home and make you happy."

"Rather prosy," said the saddler, turning over three or four pages of the book.

"Never mind, go on," replied Mrs. Scott. "I like it all the better. I can understand it."

"I have now been here a week—I work pretty hard—I have to do every thing myself, except to clean the boots and knives. Sometimes I get tired, for mistress is very fond of ringing the bell, and it is a long way from the kitchen to the drawing-room."

"How like Mrs. Buzzard," said Mrs. Scott. "However, I work very cheerful, and whenever I get low or tired, I think this will do to talk about and laugh at, when I come home. My mistress will not call me Betty—but Morrison; she says Morrison is more genteel."

"It must be Mrs. Buzzard," cried Mrs. Scott. The saddler turned over another page or two. "Christmas Day—I had dressed up my kitchen with holly, as I used to do at the parsonage; but mistress happened to come into the kitchen, made me pull it all down, as she said it was vulgar now-a-days."

"I begin to think that must be Mrs. Buzzard, too," said the saddler.

"Master and mistress went out to dinner—I could hardly believe it was Christmas-day. I sat down by the fire when I had done my work and thought how all the folks at Grassvale were making merry, whilst I was all alone, in a London kitchen, without one soul to speak to, I had such a cry, mother—and then I was so angry with myself. I knelt down and prayed God not to let me become ungrateful and discontented; then I got my bible, the one that dear old master gave me, and I read a great deal, until I never felt so happy in my life."

"David," said Mrs. Scott, "whoever did that wouldn't make a bad wife?"

"Wife, mother?" And the saddler turned over several of the leaves without knowing what he was doing.

"March 11—I have offended my mistress very much, but I am sure I have done right. We are to have a grand party on the 14th, and mistress has been busy making jellies and sweet things, but all the time she has been quite in a flurry in case any body should see her. This morning a knock came at the door, and she said to me—'Morrison, say I am out, whoever it is.' 'But I shall be telling a lie ma'am,' I answered—'had I not better say you're busy.' Oh, how angry she was with me. Is it not strange that mistress should wish me to say that which was not true. She would be angry and quite right, did I tell her a lie. I must pray God to lead me not into temptation."

March 20—Mistress is still very sulky, but I would rather offend her than do wrong. They have been out a great deal lately, and I have had to sit up very late, and by myself. London is a very lonely place, but I do not complain—I get more time to read my bible, and to write down these things to talk over when I come home."

"She seems very fond of her home," remarked the saddler.

"And I dare say it's a very poor one," said his mother, "she wouldn't neglect a better, I'll be bound."

"Do you think she is the —," here David paused.

"Who?" inquired his mother.

"The pleasant looking girl at Buzzard's."

"I shouldn't wonder," exclaimed Mrs. Scott; "I'll ask at once."

"No, mother," said the saddler; "I think—I think I'll do that myself," and he left the

room. When the saddler got into his shop he paused to take another peep in Betty Morrison's pocket book, and read—

"Mistress is very cross and unkind to me, I will bear it all. Oh, what could I not suffer for any one that I loved as dearly as I do you mother."

The saddler gave a short cough, and proceeded at once to the house of his neighbor Buzzard.

When Betty opened the door, David Scott felt as though he had some great words in his throat which were choking him, but when he showed Betty the pocket book, and saw the joy dancing amid the tears in her eyes, the saddler thought that the difficulty of choosing a wife was not so great as he had imagined at one time.

The poor girl thanked him again and again, for restoring her lost treasure. "Not," she said, "that it is worth any thing, sir, but it was given to me by a very dear friend, and—and my dear mother at home, looks forward to that book to know—to know—"

"How good a daughter she is in London," said the saddler, and then, as fearing to trust himself further he uttered a hurried "good day," and rushed back into his own shop.

After this interview—it seems very surprising—but Betty was continually meeting Mr. Scott. If she went on an errand, Mr. Scott always contrived to say, "How do you do?" or to give her a nod and smile. If she went to church, which she always did when she could obtain permission from her mistress, Mr. Scott was sure to overtake her, or meet her on her way, and then he would go to church too.

Can you guess what all this led to? If you cannot, read the following extract from Betty's pocket-book:

"July 31—Mr. Scott has written me such a kind letter. I have answered it, by telling him that I must consult my dear mother and Mrs. Hartley. Mr. Scott says his mother would like me to come to tea. Mr. Scott says he is about my age. Mr. Scott is very good to his work people I hear. Mr. Scott—oh, dear, what am I writing about."

Reader, you are now as much in Betty's secret as we are, so the sooner we come to the end the better. One Sunday morning, at the close of September, the congregation assembled in the parish church of Grassvale was thrown into a state of pleasurable excitement by Mr. Gravely, the clergyman, reading as follows:

"I publish the banns of marriage between David Scott, of the parish of St.—, London, and Elizabeth Morrison, of this parish, &c., and within a month afterwards, the bells of Grassvale church rung out their bridal peal.

Ah! that was the end! David Scott had listened to his mother's counsel; and from what he had read of Betty's thoughts and actions—things chronicled to meet no other eyes but her own and those of her dear mother—the honest saddler had resolved to share his fortunes with her. Many after years of happiness proved how wisely he had chosen, and again and again has he blessed the day that he found Betty Morrison's pocket-book.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A NEWSPAPER. A child beginning to read becomes delighted with a newspaper, because he reads of names and things which are very familiar, and will make progress accordingly. A newspaper in one year is worth a quarter's schooling to a child, and every father must consider that substantial information is connected with advancement. The mother of a family, being one of its heads, and having a more immediate charge of children, should herself be instructed. A mind occupied becomes fortified against the ills of life, and is braced for any emergency. Children amused by reading or study, are, of course, more considerate and more easily governed. How many thoughtless young men have spent their earnings in a tavern or grange-shop, who ought to have been reading? How many parents who have not spent twenty dollars for books for their families, would have given thousands to reclaim a son or a daughter who had ignorantly and thoughtlessly fallen into temptation?

OLIVER CROMWELL. When Cromwell made his public entry into London, his companions remarked to him the concourse of people who came from all parts to see him—"There'd be just as many," said he, "if I was going to the scaffold."

FABIUS MAXIMUS. Hannibal tried every art to draw him into a battle. "If Fabius," said he, "be so great a general as he is reported to be, he ought to descend from the mountains and fight me in the plains."

Fabius replied, "If Hannibal be so great a general as he fancies himself to be, he ought to force me to fight him anywhere."

STEAM. In a conversation which a short time since took place upon the wonderful and various applications of steam, an Irish gentleman present who had just arrived in England, suddenly exclaimed—"It is quite entirely past a belief; I'll be no ways surprised to find myself going a hunting some morning, on my taw kittle.—London paper."

On a recent occasion, says an exchange, at the marriage ceremony was about to be performed in a church, in a neighboring town, when the clergyman desiring the parties wishing to be married to rise up, a large number of ladies immediately rose.

"The more I labor," said Lavater, "the more ability and inclination I have to labor."

The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Lungs.

Folger's Olosonian, or All-Healing Balsam.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosonian. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy.—It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plumer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.

August 16.

CHERRY

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POETRY.

LINES ON PARTING.

Mr. Editor—By publishing the following lines written by one of our Grammar School masters, who has kept three years with great success, on his leaving the school, you will confer an esteemed favor.

NEPHEW.

Dost think my heart can e'er forget
Of gratitude the willing debt
Your lavish gifts excite?
My blood must first forget its way,
My form be chilled in lifeless clay,
And dust with dust unite.

Where'er on earth my lot is cast,
Neath tropic suns, or northern blast,
On ocean's wave or land,
Your gifts will oft recall this scene—
Time-hallowed then, with joy serene,
By memory's faithful hand.

Prosperity its gifts may shower—
Adversity in tempests lower—
Yet ne'er will be effaced
The fond remembrance from my heart
Affection, free from guile or art,
Through three long years hath trac'd.

When age shall make my blood more slow,
And crown my brow with silver snow,
My eyes grow dim in gloom,
These tokens of your love shall bring
Long cherished joys, which round us cling,
To light the darkness tomb.

With beating heart I say "farewell!"
'Tis hard to sound the mournful knell
That separates our hearts;
But let us hope to meet again,
Where Peace and Love eternal reign,
And never, never part.

Affectionately, your Teacher,
WILLIAM T. ADAMS.
Dorchester, June 6, 1846.

THE SAILOR.

BY LYMAN H. SHERWIN.

Men of true devotion,
Unto the stormy ocean,
Who watch each frantic motion
Of the waves;
With hearts so stern and sterile,
Who brave the ocean's peril,
Of untimely wither'd laurels
Find their graves.

Who from peaceful homes oft wander,
To seek the ocean's thunder,
Which rends the ship asunder
With its force;
Midst the wild and howling blasts,
Which rends the crackling masts,
And hurls to destruction fast
All in its course.

He lives and 'tis his home,
On the ocean wave to roam,
Amidst the billows crest with foam
To proudly ride;
Proud man, he knows no fear,
On the ocean wild and drear,
When he's tossing on the air
He feels his pride.

He is ever kind and free,
To those in poverty,
He knows generosity
And feelings kind;
With his proud and generous eye,
While his flag does freely fly,
As freely views the spangled sky
As blows the wind.

Then ahoy for the sailor brave,
Who skims the stormy wave,
Who fears not a watery grave
Nor wrecks appalling;
He is happy when he's free,
Let him ever happy be,
He who roams the bounding sea
For one and all.

Randolph, June 2d, 1846.

ANECDOTES.

"Tom, what's monimany?" "Wy, you see, Dick, when a poor fellow steals it's called larceny—but when it's a rich 'un, the jury says it's 'monimany,' and they can't 'elp it; that's it."

"What's the matter, my dear?" said a kind wife to her husband, who appeared to be in great tribulation. "O, I don't know," said luzzzy, "I've felt like a fool all day." "Well," returned the wife consolingly, "I'm afraid you'll never feel any better; you look the very picture of what you feel!"

An ignorant fellow was boasting that in his travels he had been carressed everywhere, and that he had seen all the great in Europe. "Have you seen the Dardanelles?" said one of the company. "Yes," replied he, "I dined with them at Gibraltar and found them to be excellent company."

"How far is it to Nortonville?" "Why, it's eight miles." "Eight devils! Why, a man told me, a mile back, that it was only six." "Well, seeing that you are an old man, and your horse looks tired, and you seem impatient, we'll call it three."

"Puseyism! Puseyism!" said an old lady, looking sternly over her specs at a newspaper which had much to say about Puseyism. "I always thought folks would get more in favor of 'eat, and this editor is clear carried away with them."

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2 of Quincy, held on the evening of March 18th, 1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town, manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Company vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial may take place. The manner and condition of playing to be as follows:—

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for the space of five minutes.

Third—Each engine to draft and play through 300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine, alternately, to draft and play through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Fifth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Resolved—That the Engines play with the same sized cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Resolved—To publish the above challenge in the Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture Engine Company, held Thursday evening, May 7th, it was voted that the following report be offered for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks, with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give to, nor receive from the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21.

REPORT.

Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger Committee, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 24, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was then agreed that both Committees meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot cannot be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the tubs shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.

Thus far there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before.

This brought the subject of the alteration of the Engines fully before the Committee. It was then ascertained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it was the intention of the Tiger's Committee to make important alterations in their engine, such as putting in a new air-chamber, &c. This we objected to. Then, said the Chairman of the Tiger Committee, we cannot play for such is the vote of our Company. Further deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee were instructed not to play without they could make a change in the works of their engine; we were instructed not to play if the time of playing was altered, and we were instructed to except new brakes and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's most boasting in public print not based upon the principle of true moral courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS WOOD,
EBENEZER CLEVELY,
BARNABAS HOWARD,
JAMES A. HARRIS,
WARREN E. SMALL,
Quincy, May 9.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

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Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.

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PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy Market House.

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Duly appreciating past favors, the subscriber respectfully solicits a proportionate share in future of public patronage.

RICHARD S. S. HAYDEN.
Quincy, April 4.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture Committee, in relation to the challenge, published by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and accepted by us, would beg leave to report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday evening, May 24, at which meeting the whole subject in regard to the challenge, was talked over with harmony and good feeling. It was then agreed that both Committees meet at some convenient time to select the ground, and it was also well understood that there should be no alteration in the Engines only new brakes and extension arms. No definite action was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the following votes were passed—

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot cannot be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and that the tubs shall be on the ground at eight o'clock in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.

Thus far there was a mutual understanding and both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fellows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture Company had given their Committee, and which we had communicated to him in writing the day before.

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Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away, loss of appetite, and in some cases, disturbed sleep, are among the symptoms of worms. Many are doctored for months by some other ignorant person, who uses the name of Sherman's Worm Lozenges, and by the time the patient is cured, the disease is so far advanced that it is almost impossible to cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Prince Street and the Bowery, cured a man who was afflicted with worms, and by the use of his Sherman's Lozenges, he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by the use of the sale of over two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Howarth, Esq., and that worthy old hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. M. Hancock, Wm. H. Attree, Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the season of any known remedy.

Headache, Seasickness and palpitation, relieved in from five to ten minutes by the use of Sherman's Cough Lozenges. Persons attending crowded rooms or travelling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from low spirits, and the need of recreation, will find them to be a most valuable remedy. Mr. Krauth of the Sunday Mercury, has repeatedly cured him of severe headache by the use of Captain Clark's, of the Market Ship Wellington, has witnessed their efficacy in a great many cases of seasickness. They operate like a charm on the nervous system, as Sherman's Poor Man's Plaster does upon the Rheumatism, lumbago, pain or weakness in the side, back, breast, or any part of the body.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau Street, New York and is supplied by the following named persons: J. Babcock and M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King & Nash and N. Dyer, Abington; R. Gleason, Dorchester; Wm. Torrey, South Scituate; E. B. Hobbs, Randolph; and by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of the Stone Temple, Quincy; June 25.

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Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 25.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

JOHN A. GREEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.
The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.
JOSIAH BARCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarries.
ORIN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVERLY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
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Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston,
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools,
RICH MANTEL CLOCKS,
Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier machie Wares.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Tower and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 69 Washington Street, Boston. Dec. 1.

Choice Fruit Trees.
A CHOICE variety of new and select Fruit Trees, consisting of Pears, Apples, Plums, Cherries and Peaches, for sale by the subscriber at his nursery in Braintree.
BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.
Braintree, April 6.

For Sale or Lease,
IN the town of Quincy, near the junction of the old Plymouth road with the Neponset Turnpike, is a new of Boston town, a well built HOUSE, pleasantly situated within four or five minutes walk of the Stone Temple and Railroad Station. It would be an agreeable residence for a person in business or out. Connected with it are sundry out-buildings, among which is one that has been recently fitted up and used as a Bakery, having two large and well built ovens, and other needful accommodations. The lot contains five-eighths of an acre, and has on it about fifty young fruit trees, of various kinds of excellent fruit.
For further information, apply at THIS OFFICE.
Quincy, May 9.

To Let,
A VERY convenient Dwelling-house, Stable, Sheds and Bowling Alleys, situated on Codding Street in Quincy. The House is suitable for two families; a good Garden is attached to the premises. The whole estate will be leased together, or either part separately. The stable will accommodate 12 horses, and bowling alleys are in good repair.
For further information inquire of
ISAIAH D. RICHARDS, North Market St., Boston, or of JOSEPH FRYE, on the premises.
Quincy, March 21.

To Let,
ONE HALF of a Dwelling House, situated on Neponset Turnpike. Possession given the first day of April next.
For further information, enquire of
GEORGE H. FRENCH, or of THOMAS ADAMS.
Quincy, Feb. 28.

To Let,
A HOUSE, BARN and 14 acres of Land, situated on Adams Street.
For further information, enquire of
DANIEL BAXTER, School Street.
Quincy, March 7.

To Let,
THE lower part of the House belonging to Jacob Cook, with the garden and a piece of ground, sufficient to pasture a Cow and try her with a rope. Also the Barn.
Rent sixty-five dollars per year.
The House is located at Germantown Point.
Quincy, May 2.

To Let,
PART of a two story House, viz. a Parlor, Kitchen, Sink Room, and two Chambers, with a good Garden. The above rooms are very convenient, having no connection with the other part of the house, and situated on Washington street, about a quarter of a mile from the Universalist Meeting-house. Rent, sixty-five dollars. Possession given immediately.

Also—The large two story House, containing twelve rooms, suitable for two families, now building and nearly finished, situated on North Street, about a quarter of a mile from the Methodist Meeting-house, Quincy Point.
Apply on the premises of
THOMPSON BAXTER.
Quincy, May 16.

To Let,
HALF of a two story House, built expressly for two families, pleasantly situated on Elm Street, a few rods from the Episcopal Church. Inquire opposite the Church of
THOMAS P. NEWCOMB, 3d.
Quincy, May 16.

MISCELLANY.

LOVE'S CONFIDENCE.

"Don't give up the ship," cried the enthusiastic Lawrence, as, borne in the arms of Lieut. Lovett, he was conveyed below. Henry gazed earnestly upon the countenance of his friend and commander, and sighed deeply upon his untimely fate. He had been a friend and instructor, and heedless of the calls of duty that demanded his presence on deck, he remained fixed like a statue, till a loud shout from the enemy awakened him to consciousness, and he sprang to the hatchway in time to behold the gallant Chesapeake a prize to the victorious Shannon. Deep sensations of doubt and shame thronged to his bosom. "Shall I not be accused by those who hate me, of deserting my station in time of danger? Have I acted the coward's part?" and giving his sword to the boarding officer, he turned away his head and covered his face with his hands.

"Ah, Lieut. Lovett," said an honest tar who lay wounded at his feet, "this might have been prevented."

"It might, it might. God of heaven, what will become of me?" exclaimed the afflicted Lovett, falling as he spoke, senseless upon the deck.

Honor had been from the earliest boyhood of Henry Lovett, the sincerest watchword of his heart, and the award of patriotic fame his dearest desire. He had raised himself a name equalled in glory by few of his own rank. On the sea he had ever evinced himself brave and skilful, and on shore his total disregard of self, his devotion to the cause of humanity and justice, had been themes of well won praise; yet by one act he knew his hopes were blasted, and that the fresh foliage of his young fame was withered. He knew severe judges would investigate every minutia respecting the loss of the ship, and he dared not hope to escape the suspicion of cowardice. To the brave heart even the undesired taint of cowardice has more pang than death itself, and Henry was too soon convinced that his suspicions were not unfounded, nor did he feel surprise when he learned that he was expelled from the naval service of the United States—in all things how different a man than when he entered it? Then young hope painted many a glorious scene in the dim futurity, and honest patriotism nerved his heart to deeds of daring; now he was a despised and dishonored man, with an indelible stigma fixed upon the name he had gloried in. Madness would have seemed the natural result of such vicissitude, but Henry Lovett was far too sensible to lose his wits in lunacy.

He was alone in his apartment, and sitting at a table. One hand presses his brow, and on that brow despair seemed to have set its seal—the other holds a letter; it informs him of his disgrace. Mark, as his eye courses over the lines, how his brow darkens, then seems smoothed to mildness. Hard indeed would it be to portray the workings of his mind at that moment. He knew he was innocent, yet was disgraced. He knew that his bosom lacked not the fire of courage, and he knew he was called a coward. In life he had desired the praises of men, and he could not dispense their condemnations. Yet in the tumultuous struggle of his bosom, the fear of men's opinion was not paramount. He thought of her he loved, his betrothed bride—she whose noble virtue had been his counsellor and his guide to fame, and then indeed nought but the firmness of his mind saved it from wandering from its sanity.

"I will see her no more," he exclaimed as he rose and paced the floor with rapid strides.—"For years I'll see her no more. She must despise me, and one word of contempt from her would destroy me. We must part without a farewell; and when next we meet I'll convince her that she wrongs me."

Ellen Aylmer sat in her father's splendid parlor alone and weeping. Tears coursed rapidly down her cheeks, nor were they brushed away when a stir in the entry announced the presence of her father.

"Tell me, my dear father, how is it with Henry?"

"Ruined, disgraced. He is dismissed from the service of his country."

"Tis false!—nay, forgive me father—it cannot be."

"Indeed it is true, and report says that he has left the States and joined the enemy in Canada."

"Then report is, as usual, false-hearted!—Would, father, that you knew Henry as I do—then would you join your voice with mine in repelling these foul calumnies. Henry has not deserted his country or his own honor; and, though the world should shower down upon him its fiercest maledictions, to me he would still be spotless," and as she spoke she hastily left the room, to seek the solitude of her own boudoir.

"Pish!" exclaimed Mr. Aylmer, "this is all romance and humbug."

Mr. Aylmer did not know his daughter's heart, and when Ellen entered her own apartment, she was firmly convinced of Henry's innocence as he was himself.

"No, no," she said aloud, "Henry is no traitor, no deserter from his country, or from me. How dear it will be for me to tell him that I know he is innocent. How sweet to plant a smile upon that face which now—O God!—which now must be writhing in agony!" The thought was too sad for expression, and the

tears that fell proclaimed her depth and sincerity of feelings.

Day followed day, and yet Ellen neither saw nor heard of Henry. A month passed, and neither by letter or by his presence did he attempt to convince her of his innocence. Report spoke harshly of him, yet she did not waver in her opinion. "He has some good cause for his silence, and I doubt him not," she would say to her father, and her countenance would speak for her sincerity. Week was added to week in old Time's calendar, and still the heard nothing.

"Here, Ellen, read this," said her father, one morning, handing her a newspaper, "and then cast the unworthy renegade from your thoughts." Ellen took the paper and read without emotion a paragraph which she saw at once was aimed against Henry. It was this:

"The enemy have committed considerable havoc upon the American line, in a sort of Guerilla warfare. The parties are led by a young officer totally unknown to the neighborhood. It is supposed that this leader is the *celebrated* Lieutenant of the navy who was cashiered for cowardice."

"Pooh! father, this is the mere whim of an idle brain, and deserves no attention. Let me read on."

"Much hard fighting has ensued. Among the Americans, a young volunteer named Osgood has distinguished himself, and has several times beaten the enemy off."

"Why not, father, say that Henry is this same Osgood? Upon my word, I think it is far more likely."

"This over confidence, Ellen!"

"Nay, nay, father, this is not over-confidence. Nothing but Henry Lovett's lips themselves will ever convince me of his apostasy."

Such was indeed the genuine sentiment of her heart, yet it was doomed to encounter many severe trials. Scarce a day passed without bringing more proof to identify Henry with the young and sanguinary leader of the Guerilla warfare, and to Mr. Aylmer's mind they were positive. He loved his daughter well, and he strove hard to cause her to yield up her strange infatuation, but in vain.

"Upon a light, visionary foundation," she would say, "the lovers of the marvellous build up their terrific edifices, and one breath of common sense destroys them all. If father, you will still persist in identifying Henry with this remorseless leader, suffer me to identify him with this Osgood, who has now become so much the theme of praise."

Time rolled on, and the papers reported the death of the leader of the British bands, and that he fell by the hand of Osgood. Her father watched her countenance keenly as she read an account of the engagement. As she proceeded, her face became disturbed, now paling to ashy whiteness, and then glowing with red and heat; but as she closed the paragraph, she exclaimed, clapping her hands, "Thank heaven he was victorious."

"Who?" asked her father somewhat surprised.

"Who, why Osgood—Henry Lovett, to be sure."

"This is a strange infatuation, Ellen."

"Why so, father? Can any thing be more probable? Henry Lovett was a blasted name, and why could not Henry Lovett assume the name of Osgood, and by great deeds of courage wipe away the taints from his character? Depend upon it he will return and be honored by those who despise him."

Events, though they could not justify Ellen in her position, still destroyed her father's, and the remorseless leader whose aim had been so terrible, proved to be a recreant Frenchman.

"Did I not tell you so father," cried Ellen in triumph. "Osgood is the man. I'll stake my life upon it."

The war drew to a close, and eagerly did Ellen await the return of her betrothed. He came not, but she neither lost her spirits, her health, or her appetite. Notwithstanding her lover's unaccountable disappearance and total silence, she had no doubt of his fidelity. To her father they had been reared, and every corner and fibre of his heart was as well known to her as her own; and thus the devoted conscience of love still kept the bloom upon her cheeks, and sent forth the merry laugh from her lips.

Amidst simply but not unfashionably, Ellen entered the spacious ball-room of her aunt upon a night of festivity consequent upon the return of peace. She had never looked so beautiful, and her smiles were as sincere as they were incessant. No one would have said that she had any secret grief to disturb her, or that there dwelt in her bosom one thought hostile to her happiness. To all she was attentive and amusing, and no one turned from her without a heartfelt throb of admiration. Yet there was one in that hall to whom those smiles were daggers, and every laugh upon her lips a poison to his own.

"Come, Ellen," said her aunt, "we will walk into the music room, I've a friend to introduce to you, and one not undistinguished. It is the renowned Henry Osgood."

"Henry Osgood!"

"Yes, that is he by yonder alcove."

Ellen turned her eyes in the direction indicated by her aunt, and they fell upon the individual we have before alluded to. His eyes were riveted upon her.

"Tis he, indeed," exclaimed Ellen, grasping the arm of her aunt, and glancing wildly at Osgood. The glance of Osgood was as cool and undisturbed as before. "Yet he knows me

not," she continued, "can I be mistaken. The magic veil fell, and for the first time doubt and sadness enveloped her heart—she had anchored her hope upon her so long cherished fancy, and the illusion vanished. Mechanically she attended her aunt to the music room, and took her place before the piano.

"Sing, Ellen, one of your simple favorites," said her aunt.

"I will try," she replied gazing around her, and as she did so she observed Osgood leaning at the door post. "It must be he," she muttered to herself, "or wherefore those steadfast looks? I would know them from a thousand. Can it be that he doubts my welcome?" and the thought was scarce uttered when her fingers swept rapidly over the instrument, and her voice warbled out the sweetest of Moore's Melodies—

"Come rest in this bosom my own stricken deer, Though the herd be fled from thee, my home is still here."

As the song proceeded, Osgood stepped forward into the music room, and as she finished he threw himself upon his knees beside her, exclaiming, "My dearest Ellen forgive me for having doubted you."

"Hey day! what a hullabaloo is this?" exclaimed her aunt, and Ellen threw herself into the arms of her betrothed.

Imagine Henry Lovett with a clear and untarnished fame, a good estate, Ellen Aylmer for his bride, and then—what you please, and you may write out the rest of the story yourself.

A COURTING STORY.

The man that hath a tongue, I say is no man, If with his tongue he cannot win a woman. Shakespeare.

Jotham Jenkins, in his Sunday's best set one evening twirling his hat at the door of Mr. Twistleton. It was about nine o'clock in the evening, and Mr. Twistleton and Mrs. Twistleton had judiciously retired to their apartment, while Tabitha Twistleton politely sat up to hear what Jotham Jenkins had to say, and to rake up the fire after he had taken his leave. Jotham had been conning over a fine speech, which he meant to utter when opportunity should be given him by the withdrawal of the old folks. But when that opportunity came the word would not come. The fine speech stuck in his throat, and he twirled his hat more industriously than ever. But Tabitha Twistleton had more presence of mind, and after enjoying his embarrassment for a while, she opened her mouth and asked him what made him so dumb? Upon that hint he spoke. Any thing was better than nothing to break the ice, and that being now effected by the considerate remark of his charmer, he thus began, "I say, Tabitha—Well, Jotham. I've come here to-night—'I see you have.' To inform you that—that—some how or other—Very likely, Jotham. 'I don't know how it is.'—Nor I. 'It's very queer any way, and I feel rather sheepish.'—Bah! 'Darn it, Tabitha, I love you; and now it's out."

"And you feel very much relieved, I dare say?" "I do, I swear, feel shockingly relieved. I feel as if a fifty-six was taken off my stomach. Poor fellow! was your load so heavy?" "I guess you'd think so, if you knew the weight on't. It pressed me down like a night mare." "Well, Jotham, I'm glad to hear of your fortunate deliverance. But it's growing late, and mother told me to cover up the fire." "Oh, don't think of the fire now, just as I've broken the ice. I've a world of fine things to say to you." "What are they?" "I haven't told you half my love yet." "Oh, I thought you had got it all out." "I love you like a pizen; I do indeed, Tabitha. That love must be fatal then." "It will be fatal to me if you do not marry me." "Fudge, don't be a fool. Go home now, and let me cover up the fire, that's a good boy." "Won't you have me then?" "I can tell you better, Jotham, when you get to be a man." "Aint I a man now, Miss Tabitha, I'd like to know?" said Jotham, rising with spirit and putting his hat on his head, "If I aint a man now, and a whole hog one too, I think it damned strange." "As to the hog part, there is no dispute about that," said Tabitha, covering up the last brand in the ashes. "Well, if that's the way you treat me, Tab, you may go to grass, and get a husband where you can, for what I care." "Thank you, Jotham. Now go home like a good boy, and tell your mama not to let you stray away o' nights. You may get lost." Jotham pressed his hat on his head harder than ever, and telling Tab, as he called her, that she might go to "Tinker town" for all him, he left the house—giving one proof, at least, contrary to our Shakespearean motto, that a man may be endowed with a tongue, and yet not be able to use it so as to win a woman withal.

TOBACCO AND RUM. The Rev. Thos. Spencer states, that the people of England, Ireland, and Scotland pay \$49,000,000 annually for tobacco! With a population of about 27,000,000, they pay annually \$33,000,000 in poor rates, \$260,000,000 for the support of the government, and \$390,000,000 for intoxicating drinks. He states that there were among the 27,000,000 of people, 600,000 drunkards, and that 50,000 of them died annually, whose places were supplied by 50,000 more from the ranks of the moderate drinkers!

If wise men play the fool they do it with a vengeance.

'GREEN SASS' DRINKS.

A Hoosier stopped opposite a fashionable drinking saloon, and, with his hands deep in his pockets, and the front of his chip turned up, seemed looking with absorbing interest into the interior, at an individual luxuriating on a julep, with straw accompaniments.

"Well, I'll swear if that aint a new kick," says he. "Who'd a thort of sech a thing as a green sass drink? How consarned cool that fellar sucks it," soliloquized he, moving his body in a sympathetic manner, as if engaged in drawing the fluid himself. "I'll hev a taste that mixtur, ef I bust a bit," was his conclusion; so in he went.

"What will you take sir?" inquired the bar-keeper.

"Jest go on and give that fellar his licker, 'cause I aint half as dry as he looks," said the Hoosier, pointing to a customer at the other end of the counter.

"Now, sir!" again said the attentive attendant.

The Hoosier reached across the counter, took hold of his collar, and, drawing him close up, whispered in his ear:

"A green sass drink, with *all* the fixins!" and then he winked his eye familiarly, as if to convey his meaning more fully that *all* the ingredients should be there.

"Yes, sir," said the bar-keeper.

The mint was fixed in the ice beside it, the sugar piled on top, and the fluid delicately poured over all, a *l'Empire*; the whole was commingled, and, with the accompanying straw ornament, handed to the customer. He pulled his hands out of his pocket, picked up the glass and commenced first a suck, then a *guffaw*, which exercise he continued until the straw squealed with emptiness, whereupon setting it down he pulled out his bit, and repeating the operation of whispering to the barkeeper, told him, secretly:

"I've sard through them ar' green sass drinks—thur poaty good, 'all kept the ice, and I reckon thur cold enough 'bout that; but, stranger, that fodder stuff is an almanac, cute idee for the temperance folks; its put in, I speculate, to *hide* the licker!"

THE WINE-GLASS.

Who hath woe? Who hath sorrow?
Who hath contentions? Who
hath wounds without cause?
Who hath redness of eyes?
They that tarry long at the
wine! They that go to
seek for mixed wine!
Look not upon the
wine when it is
red!—when it
giveth its col-
or in the
CUP;
when it
moveth itself
aright.
At
the last
it biteth like a
serpent, and stingeth like an adder.

OLD TIMES. In 1627, there were but thirty-seven ploughs in Massachusetts, and the use of these agricultural implements was not familiar to the farmers. From the annals of the town of Salem, it appears that year it was agreed by the town to grant Richard Hutchinson twenty acres of land in addition to his share, on condition that he get up ploughing.

1643. The Court order, that at the election of assistant, Indian beans be used instead of paper—the white to be affirmative, and the black negative.

1647. The Court order, that if any young man attempt to address a young woman without the consent of her parents, or in any case of their absence, of the county court he shall be fined five pounds for the first offence, ten pounds for the second, and be imprisoned for the third.

1649. Mathey Stanley was tried for drawing the affections of John Tarbox's daughter, without the consent of her parents; convicted and fined five pounds—fives two shillings and sixpence. Three women were fined five shillings each for scolding.

1653. Jonas Fairbanks was tried for wearing great boots, but was acquitted.

WIVES. There are certain things a man's wife ought to know, which are never taught at ladies' seminaries, and but too seldom, we fear at home. One would like to have his wife to know how to make a shirt. Ever so rich, it would be a comfortable sensation to think that she made it; yet there are some who cannot even sew on a button. To be able to cook a beef-steak properly, or roast a joint to a turn—to make a savory sauce, or dish up a fricassee—to cook one's husband a good dinner, in short, if need be—is what all women ought to know, and what very few do know, until obliged to learn it. It is a solemn fact, that not one marriageable girl in twenty can make a good cup of coffee.

It is all very well to study French, without ever being able to read or speak it with any facility—to learn six or eight sciences up to a confused smattering, unavailable, from the fear of making blunders—to learn music and dancing for the parlor and drawing-room; but a man wants more from his wife, and the sensible lover is often frightened away from an amiable girl, by a display of accomplishments which indicates the lack of more useful acquirements.



The Great Remedy

FOR
Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various other affections of the Lungs and Throat.

Folger's Olosanion, or All-Healing Balsam.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the first symptom of the disease. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olosanion. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pottsville, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not contipate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—it will relieve the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Glendon, Dorchester. August 16.



A MEDICINAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public must at once acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste, and contains no injurious ingredients. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed that they were, he would not know it. It is a purgative effect, such that he had been taking medicine, for he would not know it. It is a purgative effect, such that he had been taking medicine, for he would not know it. It is a purgative effect, such that he had been taking medicine, for he would not know it.

Medicine administered in all other cases forms has the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a mingled flavor, which, to most persons, is more disagreeable than unadorned bitterness. In these pills this is altogether avoided; the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the taste. It is universally known that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time—and that time passed in ill health—to rectify it; but when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by constiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the chyle from which the blood is formed in a healthy state, and purify of blood the result. It is a purgative effect, such that he had been taking medicine, for he would not know it. It is a purgative effect, such that he had been taking medicine, for he would not know it. It is a purgative effect, such that he had been taking medicine, for he would not know it.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which he is sure of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. V. CLICKENER & Co., 7 Chemists, at the corner of State and North streets, No. 73 and 81, Boston street, New York. Price 5 cents per box, with full directions, and sold by the following list of Agents:

J. Babcock, M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, William A. Torrey, W. Nash, A. Raymond, Weymouth; King & Nash, N. Dyer, Abington; R. Glendon, R. F. Tolman, Dorchester; R. Ford, Randolph; Mrs. E. HAYDEN (near Stone Temple), and GEORGE H. LOCKE, Quincy. June 28.

Dry Goods.

NOW OPENING

AT
E. R. STOCKWELL'S,

56 Hanover St. BOSTON.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,

CONTAINING every style that can be found in

Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, to which I will

guarantee to sell at ten per cent. less than can be

bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street

Shawl Stores, as I intend to make the Shawl trade

the leading branch in my business, and my expenses

are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above

named prices.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of

DRESS GOODS,

most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would

call the attention of purchasers in that Department,

with a general assortment of Goods such as are wanted

for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels,

domestic, white, brown and embroidered Covers,

Brown, Cinnamon, Vellings, Tickings, Bird's

Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpines, with

White Dress Goods, such as India Linens, Book and

Swiss Muslins, Gimps, Fringes, &c., all of which will

be sold at fair prices at

E. R. STOCKWELL'S,

56 Hanover Street.

Boston, March 28.

3m

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, June 18, 1846.

The latest news from Mexico is that Paredes intends to prosecute the war; that Gen. Bravo is appointed President ad interim; that the foreign consuls had protested against the blockading of the port of Vera Cruz; the Mexican Congress met on the 27th ult. and had called a meeting for the purpose of raising funds for prosecuting the war; every thing in Mexico is represented to be in the worst possible condition.

Advices from Washington state that the Oregon question has been satisfactorily settled; the President recommends the issue of \$12,000,000 in treasury notes in preference to negotiating a loan, and states that the increase of revenue rendered necessary by the war with Mexico, can be met by reducing the duties to a revenue standard, and imposing duties on free articles, and modifying the duties on others.

Business in the city is about the same as usual with very little alteration for the better. A story purporting to come from Woonsocket, stating that Van Amburgh, was killed by a tigress while feeding her, was circulated here to-day, but it is untrue in every particular, as he made his appearance here shortly after.

One of the wives of Charles R. Bragdon—Lucy Ann Jones—made some important disclosures to officer Whipple. She says that Bragdon went to Portland with her in 1843, that on the 11th of October, the same year, he went with him to visit some friends, and as they passed over the railroad bridge in India street, he entered a little shop, and killed a man therein by striking him on the head, and robbed him of a small sum of money. It will be recollected that the late Col. Henley was murdered in Portland on the same evening, and if our memory serves, Bragdon was suspected of the crime, and officers were on the lookout for him for some time afterwards. It is understood that officer Whipple has gone to Portland to obtain information relative to this affair.

Yours, &c.

H. H.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

LIFE INSURANCE. By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that George Newcomb, Esq., has been appointed an agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company. This Company as we learn from its prospectus, is in every respect, worthy of the confidence of the public. Its plan of operation is somewhat different from other similar institutions. It is based solely upon the mutual principle, so that all who get insured come in for a share of its profits, and thus derive a benefit from it while living. The unprecedented business it has done the past year, shows the greatly increased attention the subject of Life Insurance has obtained, and presents in an extraordinary degree the preference for the purely mutual system. It issued from May 1st, 1845, to May 1st, 1846, one thousand seven hundred and one policies, the premiums on which amounted to \$154,269.25, while its loss has been only \$7000. It has done and is now doing more business than any other institution of the kind in this country. Its liberal and safe plan is such as to enable all persons of sound constitution and in good health, the comparatively poor as well as the rich, to become members, and to enjoy its benefits.

Persons wishing to get themselves or their families or friends insured, we would recommend to call upon their obliging agent, Mr. Newcomb, who will cheerfully answer any questions they may see fit to ask.

FOREIGN. By the arrival of the Great Western at New York on Tuesday last, we have advices from England up to the 30th ult. At the time of the sailing of the G. at Western, cotton was firm and advancing under the influence of the war with Mexico. The money market was dull, and the corn trade had not improved. The news of the war with Mexico created intense excitement in London and Liverpool. The notice respecting the joint occupation of Oregon having been given to British government, the Great Western brings out, on her present trip, the answer of the British Government, which is supposed to be of a conciliatory and friendly character.

Queen Victoria became the mother of five children on the afternoon of the 25th ult.—a great fact, in the history of England, which was duly announced to the inhabitants of London by the firing of guns and other demonstration of joy. The young stranger is a female.

On the 18th ult., the Corn bill was brought from the lower to the upper house of parliament, and delivered at their lordships' bar.

Nothing of interest occurred in the House of Commons.

Gen. Armstrong, Consul for the United States, at Liverpool, came out in the Great Western, on a visit to the United States.

The remains of Gausevort Melville, late United States Secretary of Legation at the Court of St. James, has been sent home to his friends.

Ireland:—the government has summoned Lord Heytesbury to London to support the corn bill in the Lords' Committee.

The accounts of the potato crop are on the whole encouraging.

On the 18th May, Prince Louis Napoleon Bonaparte succeeded in making his escape from the fortress of Ham, after an imprisonment of some years.

The overland mail from India does not bring any news of importance.

The people in the western India were beginning to suffer from scarcity, mainly brought about by the deficiencies of last season's rains.

Norman, the self-accused murderer and robber, now in custody in London, was connected, it has been ascertained, with an extensive robbery in New York.

The steamship Caledonia arrived at Boston on Thursday morning, bringing five days later intelligence, but no news of importance to the general reader.

On the whole, the news by these arrivals is rather satisfactory than otherwise.

VISIT TO PLYMOUTH. Quite a number of our citizens went to Plymouth, on Thursday last, by the railroad. The early associations of the place with the settlement of the country, added to the beautiful day and pleasant ride, rendered the visit one of interest and delight to all who participated.

The party stopped at the Samoset House, a large and commodious hotel recently erected near the railroad depot, and were bountifully entertained by its accommodating landlord, who, we are assured, thoroughly understands his business of catering for the traveller. Every thing was done up "ship-shape and Bristol-fashion" at the Samoset House, and its visitors returned highly delighted with their excursion.

The Chickopee Telegraph states that the Dwight Manufacturing Co., of that village, has declared a semi-annual dividend of eight per cent.

A Mr. Meredith of Baltimore, was shot through the heart by Dr. Harper, at Liberty, Missouri, last week.

Our government now pays only about \$406,000 a day for the army and navy.

Indian outrages in Texas are horrible. In the German settlements, the savages threw themselves upon the old men, women and children, and burnt the houses, the crops of corn, mutilated the dead bodies, violated the women, and carried off a number of children into slavery.

An old woman seventy-five years of age, of East Greenwich, R. I., is under arrest, charged with forging a certificate to obtain a pension from the United States.

A cotton factory at Exeter, N. H., was struck by lightning, and burnt—loss about \$6000—insured for \$3300.

The population of Cabotville has increased five hundred and thirteen since last year—it is now five hundred and ninety-two.

A mail bag containing several bushels of letters, was stolen from a steamboat at Cincinnati on the 7th inst.

The Odd Fellows of Trenton, New Jersey, have subscribed fourteen thousand dollars for the erection of a splendid hall for the use of the fraternity of that city.

Cassius M. Clay has raised a volunteer company, in Kentucky, for the Mexican war.

The question as to the insanity of the negro Freeman, who murdered a whole family in western New York, is now undergoing consideration.

A young woman at Lubec lately died in consequence of an earwig entering her ear, which, passing through her head, came out at the other ear.

Ominous—the last words of the manifesto of Paredes—"Mexico will conquer or will no longer exist."

Another steamboat was recently sunk in the Ohio river—21 lives lost.

The settlement of the Oregon question, it is thought by many, will make some changes in the Cabinet.

Nine small buildings occupied by Irish carters on South Cove, Boston, were destroyed by fire on Saturday last.

Ten dollar bills of Stonington Bank, Conn., are in circulation.

Hon. Theodore Dwight, a brother of President Dwight of Yale College, died recently in New York aged 82. Mr. D. was Secretary of the Hartford Convention.

Henry Clay, Jr. has been appointed as Lieut. Col. of the Kentucky Regiment of Infantry, enlisted for the Mexican war.

Prince Esterhazy has established at Vienna, a society for the reception and reformation of convicts of both sexes after their liberation from prison. More than two thousand of the Austrian nobility have subscribed towards its formation.

Barker Burnell, late cashier of the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank, of Nantucket, has been arrested, charged with embezzling its property to the amount of \$130,000. He pleaded not guilty, and was held to bail in the sum of \$5,000.

A brother to the late Calvin Edison, is now traveling through the country, a skeleton counterpart of his deceased brother. He is now forty-two years of age, five feet six inches in height and weighs only fifty pounds—a mere mass of human bones.

Col. Joseph Cilley of Nottingham, has been elected United States Senator from New Hampshire to serve out the unexpired term of Hon. Levi Woodbury.

Lieut. Chadbourne, who was among the officers slain in the late encounter with the Mexicans, was a descendant of Gen. Lincoln, of the army of the Revolution.

The "Bangor City Greys have tendered their services to the government, as volunteers in the Mexican war, and have been accepted by the Governor of Maine.

The government have decided to give a bounty of twenty dollars, and three months' advance wages to all able-bodied seamen, and to landsmen or new recruits fifteen bounty, and an advance of three months' wages.

It is stated that strawberries are coming down the Hudson river in such quantities, that a special strawberry train is sent on the New York and Erie Railroad, bringing forty thousand baskets a trip.

The fireworks on the Fourth of July, on Boston Common, will close with a magnificent piece, one hundred feet in length, at the cost of two thousand dollars, being a representation of the castle of St. Juan D'Ulloa.

Over one million of dollars are spent annually in the United States for tea.

Since the first of April, there have arrived at the port of Boston, about 4700 emigrants, from Europe and the provinces.

The Hingham mackerel vessels have returned with an average of one hundred and fifty barrels each.

A rumor comes from Venezuela to the effect that New Grenada and Ecuador, two South American Republics, have declared war against each other. If true, seven of the American republics are now at war, viz: the Argentine Confederation, Uruguay and Paraguay, New Grenada and Ecuador; and the United States and Mexico.

The grocery store of Messrs. Joy & Dalton, East Boston, was broken open and robbed of three dollars on Thursday night last.

The Catholic Bishop of the Sandwich Islands writes a very encouraging account of the spread of Catholicism in those islands. In 1840, there was not a Catholic on the Island, and now there are between seven and eight thousand.

In Philadelphia, on the 8th inst., Judge Archibald Randall, of the United States District Court, died of apoplexy.

There has been a number of fires in Boston and vicinity during the past week. The machine-shop of Mr. Seth Wilmarth, on the corner of Curve-street and Harrison Avenue, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday evening. Loss estimated at \$20,000—insured for \$40,000.

A general convention of all persons who are in favor of taking immediate steps for the peaceful overthrow of Slavery, is to be held at Chicago, Ill., on the 24th.

The last quarterly return of the Secretary of the Treasury shows a very considerable balance of funds to the credit of the United States in the banks of the commercial cities.

James Knox, of Knox county, has been nominated as the Whig candidate for Governor of Illinois.

Thirty-one new counties were formed in Texas, during the late session of her Legislature.

An elm tree in Cottage-street, Dorchester, was struck by lightning during the shower on Monday.

Mr. Kane, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed United States District Judge, in place of the late Judge Randall.

An order has passed the Senate of Maine, providing that all persons who shall enlist as volunteers in the war with Mexico, and who shall actually serve in said war, shall be entitled to a grant of one hundred and sixty acres of land.

Barque Stanboul which arrived a few days ago from Palermo, brings as passengers G. H. Heuss, Esq. United States Vice Consul at Tunis—bearer of despatches—and family.

General Gaines, it is said, is about sixty-five years of age; General Scott about sixty-four; and General Taylor fifty-six.

The receipts of the National Fair have averaged, it is said, about six hundred dollars per day.

The St. Louis theatre, Quebec, was destroyed by fire on the 12th inst. and forty-six lives were lost. The fire caught behind the scenes, and was caused by the upsetting of a camphine lamp.

That dreaded disease, the Cholera, has made its appearance at Quebec.

The Liberty Convention in Vermont has nominated for Governor, Lawrence Brainerd, of St. Albans; for Lieutenant-Governor, Jacob Scott, Esq., of Barre.

Dates from Montevideo are to the 7th of April.—The black troops had revolted, and taken possession of the town. The government was broke up, and ministers had resigned. Quiet, however, was restored in a few days, and a temporary government established.

The steamer Great Britain sailed from New York on Monday last, with forty-one passengers.

Barker Burnell has surrendered himself to the sheriff that he may obtain a reduction of bail, thro' application to the Supreme Court. He is now in prison.

A brutal murder was committed in Charlton, Mass., on Thursday last, by a negro named Moonsey. The murdered man was an Englishman, John Butterfield. They had been drinking together and quarrelled. In the fray Moonsey beat Butterfield to death with stones. The negro was committed to jail.

The land of France is owned by about twenty millions of peasants who cultivate it, while that of England is held by thirty-nine thousand, who get it cultivated.

A naval officer on the coast of Africa, and who is writing from Axim, and giving an account of the inhabitants, says that the only garment worn by the Axim girls is a huge bustle. Its native name is "turb kospe."

The Royal Mail Steamship Ibernia sailed from Boston last Tuesday, for Liverpool, with eighty-four passengers; among them, Rev. Dr. Skinner of New York, Edith Burritt, the learned blacksmith, and James G. Bennett, of the New York Herald, the latter a bearer of despatches.

The Revenue Cutter Hamilton, Capt. Sturgis, has been ordered back to the Boston station.

The Norwich Cadets, mustering fifty-one guns, arrived in Boston on Monday last, and encamped on the Common.

Two editions of the "Authentic Life of Maria A. Bickford," have been published in Boston.

The trial of Albert J. Tirrell for Arson, has been postponed to the November term of the Supreme Judicial Court, in consequence of the sickness of one of the principal witnesses for the defence.

Straggling parties of Mormons have been found wandering on the frontier, in great destitution, having missed the main body. Their wants have been relieved by the people of Mississippi, whither they have returned.

Rev. Leonard Worcester, brother of the late Dr. Samuel Worcester (Sales), and Noah Worcester of Brighton, died on the 28th ult. at St. Johnsbury, Vermont.

It is a negative compliment to flatter a woman for her beauty alone; for even he who is most lavish of his adulation, feels more honor in the burning incense of his praise to mental than personal charms.

Eleven hundred emigrants arrived in Boston on Saturday last.

Nine hundred lodges of Sioux Indians were on the way, about the first of May, to attack the Pawnees.

Three prisoners escaped from a County jail in New York State, on the 1st inst., by scaling the wall, but were retaken the same day. One was shot through the cheek by a buckshot.

William Appleton, Esq., of Boston, has offered to give twenty-five thousand dollars towards founding an Episcopal Theological Seminary in this diocese, if an equal sum can be raised for the same purpose, from other sources.

Miss Emily Chubbuck, so well and favorably known to the literary world as "Fanny Forrester," was married to Rev. Adoniram Judson, of the Burmah mission, on the 9th inst., at Hamilton, Madison County, (N. Y.) They depart soon for Mr. Judson's missionary life, accompanied by Miss Lydia Lillibridge, who has been associated with Mrs. Judson as teacher of the Utica Female Seminary.

A species of worm has lately taken up its quarters in the apple orchards of Nelson County, (Ky.) and are destroying their whole crop of young apples.

There are a million and a half of muskets in the various armories of the United States—all ready to load and fire.

Louisville papers announce the death of Judge John J. Marshall, of the Circuit Court of that city.

"Women," says Dr. Liebow, "were born to be married."

NOTICES.

A volunteer meeting of the Tiger Engine Company will take place THIS AFTERNOON, at six o'clock.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

WILLIAM R. BROWN, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER,
JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON,
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

A REGULAR PHYSICIAN has kindly volunteered the following certificate in favor of Wistar's Balsam, having used it successfully in many severe cases, and always with good result.

Exeter, (Me.) Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles of my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought certain consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

June 20. 4w

Jayne's Sanative Pills.

These Pills are an excellent, mild and safe purge at all times, and are exceedingly useful in Dyspepsia and obstructions of the Liver. Persons taking them can eat and drink as usual, without fear of injury; and what is of infinite advantage, making the use of mercurial preparations so frequently used in derangements of the stomach and liver, unnecessary.

They may be taken at all times, and in nearly all diseases. They remove obstructions of the Liver, Spleen, Kidneys, Uterus, and all other Organs of the body—Indigestion, Intermittent, Remittent, Bilious, and every other kind of Fever—Jaundice and Liver Complaint. For Dyspepsia they are really an invaluable article, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the stomach, and producing healthy action in that important organ. They are very valuable for diseases of the Skin, and for what is commonly called "impurity of the blood"; also for Female Complaints, Costiveness, &c., &c.—and in fact, every disease where an Aperient, Alterative or Purgative medicine is required.

It is a positive fact that they can be CURED by a persevering use of this valuable SANATIVE, especially if the Tonic Vermifuge be used in conjunction.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicines, the QUINCY BOOK-STORE.

June 20. 3w

DIED.

In this town, 15th inst., Mary Ann, daughter of Mr. Thomas and Mrs. Mary Rodman, aged 16 months.

Sundered are endeavoring ties,
Most heavy is the blow;
The arms are vacant of their prize,
The tears of anguish flow.

The cradle is empty where slept
A mother's precious pearl;
No more the father can caress
His smiling, ruby girl.

No more around her parent's hearth,
So brightly and so kind,
Portraying by her harmless mirth
The wonders of the mind.

No more will sorrow's cruel dart
Nor sin's poisonous sting
Ruffle the mind, corrode the heart,
The soul in anguish wring.

No more disease in accents speak,
That death has seal'd its mark
Triumphantly on her pale cheeks,
Nor fled the vital spark.

For the spirit, disrobed of time,
Does bloom where virtues grow,
Transparent in a purer clime,
And bliss in rapture flow.

W. Y.

Quincy Cloth, Clothing

AND

Dry Goods Warehouse.

THE public are requested to call at our establishment, and see if they cannot purchase whatever they may wish for, previous to purchasing elsewhere, as it is the sincere intention of the subscriber to sell ALL KINDS OF GOODS, as low, for CASH, as any other dealer within fifty miles of this place; and the testimony of HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE who have been purchasers from him, will vouch for the correctness of this statement.

ELISHA PACKARD.

Tailoring.

THE subscriber has connected with his Store a SHARP SHARP, where Cloths are manufactured in the LATEST and any other STYLE, and all clothes sold to be made WARRANTED TO FIT the purchaser.

E. PACKARD.

To Let.

A SHOEMAKER'S SHOP, within a short distance of the Hancock House; and if desired, one or more rooms with it. Immediate possession given.

Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Quincy, June 20. 4f

Auction.

WILL be sold by public auction, on MONDAY, the 24th day of June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Lodge situated on Common street, in said Quincy, near the house of John D. Thayer, the following named articles—to wit:

One complete set of Riggers for hoisting stone—one Hammering Sled—Blacksmith's Shop—Belows—Anvil—Vice—Iron Bars—Chains—one set Blasting Drills—one set Six Inch Drills—Hand Drills—Stone Drags, and sundry other tools, such as are used in working Ledges.

Conditions at sale.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, June 20. 2w

Corn.

5000 BUSHELS prime meal CORN, now landing from sch. Turk, and for sale by

HENRY SOUTHER.

Quincy, June 13, 4f

For Sale.

A NEW and well built one story and a half House, suitable for two families, situated in Quincy, a short distance from the Episcopal Church. Apply to

W. & L. LITCHFIELD.

Quincy, June 20. 4f

I live and die for those I love.

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, Office No. 11, Wall Street, New York, and is prepared to effect insurance upon the lives of those in good health, of the proper age and of sound constitution, at the lowest rate of premiums.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.

EBENEZER WOODWARD, M. D., Medical Examiner.

Quincy Point, June 20. 4f

Grass at Auction.

WILL be sold at auction, on FRIDAY, 26th inst., at half past three o'clock P. M., a number of lots of Grass standing on the estate of the late Dea. Samuel Savil, in the rear of the Hancock House, in Quincy.

Also—At five o'clock P. M., on the same day, a lot of Grass standing in three acres of land on the estate of the late G. H. Apparth, Esq.

Conditions at the time and place of sale.

L. G. HORTON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, June 20. 4w

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly elected Assignee of the estate of

SIMON GILLET.

of Braintree, Stable Keeper, an insolvent, and that the second meeting of his creditors for the proof of claims, and for his examination on oath, will be held at the dwelling-house of SHERMAN LELAND, Esq., Judge of Probate, in Roxbury, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of June current, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Judge of Probate,

JOHN M. GOURGAS, Jr., Assignee.

June 20, 1846. 2w

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of

ERASTUS THAYER.

of Braintree, an insolvent, and that the second meeting of his creditors for the proof of claims, and for his examination on oath, will be held at the dwelling-house of SHERMAN LELAND, Esq., Judge of Probate, in Roxbury, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of June current, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Judge of Probate,

EDWARD W. WILDEAR, Assignee.

June 13, 1846. 2w

In Insolvency.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of

EBENEZER G. GREEN,

of Quincy, in said County, Mariner, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Nathaniel F. Safford, Esquire, Master in Chancery, in Milton, in said County, on MONDAY, the sixth day of

POETRY.

HYMNS.

Sung at the centennial anniversary of the first church in Northborough, omitted last week for want of room.

Almighty Power! whose sovereign grace
Hath kindly led us on our way;
Whose guardian care hath blessed our race,
And brought us to this happy day.

Thou, whose protecting hand hath led
Our exiled fathers to a home,
When from their native land they fled;
With grateful hearts to Thee we come.

Inspire our hearts with sacred fire,
To warm and gladden all our life,
That we like them may never tire,
Till we have conquered in the strife.

Father! accept the prayer we raise,
And humble praises which we bring;
And, through the remnant of our days,
Thy love and goodness may we sing.

One hundred years have passed away,
Since first our fathers gathered here,
We meet to celebrate the day,
Which to our souls is justly dear.

And when in dust this house shall lie,
O! may our spirits, God of Love!
Receive a temple in the sky—
A heavenly home with thee above!

CENTENNIAL HYMN.

One hundred years have passed away,
Since first, where now we stand,
To form a "Christian brotherhood,"
There met a feeble band.

"Ten righteous men" alone stood forth
To consecrate the shrine,
By holy ties together bound,
In days of Auld Lang Syne.

They met, in that "unfurnished hall,"
The Matron and the Sire,
To bring their humble offering,
And light the altar fire.

Aged and venerable forms
On benches rude reclined;
The seats of honor for the men
That lived in Auld Lang Syne.

For miles along the untrodden way,
And through the forest wild,
In summer's heat and winter's cold,
The mother led her child.

Far to the plain old meeting-house,
To hear the word divine;
That was their zeal to worship God
In days of Auld Lang Syne.

But now our fathers, where are they—
The glory of our youth,
The honored pastors of our sires—
Their guide to heavenly truth?

Their children's children here we meet
Around this sacred shrine,
To honor those who bravely toiled
In days of Auld Lang Syne.

And now the dark and gloomy "day
Of our small things" is o'er;
And we will reach the helping hand
To those who need it more;

So children's children, in their turn,
In future years shall join
To bless the friends that strengthened them
In days of Auld Lang Syne.

A DELICATE REFUSAL.

Fair Mary's lily hand
Lay pressed in his own,
And talking in a bland,
Insinuating tone,

I poured my homage at the shrine
Of beauty, more than half divine.
I told her that my mind,
Like Noah's dove had flown,

Had sought in vain to find
Some bough to rest upon;
And now it turned and asked for rest,
Within its ark—her gentle breast.

I told her my devotion
Could never, never tire,
Till the form now rife with motion,
Should sickle and expire;

And that in heaven—beyond the tomb,
My love eternally should bloom.
I talked of future days,
Of bright and sunny weather,

And pointed to her gaze
The joys we'd share together;
In short I touched each lovely wire,
That ever graced a lover's lyre.

I hung above her form,
In ecstasies of bliss,
Then passionate and warm,
Pressed to her life a kiss.

And kneeling—asked her if for life
She'd be my fond and faithful wife.
But pulling down the lid
Of her dark, roguish eye,

Showing the white it hid,
Maliciously awry;
She said with an insulting grin,
You're handsome, but you can't come in.

ANECDOTES.

"Holloa, Snikky!" cried a fellow the other day
to an acquaintance, who was passing with his right
arm in a sling, "I tho't you was temperance."

"Well!" demanded Snikky, reddening, "what
reason have you to suppose that I ain't?"

"What reason?" replied the other with a grin,
"why the very best reason in the world; you've
got your hand on a sling."

A gentleman, lately arrived at a boarding-house,
demanded of the lady of the establishment, at his
first breakfast, whether she helped him to tea or
coffee.

"What do you mean, sir?" Why do you ask?"
said the lady.

"Because," replied the gentleman, "if this is tea,
give me coffee; and, if coffee, give me tea."

"Jamie, why do you not be after getting the life
of you insured?"

"An' why should I, my honey?"

"Ah, indeed, that after you are dead you may
be sure of a comfortable subsistence for yourself
and family?"

A delicate young creature was advised to take
the balsam of wild cherry. She blushed and said
she would think of it, if the cherries had been prop-
erly tamed.

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2
of Quincy, held on the evening of March 18th,
1846, at their Engine House, it was

Resolved—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town,
manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the
Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Com-
pany vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to
be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial
may take place. The manner and condition of play-
ing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through
300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for
four minutes.

Fifth—Each Engine, alternately, to draft and play
through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which
latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one
inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well
near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Seventh—That the Engines play with the same sized
cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Resolved—To publish the above challenge in the
Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,
CLIFF RODGERS, Foreman.
JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.
Quincy, March 21. 4m

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture En-
gine Company, held Thursday evening, May
7th, it was voted that the following report be offered
for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks,
with the accompanying vote.

Resolved—That we neither give to, nor receive from
the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: **GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.**

REPORT.



Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger
Committee, in relation to the challenge, published
by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and
accepted by us, would beg leave to report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday
evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject
in regard to the challenge, was talked over with har-
mony and good feeling. It was agreed that both
Committees should meet at some convenient time to
select the ground, and it was also well understood
that there should be no alteration in the Engines only
new brakes and extension arms. No definite action
was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the
following votes were passed:

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east
side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot can
be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and
that the trial shall be on the ground at eight o'clock
in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.

Thus far there was a mutual understanding and
both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Ed-
wards, Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made
some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture
Company had given their Committee, and which we
had communicated to him in writing the day before.

This brought the subject of the alteration of the En-
gines fully before the Committee. It was then ascer-
tained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it
was the intention of the Tiger's Company to make
important alterations in their engine, such as putting
in a new air-chamber, &c. This we objected to. Then,
said the Chairman of the Tiger Committee, we cannot
play for such is the vote of our Company. Further
deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee
were instructed not to play without they could make
a change in the works of their engine; we were in-
structed not to play if they did, except new brakes
and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully
impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's much boast-
ing in public print was not based upon the principle of
true moral courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS WOOD,
BARNABAS HOWARD,
JAMES A. HARRIS,
WARREN E. SMALL,
Committee.

May 9.

Drugs, Medicines, etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple.

HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be
found, all the articles usually comprising an
Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her
variety of

MEDICINES.

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick,
which she offers for sale at fair prices.

**LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE
BOTTLES AND TUBES.**

Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.
Bay Rum and White-Randey for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, &c.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howell's Cough Syrup;
Ellis' Volturning Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters;
Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS;
Bradlee's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture
Committee, in relation to the Challenge publish-
ed by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot,
which Challenge was accepted by the Vulture Com-
pany, would beg leave to report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday
evening, May 2d, where the subject of the Challenge
was considered but nothing was said by any member
of either Committee in relation to altering any part of
either Engine. Adjourned to May 6th, at which time
the day and place was fixed for trial provided a better
place could not be found. Thus far, both Committees
agreed. The subject of altering the engines was later
introduced, the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee
enquiring what alterations the Tiger Company pro-
posed to make in their Engine. The Chairman of the
Tiger's Committee answering,—we shall have exten-
sion arms (the Vulture already having them) and
shall play with the same cylinders, water-ways, outlet
and hose as when accepted by the town. At this in-
terview, the Tiger Committee, with one voice, ex-
claimed,—

"And the same air-chamber?" The Chairman of the
Tiger's Committee observed—we shall probably have
a new air-chamber. At this stage of the proceedings,
the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee arose and
declared,—we shall have nothing more to do with it,
and was about to leave the room, when the Chairman
of the Tiger's Committee requested him to stop and
make a satisfactory arrangement, but to no purpose,
the Vulture's Committee all retiring, with one excep-
tion. We deem it proper here to deny that any mem-
ber of our Committee ever said "we cannot play un-
less we have a new air-chamber for such is the vote
of our Company," it being well known the Company
never passed such a vote but left the whole matter to
the discretion of their Committee. We have to state
that the Tiger Committee reserved the right, in the
published Challenge, to make any alteration in their
Engine, except in the size of cylinders, the Vulture
having the same privilege, which they knew perfect-
ly well before they accepted the Challenge, and as
they have passed a vote neither to give to or receive
from us a Challenge, we would inform them that their
"fallen foe," as they are pleased to term us, will be
happy to meet them at all places where our respective
duties may call us and will use our endeavors to sup-
ply them with water and assure them we shall never
refuse to take their

ENSIGN S. FELLOWS,
LEONARD RICHARDS,
GEORGE CURTIS,
HENRY A. RANSOM,
LUKE RIDEOUT,
Committee.

ma. 16.

Time!!!

JUST received and now for sale, part of a cargo of
superior Thomaston Lime, which will be sold
cheap at Quincy Point opposite the Toll Bridge.

Quincy Point, April 4.

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

The subscriber having established himself at the
Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point,
directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to
supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds
of

COAL AND WOOD,
AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, AT REDUCED PRICES,
delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly at-
tended to.

N.B. As there has been a report in circulation
that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to
those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT any
good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring
coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy, Point Aug. 23.

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the
old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School
Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on
hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's
BOOTS, BOOTIES, SHOES AND KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short
notice.

JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13.

New Shawls and Scarfs.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a
fine assortment of
**CASHMERE, NETTED & BARAGE SHAWLS;
SILK AND BARAGE SCARFS,**
very rich and beautiful.

FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, and a great
many other pretty things for the season, which will
be sold as cheap as can be purchased in the city.

Boots and Shoes.

138 Hanover Street, Boston. 138
GEORGE A. VEAZIE,
WOULD invite his friends and the Quincy public,
who may visit the city, to examine his stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES.

before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it for
their mutual advantage.

Ladies' Gaiter Boots,
Black Bronze light and Bronze Green, which are cut
by Kimball's improved patterns and therefore cannot
help but fit.

Children and Misses' Gaiter Boots and Shoes,
of every description, style and color, and a general as-
sortment of **BOOTS & SHOES,** of Men's, Women's,
Misses' and Children's for common wear, which will
be sold very low for cash, as all goods at this establish-
ment are bought for cash, which consequently allows
me to sell much lower than all others who buy on
time.

By the Package or Dozen.
Dealers who buy to sell again, will find it to their
interest to call, as I shall sell at a very small advance.

GEORGE A. VEAZIE.
Boston, April 11.

Fire!! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the
State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in
Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against
Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furni-
ture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1.

Conant's Patent Yeast.

FRESH supply of this excellent Yeast, just re-
ceived at the **QUINCY BOOKSTORE.**

East Thomaston Lime.
OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in ex-
cellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf.

Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.
M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, April 25.



Worms Kill Thousands.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages
are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness
about the lips, flushed cheeks, picking at the nose, wasting away,
tenderness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep,
frightful dreams, morose and irascible temper, a voracious appetite,
are among the symptoms of worms. Many are doctored for
prince for some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sher-
man's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of
Main and Bowers, cured a man of worms that was re-
duced to skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges;
he is now as fit as an Albatross. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has
saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over
two millions of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only
infallible means of destroying medicine known. What family will be
without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Asthma, and
all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's
Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev. Richard De Forest, the
Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Howarth, Esq., and that worthy old
hero, Leonard, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one
day the Rev. Mr. Danbury, the Rev. Mr. Hancock, Wm. H. Atter,
Esq., of distressing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medi-
cine and cure the soonest of any known remedy.

Headache, Neuralgia and polypus, relieved in from five to
ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges. Persons attend-
ing crowded rooms or travelling will find them to impart buoy-
ancy of spirits and renew their energies. Those suffering from too
free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the horrors and
looseness of spirits. Mr. Knapp of the Quincy Mercury has re-
peatedly cured himself of severe headache by them. Captain
Chadwick, of the packet ship Wellington, has witnessed their ef-
fects in great cases of sea-sickness. They operate like a
charm upon the agitated or shattered nerves, as Sherman's Poor
Man's Plaster does upon the Rheumatism, lameness, pain or weak-
ness in the side, back, breast, arms and joints of the body. Mr. H. C.
Duggers, 20 Ann Street, Henry R. Goulding, 33-35 Chatham Street,
and numerous Esqs., and a multitude of others have experi-
enced the wonderful effects of these Plasters. Price only 12 1/2
cents. Caution is necessary to see that you get the genuine Sher-
man's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles
attempted to be passed off in place of them, by those who would
trifle with your life and health.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 108 Nassau Street, New York.
Also, sold by Redding & Co., 8 State Street, Boston; J. Babcock
and M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; King &
Nash, N. York; Abington, R. F. Tolson, Dorchester; Geo. A.
Torrey, South Weymouth; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; and by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, rear of the Stone Temple, Quincy.

Dr. Wood's

SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY
BITTERS.

For the Permanent Removal of all such diseases as
take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Di-
gestion, morbid state of the Liver and Stomach,
Weakness of the System, and a
disordered habit of Constitution.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bit-
ters have already, by their substantial excellence,
won a degree of public favor and patronage, which
puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Be-
ing truthfully prepared of the most excellent mate-
rials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a
tonic, aperient, or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla
taken in high repute among all physicians and all others in
the list of curative agents, and it is this fact which has
rendered it so deservedly popular over all other
medicines of the kind. In Dr. Wood's standard prepa-
ration, the high repute of Sarsaparilla is united with
strength, and gaining much by its union with the
Wild Cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy
combination is the only one ever made of these arti-
cles, and founded as it is on the best medical prin-
ciple, and the purity of the ingredients, and the care-
ful analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and
efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure
and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above.
It purifies the blood, restores regular digestion, pro-
mote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and
strengthen the nerves, at once securing HEALTH and
VIGOR to the whole system. In all cases of desper-
ate, and long standing Nervous or Bilious affections,
each other, and the former must be thoroughly removed
they have been used with remarkable success, nor are
they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency,
Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the
system. At the same time, it must be stated, that they
are never felt to be dangerous in their opera-
tion, securing as they do the desired end by a steady,
regular and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses
prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gen-
tle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their high-
est recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others
which have been received from the most respectable
sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and
efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Mr. E. THORNTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has
been troubled with Dyspepsia for a number of years,
attended with constant headache and other
distressing symptoms which accompany this disease.
She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of
the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no
purpose. By the solicitation of a friend, I was in-
duced to try the Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,
she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after
taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms dis-
appeared.

N. B. GIBBS,
Newbern, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than
two years afflicted with a confirmed Dyspepsia and
Liver Complaint, together with a severe and constant
headache. During this time, she was constantly at-
tended by the best medical skill, and the most ex-
perienced physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease
was rapidly taking the form of confirmed con-
sumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to
Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as
prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest plea-
sure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my
daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I
have the highest confidence in this medicine, and
shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends.

Very truly yours, ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr.
White, is by no means a singular one. There are hun-
dreds who have been cured from the most acute or
long continued disease, by the use of this excellent
highly popular remedy. The proprietor recom-
mends it to the public with the utmost confidence,
for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has
succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or
even his own. The care with which it is prepared,
and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should
secure for it a high and permanent reputation, and
well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against
advised medicines, would not be merited if bestow-
ed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed,
and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal
constituents, should at once recommend it to the public
favor.

Manufactured and sold by **E. THORNTON, JR.,**
Chemist and Druggist, 40 N. Water Street, New Bedford,
where all orders must be directed.

For sale in Quincy by **CLAPP & RICHARDS,**
and in all the principal towns and villages in New
England.

6m Quincy, May 30.



The Great Remedy

for
**Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spit-
ting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing,
Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in
the Breast and Side, Dropsy, and va-
rious affections of the Stomach and
Liver.**

Folger's Olosomian, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Con-
sumption than of any other disease, and it is estimat-
ed that in the United States over THIRTY THOU-
SAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this
deadly scourge. The cause of the evil is generally
overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or
a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unim-
portant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats
follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here
it is. The experience of more than twenty
years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are re-
joicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION.—George
W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark,

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 26.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1846.

VOLUME 10.

The Great Remedy

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and various affections of the Stomach and Liver.

Folger's Olesoniam, or All-Healing Balm.

It is acknowledged that more persons die of Consumption than of any other disease. It is estimated that in the United States over THIRTY THOUSAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this dreadful scourge. The cause of the evil is generally overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unimportant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and Night Sweats follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL? Here it is. The experience of more than twenty years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are rejoicing in its effects.

Case of INCURABLE CONSUMPTION.—George W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered under the effects of a severe cold for more than a year, and in the month of August, when his Cough had reduced him so much that he feared he would die, he commenced using the Olesoniam. He raised blood at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest, and was very much debilitated by these symptoms. His appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the use of this remedy that by the month of November he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being permanently cured.

Handfuls of cases could be given to prove the efficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a property superior to all others, viz: it does not constitute the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy. It will relieve the Pain in your side and chest—put to flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet slumber and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there is no medicine in the world that will cure you so speedily, and will arrest all those distressing symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar per bottle, by REDDING & Co. State street, Boston; and by the following appointed agents:

Mr. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D. Plummer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A. Torrey, do; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer, do; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; J. R. Gleason, Dorchester. August 16.

CLICKENERS' COUGH SYRUP
SUGAR COATED
VEGETABLE PILLS

A MEDICAL preparation is herein announced which has been long desired, and sought for, and which the public have once seen and acknowledge the advantage of. It is a purgative pill, COATED WITH SUGAR, so that it leaves no taste whatever to the patient. In fact the medicine is so entirely disguised, that if a person were to swallow the pills without being informed what they were, he would believe them to be the simplest of pure sugar, and could be administered to the most delicate of patients, and thus the patient who takes them avoids two evils which attend all other purgative medicines, namely: nausea and pain. Medicine administered in this manner is free from the disadvantage of being mixed with the sugar, and hence produces a milder effect, which, to most persons, is more agreeable than most other purgatives. Still they had some excuse for avoiding the sugar and the medicine being entirely distinct from each other, so that the former must be thoroughly removed before the latter can manifest itself to the system. It is a universally known fact that nearly all diseases originate with impurity of blood. Pure blood is therefore essential to health. We must not, however, wait until the blood is impure, for then it takes time, and the time passed in all this to rectify it, but when the slightest disarrangement of the system is indicated by a feverishness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should at once be got rid of; for their removal leaves the system from which the blood is formed in a healthy state, and purity of blood must be the result. This fact, as stated, is universally known, but people have not the courage to take the medicine, until the case is urgent, then the disease is more difficult to cure, and an impaired constitution, or a fit of sickness, renders them for the rest of their lives. Still they had some excuse for heretofore, medicine in almost all its forms, was nearly as disagreeable as it now is. Now, however, the evil is most effectually removed, for CLICKENERS' SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PURGATIVE PILLS have no taste whatever of medicine—produce none of the nausea and griping attendant on the operation of other medicines—still they speedily effect in removing all impurities from the system cannot be excused by any other medicine which has ever been used.

It is unnecessary to say more here. If these pills are as described, the public will freely and gladly patronize them; and the proprietor merely asks a trial, which all are sure of receiving, to prove that he assumes no merit for them which they do not fully possess.

Clicken's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills are prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by C. V. CLICKEN & Co., 72 and 81 Barclay street, New York. The pills are in boxes of ten, and each box contains a full and complete description of the pills, and a full and complete description of the disease which they cure, and a full and complete description of the mode of using them.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of DRESS GOODS, most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers in that Department, for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and emerald green, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Ticking, Bird's Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpacaes, with Swiss Muslins, Gimps, Finesse, &c., all of which will be sold at fair prices.

E. R. STOCKWELL'S, 56 HANOVER ST., BOSTON.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS.

CONTAINING every style that can be found in Boston, from \$1.00 up to \$50.00, to which I will call attention to sell at ten per cent. less than can be bought in Tremont Row and Washington Street Shawl Stores, as I intend to make the New England the leading branch in my business, and my expenses are now so low that I can afford to sell at the above named prices.

Also—Constantly on hand, a great variety of DRESS GOODS, most of which are NEW DESIGNS, to which I would call the attention of purchasers in that Department, for family use, containing Cottons, Linens, Flannels, damask, white, brown and emerald green, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Ticking, Bird's Eye Linen, Gloves, Hosiery, Alpines, Alpacaes, with Swiss Muslins, Gimps, Finesse, &c., all of which will be sold at fair prices.

E. R. STOCKWELL'S, 56 HANOVER STREET, Boston, March 25.

JOHN A. GREEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription nor advertisement will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers with their papers discontinued, they will give notice to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, FIVE CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Stone Quarries.
JOHN P. BACON, Dorchester.
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Weymouth.
JOSEPH CLEVELY, Abington.
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.
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MISCELLANY.

THE NEIGHBOR-IN-LAW.

BY L. MARIA CHILD.

Who blesses others in his daily deeds,
Will find the blessing that his spirit needs;
For every flower in others' pathway sown,
Confers its fragrant beauty on its own.

'So you are going to live in the same building with Hetty Turnpenny,' said Mrs. Lane to Mrs. Fairweather. 'You will find nobody to envy you. If her temper does not prove too much even for your good nature, it will surprise all who know her. We lived there a year, and that is as long as anybody ever tried it.'

'Poor Hetty!' replied Mrs. Fairweather, 'she has had much to harden her. Her mother died too early for her to remember; her father was very severe with her; and the only lover she ever had, borrowed the savings of her years of toil, and spent them in dissipation.' But Hetty, notwithstanding her sharp features and sharper words, certainly has a kind heart. In the midst of her greatest poverty many were the stockings she knit, and the warm waistcoats she made, for the poor drunken lover, whom she had too much sense to marry. And you know she feeds and clothes her brother's orphan child.

'If you call it feeding and clothing,' replied Mrs. Lane. 'The poor child looks pinched and cold, and frightened all the time, as if she were chased by the east wind. I used to tell Miss Turnpenny she ought to be ashamed of herself, to keep the poor little thing at work all the time, without one moment to play. If she does but look at the cat, or a rap over the knuckles. I used to tell her she would make the girl just such another sour old crab as herself.'

That must have been very improving to her disposition,' replied Mrs. Fairweather, with a good-humored smile. 'But in justice to poor Aunt Hetty, you had ought to remember that she had just such a cheerless childhood there is sunshine. Flowers always grow where there is sunshine.'

'I know you think every body ought to live in the sunshine,' rejoined Mrs. Lane, 'and it must be confessed that you carry it to you wherever you go. If Miss Turnpenny has a heart, I dare say you will find it out, though I never could, and I never heard of any one else that could. All the families within the hearing of her tongue, called her the neighbor-in-law.'

Certainly the prospect was not very encouraging; for the house Mrs. Fairweather proposed to occupy, was not only under the same roof with Miss Turnpenny, but the building had one common yard in front. The very first day she took possession of her new habitation, she called on the neighbor-in-law. Aunt Hetty had taken the precaution to extinguish the fire lest the new neighbor should want hot water, before her own wood and coal arrived. Her first salutation was, 'If you want any cold water, there's a pump across the street. I do not like to have my house slopped all over.'

'I am glad you are so tidy neighbor Turnpenny,' replied Mrs. Fairweather. 'It is very pleasant to have neat neighbors. I will try to keep every thing as bright as a new five-cent piece, for I see that will please you. I came in merely to say good morning, and to ask if you could spare little Peggy to run up and down stairs for me, while I am getting my furniture in order. And I will pay her sixpence an hour.'

Aunt Hetty had begun to purse up her mouth for a refusal; but the promise of sixpence an hour relaxed her features at once. Little Peggy sat knitting a stocking very diligently, with a rod lying on the table beside her. She looked up with timid wistfulness, as if the prospect

of any change was like a release from prison. When she heard consent given, a bright color flushed her cheeks. She was evidently of an impressive temperament, for good or evil. 'Now mind and behave yourself,' said Aunt Hetty, 'and see that you keep at work the whole time. If I hear one word of complaint, you know what you'll get when you come home.' The rose color subsided from Peggy's pale face, and she answered 'Yes ma'am,' very meekly.

In the neighbor's house all went quiet otherwise. No swish lay on the table, and instead of 'Mind how you do that; if you don't I'll punish you,' she heard the gentle words, 'There, dear, see how carefully you can carry that up stairs. Why, what a nice handy little girl you are.'

Under these enervating influences, Peggy worked like a bee, and soon began to hum much more agreeably than a bee.

Aunt Hetty was always in the habit of saying, 'stop your noise, and mind your work!' But the new friend patted her on the head, and said, 'what a pleasant voice the little girl has. It is like the birds in the fields. By and by, you shall hear my music-box.' This opened wide the windows of the poor little shut up heart, so that the sun-shine could stream in, the birds fly in and out carolling. The happy child tuned up like a lark, as she tripped lightly up and down stairs, on various household errands. But though she took heed to observe all the directions given her, her head was all the time filled with conjectures what sort of thing a music-box might be. She was a little afraid the kind lady would forget to show it to her. She kept at work, however, and asked no questions; she only looked very curiously at every thing that resembled a box.

At last Mrs. Fairweather said, 'I think your little feet must be tired by this time. We will rest awhile, and eat some gingerbread.' The child took the offered cake, with a humble little curtsy, and carefully held out her apron to prevent any crumbs from falling on the floor. 'But suddenly the apron dropped, and the crumbs were all strewn about. 'Is that a little bird?' she exclaimed eagerly. 'Where is he? Is he in this room?' The new friend smiled, and told her that was the music box; and after a while she opened it and explained what made the sounds. Then she took out a pile of books from one of the baskets of goods, and told Peggy she might look at the pictures, till she called her. The little girl stepped forward eagerly to take them, and then drew back as if afraid.

'What is the matter?' asked Mrs. Fairweather. 'I am very willing to trust you with the books. I keep them on purpose to amuse children.'

Peggy looked down with her finger on her lip, and answered in a constrained voice, 'Aunt Turnpenny won't like it if I play.'

'Don't trouble yourself about that. I will make it all right with Aunt Hetty,' replied the friendly one.

Thus assured, she gave herself up to the full enjoyment of the picture-books; and when she was summoned to her work, she obeyed with a cheerful alacrity that would have astonished her stern relative. When the labors of the day were concluded, Mrs. Fairweather accompanied her home, paid for all the hours she had been absent and warmly praised her docility and diligence.

'It is lucky for her that she behaved so well,' replied Aunt Hetty; 'if I had heard any complaint, I'd have given her a whipping, and sent her to bed without a supper.'

Poor little Peggy went to sleep that night with a lighter heart than she had ever felt since she had been an orphan. Her first thought in the morning was whether the new neighbor would want her services again during the day. Her desire that it should be so, soon became obvious to Aunt Hetty, and excited an undefined jealousy and dislike of a person who so easily made herself beloved. Without exactly acknowledging to herself what were her own motives, she ordered Peggy to gather all the sweepings of the kitchen and court into a small pile, and leave it on the frontier line of her neighbor's premises. Peggy ventured to ask timidly whether the wind would not blow it about, and she received a box on the ear for her impertinence. It chanced that Mrs. Fairweather, quite unintentionally, heard the words and the blow. She gave Aunt Hetty's anger time enough to cool, then stepped out into the court, and after arranging divers little matters, she called aloud to her domestic, 'Sally, how came you to leave this pile of dirt here? Did I not tell you that Miss Turnpenny was very neat? Pray make haste and sweep it up. I wouldn't have her see it on any account. I told her I would try and keep every thing neat about the premises. She is so particular herself, and it is a comfort to have tidy neighbors.'

The girl, who had been previously instructed, smiled as she came out with brush and dust pan, and swept quietly away the pile that was intended as a declaration of frontier war. But another source of annoyance presented itself, which could not be so easily disposed of. Aunt Hetty had a cat, a lean, scraggy animal, that looked as if she were often kicked and seldom fed; and Mrs. Fairweather also had a fat frisky little dog, always ready for a caper. He took a di-taste to poor poverty-stricken Tab the first time he saw her, and no coaxing could induce him to alter his opinion. His name was Pink, but he was any thing but a pink of behavior in neighborly relations. Poor Tab could never set foot out of the door, without being

saluted with a growl and a sharp bark, that frightened her out of her senses, and made her run in the house, with her fur all on end. If she even ventured to dose a little on her own door step, the enemy was on the watch, and the moment her eyes closed, he would wake her with a bark and a box on the ear, and off he would run. Aunt Hetty rowed she would scold him. It was a burning shame, she said, for folks to keep dogs to worry their neighbor's cats. Mrs. Fairweather invited Tabby to dine, and made much of her, and patiently endeavored to teach her dog to eat from the same plate. But Pink sturdily resolved that he would be scalded first; that he would. He could not have been more firm in his opposition, if he and Tab had belonged to different sects in christianity. While his mistress was pating Tab on the head, and reasoning the point with him, he would at times manifest a degree of indifference, amounting to toleration; but the moment he was left to his own free will, he would give to the invited guest a hearty cuff with his paw, and send her home spitting like a small steam engine. Aunt Hetty considered it her own peculiar privilege to cuff the poor animal, and it was too much for her patience to see Pink undertake to assist in making Tab unhappy. On one of the occasions she rushed into the apartment, and faced Mrs. Fairweather with one hand resting on her hip, and the forefinger of the other making very wrathful gesticulations.

'I tell you what madam, I won't put up with what such treatment, much longer,' said she; 'I'll poison that dog; you'll see if I don't; and I shan't wait long, I can tell you. What you keep such an impudent little beast for, I don't know, unless you do it on purpose to plague the neighbors.'

'I am sorry he behaves so,' replied Mrs. F., mildly. 'Poor Tab!'

'Poor Tab!' screamed Aunt Hetty. 'What do you mean by calling her poor? Do you mean to fling it up to me that my cat does not have enough to eat?' 'I did not think of such a thing,' replied Mrs. Fairweather. 'I called her poor Tab, because Pink plagues her so that she has no peace of her life. I agree with you neighbor Turnpenny; it is not right to keep a dog that disturbs the neighborhood. I am attached to poor little Pink, because he belongs to my son, who has gone to sea. I was in hopes he would soon leave off quarrelling with the cat; but if he will not be neighborly, I will send him out in the country to board. Sally, will you bring me one of the pies we baked this morning? I should like to have Miss Turnpenny taste one of them.'

The crabbed neighbor was helped abundantly, and while she was eating the pie, the friendly matron edged in a kind word concerning little Peggy, whom she praised as a remarkably capable and industrious child.

'I am glad you find her so,' rejoined Aunt Hetty. 'I should get a precious little work out of her, if I did not keep the switch in sight.'

'I manage children pretty much as the man did the donkey,' replied Mrs. Fairweather. 'Not an inch would the poor beast stir, for all his master's beating and thumping. But a neighbor tied some fresh turnips to a stick, and fastened them so that they swung directly before the poor donkey's nose, and off he set on a brisk trot, in hopes of overtaking them.'

Aunt Hetty, without observing how very closely the comparison applied to her own management of Peggy, said, that will do very well for folks that have plenty of turnips to spare.'

'For the matter of that,' answered Mrs. Fairweather, 'whips cost something as well as turnips; and since one makes the donkey stand still, and the other makes him trot, it is easy to decide which is the most economical. But neighbor Turnpenny, since you like my pies so well, pray take one home with you. I am afraid they will mould before we can eat them up.'

Aunt Hetty had come in for a quarrel, and she was astonished to find herself going out with a pie.

'Well, Mrs. Fairweather,' said she, 'you are a neighbor. I thank you a thousand times. When she reached her own door, she hesitated for an instant, then turned back, pie in hand, to say, 'Neighbor Fairweather, you need not trouble yourself about sending Pink away. It's natural you should like the little creature, seeing he belongs to your son. I'll try to keep Tab in doors, and perhaps after a while they will agree better.'

'I hope they will,' replied the friendly matron. 'We will try to keep them awhile longer, and if they still persist in quarrelling, I will send the dog into the country. Pink who was sleeping in a chair, stretched himself and gaped. His kind mistress patted him on the head. 'Ah, you foolish little beast,' said she, 'what's the use of plaguing poor Tab?'

'Well, I do say,' observed Sally, smiling, 'you are a master woman for stopping a quarrel.'

'I learned a good lesson when I was a little girl,' rejoined Mrs. Fairweather. 'One frosty morning, I was looking out of the window into my father's barn yard, where stood many cows, oxen, and horses, waiting to drink. It was one of those cold snapping mornings, when a slight thing irritates both man and beast. The cattle all stood very still and meek, till one of the cows attempted to turn round. In making the attempt, she happened to hit her next neighbor, whereupon the neighbor kicked and hit another. In five minutes the whole herd were kick-

ing and hooking each other with all fury. My mother laughed and said, 'See what comes of kicking when you're hit.' Just so I've seen one cross word set a whole family by the ears some frosty morning. Afterwards, if my brothers or myself were a little irritable, she would say, 'Take care, children. Remember how the fight in the barn yard began. Never give a kick for a hit, and you will save yourself and others a deal of trouble.'

That same afternoon, the sunny dame stepped into Aunt Hetty's rooms, where she found Peggy sewing as usual, with the eternal switch on the table beside her. 'I am obliged to go to Harlem, on business,' said she; 'I feel rather lonely without company, and I always like to have a child with me. If you will oblige me by letting Peggy go, I will pay her fare in the omnibus.'

'She has her spelling lesson to get before night,' replied Aunt Hetty. 'I don't approve of young folks going a pleasing, and neglecting their education.'

'Neither do I,' rejoined her neighbor, 'but I think there is a great deal of education that is not found in books. The fresh air will make Peggy grow stout and active. I prophesy that she will do great credit to your bringing up.'

The sugared words, and the remembrance of the sugared pie, touched the soft place in Miss Turnpenny's heart, and she told the astonished Peggy that she might go and put on her best gown and bonnet. The poor child began to think that this new neighbor was certainly one of the good fairies she read about in the picture books. The excursion was enjoyed only as a child can enjoy the country. The world seems such a pleasant place, when the fetters are off, and nature folds the young heart lovingly on her bosom! A flock of real birds and two living butterflies put the little orphan in a perfect ecstasy. She pointed to the fields covered with dandelions, and said, 'See how pretty! It looks as if the stars had come down to lie on the grass.' Ah, our little stunted Peggy has poetry in her, though Aunt Hetty never found it out. Every human soul has the germ of some flowers within, and they would open, if they could only find sunshine and free air to expand in.

Mrs. Fairweather was a practical philosopher in her own small way. She observed that Miss Turnpenny really liked a pleasant time; and when winter came, she tried to persuade her that singing would be excellent for Peggy's lungs, and perhaps keep her from going into a consumption.

'My nephew, James Fairweather, keeps a singing school,' said she, 'and he says he will teach her gratis. You need not feel under great obligation; for her voice will lead the whole school, and her ear is so quick, it will be no trouble at all to teach her. Perhaps you would go with us sometimes, neighbor Turnpenny? It is very pleasant to hear the children's voices.'

The courage of Aunt Hetty's mouth relaxed into a smile. She accepted the invitation, and was so much pleased, that she went every Sunday evening. The simple tunes, and the sweet young voices, fell like the dew on her dried up heart, and greatly aided the genial influence of her neighbor's example. The rod silently disappeared from the table. If Peggy was disposed to be idle, it was only necessary to say, 'When you have finished your work, you may go and ask whether Mrs. Fairweather wants any errands done.' Bless me, how the fingers flew! Aunt Hetty had learned to use turnips instead of the cudgel.

When spring came, Mrs. Fairweather busied herself with planting roses and vines. Miss Turnpenny readily consented that Peggy should help her, and even refused to take any pay from such a good neighbor. But she maintained her own opinion, that it was a necessary waste of time to cultivate flowers. The cheerful philosopher never disputed the point; but she would sometimes say, 'I have no room to plant this rose bush. Neighbor Turnpenny, would you be willing to let me set it on your side of the yard? It will take very little room and will need no care.' At another time, she would say, 'Well, really, my ground is too full. Here is a root of lady's delight. How bright and pert it looks! It seems a pity to throw it away. If you are willing, I will let Peggy plant it in what she calls her garden. It will grow of itself, without any care, and scatter seeds that will come up and blossom in all the chinks of the bricks. I love it. It is such a bright, good-natured little thing.'

Thus, by degrees, the crabbed maiden found herself surrounded with flowers, and she even declared of her own accord, that they did look pretty.

One day, when Mrs. Lane called upon Mrs. Fairweather, she found the old weed-grown yard bright and blooming. Tab quite fat and sleek, was asleep in the sunshine, with her paw upon Pink's neck, and little Peggy was singing at her work, as blithe as a bird.

'How cheerful you look here!' said Mrs. Lane. 'And so you have really taken the house for another year. Pray how do you manage to get on with the neighbor?'

'I find her a very kind and obliging neighbor,' replied Mrs. Fairweather.

'Well, this is a miracle,' exclaimed Mrs. Lane. 'Nobody but you would have undertaken to thaw out Aunt Hetty's heart.'

'That is probably the reason why it never was thawed,' rejoined her friend. 'I always told you that not having enough of sunshine was what ailed the world. Make people hap-

py, and there will not be half the quarrelling, or a tenth part of the wickedness there is.'

From this gospel of joy, preached and practised, nobody derived so much benefit as little Peggy. Her nature, which was fast growing crooked and knotty, under the malign influence of constraint and fear, straightened up, budged, and blossomed in the genial atmosphere of kindness.

Her affections and faculties were kept in such pleasant exercise, that constant lightness of heart, made her almost handsome. The young music teacher thought her more than almost handsome, for her affectionate soul shone more beamingly on him than on others; and love makes all things beautiful.

When the orphan moved to her pleasant little cottage, on her wedding-day, she threw her arms round the blessed missionary of sunshine, and said,

'Ah, thou dear good aunt, it is thou who hast made my life Fairweather.'

[By Request.]

RAILROAD MEETING.

A large and highly spirited meeting of the friends of the proposed Boston and Woonsocket Railroad, was held in Medway Village, on the 17th inst.

The meeting was called to order by the chairman, Otis Pettie, Esq. of Newton, at 11 o'clock. On motion of Mr. Lovings of Medway, it was voted that a committee of the friends of the "Pettie" and "Miller" routes be chosen, to ascertain if a co-operation may not be entered into, which shall accomplish a hearty union of the friends of both routes. The appointment of such a Committee was opposed by Mr. Bishop of Medfield, and advocated by the Secretary of the meeting, and by Mr. Sanger of Dover.

Mr. Sanger of Dover, Mr. Arnold of Bellingham, Mr. Wheeler of Newton, Messrs. Gould, Wadsworth, Woonsocket, Mr. Whitaker of Needham and Messrs. Metcalf, Lovering, Holbrook and Fisher of Medway, were chosen said Committee.

During the absence of the Secretary on the Committee, J. W. Plympton of Newton, was chosen Secretary pro tem.

The above Committee subsequently offered a report, which, having been read to the meeting, was, together with the following resolution, offered by Mr. Fisher of Medway, unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That we hail, as an omen of triumphant success in this enterprise, the cordial and effective co-operation of the leading friends of the "Pettie" and "Miller" routes—both in the Blackstone valley, and along the hole line of town in the westerly part of Norfolk County.

While the Committee were absent, an animated discussion took place, on the present movements of the opponents of the "Pettie" route, in which Messrs. Kimball and T. Kingsbury of Needham, Hurd of Medway, Perry of Dover, Ellis of Boston, and the Chairman of the meeting, took part. The meeting was then adjourned, and assembled at half past two o'clock P. M.

A Committee, appointed to obtain a list of the names of delegates to the meeting, reported 21 delegates from Newton, 38 from East Needham, 20 from Dover, 20 from Medfield, 63 from Medway, 5 from Bellingham, and 24 from Woonsocket. It may not be improper to state that the ceremony of erecting a monument in the public square at Franklin, declined the citizens of that place in honor on the 17th. A few additional names were reported of gentlemen from Franklin, Dedham, Walpole and Boston.

The following preamble and resolution, offered by the Chairman, was then presented for the consideration of the meeting, accompanied with a few plain statements of facts, and with some characteristic and pertinent remarks:

Whereas, We understand from sources to be relied on, that the Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation, aided by individuals interested, are now making preliminary arrangements to construct a Branch Railroad from Framingham to Holliston, or Milford, with the avowed object of petitioning the legislature for permission to extend the same to Woonsocket, and thereby to remove the necessity of any other railroad communication between Boston and the valley of the Blackstone, and at the same time, to obstruct and impede, as far as possible, the project of a direct railroad communication between Boston and New York, in which the public mind has of late become deeply interested; therefore

Resolved—That a Committee be appointed to wait on the President of the Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation and ascertain the facts touching the matter; and, should the Committee deem it expedient, it shall be their duty to draw up a remonstrance, respectfully protesting against the construction of such branch, with such design, and circulate it for signatures; and when a sufficient number shall have been obtained, to present the same to the Board of the Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation.

A discussion upon the preamble and resolution was continued by Messrs. Arnold and Pickering of Bellingham, Brown, Lovering and Fisher of Medway, Kimball of Needham, Bushnell of Newton, Harris and Mason of Woonsocket, Sanger of Dover, and the Secretary of the meeting. In the course of this discussion the movements of the Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation received the earnest scrutiny of some of the speakers. The Milford Branch, with the ultimate design of extending the same to Woonsocket; the proposition, recently made, to continue the proposed Lower Falls Branch to Newbury Upper Falls, thereby placing the latter village five miles further from the city of Boston than its present actual distance; the more recent rail upon the Commissioners of the County of Norfolk, to locate a rail from the Boston and Worcester Railroad Depot at West Needham to Dover Iron Works—these several projects, it was urged, had for their aim to secure, not only the business of the valley of the Blackstone, but the important places, to the Boston and Worcester Railroad, but also to cut off for years the noble design of a central railroad direct from Boston to Woonsocket, and thence in a direct line to the city of New York. It was on these grounds that several of the speakers spoke out, with the resolution of men who were determined not to sit down quietly under the cool dictation of the Boston and Worcester Corporation. Their sole object at present was to give notice that the "Pettie route" having been unanimously reported by the Legislative Committee, and ratified by the Senate—although assailed

QUINCY PATRIOT.

For the Quincy Patriot.

CORRESPONDENCE.

LOUISVILLE, June 17, 1846.

and temporarily stricken down in the lower House—was yet alive, and in the field, and gaining every day the open regard and support of the people.

We have only aimed to give a few of the leading ideas of some of the speakers. We regret that a more careful report was not taken. At the close of the discussion, the following gentlemen were chosen a committee to carry into effect the intent of the resolution, viz: Otis Pettie of Newton, E. K. Whitaker of Needham, and M. M. Fisher of Medway.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Fisher of Medway, and was passed unanimously: Resolved—That the extension of the Dedham Branch to the "Pettie route," at Dover, at a distance of only four or five miles, will furnish ample facilities for communication between Dedham and the westerly part of the county, and cannot fail to be conveniently advantageous to the shire town itself, by connecting it with one of the great iron arteries of New England.

The features of this meeting, which were worthy of especial notice, were the generally large delegations which were present from the towns chiefly interested, notwithstanding the busy season of the year; the cordial union of the leading friends of the "Miller route" with the friends of the "Pettie route;" the cheering presence of more than twenty of the principal manufacturers and business men of Woonsocket; and lastly, the unanimity and determined stand taken, in one strong bond of union, to secure the completion of a public work loudly demanded by a large section of the State, rich in resources, but which has hitherto been deprived of its share of the unsparring favors which the Legislature has showered down upon every other portion of the Commonwealth.

The following gentlemen were chosen a Committee to nominate a General Committee, to be composed of gentlemen residing in the several towns interested in the proposed railroad, viz: Messrs. Sanger of Dover, Steadman of Needham, Wheeler of Newton, Miller of Medfield, Lovering of Medway, Pickering of Beilingsham, Sprague of Woonsocket, and Ellis of Boston.

The Secretary of the meeting, and Mr. Metcalf of Medway, were subsequently added to the committee. The foregoing committee reported a list of the names of forty gentlemen to compose said General Committee, and the report was accepted. It was voted that the Secretary be requested to cause the doings of this meeting to be published in the papers of Norfolk and Middlesex counties, of the city of Boston, in the Woonsocket papers, and also in the Journal of Commerce, of New York.

Voted to adjourn sine die.

OTIS PETTIE, Chairman.

E. K. WHITAKER, Secretary.

June 19, 1846.

For the Quincy Patriot.

LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Boston, June 25, 1846.

I am happy to understand that the Electric Telegraph has recently been completed from Washington, (D. C.) to New York, and in a few weeks the wires will be extended from the city of Gotham to Boston. When this somewhat important enterprise is finished, connecting us with the city of Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc., it is in contemplation to have a public celebration at the opening of the line. Intelligence of some half dozen or more words can be transmitted by this lightning machine from Boston to Washington averaging about two minutes in time. Information can be conveyed, say from Baltimore to Boston, in two minutes, and an express of twenty-five cents for every ten words. Wonderful discovery truly!—what mighty operations it is destined to accomplish time alone will tell. A person in New Orleans or perhaps in the city of Mexico, will soon be able to hold converse with his friend at the other extreme of the wire in Boston or Quebec. And for ought we know, the Parisian, at the capital of France, will soon, by this magic apparatus, talk with his friend at Pekin in China, or any of the large cities of the European Continent. Professor Morse's Electric telegraph is certainly destined to be the greatest discovery of the present century.

Some curious facts and figures relative to this City have lately been obtained, under the head of statistics, which I will submit to you, as far as possible. The present population of Boston is 114,266. The total number of foreigners is 52,208 or nearly half the population—a startling fact. The number of colored people is 1842. Boston contains 5745 houses used for habitation only, 862 used partly for other purposes, 518 vacant, and 539 unfinished. Of the houses occupied 6253 are of brick, and 4530 are of wood; 3351 are owned by occupants, 7451 are not so owned; 6268 are occupied by one family each, 2771 by two families, 902 by three families, 419 by four families, and 452 by more than four families. The total number of families is 19,176. The average number of persons to each house is nearly 11. In the broad street section of the city there is 37 persons to each house.

There are 3829 widows and 510 widowers in Boston. The whole number of children between 4 and 16 years of age is 25,553. Legal voters, 20,351; 1128 paupers.

There are 99 places of public worship in Boston, costing \$3246,500, and having accommodations for 84,185 persons. These churches, &c., are maintained at an annual expense of \$170,826. There are 80 Sunday Schools, having 1864 teachers and 17,000 scholars.

These are matters concerning our city worthy of being treasured up. The local news of this week is of little interest. The incendiary spirit is abroad in our city and vicinity, and unless something is done, no person or estate can be considered safe. Roxbury seems particularly marked. Sixteen houses were burnt in a stable on the Tremont Road on Monday last—Loss of stock and buildings heavy.

Business is somewhat at a stand, and with merchants will remain so until autumn. Great losses have been incurred by dealers in bread stuffs, as flour from being some six or seven dollars a few weeks since, is now quoted at \$4 25 and \$4 50 per barrel—the lowest prices for many years.

The war fever is subsiding. It is said that another armistice is proposed by Gen. Arista to Gen. Taylor, and that "old Rough and Ready" without even waiting to take a "hasty plate of soup," sent back an answer that he would meet Gen. Arista at Monterey. We shall soon without doubt get some great news from the seat of war. Within sixty days, I have no doubt the United States will be at peace with all the world.

Yours,

STY IN BOSTON.

The democratic party in Maine are unable to agree upon a candidate for United States Senator. The proprietors of the West Boston Bridge have voted to sell the bridge and franchise to the Hancock Free Bridge Company for \$75,000, the amount of the apportionment made by the commissioners. The transfer is to be made on the first of July.

Hon. A. H. Everett, United States Commissioner to China, has left New York, in ship Cahota, for Canton.

Mr. GREEN.—In my last communication I gave an account of the state of feeling manifested here on the war now going on between this country and Mexico. After the Louisville Legion left, we were in a comparatively quiet state for a few weeks, until the troops commenced pouring in from all parts of the State to this city—it being selected for them to pitch their tents until ordered to depart. The whole requisition of troops from Kentucky are now out at Oakland, about three or four miles from Louisville. If I am rightly informed, there are twenty-one companies—ten of cavalry, and eleven of infantry—numbering from fifteen hundred to two thousand men. Our streets are thronged with soldiers, dressed in their various uniforms, with, perhaps, a pistol on one side of their belt, and a large bowie knife on the other. If you and your readers wish to see a fair specimen of Kentucky boys, let them just pay a visit to Oakland, or walk our streets for a few days. I should truly pity the Mexicans, if they should come in contact with some of the six and seven footers that I see walking every day in our streets; and undoubtedly, if they are called into actual service, they will maintain the courage and valor for which they are noted. They appear to be very anxious to be on their way, and the present prospects are that they will leave here, about the 22d inst.

Cassius M. Clay, with his company of cavalry paraded through our streets the other day. They number eighty men; he was armed with a pistol on one side and a large bowie knife on the other. He is, undoubtedly as brave a man as there is on the field—at least the community give him the credit of it. He has been very liberal towards his men, supplying them, as I understand, with uniforms, as well as providing them with provisions. The city of Lexington did not even send him a pound of bread! and consequently, he had to provide for them from his own table.

The effects of this war has proved disastrous to business. The batters, bootmakers and saddlers, have been about the only ones benefited by it. The tendency of it is very demoralizing and pernicious. Any one, to pass our public streets on the Sabbath, would certainly concur with me in the above opinion; and would, I am sure, come to the conclusion that during the time of war, the Lord's day is not recognized. On last Sabbath one of the companies paraded up and down our public streets carrying large numbers out to the camp. The boys have caught the war feeling, and form in little companies, with their red stripes on their pants, and a paper cap with a feather in it, carrying a tin gun, as their only means of defence. No doubt they think it all right that they should have their share of the glory; men, you know, are only children of a larger growth.

One of the men belonging to the "Kenton Rangers" was accidentally and instantly killed a few days since, by one of his most intimate companions. The deceased, in company with some others, was noticing the manner of using a revolving pistol, when by some means it was discharged, and as this man was looking over his shoulder, the ball passed into his nostril, without even breaking the skin, and came out at the back of his head. His companion, when he saw what he had accidentally done, immediately swooned, and it was some hours before he came to his senses. It will make him unhappy for life.

We have two men here who deserted from the army at New Orleans; they will be taken back again. What their punishment will be, I know not.

The cause of Temperance is making rather slow but steady progress in this city. Here again, we see the effects of war. Our coffee-houses, theatres, &c., are constantly crowded with soldiers.

The Sons of Temperance are making rapid progress. They now number six divisions in Louisville. In Cincinnati there are about four thousand members.

The weather continues pleasant, and for a few days past very warm. Vegetation is in fine order. Strawberries have been very abundant—price twenty cents per gallon—none in market now.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1846.

John A. Green, Editor.

FIRE. Last Thursday evening, about half past nine o'clock, the extensive carpenter's shop of Mr. John Parker of this town, was discovered to be on fire, and from all circumstances was the work of an incendiary. If there had been a good supply of water, the building might have been saved when first discovered. As it happened, the shop, with a large lot of carpenter's tools and considerable seasoned lumber, was entirely destroyed. We are rejoiced to learn that the deserving owner was fully insured, and that his usefulness as an enterprising mechanic will not be impaired by this dastardly outrage. Engines were in attendance from Weymouth and Milton, and together with our own fire companies, deserve the thanks of the public for their activity and disposition to prevent what threatened to be a serious conflagration.

CONGRESS. The Senate has been engaged, the short time while in session, upon unimportant matters, while the House have under consideration the Tariff bill. The alterations, if any, which may be made, will not, we think, be very essential, nor need cause alarm to the friends of protection.

ENGINE MATTERS. We learn that the Tigge Engine Company of this town, intend to turn out Independence morning, at four o'clock, when they will be ready to meet for a social trial within a short distance of the Stone Temple, the fire companies of this or the neighboring towns. The Niagara Company, we understand, will also appear for exercise on that morning.

CITY MARSHAL OF BOSTON. We are gratified to learn that Francis Tukey, Esq., has been appointed to the office of City Marshal of Boston. By his own assiduous efforts, he has risen from a humble though honorable avocation to his present position; and like all self-made men, we entertain the belief that while he will perform the duties of his office to general acceptance, it will be only the stepping-stone to higher stations of fame and usefulness.

POCKET PICKED. A pocket-book containing a bond of the State of Tennessee, for one thousand dollars, was stolen from the coat pocket of Mr. Nathan H. White, of this town, on Saturday afternoon of last week, in the vicinity of Faneuil Hall Market, Boston. The bond bears interest at five per cent. per annum, payable at the city of Philadelphia.

FIRE IN DORCHESTER. The alarm raised in this town, on Wednesday evening last, was caused by the partial burning of a brick building in Dorchester, belonging to Tileston & Hollingsworth, and used for the purpose of grinding logwood.

"THE ISLAND CITY." This is the title of a new paper started in the Commercial Emporium of the country—New York—conducted by W. B. Smith & Co., and edited with singular ability by H. A. Buckingham, a gentleman, who from his varied acquirements, as well as large experience as an essay, ready and graceful writer, is every way qualified to render it every way worthy of the support of a generous and appreciating public. The story of "Harry Burnham, the young Continental," being the memoirs of an American Officer, during the campaigns of the Revolution, from the pen of Mr. B. now publishing in its columns, is alone worth the price of the paper. It is written with spirit and grace, and would do no discredit to a Cooper or a Paulding.

VAN AMBURG'S MENAGERIE. This large collection of wild beasts with the performances of the proprietor, will be exhibited in this town to-day. Its entrance into our village, preceded by the Roman Chariot containing the American Brass Band, and the procession of horses and carriages, will form a pageant rarely witnessed in our quiet town. This Caravan is the largest ever exhibited in the country and contains some very rare specimens. Of course our citizens will improve the opportunity of witnessing the exhibition.

Melancholy, or depression of spirits, is often considered a disease of the mind, though in most cases it proceeds from too high living and too little bodily exercise.

If you would seek the good will of the fair sex, never dwell upon the beauty of any particular lady, however fair she may be, for those present will always conceive that it is an injurious comparison made between them and the object named.

There are more than twelve thousand sempstresses in New York, working and living at twelve cents per day.

Industry and frugality maketh rich.

The latest case of absence of mind is recorded of a lady, about to "whip up" some eggs for a sponge-cake, who whipped the baby, and sung lullaby to the eggs.

John Randolph said to a youth whom he was sending away to school, when a boy strikes you, ask yourself, if you cannot for the love of God forgive him, but mind that you do not mistake the love of God for the fear of a bigger boy. It is better to forgive an injury than to resent it, but it is better to strike back than to allow truth to suffer, or justice to want a friend.

Soft water is the most suitable drink for man, since fermented liquors are rather the produce of art than of nature.

A call upon the oppressed Jews in Germany to emigrate to the United States, published in a German paper, states, as an inducement, that notwithstanding President Polk is a Jew, he has attained the highest honor that could be conferred upon him.

The Albany Knickerbocker knows a man once overpowered with difficulties, who got completely out of his troubles by just drinking a half pint of cold water every time he was dry. He formerly tried the same quantity of gin, but it was no go.

The bare idea of staying at home is becoming quite offensive to the modesty of many ladies who move in polite circles, now-a-days.

Blame not before thou hast examined the truth; understand first, and then rebuke.

The general government owes Massachusetts \$1,200,000, for services performed during the last war.

In what is called the "gold room" of Windsor castle, in which all the royal plate is kept, is a service which was presented to William IV., by the merchants of Liverpool, for his support of the slave trade. This collection of plate is valued at \$80,000,000.

The editors of the Boston Transcript thinks the marriage of "Fanny Forester" with Dr. Judson, is "a case of remarkable infatuation."

During the exhibition of Van Amburg at Woonsocket, no less than eight persons were relieved of their pocket books.

Old chanceler awakes in the morning, flaps his wings, and vacillates at the top of his voice, "wom an rule h-e-r-e." Immediately from a neighboring roost, another answers, so they do h-e-r-e. This is no sooner uttered than a third responds at a considerable distance, and every w-h-e-r-e.

Mr. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury, has issued orders granting clearances to Matamoros, thus throwing open Northern Mexico to American manufactures.

The receipts of the Western Railroad thus far this year, exceed those of the same time in 1845, about sixty-five thousand dollars.

A sheep only fifteen months old has been sheared in Northampton, (Mass.) of a fleece which weighed eleven pounds and thirteen ounces.

A clerk of the Treasury Department estimates the military expenditures since the 1st of January at twenty-two and a half millions.

Gen. Taylor has been nominated for President by public meetings in several sections of the country.

A dwelling-house, in East Bridgewater, belonging to Isaac Hudson, was entirely destroyed by fire last Saturday morning.

The Magnetic Telegraph between Boston and Springfield is now open to the public.

The Post Office Department has lately strictly enforced upon Postmasters the duty of forbidding all cases of writing on newspapers. The postage on a newspaper with writing on it, is about forty cents—the fine five dollars.

Col. Cilley, Senator from New Hampshire, arrived at Washington on the 19th inst.

The appointment of Joseph Hall, as Navy Agent for the port of Boston, has been confirmed by the Senate.

Hon. Richard P. Herrick, Representative in Congress from the Rensselaer district, New York, died at Washington on the 19th inst.

The government has made an additional requisition of one thousand men on Missouri. The body will reinforce Col. Kearney command, ordered to march to Santa Fe.

"When a feller is too lazy to work," says Sam Slick, "he paints his name over his door, and calls it a tavern, and like as not he makes the whole neighborhood as lazy as himself."

A young scamp was fined twenty dollars and costs, in Springfield, for stealing cherries, and mutilating the trees in the operation.

Elder Knapp, the famous revivalist, preached in Boston on Sunday last.

The depot building of the Stoughton Branch Railroad, Stoughton, was destroyed by fire on Saturday evening last.

NOTICES.

A public, social Temperance Meeting will be held in the Temperance Reading Room, THIS EVENING, at half past seven o'clock.

WILLIAM R. BROWN, Secretary.

A meeting of the "Union Board" will be held at the Temperance Reading Room, next MONDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock precisely.

S. ADAMS, Secretary of the Board.

The Selectmen of Quincy give notice to persons having business with the Board, that they will be in session at their Room in the Town House, the LAST SATURDAY in each month, until further notice.

DANIEL BAXTER, JOSEPH W. ROBERTSON, BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

Fourth of July.

A Grand Norfolk County Washingtonian Celebration of our National Independence, will be held at MEDFIELD, agreeable to previous notice. The exercises will commence at nine o'clock A. M., in the Unitarian Church. An Oration will be delivered by Edgar E. Whitaker, Esq., of Needham. The music and singing will be performed by the choir under the direction of Mr. George Allen. At the close of the Oration and exercises in the Church, the audience will adjourn to partake of a bountiful Dinner provided by Mr. Johnson of the Temperance House. Appropriate music and songs will enliven the festivities of the table. Immediately after dinner the company will re-unite at the Church or in a beautiful grove in the vicinity, where the following gentlemen (who have been invited) will be expected to address the assembled multitude, viz: Hon. S. G. Goodrich, Edwin Thompson, James Dorr, John F. Coles, R. K. Potter, Daniel Allen, Jr., Samuel A. Walker and Col. Perry. The Clergymen of this County are respectfully invited to unite in the celebration. Among those who have already consented to attend, are the Rev. Dr. Ed. of Medway, Rev. Mr. Sanger of Dover, and Rev. Mr. Kimball of Needham.

A full representation of the Total Abstinence, and Anti-Total Abstinence people, old and young, from every town in the County is earnestly desired. Come, come, come, and do not believe in a Temperance note you will at the close of this glorious Cold Water Celebration.

The exercises of the day will close at 4 o'clock P. M. with a Dinner of 50 cents each, and may be had of the following gentlemen: George E. Adams, Medfield; John P. Jones, Medway; E. F. Gay, South Dedham; Timothy Smith, West Dedham; A. B. Galvin, Dedham Village, and Harlow Lawrence, Walpole. By order of the County Committee, Medfield, June 27, 1846.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 2, 1845.

Mr. Seth W. Fowle, Boston: Dear Sir—Permit me to address myself, through you to all who are suffering with any pulmonary complaint, and advise and recommend all such to use at once Dr. Wistar's great remedy. A medicine which I sincerely believe will cure, if cure be possible; and not waste their time and money on the many trashy and worthless nostrums of the day. One year ago last fall, I took a sudden cold, which settled at once upon my lungs. I was soon obliged to take my room. A severe cough followed, and I soon lost my appetite, and consequently my strength. I became very much reduced, suffered severe pain in the side, breast, shoulders, &c. I coughed much night and raised large quantities of matter, sometimes accompanied with blood. I continued to grow worse, and was obliged to consult a physician, who visited and prescribed for me several times, but afforded me little relief. I became discouraged and alarmed at my situation; my family and neighbors supposed I could not live long. Fortunately I found one of Dr. Wistar's pamphlets, and, like a drowning man, catching at straws, I took courage, and sent immediately for a bottle of WISTAR'S BALM OF WILD CHERRY.

My disease was so deeply rooted, however, that I was obliged to get a second and a third bottle before I began to improve perceptibly. I kept on until I had taken two more bottles; continuing to improve, I soon regained my appetite and strength. I continued to grow better until the summer, when I was able to do a day's work on my farm every day, and have continued so to do. My health has not been better for four years than at this time. To your invaluable medicine I owe my recovery from a most distressing and dangerous illness, to the preservation of my life. Try it for yourself.

Signed, WILLIAM BEATTY.

I am personally acquainted with Mr. Beatty, and know his statement to be true, and that he is entitled to the full confidence of the public.

Signed, JOSEPH STEWARD.

For sale in Boston by S. W. Fowle, 138 Wash. St. Quincy, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

June 27.

Jayne's Sanative Pills.

These Pills are an excellent, mild and safe purge at all times, and are exceedingly useful in Dyspepsia and obstruction of the liver. Persons taking them can eat and drink as usual, without fear of injury; and what is of infinite advantage, making the use of mercurial preparations so frequently used in derangements of the stomach and liver, unnecessary.

They may be taken at all times, and in nearly all diseases. They remove obstructions of the Liver, Spleen, Kidneys, Uterus, and all other Organs of the body—Inflammatory, Intermittent, Remittent, Bilious, and every other kind of Fever—Jaundice and Liver Complaint. For Dyspepsia they are really an invaluable article, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the stomach, and producing healthy action in that important organ. They are very valuable for diseases of the Skin, and for what is commonly called "impurity of the blood;" also, Female Complaints, (Cough, &c., &c.)—and in fact, every disease where an Aperient, Alterative or Purgative medicine is required.

IF DYSPEPSIA POSITIVELY can be CURED by the use of these valuable PILLS, SPECIFICALLY the Tonic Vermifuge be used in conjunction.

Agency for the sale of Jayne's Medicine, the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

June 20.

Will be sold by public auction, on MONDAY, the 25th day of June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Ldg's situated on Common street, in said Quincy, near the house of John D. Thayer, the following named articles—To wit:

One complete set of Rigging for hoisting stone—one Hammering Shed—Blacksmith's Shop—Belows—Anvil—Vice—Iron Bars—Chains—one set Blasting Drills—one set of Six Inch Drills—Hand Drills—Stone Drags, and sundry other tools, such as are used in working Ledges.

Conditions at sale.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Quincy, June 20.

Will be sold by public auction, on MONDAY, the 25th day of June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Ldg's situated on Common street, in said Quincy, near the house of John D. Thayer, the following named articles—To wit:

One complete set of Rigging for hoisting stone—one Hammering Shed—Blacksmith's Shop—Belows—Anvil—Vice—Iron Bars—Chains—one set Blasting Drills—one set of Six Inch Drills—Hand Drills—Stone Drags, and sundry other tools, such as are used in working Ledges.

Conditions at sale.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Old sayings are often like pickled cucumbers, more valuable after their preservation than when they were fresh.

Edward Webster has filled up the ranks of his company of volunteers, in Boston, and has reported to the Adjutant General.

President Everett will deliver the annual address before the Association of the Alumni of Harvard College, on the 28th of August. Charles Sumner, Esq., will deliver the Phi Beta Kappa Oration.

Dr. Ezra Green, of Dover, New Hampshire, is the oldest graduate of Harvard University now living. He was born June 28, 1746, and was graduated in 1765.

It is estimated that more than one hundred thousand volunteers have already offered their services for the Mexican war.

The "Pilgrim House," in Plymouth, was destroyed by fire on Saturday morning last. Insured for twenty-four hundred dollars at the State Mutual Office in Boston. Furniture insured for one thousand dollars. The boarders lost most of their clothing.

A CARD.

T. Kellogg offers his hearty thanks to the several Engine Companies, and the Hook and Ladder Company from the Railway, for successfully preserving his residence from the fiery element on Thursday evening; to his townsmen for promptly removing his furniture from danger, and returning it with remarkably trifling injury, and to his neighbors for their kindness to his family. Such acts endear a person to the town and neighborhood.

MARRIED.

In Boston, by the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Mr. Lowell Q. Spear, formerly of this town, to Miss Eleanor Kennedy.

DIED.

In this town, 16th inst., an infant, child of Capt. Hiram and Mrs. Rebecca Prior, aged 6 weeks.

On the 19th inst., Maria E., daughter of Mr. Jonathan and Mrs. Jane C. Pratt, aged 5 weeks.

For Sale.

ONE Roan Horse, one Horse Cart and Harness, one Light Wagon and Harness, two Sleds, one Sleigh, and two sets of bells, about four tons Eastern Hay, four to six cords prime Manure, eleven of twelve shaves Quincy Point Patent Balm, a lot of Cedar Posts, one Gun, one Grindstone lot of old Iron and Junk. Apply to

WILLIAM HENRY PACKARD.

Quincy, June 27.

Grass at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, in lots to suit purchasers, on FRIDAY, July 3d, at 2 o'clock in the forenoon, about twenty acres of ENGLISH GRASS, on land of William Torrey, on Centre St., near the residence of the subscriber.

Conditions at sale.

EBENEZER ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, June 27.

Mortgagee's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, by consent of parties, on MONDAY, June 29th, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at the Stone Quarry of Badger & Co. the following among other articles of mortgaged property, viz:

2 yoke of Oxen, 1 Horse, 1 ox Stone Wagon, 1 horse Stone Wagon, 2 sets of Harness, 3 Yokes, Chains, 2 sets of Hoisting Apparatus, 1 Shed, etc.

Also—A Blacksmith's Shop and Tools. Also—Iron Bars, Stone Hammers, Drills, and other articles used in quarrying stone.

EBENEZER ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, June 27.

Notice.

THE subscriber is prepared to execute all kinds of Writing at short notice.

BOOKS POSTED, BILLS COLLECTED, &c. Orders left at his residence, corner of Cottage Avenue and Sea Street, or at the Quincy Patriot Office will meet with attention.

J. CLAPP EDWARDS.

Quincy, June 27.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the last Will of SARAH WENTWORTH MORTON.

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, widow, deceased, and has accepted said Trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

BEHOLD HOW HE LOVED HIM.
He loved him. Can we raise a thought
Of such vast magnitude,
And view the wondrous truths here taught,
Magnificent and good.
He loved him; he had not a mind
Arrayed in mean attire;
His was of purer, nobler kind,
And glowed with Heavenly fire.
He loved him, not as the cold world
Loves man, only in word;
He saw implanted in his soul
The image of his God.
He loved his friends—his glorious kind—
Beheld the weeping throng;
With friends his sympathies combine;
He stands and weeps alone.
He loved the assembled multitude;
To show his power to save;
He raised his glorious voice aloud
And called him from the grave.
He loves the mourner. Jesus deigns
To soothe the mourner's grief;
Within his glorious bosom reigns
Deep sympathies of worth.
He loves the Christian; for he looks
Alone to him for aid
To raise the creature from the dust
To joys that never fade.
He loves the sinner; for he sees
His heart unveiled within;
He knows his future destiny
And the result of sin.
Behold he loved him: much, indeed,
These words to us disclose;
And did the Saviour for us bleed,
Shall we his calls refuse?
And can our hearts remain enthralled
In sin, which God has given,
And risk our everlasting all,
And lose our rest in Heaven?

THE HERITAGE.

The rich man's son inherits lands,
And piles of bricks, and stone, and gold,
And he inherits soft, white hands,
And tender flesh that fears the cold,
Nor dares to wear a garment old;
A heritage it seems to me,
One would not care to hold in fee.
The rich man's son inherits cares;
The bank may break, the factory burn,
Some breath may burst his bubble shares,
And soft, white hands, would hardly earn
A living that would suit his turn;
A heritage, it seems to me,
One would not care to hold in fee.
What does the poor man's son inherit?
Stout muscles and a sinewy heart,
A hardy frame, a hardier spirit,
King of two hands, he does his part
In every useful toil and art;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A King might wish to hold in fee.
What does the poor man's son inherit?
Wisher of joy with human things,
A rank adjudged to toil-worn merit,
Contentment that from enjoyment springs,
A heart that in his labor sings;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A King might wish to hold in fee.
What does the poor man's son inherit?
A patience learned by being poor;
Courage, if sorrow come, to bear it,
A fellow-feeling that is sure
To make the out-cast bless his door;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A King might wish to hold in fee.
O, rich man's son, there is a toil
That with all others level stands;
Large charity does never soil,
But only whittens, soft, white hands;
This is the best crop from thy lands;
A heritage, it seems to me,
Worth being rich to hold in fee.
Oh, poor man's son, scorn not thy state,
There is worse weariness than thine,
In merely being rich and great;
Work only makes the soul to shine,
And makes rest fragrant and benign!
A heritage, it seems to me,
Worth being poor to hold in fee.
Both heirs to some six feet of sod,
Are equal in the earth at last;
Both children of the same dear God;
Prove title to your heirship vast
By record of a well-filled past;
A heritage, it seems to me,
Well worth a life to hold in fee.

ANECDOTES.

A clergyman was conversing with a parishioner on the due observance of the Sabbath and was surprised to find that his companion readily seconded his views of the subject. "Why neighbor," continued the parson, "I have been informed that you often drive your team and even go a fishing or a hunting on the Sabbath." "True," replied Jones, "but then on those occasions I always whistle psalm tunes."

A "hard un" was cautioned against periodical intoxication, as being the worst stage of that disease ending in an early grave. "Hah," said he, "it will never attack me, I defy it by being continually drunk. I'm periodical in my eating, but perpetual in my drinking."

A young lady having engaged to be married, took occasion to change her mind, and brought the aid of a friend, saying—"Do help me out of this knot." "O, certainly," replied her friend, "that's easily done, as it is only a beau-knot."

A scholar, a bald man, and a barber travelling together, agreed each to watch four hours in the night for the sake of security. The barber's lot came first, who shaved the scholar's head while he was asleep; then waked him when his turn came. The scholar scratched his head and feeling it bald he exclaimed "you wretch of a barber, you have waked the bald man instead of me."

"Annexation and war,"—that's true, every word of it," said a port old maid; "no sooner do you get married than you begin to fight."

Arrival of Spring Goods.

RUSSELL & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,Corner of Washington and Coddington Streets,
Rear of Stone Temple, Quincy.

HAVE received a Rare and Splendid Assortment
of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

—ALL NEW STYLES AND PATTERNS—
which they will make up into Garments to suit
purchasers at such prices as cannot fail to procure a
return of patronage.

All of these goods having been bought the present
season for cash, at the first market after importation,
the public may rest assured that we can and will sell
so as to defy competition.

Mr. JOHN RUSSELL,

who superintends the Cutting and Making up of Garments,
having had upwards of ten years PRACTICAL
EXPERIENCE OF CUTTING, at the first Schools
of Europe and America, gives him a decided advantage
over the Tailor in this vicinity in producing any
style of Garments that the world of fashion can suggest.
His system of Cutting being different from any
used by country tailors, enables him to give an easy
and graceful setting garment to the most imperfect
form. Those who have tested his ability can bear
witness to the fact. From those unacquainted a trial
is all that is necessary.

N. B. Where the cloth is furnished by the customer
the trimming and making will be done equally as
well as though purchased at the establishment.

A few genteel READY MADE GARMENTS
kept constantly on hand.
Quincy, Apr. 11. if

Dry Goods Cheap.

SAILED FOR EUROPE!

G. W. WARREN & Co.,
SELLING OFF!!

IN consequence of our arrangements for "full trade"
and the departure of our "senior partner" for
England, Scotland and France,

For the purchase of new and choice styles of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

We shall offer all our present Stock,
Rich Goods and Staple Goods,

For the balance of the season,

At prices which will insure their quick sale.

Purchasers of Dry Goods should bear in mind the
great advantages we are able to offer them, as importers
of our own Goods, we not being obliged to pay a
profit to the importer and jobber, to procure them.
It is always a great advantage to the consumer to buy
from "first hands." In buying of the manufacturer
abroad, we have but one profit to charge our customers,
and we can afford to sell at a smaller profit even
than the importer who sells by the package, as we
are not subject to the risks of the "seller on time,"
and our system of low prices and honest goods, has
already procured us an immense amount of business,
which is daily increasing. Our stock of

Shawls, Mantles and Scarfs,

of every kind, is very large, and every one will be
marked at a price which will make it sell. The variety
of prices is too great to enumerate, embracing every
variety of cheap Shawls, as well as the finest and best

DRESS SILKS.

Our assortment of BLACK and FANCY SILKS,
contains more than 40,000 YARDS. 15 cases of
which came by the last Havre Packet. We have the
finest stock of SILK GOODS we have ever shown,
both in colors and blacks, and bargains will be offered.

We shall offer
3000 yds. Paris all wool M. de LAINES at 25
2000 " " Silk and Wool Barges and Balzoinies, 25
2500 " " Prints, pink, blue and purple, yd wide, 25
2000 " yard wide FANCY PRINTS, 17
1500 " FOULARD SILK MUSLINS, 33
4000 " Cotton and Wool M. de LAINES, 17
3000 " 45 Earlston GINGHAMS, 25
2000 " Pretty PLAID SILKS, 42
1000 BARGE SHAWLS, Ombre Fringe, 1.75
1500 " MANTLES, 1.25
2000 yards Printed Muslins and Lawns, 20 and 25
3000 " Plaid Lawn Muslins, 20 and 25

And many other bargains, which we invite all to
examine for themselves. Our stock is large and select,
of FRENCH JACONET MUSLINS, French
BAREGES, BAREGE DE PAIRS, SILK MUS-
LINS, and other fancy DRESS GOODS for the season.
Also—Bombazines, Alpaccas, and Mourning Goods.
LINENS, DAMASKS, FLANNELS;
TABLE CLOTHS, of all sizes;
Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes;
COTTONS, bleached and unbleached, all widths;
White Muslins and Cambrics, trimmings;
Black and White Laces, Laces C. Hdk's,
Furpieces, from 6d. to the finest London Patches.
Best Paris KID GLOVES, 56 1/4

We repeat, that our WHOLE STOCK will be
marked at prices which will give us quick sales.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

who buy for Cash, and who have not yet commenced
with us, cannot do so too soon for their own interest.

GEORGE W. WARREN & Co.,

LADIES' EXCHANGE,

192 Washington Street, Boston.

je. 13. 11 6w

Planing and Sawing.

THE subscriber has resumed this business and is
now prepared, at his shop adjoining F. Williams'
Tannery, to execute with despatch all orders, and at
the lowest prices. His terms are now two dollars
per thousand for planing.

INCH BANISTERS, for stairs, constantly on hand,
and prompt attention given to all calls in this branch
of business.

A team will be in readiness to take lumber, etc., to
and from the Mill, and will attend to Jobbing generally
about town. HENRY G. PRATT.
Quincy, April 11. if

To Let,

THE ROOM lately occupied as a Provision Store
on Washington Street.
Also—A Shop suitable for a Wheelwright or Car-
penter's business.
Inquire on the premises of G. W. KENISON.
Quincy, Feb. 21. if

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are forbid travelling over the land in
the rear of the Burying Ground, late the property
of Dea. Samuel Savil, as they will hereafter be pro-
secuted for trespass.

JOHN SAVIL,
JOSIAH SAVIL, } Executors.
Quincy, March 21. if

Grass Seed.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at
Wholesale and Retail, Barren prices, a good supply
of HERD'S GRASS, RED TOP and CLOVER
SEED. DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 21. if

Two Hundred Suppers.



At a meeting of the Tiger Engine Company No. 2
of Quincy, holden on the evening of March 18th,
1846, at their Engine House, it was

Voted—To challenge any Fire Engine in this town,
manufactured by Thayer of Boston, to play with the
Tiger Engine in a contest for supremacy, the Com-
pany vanquished to pay for Two Hundred Suppers to
be furnished for both Companies whenever the trial
may take place. The manner and condition of play-
ing to be as follows, to wit:

First—Through 500 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Second—Through 350 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of five minutes.

Third—Through 200 feet of hose, tub and tub, for
the space of three minutes.

Fourth—Each engine to draft and play through
300 feet of hose, and one inch pipe, on distance, for
four minutes.

Fifth—Each engine, alternately, to draft and play
through 250 feet of hose, into the other Engine, which
latter shall play out through 200 feet of hose and one
inch pipe for the space of five minutes.

Sixth—The Engines to draft from the Town Well
near the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co.

Voted—That the Engines play with the same sized
cylinders as they had when accepted by the Town.

Voted—To publish the above challenge in the
Quincy Patriot.

In behalf of the Company,

CLIFT RODGERS, Foreman.

JOHN A. GREEN, Clerk.

Quincy, March 21. 4m

MR. EDITOR—At a meeting of the Vulture En-
gine Company, held Thursday evening, May
7th, it was voted that the following report be offered
for publication in the Quincy Patriot, two weeks,
with the accompanying vote.

Voted—That we neither give to, nor receive from
the Tiger any more challenges.

Attest: GEORGE NEWCOMB, Clerk.

REPORT.



Quincy, May 7th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Tiger
Committee, in relation to the challenge, published
by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot, and
accepted by us, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday
evening, May 2d, at which meeting the whole subject
in regard to the challenge, was talked over with har-
mony and good feeling. It was agreed that both
Committees should meet at some convenient time to
select the ground, and it was also well understood
that there should be no alteration in the Engines only
new brakes and extension arms. No definite action
was taken at this meeting.

Wednesday eve, May 6th. We met again and the
following votes were passed—

1st. To play on land of J. Q. Adams, on the east
side of the Railroad, provided a more level spot can
not be found previous to the time of playing.

2d. That the trial take place next Tuesday, and
that the tubs shall be on the ground at eight o'clock
in the morning.

3d. To fill the tubs within one inch of the top.

Thus far there was a mutual understanding and
both Committees agreed; but at this point Mr. Fel-
lows, the Chairman of the Tiger's Committee, made
some allusion to the instructions which the Vulture
Company had given their Committee, and which we
had communicated to him in writing the day before.
This brought the subject of the alteration of the En-
gines fully before the Committee. It was then ascer-
tained, to the astonishment of your Committee, that it
was the intention of the Tiger's Company to make
important alterations in their engine, such as putting
in a new air-chamber, &c. This was objected to. Then,
said the Chairman of the Tiger Committee, we cannot
play for such is the vote of our Company. Further
deliberation was useless, for the Tiger's Committee
were instructed not to play without they could make
a change in the works of their engine; we were in-
structed not to play if they did, except new brakes
and extension arms. We accordingly withdrew, fully
impressed with the truth, that the Tiger's much boast-
ing in public print was not based upon the principle of
true moral courage.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS WOOD,
BARNABAS CLEVERLY,
JAMES A. HARRIS,
WARREN E. SMALL,
if

may 9.

Drugs, Medicines, etc., etc.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN,

Washington Street, rear of Stone Temple,
HAS enlarged her establishment, where may be
found, all the articles usually comprising an
Apothecary's stock. She is constantly adding to her
variety of

MEDICINES,

and articles of Utility and Convenience for the sick,
which she offers for sale at fair prices.

LEECH GLASSES, SPOUT CUPS, NURSE
BOTTLES AND TUBES,
Breast Pipes and Shells, Bed Pans, Syringes, etc., etc.

Bay Rum and White Brandy for Bathing;
Horse Hair Mittens for the friction of the Skin;
FLESH BRUSHES, etc.

Whitwell's, Peters', Jayne's and Moffatt's Medicines;
Hammer's COUGH CANDY.

Howard's Canker Syrup;
Ellis' Volturnus Bitters;
Swain's Panacea and Vermifuge;
Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters
Atwood's Jaundice Bitters;
Dyott's TOOTH ACHIE DROPS;
Bradley's Rose Tooth Powder.

The best FOREIGN LEECHES constantly on hand.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully put up at all hours.

Quincy, Oct. 18. if

Quincy, May 15th, 1846.

THE Committee chosen to confer with the Vulture
Committee, in relation to the Challenge publish-
ed by the Tiger Company in the Quincy Patriot,
which Challenge was accepted by the Vulture Com-
pany, would beg leave to Report—

That they met with said Committee on Saturday
evening, May 2d, where the subject of the Challenge
was considered but nothing was said by any member
of either Committee in relation to altering any part of
either Engine. Adjourned to May 6th, at which time
the day and place was fixed for trial provided a better
place could not be found. Thus far, both Committees
agreed. The subject of altering the engines was here
introduced, the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee
enquiring what alterations the Tiger Company pro-
posed to make in their Engine. The Chairman of the
Tiger's Committee answering, we shall have exten-
sion arms [the Vulture already having them] and
shall play with the same cylinders, water-ways, outlet
and hose as when accepted by the town. At this the
Vulture's Committee, with one voice exclaimed,
"And the same air-chamber?" The Chairman of the
Tiger's Committee observed—we shall probably have
a new air-chamber. At this stage of the proceedings,
the Chairman of the Vulture's Committee arose and
declared, "we shall have nothing more to do with it,"
and was about to leave the room, when the Chairman
of the Tiger's Committee requested him to stop and
make a satisfactory arrangement, but to no purpose,
the Vulture's Committee all retiring, with one excep-
tion. We deem it proper here to deny that any mem-
ber of our Committee ever said "we cannot play un-
less we have a new air-chamber for such is the vote
of our Company," it being well known the Company
never passed such a vote but left the whole matter to
the discretion of their Committee. We have to state
that the Tiger Company reserved the right, in the
published Challenge, to make any alteration in their
Engine, except in the size of cylinders, the Vulture
having the same privilege, which they knew perfect-
ly well before they accepted the Challenge, and as
they have passed a vote neither to give to or receive
from us a Challenge, we would inform them that their
"fallen foe," as they are pleased to term us, will be
happy to meet them at all places where our respective
duties may call us and will use our endeavors to sup-
ply them with water and assure them we shall never
refuse to take theirs.

ENSIGN S. FELLOWS,

LEONARD RICHARDS,

GEORGE CURTIS,

HENRY A. RANSOM,

LUKE RIDEOUT,

ma. 16. if

Lime!!!

JUST received and now for sale, part of a cargo of
superior Thomaston Lime, which will be sold
cheap at Quincy Point opposite the Toll Bridge.
EDWIN WOOD.
Quincy Point, April 4. if

New Coal and Wood Wharf.

THE subscriber having established himself at the
Wharf of the late Capt. Smith, Quincy Point,
directly opposite the Toll House, is now prepared to
supply his old patrons, as well as new, with all kinds of

COAL AND WOOD,

AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

—ALSO—

BRICKS, LIME AND SAND,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, at REDUCED PRICES,

delivered at any part of the Town or vicinity.

Orders left at any of the Stores will be promptly at-
tended to.

N. B. As there has been a report in circulation
that I had a poor article of Coal, I would just say to
those who have heard it, that I will WARRANT it as
good as any that can be purchased of a neighboring
coal dealer or any other dealer.

EDWIN WOOD.

Quincy, Point Aug. 23. if

Cow Hide Boots.

THE subscriber still continues his business at the
old stand, on Granite Street at the head of School
Street, where he constantly manufactures and has on
hand Sewed and Pegged Mens', Boys' and Youth's
BOOTS, BOOTEES, SHOES and KIP BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in a neat manner and at short
notice. JAMES EDWARDS
Quincy, May 13. if

New Shawls and Scarfs.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a
fine assortment of
CASHMERE, NETTED & BARAGE SHAWLS;
SILK AND BARAGE SCARFS,
very rich and beautiful.

FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, and a great
many other pretty things for the season, which will
be sold as cheap as can be purchased in the city.

Quincy, April 11. if

Boots and Shoes.

138 Hanover Street, Boston. 138

GEORGE A. VEAZIE,

WOULD invite his friends and the Quincy public
who may visit the city, to examine his stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES.

before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it to
their mutual advantage.

Ladies' Gaiter Boots,

Black Bronze light and Bronze Green, which are cut
by Kimball's improved patterns and therefore cannot
help but fit.

Children and Misses' Gaiter Boots and Shoes,
of every description, style and color, and a general as-
sortment of BOOTS & SHOES, of Men's, Women's,
Misses' and Children's, for common wear, which will
be sold very low for cash, as all goods at this establish-
ment are bought for cash, which consequently allows
me to sell much lower than all others who buy on
time.

By the Package or Dozen.

Dealers who buy to sell again, will find it for their
interest to call, as I shall sell at a very small advance.
GEORGE A. VEAZIE.
138 Hanover Street.
Boston, April 11. 3m

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent of the
State Mutual Fire Insurance Company located in
Boston, and is prepared to effect insurance against
Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furni-
ture, Machinery and other property.

GEORGE NEWCOMB, Agent.
Quincy Point, July 1. if

Conant's Patent Yeast.

FRESH supply of this most excellent Yeast, just re-
ceived at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, April 4. if

East Thomaston Lime.

OF PRIME QUALITY, fresh burnt, and in ex-
cellent order, for sale low, at the Canal Wharf.

Hard Pine and Hemlock Wood.

M. W. SULLIVAN.
Quincy, April 25. if



The Great Remedy

FOR

Consumption, Asthma, Dyspeptic Consumption, Spit-
ting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing,
Hoarseness, Influenza, Croup, Colds, Pain in
the Breast and Side, Dyspepsia, and va-
rious affections of the Stomach and
Lungs.

Folger's Olosonian, or All-Healing Balsam.

IT is acknowledged that more persons die of Con-
sumption than of any other disease. It is estimat-
ed that in the United States over THIRTY THOU-
SAND PERSONS annually fall victims to this
deadly scourge. The cause of the evil is generally
overlooked. A short dry Cough is the precursor—or
a neglected cold. These symptoms are deemed unim-
portant. Pain in the Side, Hectic and night Sweats
follow, and death ends the scene.

Would you find a REMEDY FOR THE EVIL?
Here it is. The experience of more than twenty
years has proved its efficacy, and thousands are re-
joicing in its effects.

Case of INCIPENT CONSUMPTION—George
W. Burnett, Esq. of Newark, N. J., had suffered
under the effects of a severe cold for more than a
year, and in the month of August, when his Cough
had reduced him so much that he feared he would die,
he commenced using the Olosonian. He raised blood
at this time, complained of pain in his side and chest,
and was very much debilitated by night sweats. His
appetite was gone, and altogether he appeared to be
rapidly sinking. He was so much relieved by the
use of this remedy that by the month of November
he left for Pittsburg, Pa. with every prospect of being
permanently cured.

Hundreds of cases could be given to prove the ef-
ficacy of the great remedy. And it possesses a prop-
erty superior to all others, viz: it does not consti-
pate the bowels. Reader, are you suffering under any of
the above symptoms of disease? Try this remedy—
It will allay the Pain in your side and chest—put to
flight the COUGH which deprives you of sweet sleep
and repose; if you have Asthma, be assured there
is no medicine in the world that will cure you so
speedily, and it will arrest all those disagreeable
symptoms which strike such terror to the mind and
give such dreadful forebodings of an untimely and
speedy dissolution.

Sold at one dollar, per bottle, by REDDING & Co.
State street, Boston; and by the following appointed
agents:

Mrs. Hayden, Quincy; J. Babcock, Milton; M. D.
Plumer, Milton; Eli Thayer, Weymouth; Wm. A.
Torrey, do.; King & Nash, Abington; N. N. Dyer,
do.; A. E. Dubois, Randolph; R. Gleason, Dorchester.
August 16.

Best Spring Medicine.

WHITWELL'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS.

THE best possible remedy for Indigestion, Jaun-
dice, Worms, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite,
Headache, Hysterics, Debility, Drowsiness, Weakness,
Sour Stomach, &c.